

```
In [1]: # Importing the libraries

import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
```

```
In [2]: # Importing the dataset

dataset = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\SSD\Downloads\health cost.csv")
```

```
In [3]: dataset
```

	age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges
0	19	female	27.900	0	yes	southwest	16884.92400
1	18	male	33.770	1	no	southeast	1725.55230
2	28	male	33.000	3	no	southeast	4449.46200
3	33	male	22.705	0	no	northwest	21984.47061
4	32	male	28.880	0	no	northwest	3866.85520
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1333	50	male	30.970	3	no	northwest	10600.54830
1334	18	female	31.920	0	no	northeast	2205.98080
1335	18	female	36.850	0	no	southeast	1629.83350
1336	21	female	25.800	0	no	southwest	2007.94500
1337	61	female	29.070	0	yes	northwest	29141.36030

1338 rows × 7 columns

```
In [4]: dataset.head()
```

	age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges
0	19	female	27.900	0	yes	southwest	16884.92400
1	18	male	33.770	1	no	southeast	1725.55230
2	28	male	33.000	3	no	southeast	4449.46200
3	33	male	22.705	0	no	northwest	21984.47061
4	32	male	28.880	0	no	northwest	3866.85520

Number of Records&Columns

```
In [5]: dataset.shape
```

(1338, 7)

```
In [6]: dataset.tail()
```

	age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges
1333	50	male	30.97	3	no	northwest	10600.5483
1334	18	female	31.92	0	no	northeast	2205.9808
1335	18	female	36.85	0	no	southeast	1629.8335
1336	21	female	25.80	0	no	southwest	2007.9450
1337	61	female	29.07	0	yes	northwest	29141.3603

List of Columns:

```
In [7]: dataset.columns
```

Index(['age', 'sex', 'bmi', 'children', 'smoker', 'region', 'charges'], dtype='object')

Columns Datatype:

```
In [8]: dataset.dtypes
```

```
age          int64
sex          object
bmi         float64
children     int64
smoker       object
region       object
charges     float64
dtype: object
```

Data Information:

```
In [9]: dataset.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1338 entries, 0 to 1337
Data columns (total 7 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---
0   age         1338 non-null   int64
1   sex         1338 non-null   object
2   bmi         1338 non-null   float64
3   children    1338 non-null   int64
4   smoker      1338 non-null   object
5   region      1338 non-null   object
6   charges     1338 non-null   float64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(3)
memory usage: 73.3+ KB
```

Check for Duplicate Records:

```
In [10]: dataset.duplicated().any()
```

```
True
```

```
In [11]: dataset[dataset.duplicated()]
```

	age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges
581	19	male	30.59	0	no	northwest	1639.5631

```
In [12]: dataset=dataset.drop_duplicates()
```

```
In [13]: dataset.shape
```

```
(1337, 7)
```

Checking for missing values:

```
In [14]: dataset .isnull().sum()
```

```
age      0
sex      0
bmi      0
children 0
smoker   0
region   0
charges  0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [15]: 1 dataset .isnull().any()
```

```
age      False
sex      False
bmi      False
children False
smoker   False
region   False
charges  False
dtype: bool
```

List of Categorical and Numeric Columns:

```
In [16]: Numerical = ["age", "bmi", "children", "charges"]
         Categorical = ["sex", "smoker", "region"]

         print('Numerical: ', ', '.join(Numerical))
         print('Categorical: ', ', '.join(Categorical))
```

```
Numerical: age, bmi, children, charges
Categorical: sex, smoker, region
```

### Statistical Measure of Numeric Columns:

```
In [17]: dataset.describe()
```

	age	bmi	children	charges
count	1337.000000	1337.000000	1337.000000	1337.000000
mean	39.222139	30.663452	1.095737	13279.121487
std	14.044333	6.100468	1.205571	12110.359656
min	18.000000	15.960000	0.000000	1121.873900
25%	27.000000	26.290000	0.000000	4746.344000
50%	39.000000	30.400000	1.000000	9386.161300
75%	51.000000	34.700000	2.000000	16657.717450
max	64.000000	53.130000	5.000000	63770.428010

```
In [18]: dataset['sex'].value_counts()
```

```
male      675
female    662
Name: sex, dtype: int64
```

```
In [19]: dataset['smoker'].value_counts()
```

```
no      1063
yes      274
Name: smoker, dtype: int64
```

```
In [20]: dataset['region'].value_counts()
```

```
southeast    364
southwest    325
northwest    324
northeast    324
Name: region, dtype: int64
```

```
In [21]: dataset['region'].unique()

array(['southwest', 'southeast', 'northwest', 'northeast'], dtype=object)
```

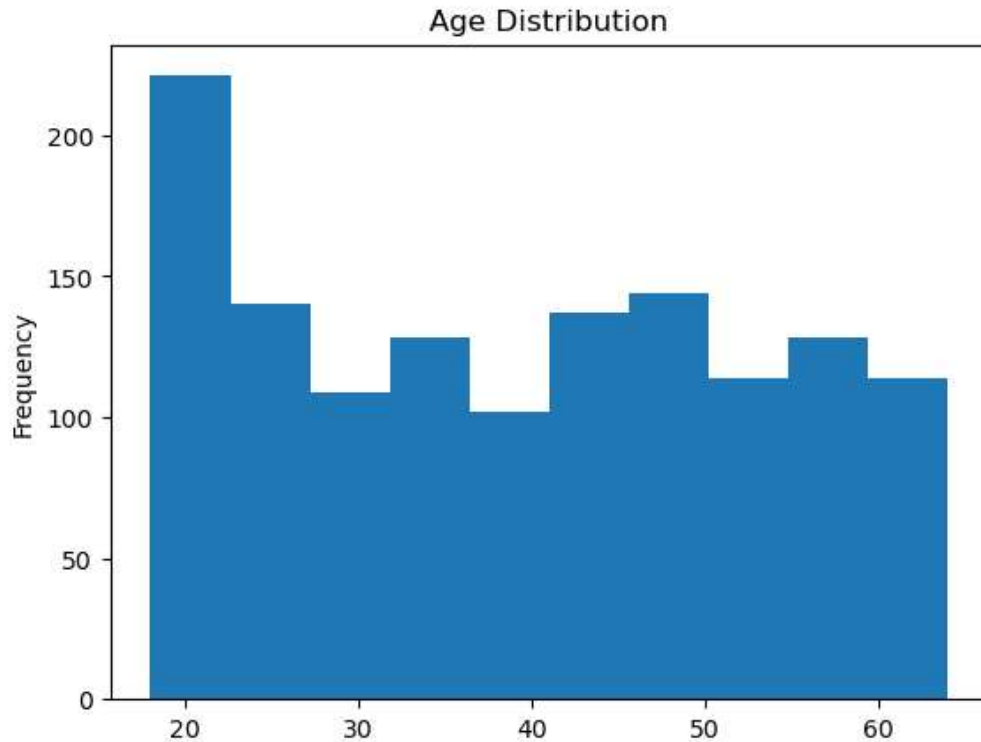
```
In [22]: dataset['region'].nunique()

4
```

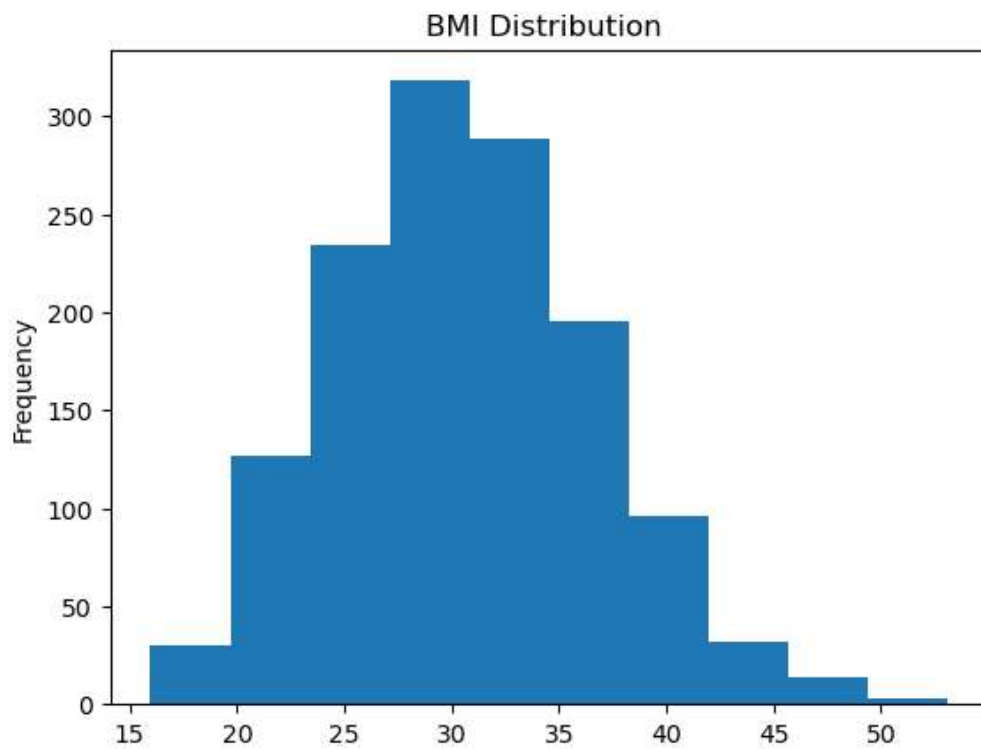
Data Visualization:

Histogram: Numeric Columns:

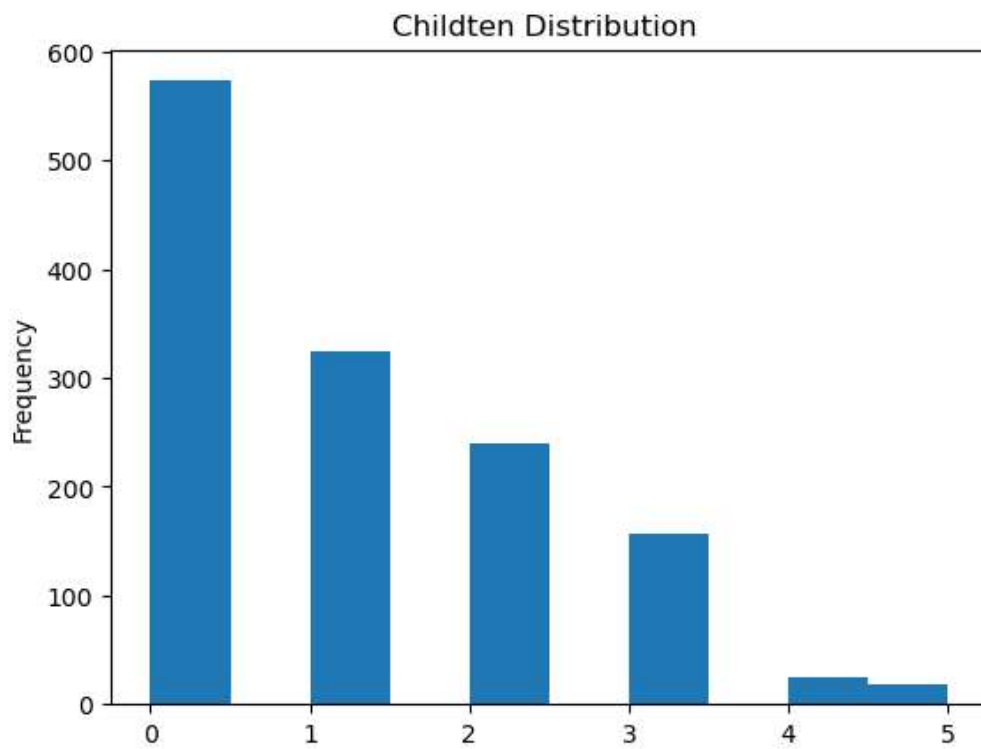
```
In [23]: dataset['age'].plot(kind = 'hist')
plt.title("Age Distribution")
plt.show()
```



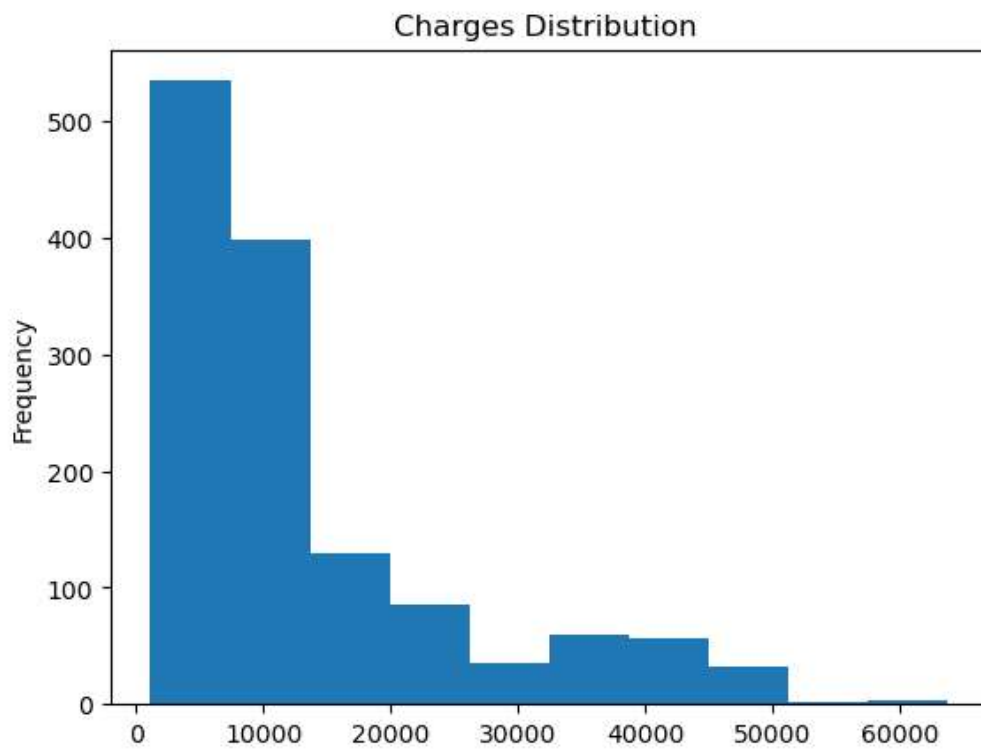
```
In [24]: dataset['bmi'].plot(kind = 'hist')  
plt.title("BMI Distribution ")  
plt.show()
```



```
In [25]: dataset['children'].plot(kind = 'hist')  
plt.title("Childten Distribution ")  
plt.show()
```



```
In [26]: dataset['charges'].plot(kind = 'hist')
plt.title("Charges Distribution ")
plt.show()
```

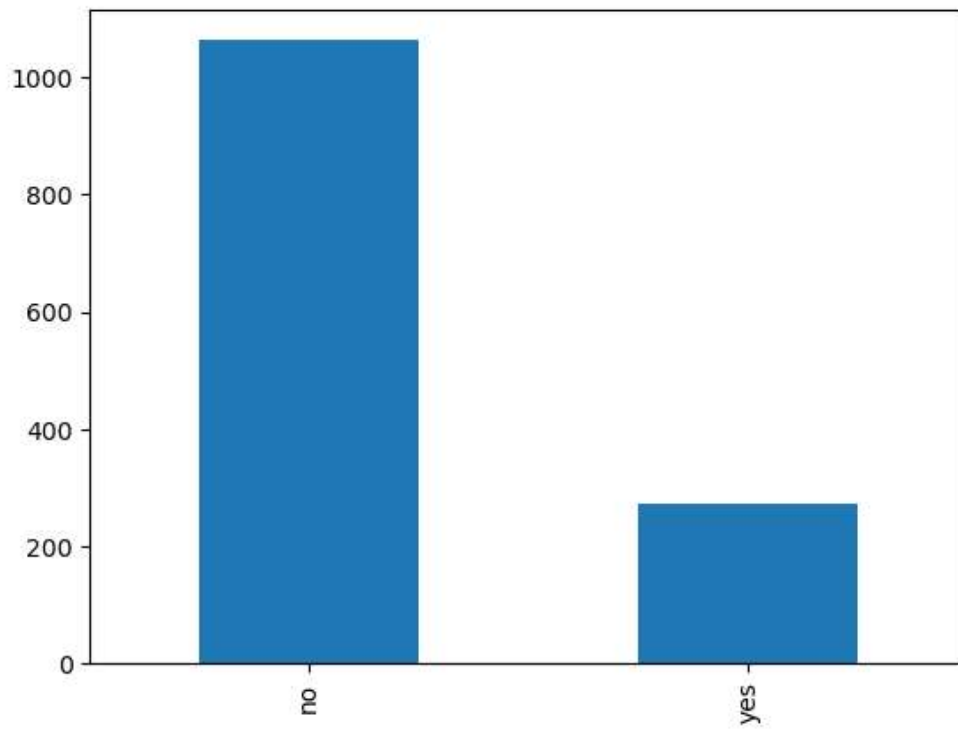


Bar Graph-Categorical Columns:



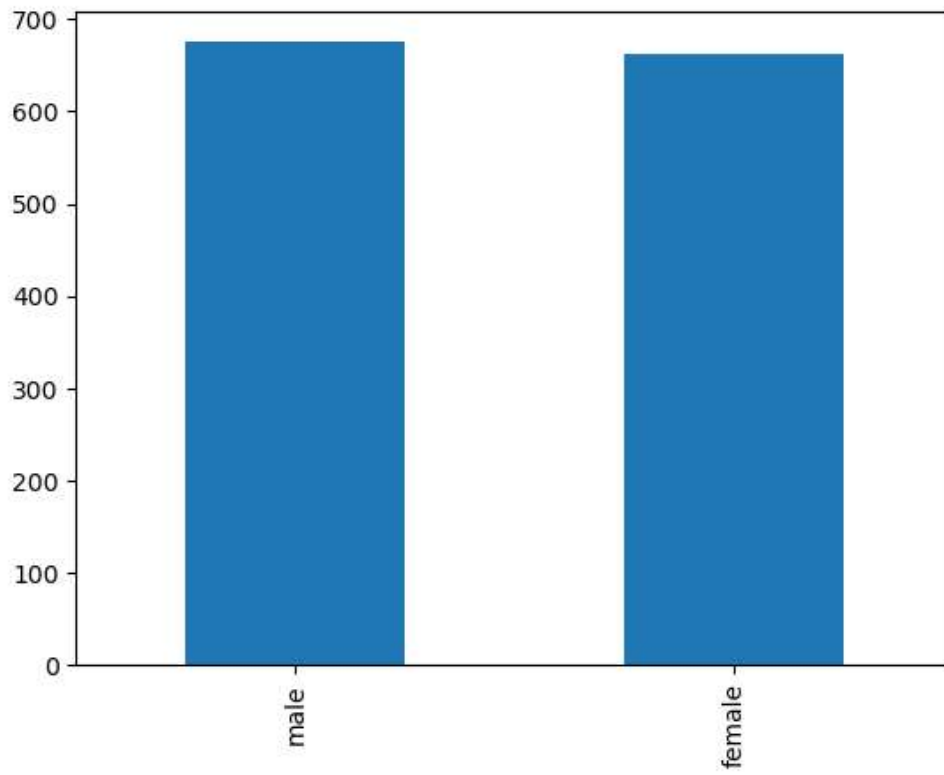
```
In [27]: dataset['smoker'].value_counts().plot(kind= 'bar')
```

<Axes: >



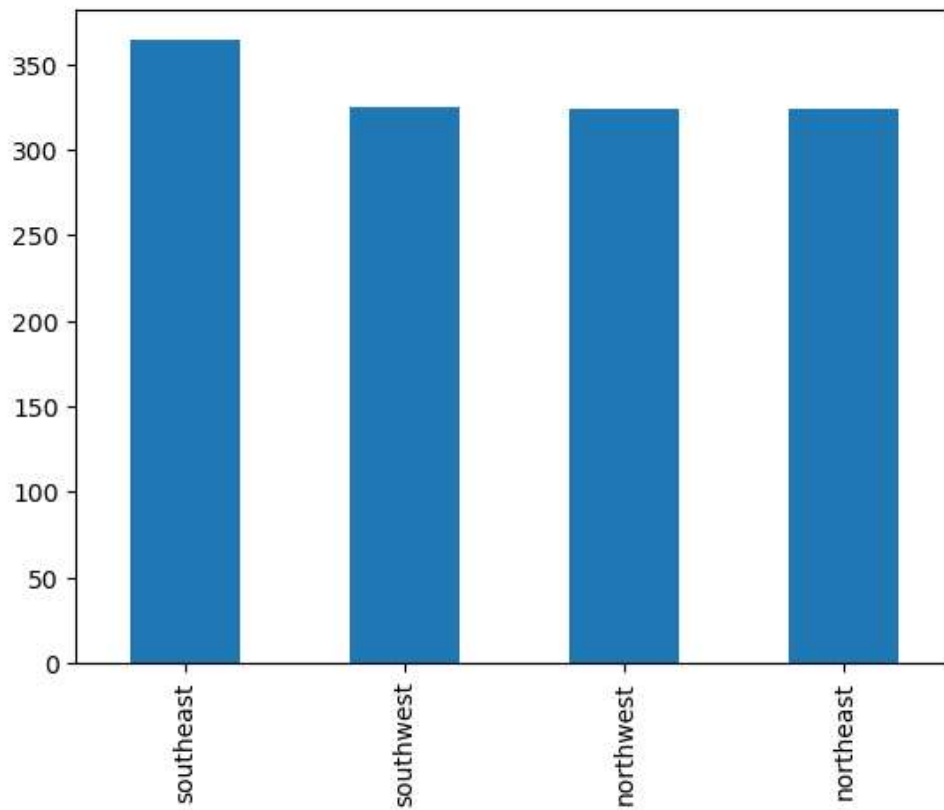
```
In [28]: dataset['sex'].value_counts().plot(kind= 'bar')
```

<Axes: >



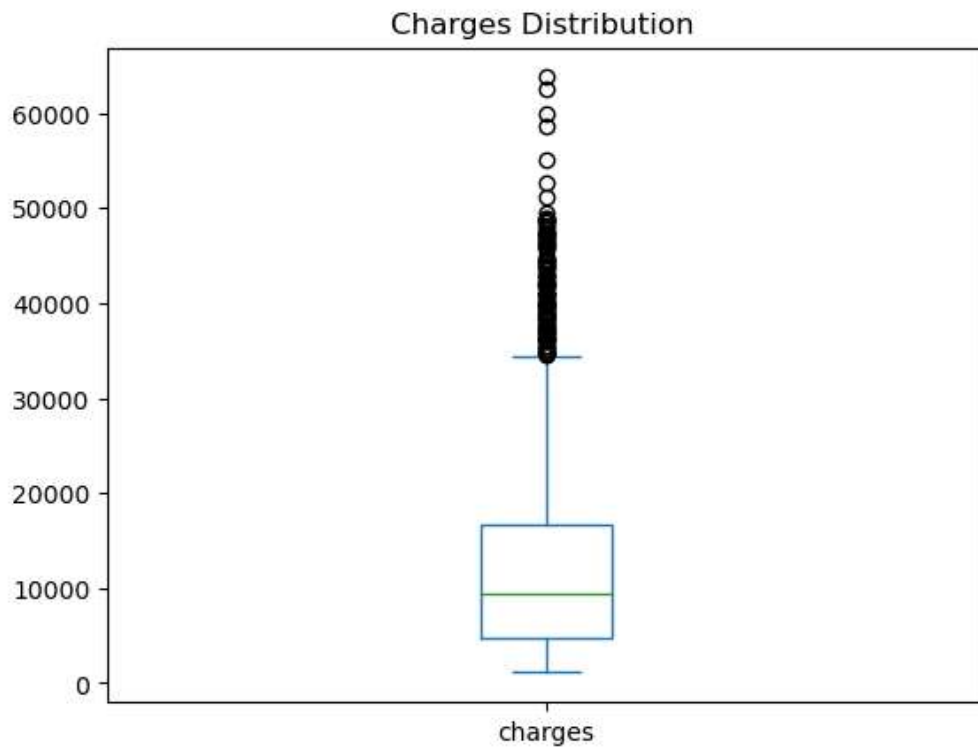
```
In [29]: dataset['region'].value_counts().plot(kind= 'bar')
```

<Axes: >

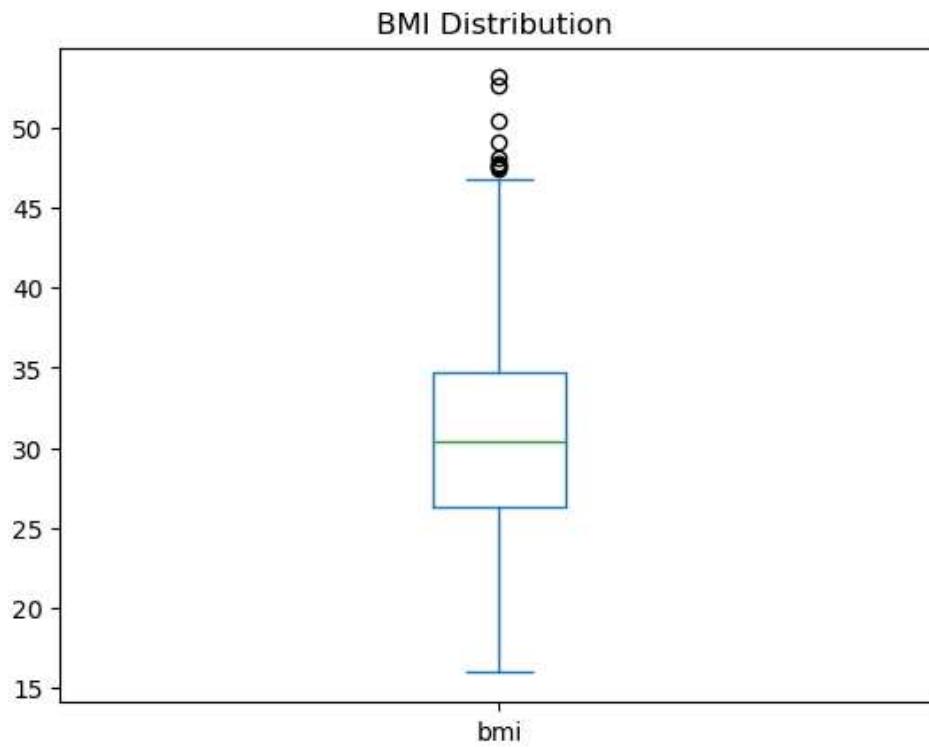


Box plot-Numeric Columns:

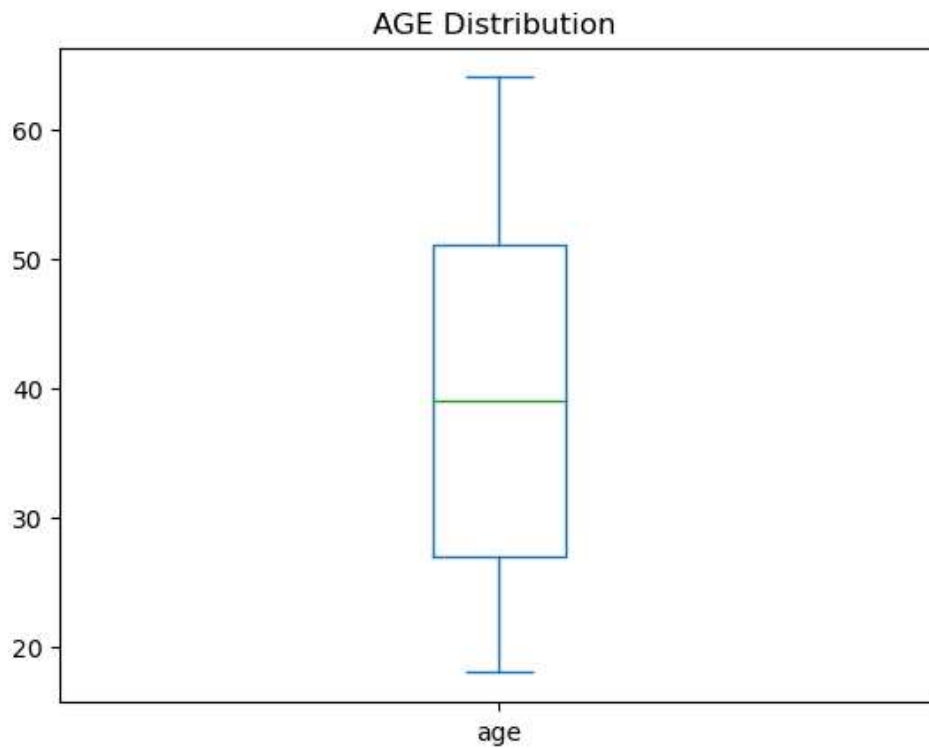
```
In [30]: dataset['charges'].plot(kind = 'box')  
plt.title("Charges Distribution ")  
plt.show()
```



```
In [31]: dataset['bmi'].plot(kind = 'box')  
plt.title("BMI Distribution ")  
plt.show()
```



```
In [32]: dataset['age'].plot(kind = 'box')
plt.title("AGE Distribution ")
plt.show()
```



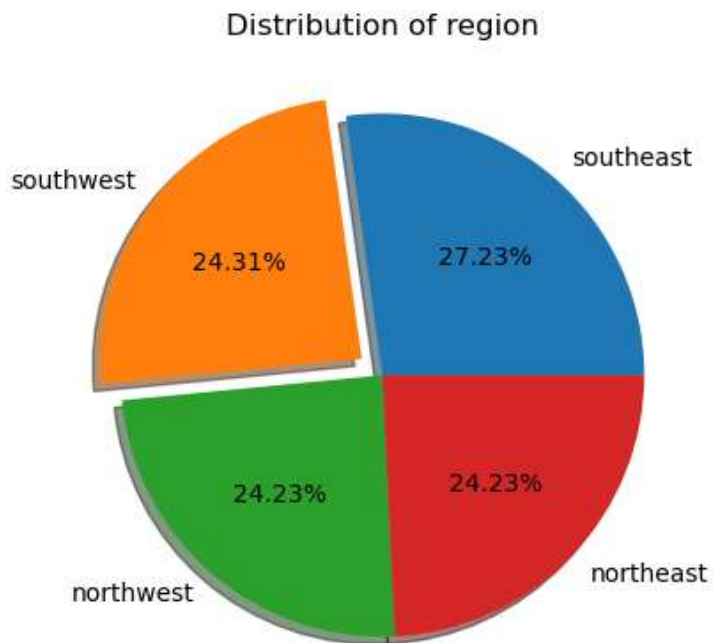
### Pie Chart-Region

```
In [33]: region_count = dataset['region'].value_counts()
region_count
```

southeast	364
southwest	325
northwest	324
northeast	324

Name: region, dtype: int64

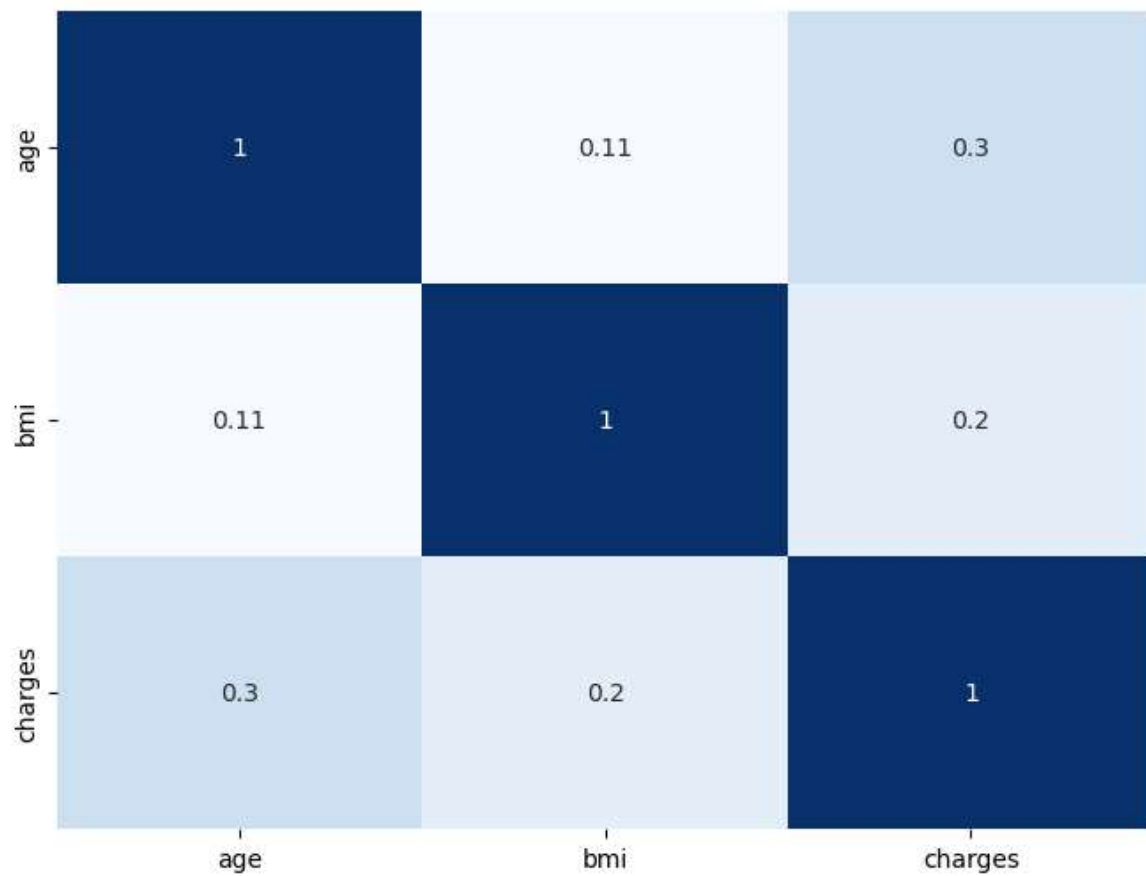
```
In [34]: plt.pie(labels=region_count.index,  
                x=region_count.values,  
                shadow=True,  
                autopct = '%.2f%',  
                explode = (0,0.1,0,0))  
plt.title("Distribution of region")  
plt.show()
```



Correlation Matrix:

```
In [35]: import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [36]: corr_data = dataset[["age", "bmi", "charges"]].corr()  
plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))  
sns.heatmap(round(corr_data,2),annot=True, cmap="Blues", cbar=False)  
plt.show()
```

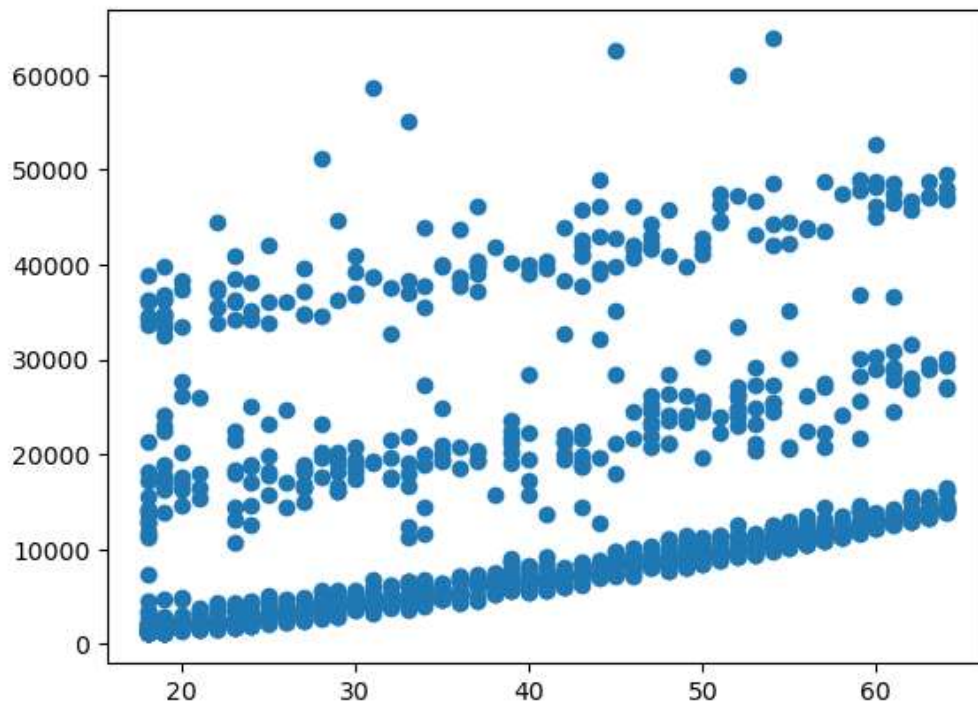


Scatter plot:



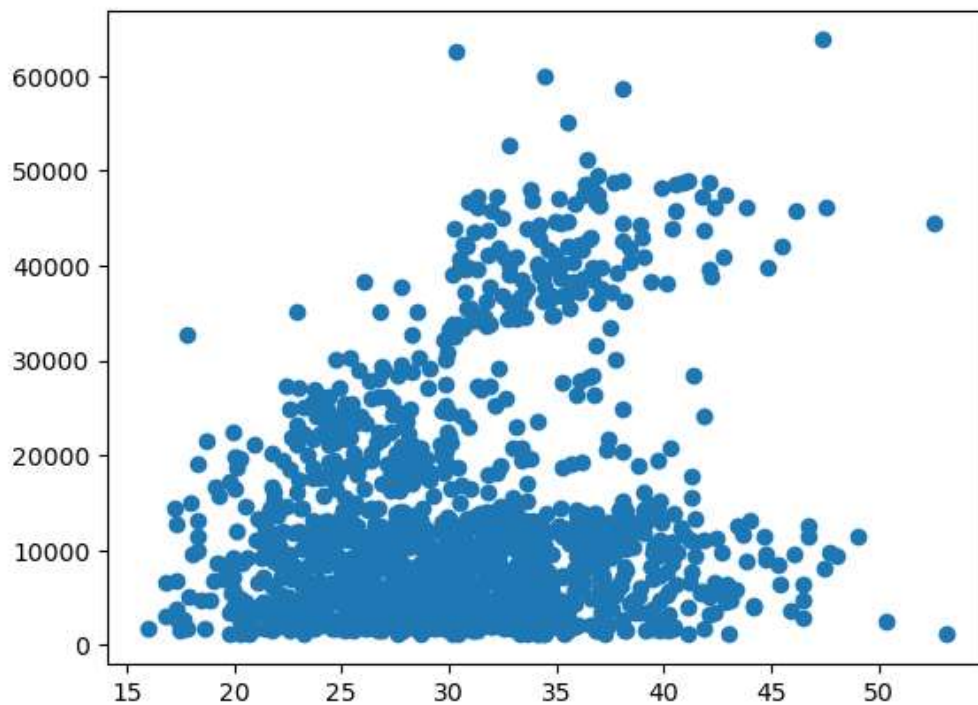
```
In [37]: plt.scatter(data = dataset, x = 'age', y = 'charges')
```

```
<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x2bf38b0fad0>
```



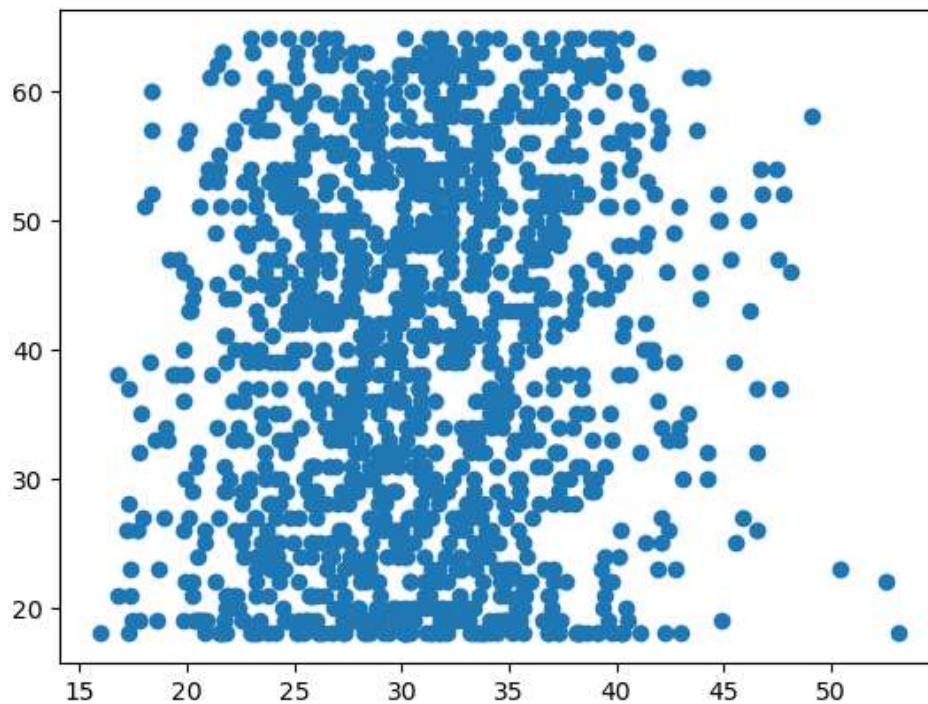
```
In [38]: plt.scatter(data = dataset, x = 'bmi', y = 'charges')
```

```
<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x2bf38b57bd0>
```



```
In [39]: plt.scatter(data = dataset, x = 'bmi', y = 'age')
```

```
<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x2bf38d0f790>
```



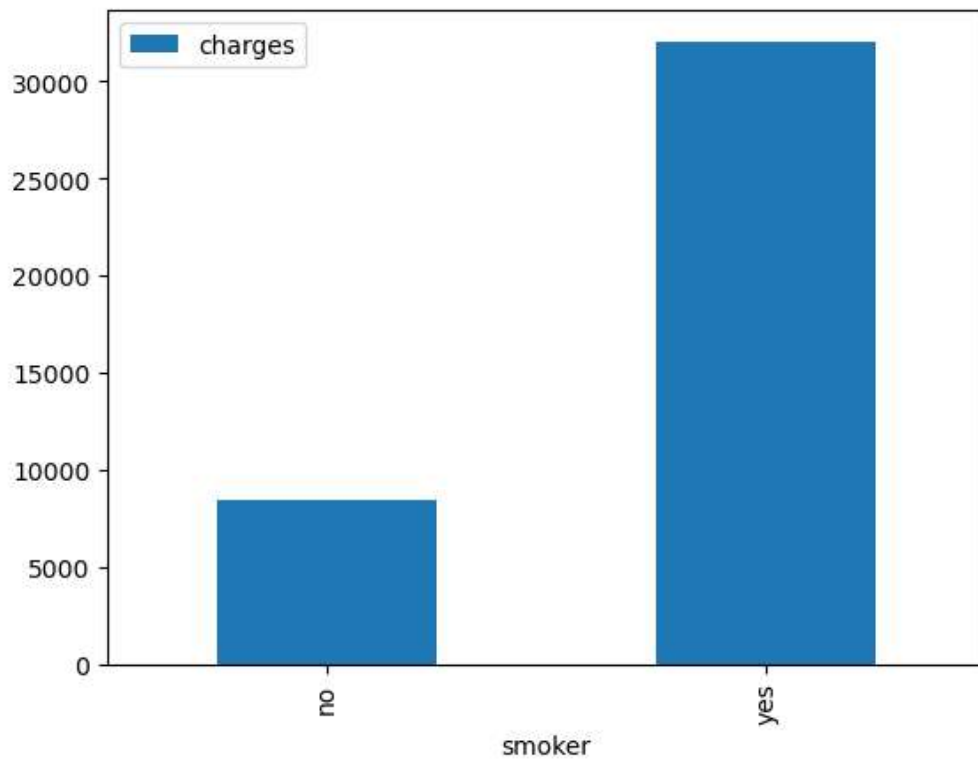
Charges Cost for Smoker and non smoker:

```
In [40]: smoker_df = dataset.groupby("smoker")["charges"].mean().reset_index()
smoker_df
```

	smoker	charges
0	no	8440.660307
1	yes	32050.231832

```
In [41]: smoker_df .plot(kind = 'bar', x = 'smoker', y = 'charges')
```

<Axes: xlabel='smoker'>



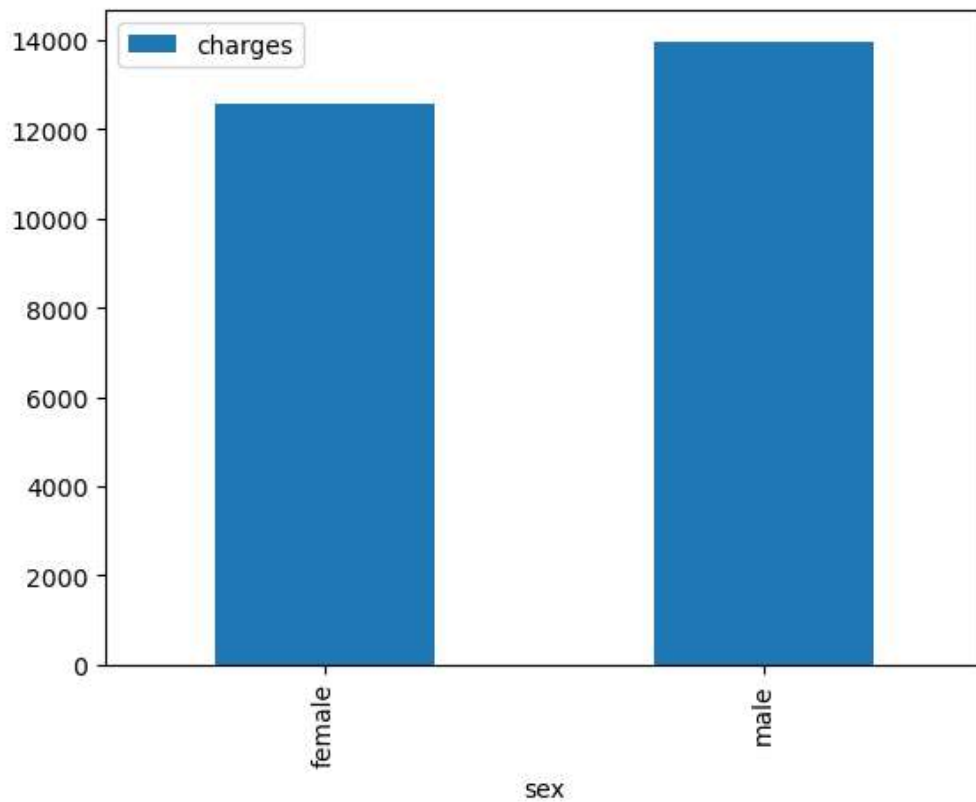
Charges Cost for Male and Female:

```
In [42]: gender_df = dataset.groupby("sex")["charges"].mean().reset_index()
gender_df
```

	sex	charges
0	female	12569.578844
1	male	13974.998864

```
In [43]: gender_df.plot(kind = 'bar', x = 'sex', y = 'charges')
```

<Axes: xlabel='sex'>



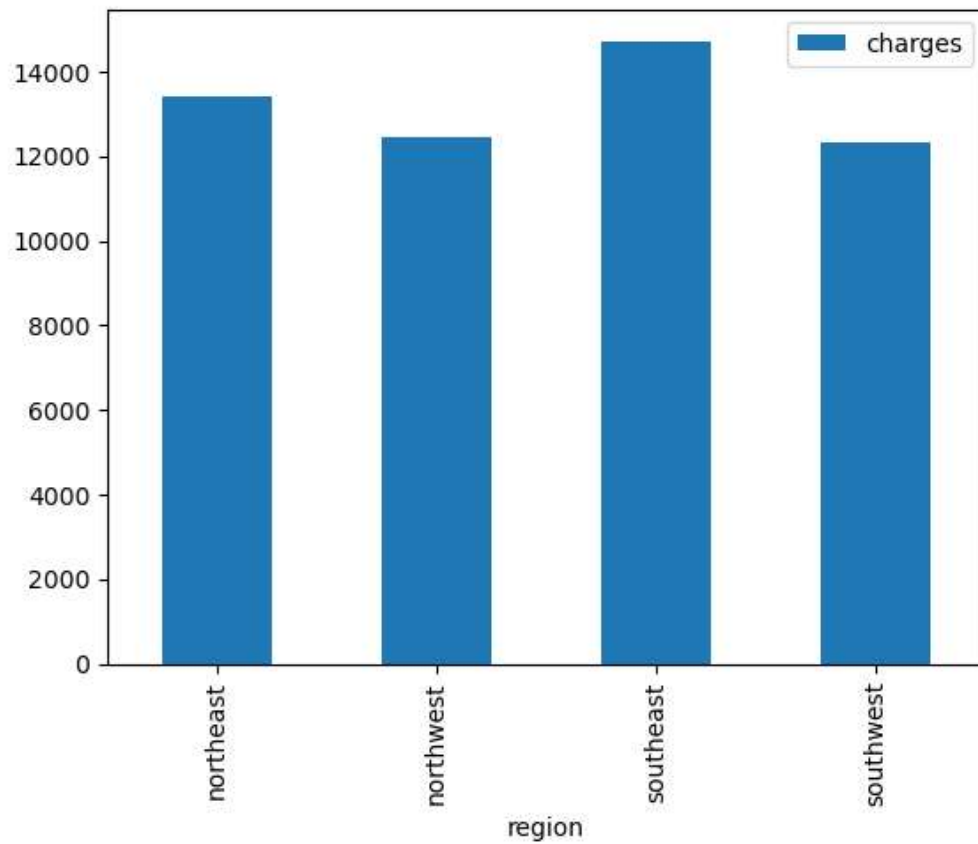
### Charges Cost for Region Wise

```
In [44]: region_df = dataset.groupby("region")["charges"].mean().reset_index()
region_df
```

	region	charges
0	northeast	13406.384516
1	northwest	12450.840844
2	southeast	14735.411438
3	southwest	12346.937377

```
In [45]: region_df.plot(kind = 'bar', x = 'region', y = 'charges')
```

<Axes: xlabel='region'>

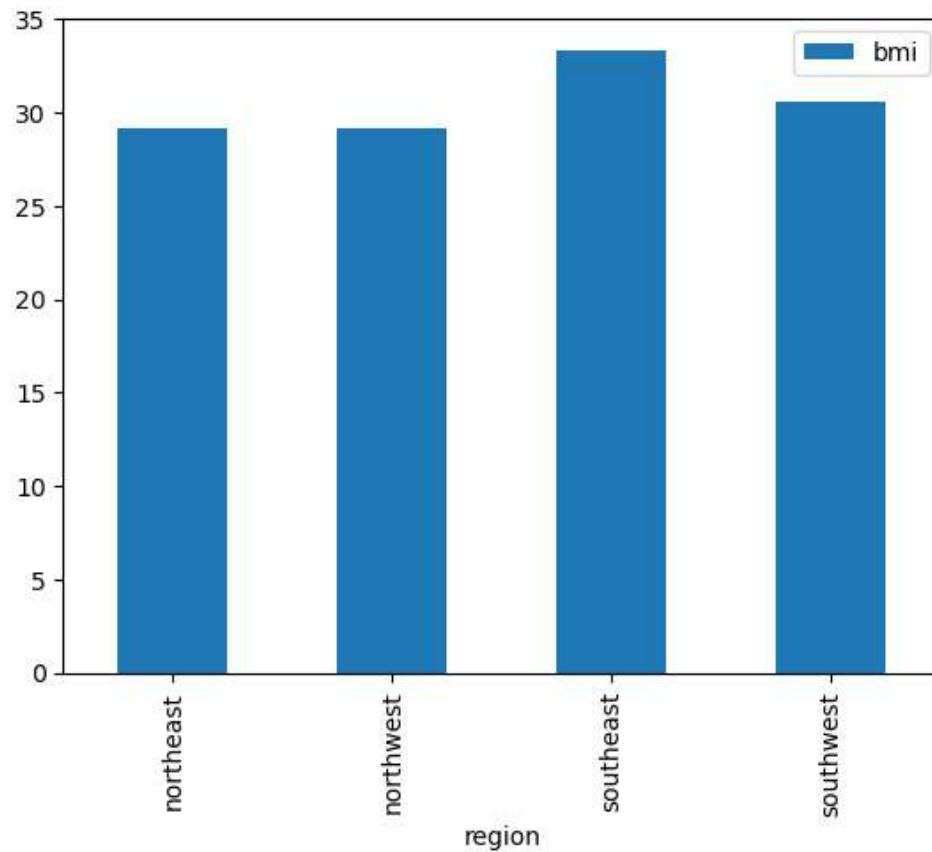


```
In [46]: region_bmi_df = dataset.groupby("region")["bmi"].mean().reset_index()
region_bmi_df
```

	region	bmi
0	northeast	29.173503
1	northwest	29.195494
2	southeast	33.355989
3	southwest	30.596615

```
In [47]: region_bmi_df.plot(kind = 'bar', x = 'region', y = 'bmi')
```

<Axes: xlabel='region'>



## Machine Learning Model Development:

```
In [48]: dataset.head()
```

	age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges
0	19	female	27.900	0	yes	southwest	16884.92400
1	18	male	33.770	1	no	southeast	1725.55230
2	28	male	33.000	3	no	southeast	4449.46200
3	33	male	22.705	0	no	northwest	21984.47061
4	32	male	28.880	0	no	northwest	3866.85520

## Label Encoding:

```
In [49]: from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder  
le = LabelEncoder()
```

```
In [50]: dataset['sex'] = le.fit_transform(dataset['sex'])
dataset['smoker'] = le.fit_transform(dataset['smoker'])
dataset['region'] = le.fit_transform(dataset['region'])
```

C:\Users\SSD\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_9640\2119898308.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:  
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.  
Try using .loc[row\_indexer,col\_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: [https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy](https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

```
dataset['sex'] = le.fit_transform(dataset['sex'])
```

C:\Users\SSD\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_9640\2119898308.py:2: SettingWithCopyWarning:  
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.  
Try using .loc[row\_indexer,col\_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: [https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy](https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

```
dataset['smoker'] = le.fit_transform(dataset['smoker'])
```

C:\Users\SSD\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_9640\2119898308.py:3: SettingWithCopyWarning:  
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.  
Try using .loc[row\_indexer,col\_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: [https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy](https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

```
dataset['region'] = le.fit_transform(dataset['region'])
```

```
In [51]: dataset.head()
```

	age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges
0	19	0	27.900	0	1	3	16884.92400
1	18	1	33.770	1	0	2	1725.55230
2	28	1	33.000	3	0	2	4449.46200
3	33	1	22.705	0	0	1	21984.47061
4	32	1	28.880	0	0	1	3866.85520

split the dataset in feature variable and target variable

```
In [52]: X = dataset.drop(columns=['charges'], axis=1)
y = dataset['charges']
```

In [53]: X

	age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region
0	19	0	27.900	0	1	3
1	18	1	33.770	1	0	2
2	28	1	33.000	3	0	2
3	33	1	22.705	0	0	1
4	32	1	28.880	0	0	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1333	50	1	30.970	3	0	1
1334	18	0	31.920	0	0	0
1335	18	0	36.850	0	0	2
1336	21	0	25.800	0	0	3
1337	61	0	29.070	0	1	1

1337 rows × 6 columns

In [54]: y

0	16884.92400
1	1725.55230
2	4449.46200
3	21984.47061
4	3866.85520
...	...
1333	10600.54830
1334	2205.98080
1335	1629.83350
1336	2007.94500
1337	29141.36030

Name: charges, Length: 1337, dtype: float64

Split the dataset into training and testing

```
In [55]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.85,random_state=0)
```

In [56]: X\_train.shape

(200, 6)

In [57]: X\_test.shape

(1137, 6)



```
In [58]: y_train.shape
```

```
(200,)
```

```
In [59]: y_test.shape
```

```
(1137,)
```

## Feature Scaling

```
In [60]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler  
sc = StandardScaler()
```

```
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
```

```
X_test = sc.transform(X_test)
```

```
X_train
```

```
array([[ -1.49354533,  0.94169658, -0.094995 , -0.88443957, -0.56195149,  
         0.40011013],  
       [ 1.03788743, -1.06191317,  2.58196784,  0.78431434, -0.56195149,  
         1.29923403],  
       [ 1.24884016,  0.94169658, -2.00330094, -0.88443957, -0.56195149,  
        -1.39813765],  
       ...,  
       [-0.72005198,  0.94169658,  1.06081927,  0.78431434, -0.56195149,  
         0.40011013],  
       [-1.42322775,  0.94169658,  0.77631114, -0.88443957, -0.56195149,  
        -0.49901376],  
       [ 0.96756985,  0.94169658, -0.69795825,  0.78431434, -0.56195149,  
        -1.39813765]])
```

```
In [61]: X_test
```

```
array([[ -1.49354533, -1.06191317,  1.46979971, -0.88443957, -0.56195149,  
         0.40011013],  
       [ 0.54566439, -1.06191317, -0.21946731, -0.05006262, -0.56195149,  
         0.40011013],  
       [ 0.68629955,  0.94169658,  0.10060434, -0.05006262, -0.56195149,  
        -1.39813765],  
       ...,  
       [ 1.60042804, -1.06191317, -0.92588806, -0.88443957, -0.56195149,  
         1.29923403],  
       [ 0.54566439,  0.94169658, -0.8596106 , -0.05006262,  1.77951304,  
         0.40011013],  
       [ 1.31915774,  0.94169658,  0.20729489, -0.05006262, -0.56195149,  
         0.40011013]])
```

```
In [62]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
linear_reg_model = LinearRegression()
linear_reg_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
LinearRegression
LinearRegression()
on()
```

```
In [63]: y_pred = linear_reg_model.predict(X_test)
y_pred

array([ 5964.93213623,  9400.23586776, 10980.10911736, ...,
        10374.96718278,  33084.62554112, 12293.47788549])
```

```
In [64]: bias = linear_reg_model .score(X_train,y_train)
bias

0.7667435043084556
```

```
In [65]: variance = linear_reg_model .score(X_test,y_test)
variance

0.7409918864948746
```

```
In [66]: from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
accuracies = cross_val_score(estimator = linear_reg_model , X = X_train, y = y_train, cv = 10)
print("Accuracy: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.mean()*100))
print("Standard Deviation: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.std()*100))

Accuracy: 73.83 %
Standard Deviation: 9.72 %
```

```
In [67]: from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor
Knn_reg_model=KNeighborsRegressor()
Knn_reg_model.fit(X,y)
```

```
KNeighborsRegressor
KNeighborsRegressor()
or()
```

```
In [68]: y_pred =Knn_reg_model.predict(X_test)
y_pred

C:\Users\SSD\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:464: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but KNeighborsRegressor was fitted with feature names
  warnings.warn(

array([3920.45474, 3920.45474, 4208.16651, ..., 3920.45474, 3920.45474,
       3920.45474])
```

```
In [69]: bias = Knn_reg_model .score(X_train,y_train)
bias

C:\Users\SSD\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:464: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but KNeighborsRegressor was fitted with feature names
  warnings.warn(

-0.6133027610766579
```

```
In [70]: variance =Knn_reg_model .score(X_test,y_test)
variance

C:\Users\SSD\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:464: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but KNeighborsRegressor was fitted with feature names
  warnings.warn(

-0.5866890802537086
```

```
In [71]: from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
accuracies = cross_val_score(estimator = Knn_reg_model , X = X_train, y = y_train, cv = 8)
print("Accuracy: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.mean()*100))
print("Standard Deviation: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.std()*100))

Accuracy: 78.69 %
Standard Deviation: 8.07 %
```

```
In [84]: from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
regressor = DecisionTreeRegressor()
regressor.fit(X, y)
```

```
DecisionTreeRegressor
DecisionTreeRegressor()
```

```
In [85]: y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
y_pred

C:\Users\SSD\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:464: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but DecisionTreeRegressor was fitted with feature names
  warnings.warn(

array([ 2196.4732 ,  2196.4732 ,  1694.7964 , ...,  2117.33885,
        12829.4551 ,  1694.7964 ])
```

```
In [74]: bias = regressor.score(X_train, y_train)
bias

C:\Users\SSD\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:464: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but DecisionTreeRegressor was fitted with feature names
  warnings.warn(

0.02669476985969188
```

```
In [75]: variance = regressor.score(X_test, y_test)
variance

C:\Users\SSD\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:464: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but DecisionTreeRegressor was fitted with feature names
  warnings.warn(

-0.039977766177715424
```

```
In [76]: from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
accuracies = cross_val_score(estimator = regressor , X = X_train, y = y_train, cv = 5)
print("Accuracy: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.mean()*100))
print("Standard Deviation: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.std()*100))

Accuracy: 74.39 %
Standard Deviation: 7.54 %
```

```
In [77]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
regressor = RandomForestRegressor()
regressor.fit(X, y)
```

▼	RandomForestRegressor
	RandomForestRegressor()

```
In [78]: y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
y_pred

C:\Users\SSD\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:464: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but RandomForestRegressor was fitted with feature names
  warnings.warn(

array([ 2240.25688988, 2240.25688988, 1717.50859 , ...,
        2048.83020169, 15238.6465423 , 1717.50859 ])
```

```
In [79]: bias = regressor.score(X_train, y_train)
bias

C:\Users\SSD\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:464: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but RandomForestRegressor was fitted with feature names
  warnings.warn(

0.11018301336085612
```

```
In [86]: variance = regressor.score(X_test, y_test)
variance

C:\Users\SSD\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:464: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but RandomForestRegressor was fitted with feature names
  warnings.warn(

-0.04188776835209196
```

```
In [87]: from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
accuracies = cross_val_score(estimator = regressor , X = X_train, y = y_train, cv = 5)
print("Accuracy: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.mean()*100))
print("Standard Deviation: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.std()*100))

Accuracy: 77.68 %
Standard Deviation: 10.07 %
```

```
In [89]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
regressor = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=30)
regressor.fit(X, y)
```

RandomForestRegressor	
RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=30)	

```
In [90]: variance = regressor.score(X_test,y_test)
variance

C:\Users\SSD\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:464: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but RandomForestRegressor was fitted with feature names
  warnings.warn(

0.010205389515185237
```

```
In [91]: bias = regressor.score(X_train,y_train)
bias

C:\Users\SSD\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:464: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but RandomForestRegressor was fitted with feature names
  warnings.warn(

0.048764605345108514
```

```
In [92]: from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
accuracies = cross_val_score(estimator = regressor , X = X_train, y = y_train, cv = 5)
print("Accuracy: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.mean()*100))
print("Standard Deviation: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.std()*100))

Accuracy: 85.13 %
Standard Deviation: 4.76 %
```

```
In [93]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
regressor=RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=50)
regressor.fit(X, y)
```

```
RandomForestRegressor
RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=50)
```

```
In [94]: from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
accuracies = cross_val_score(estimator = regressor , X = X_train, y = y_train, cv = 5)
print("Accuracy: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.mean()*100))
print("Standard Deviation: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.std()*100))

Accuracy: 84.92 %
Standard Deviation: 4.40 %
```

```
In [95]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
regressor=RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=100)
regressor.fit(X, y)
```

```
RandomForestRegressor
RandomForestRegres
sor()
```

```
In [96]: from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
accuracies = cross_val_score(estimator = regressor , X = X_train, y = y_train, cv = 5)
print("Accuracy: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.mean()*100))
print("Standard Deviation: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.std()*100))
```

```
Accuracy: 85.49 %
Standard Deviation: 4.58 %
```

```
In [97]: from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
regressor = DecisionTreeRegressor(criterion = 'friedman_mse', splitter = 'random', max_depth=6,
regressor.fit(X, y)
```

```
DecisionTreeRegressor
DecisionTreeRegressor(criterion='friedman_mse', m
ax_depth=6,
min_samples_split=4, splitt
er='random')
```

```
In [98]: from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
accuracies = cross_val_score(estimator = regressor , X = X_train, y = y_train, cv = 5)
print("Accuracy: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.mean()*100))
print("Standard Deviation: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.std()*100))
```

```
Accuracy: 75.91 %
Standard Deviation: 7.66 %
```

```
In [99]: from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
regressor = DecisionTreeRegressor(criterion = 'friedman_mse', splitter = 'random', max_depth=5,
regressor.fit(X, y)
```

```
DecisionTreeRegressor
DecisionTreeRegressor(criterion='friedman_mse', m
ax_depth=5,
min_samples_split=4, splitt
er='random')
```

```
In [100]: from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
accuracies = cross_val_score(estimator = regressor , X = X_train, y = y_train, cv = 5)
print("Accuracy: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.mean()*100))
print("Standard Deviation: {:.2f} %".format(accuracies.std()*100))
```

Accuracy: 80.64 %  
Standard Deviation: 4.61 %

Random Forest Accuracy is more

Accuracy is 85%

```
In [ ]:
```