Sql queries outputs to GitHub

=>Insert the values into the database:

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Customers (CustomerID, FirstName, LastName, Email, DateOfBirth)VALUES (1, 'John', 'Doe', 'john.doe@example.com', '1985-01-15'), (2, 'Jane', 'Smith', 'jane.smith@example.com', '1990-06-20');
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 2 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> INSERT INTO Products (ProductID, ProductName, Price) VALUES(1, 'Laptop', 1000), (2, 'Smartphone', 600), (3, 'Headphones', 100);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> INSERT INTO Orders (OrderID, CustomerID, OrderDate) VALUES (1, 1, '2023-01-10'), (2, 2, '2023-01-12');
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Records: 2 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> INSERT INTO OrderItems (OrderItemID, OrderID, ProductID, Quantity) VALUES (1, 1, 1, 1), (2, 1, 3, 2), (3, 2, 2, 1), (4, 2, 3, 1);
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

1) List all customers.

SELECT CustomerID, FirstName, LastName, Email, DateOfBirth FROM Customers;

```
      mysql> select CustomerID, FirstName, LastName, Email, DateOfBirth from Customers;

      +-----+
      CustomerID | FirstName | LastName | Email | DateOfBirth |

      +-----+
      DateOfBirth |

      +-----+
      1 | John | Doe | john.doe@example.com | 1985-01-15 |

      2 | Jane | Smith | jane.smith@example.com | 1990-06-20 |

      +-----+
      2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2) . Find all orders placed in January 2023.Query:

select OrderID, CustomerID, OrderDate from Orders where OrderDate >= '2023-01-01' AND OrderDate < '2023-02-01';

```
mysql> select OrderID, CustomerID, OrderDate from Orders where OrderDate >= '2023-01-01' AND OrderDate < '2023-02-01';

+-----+
| OrderID | CustomerID | OrderDate |

+-----+
| 1 | 1 | 2023-01-10 |
| 2 | 2 | 2023-01-12 |

+-----+
| 2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3) . Get the details of each order, including the customer name and email.

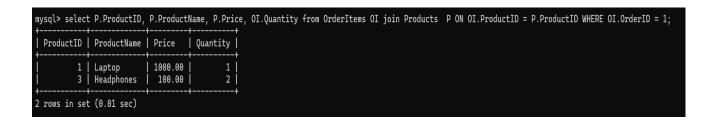
Query:

select O.OrderID, C.FirstName, C.LastName, C.Email, O.OrderDate from Orders O JOIN Customers C ON O.CustomerID = C.CustomerID;

4) List the products purchased in a specific order (e.g., OrderID = 1).

Query:

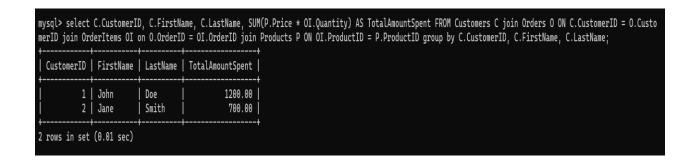
select P.ProductID, P.ProductName, P.Price, OI.Quantity from OrderItems OI join Products P ON OI.ProductID = P.ProductID WHERE OI.OrderID = 1;



5) Calculate the total amount spent by each customer.

Query:

select C.CustomerID, C.FirstName, C.LastName, SUM(P.Price * OI.Quantity) AS Total Amount spent FROM Customers C join Orders O ON C.CustomerID = O.CustomerID join OrderItems OI on O.OrderID = OI.OrderID join Products P ON OI.ProductID = P.ProductID group by C.CustomerID, C.FirstName, C.LastName;



6) . Find the most popular product (the one that has been ordered the most).

Query:

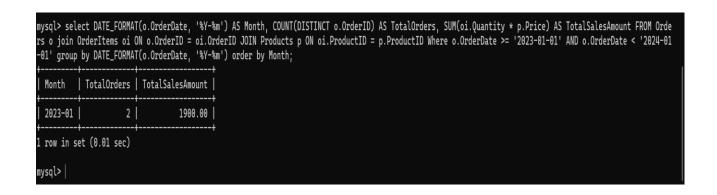
select p.ProductID, p.ProductName, SUM(oi.Quantity) AS TotalQuantity from OrderItems oi JOIN Products p ON oi.ProductID = p.ProductID GROUP BY p.ProductID, p.ProductName order by TotalQuantity DESC LIMIT 1;



7) Get the total number of orders and the total sales amount for each month in 2023

Query:

select DATE_FORMAT(o.OrderDate, '%Y-%m') AS Month, COUNT(DISTINCT o.OrderID) AS TotalOrders, SUM(oi.Quantity * p.Price) AS TotalSalesAmount FROM Orders o join OrderItems oi ON o.OrderID = oi.OrderID JOIN Products p ON oi.ProductID = p.ProductID Where o.OrderDate >= '2023-01-01' AND o.OrderDate < '2024-01-01' group by DATE_FORMAT(o.OrderDate, '%Y-%m') order by Month;



8) Find customers who have spent more than \$1000.

Query:

select c.CustomerID, c.FirstName, c.LastName, c.Email, SUM(oi.Quantity * p.Price) AS TotalSpent from Customers c join Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID join OrderItems oi ON o.OrderID = oi.OrderID JOIN Products p on oi.ProductID = p.ProductID group by c.CustomerID, c.FirstName, c.LastName, c.Email having SUM(oi.Quantity * p.Price) > 1000;

mysql> select c.Customeriu, c.Firstname, c.Lastname, c.Lastname, c.Lastname, c.Lastname, c.Customeriu = o.CustomeriD join OrderItems oi ON o.OrderID = oi.OrderID JOIN Products p on oi.ProductID = p.ProductID group by c.CustomerID, c.FirstName, c.LastName, c.Email having sum(oi.Quantity * p.Price) > 1000;				
CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	Email	TotalSpent
1	John	Doe	john.doe@example.com	1 1200.00
1 row in set (0.01 sec)				