



# DOM + Modern JS - Class III

Special class

# Performance

- ↳ measure speed of code
- ↳ how to write efficient & performing code
- ↳ Event Loop

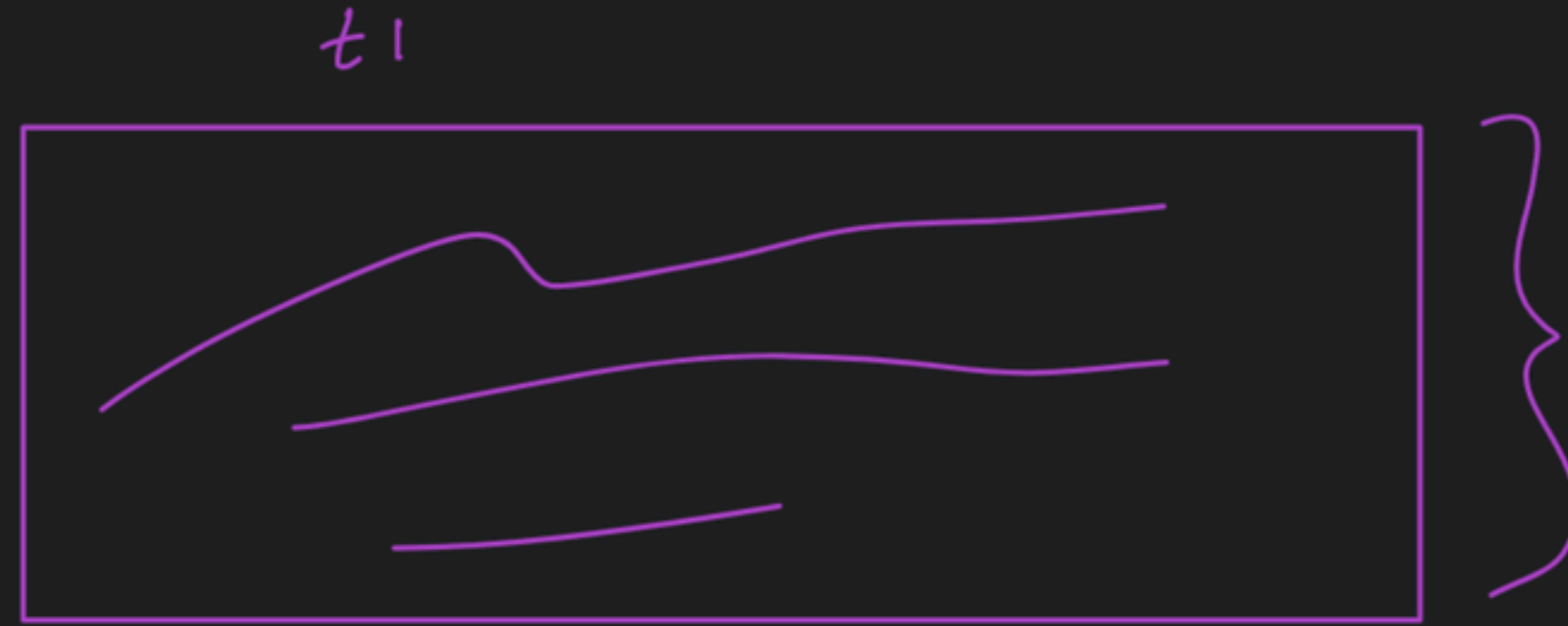
## Discord

Last →

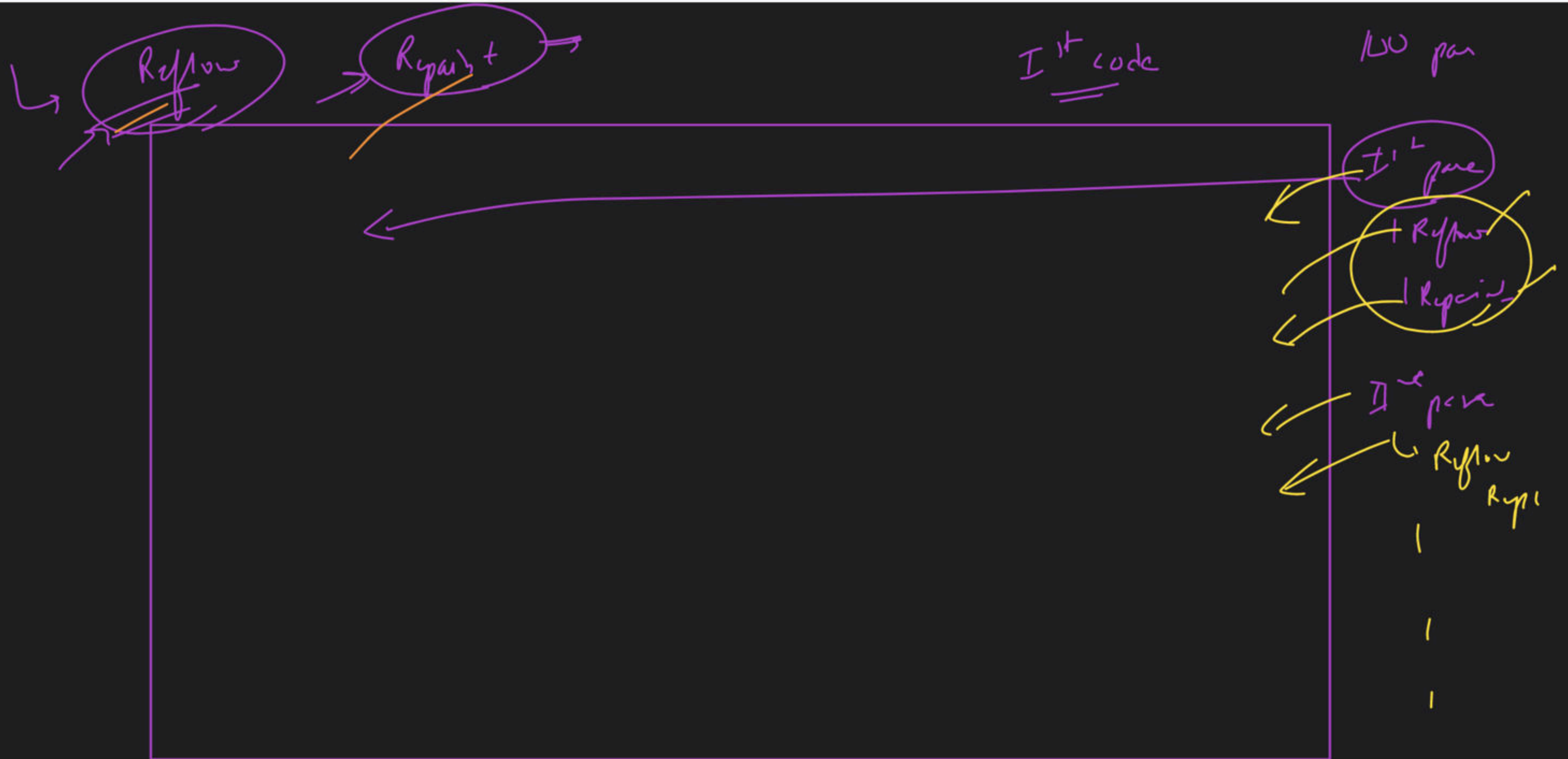
Standard way to measure how long your code  
taken to run

performance.now()

timestamp()

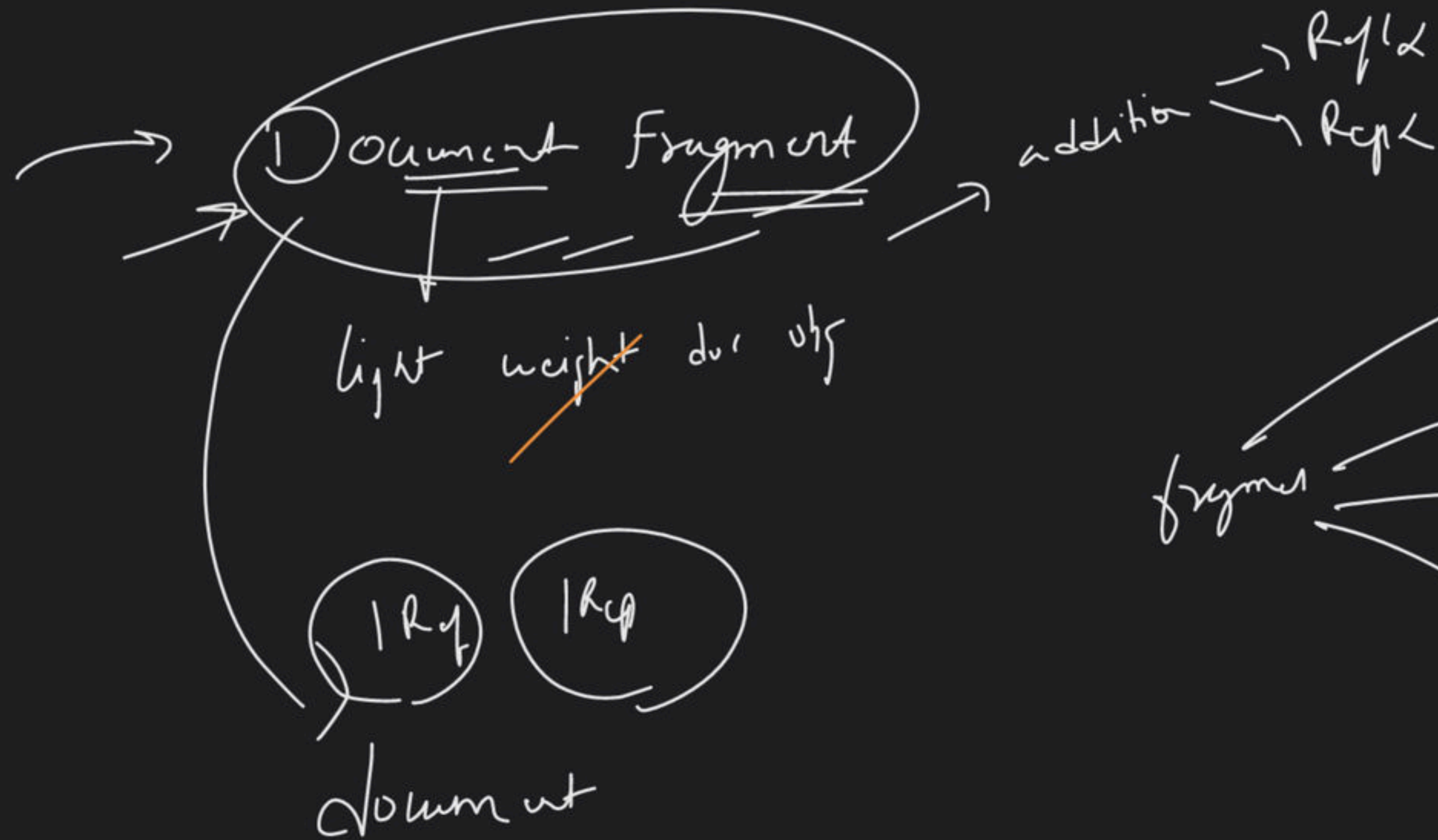


$t_2 - t_1 \rightarrow \text{time}$

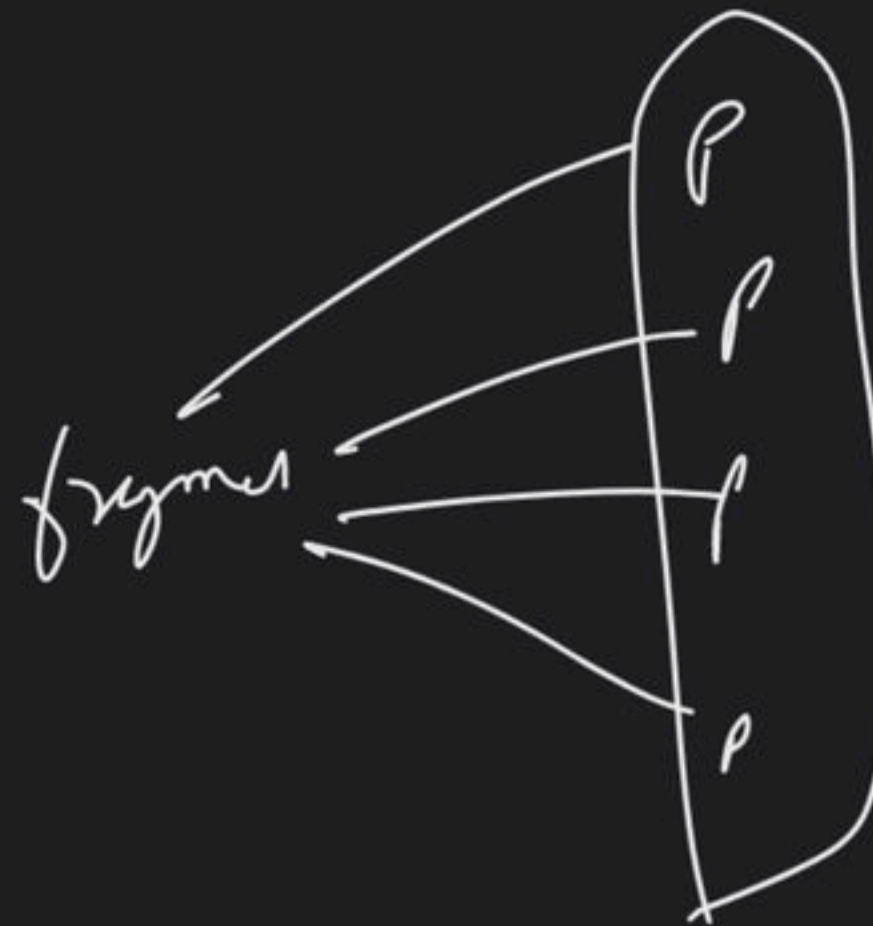


Good Practice → fewer Reflow & Repaint 100 Ref 100 Rep 100th per





Best Practice



→ The Call Stack

C++/Java

Single-threading →

(JS) → Single-threaded Language

processing of one command at a time

top  
bottom

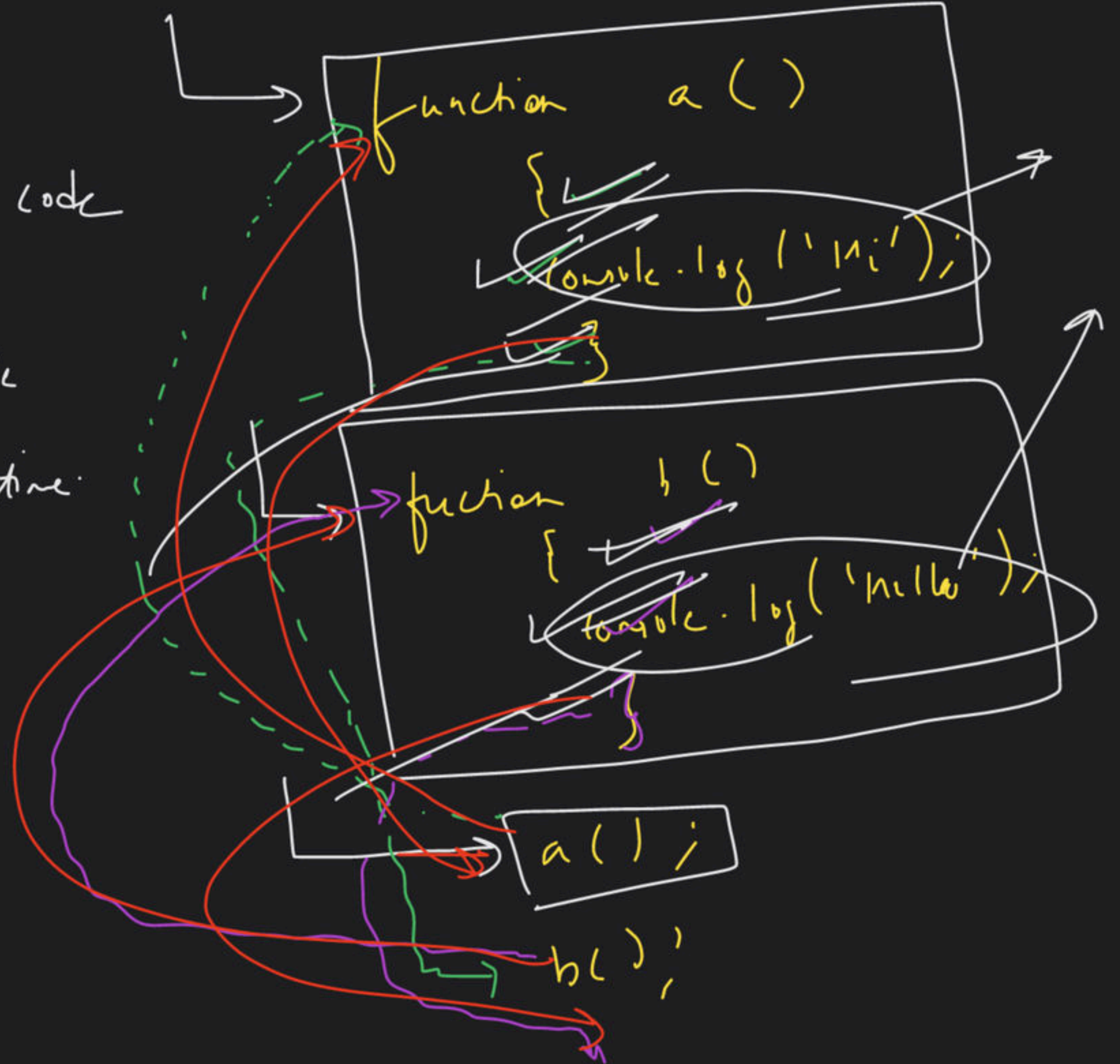


synchronous

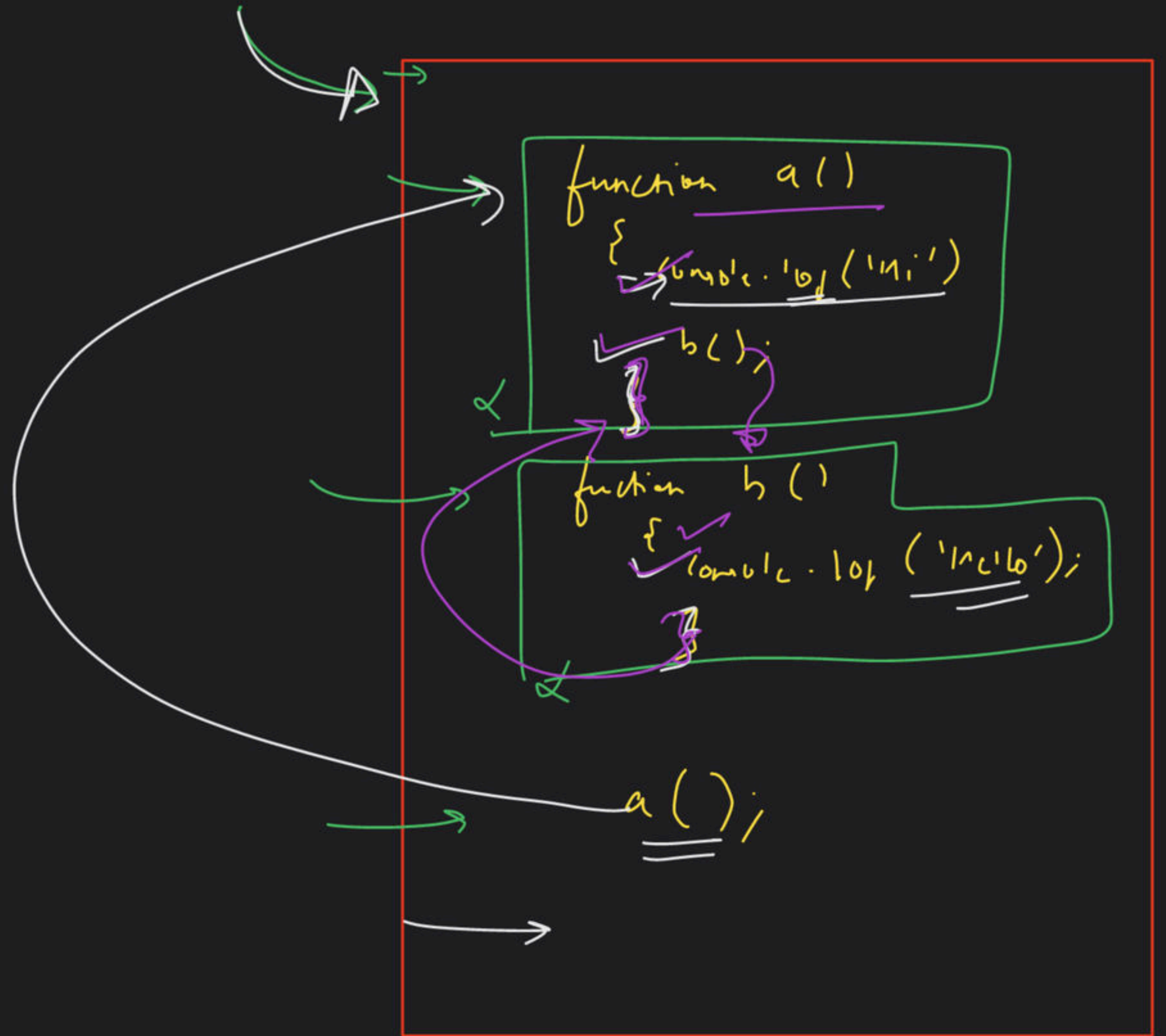
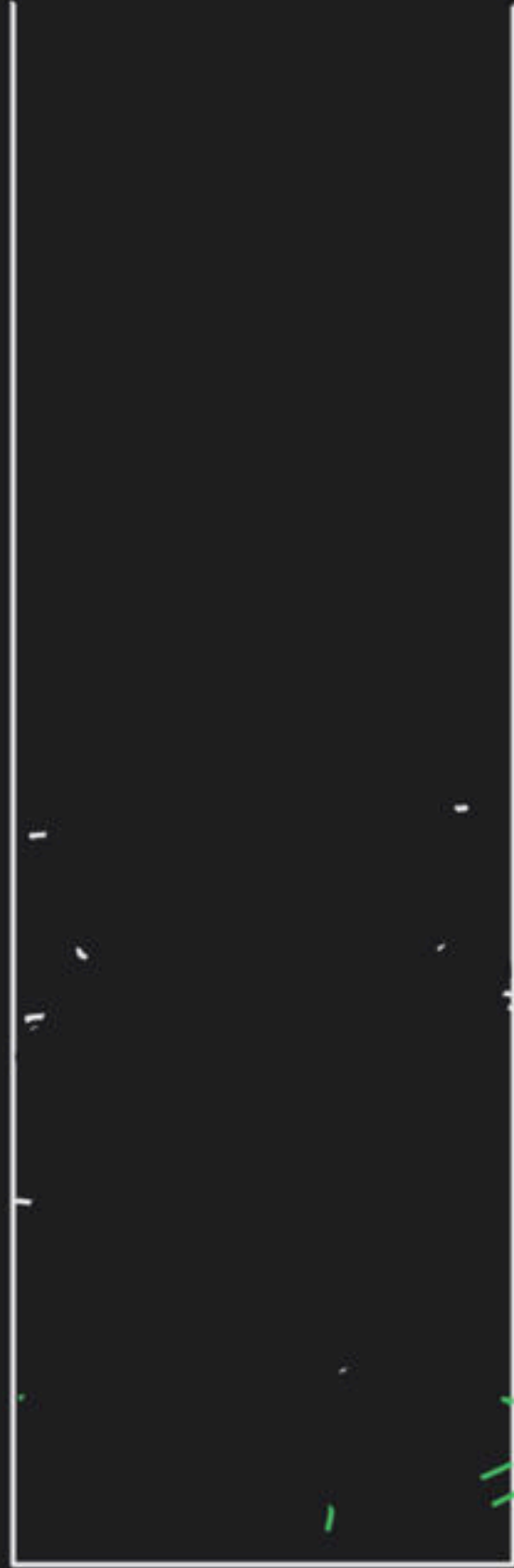


## Observation:-

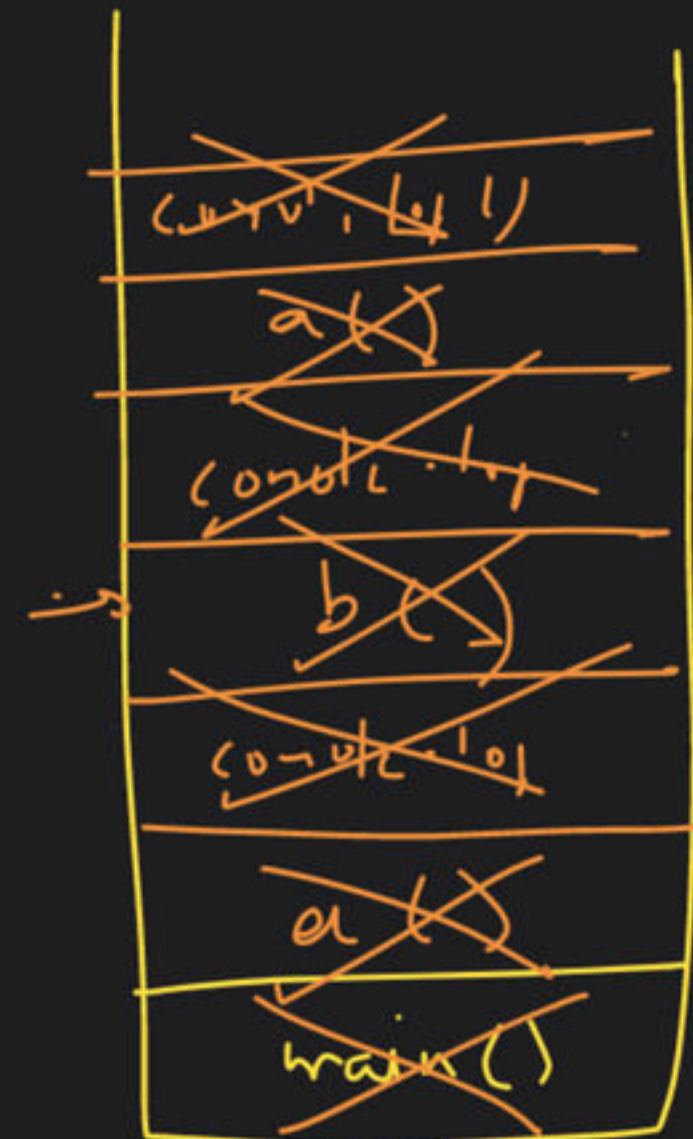
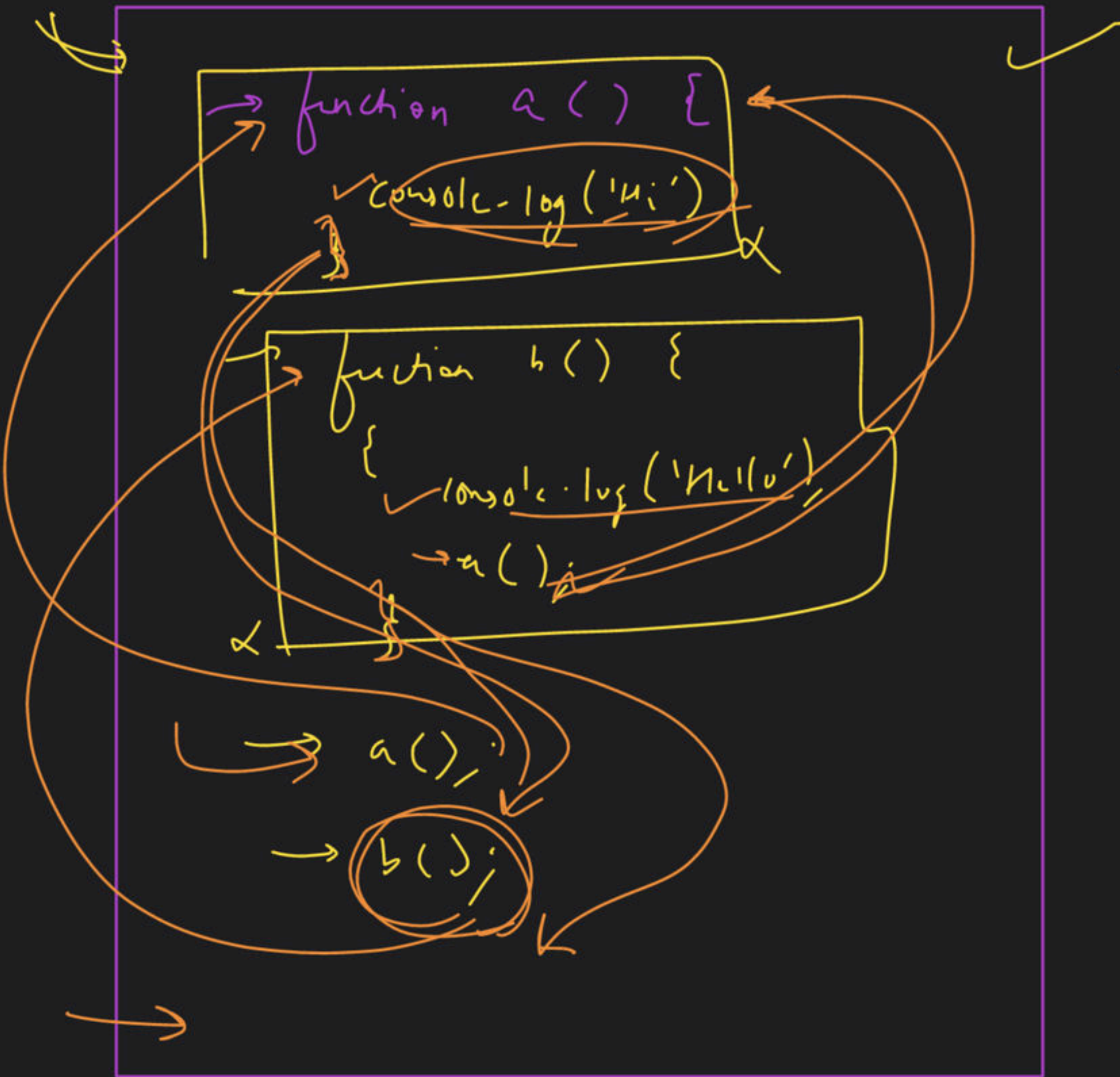
- ① 'run-to-completion' nature to code
- ② JS does not execute multiple lines / function at the same time.



Call Stack







Call Stack -

→ Event Loop

Synchronous →

blocking at the same time

not-synch  
async

function a()  
{  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
}

1

Event Listener & function

↓  
content.addEventListener('click',

function () {  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
});

~~~~~



# Event Loop

Hi Hello

Code: -

① console.log('hi');

② element.addEventListener('click',

function()

function()

{ console.log('123') }

③ console.log('Hello');

Sync Executi.

main()

call stack

on click

function

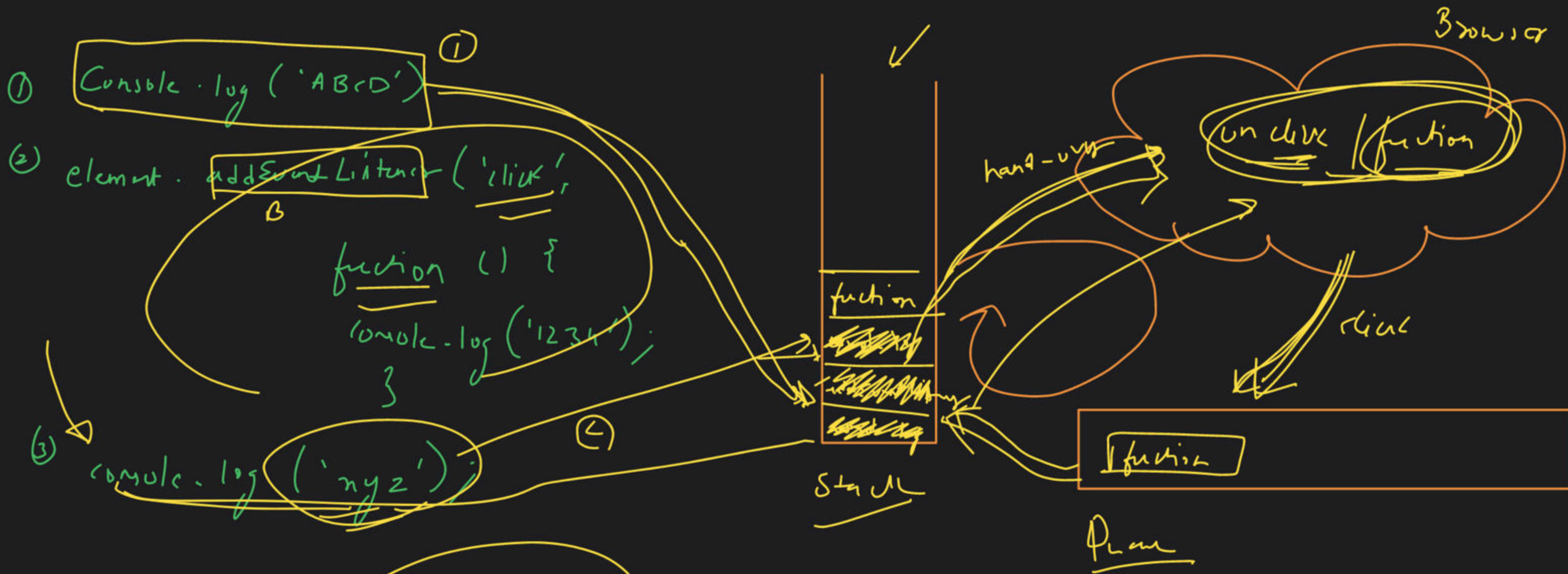
Browser

on click

function

Event Queue



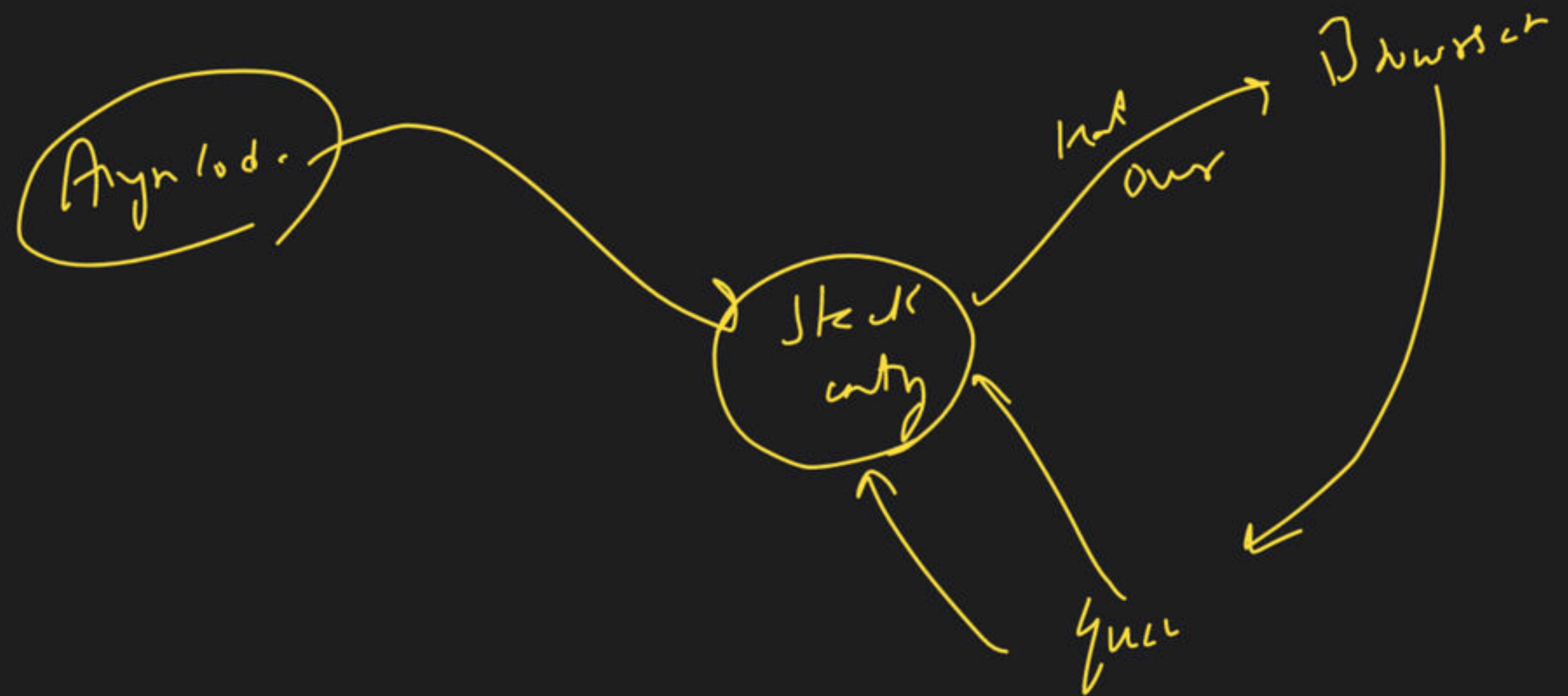


Event Loop → Brahmand me → Philip Robert

A Bit more -

① Async code → JS Event Loop

② Handling → Browser





setTimeout()  
↑ ↑  
function time

Event loop

Call stack up

Queue Async code

setTimeout

function () {

console.log('hi');

}

4000

millisecond

NO guarantee

minimum time

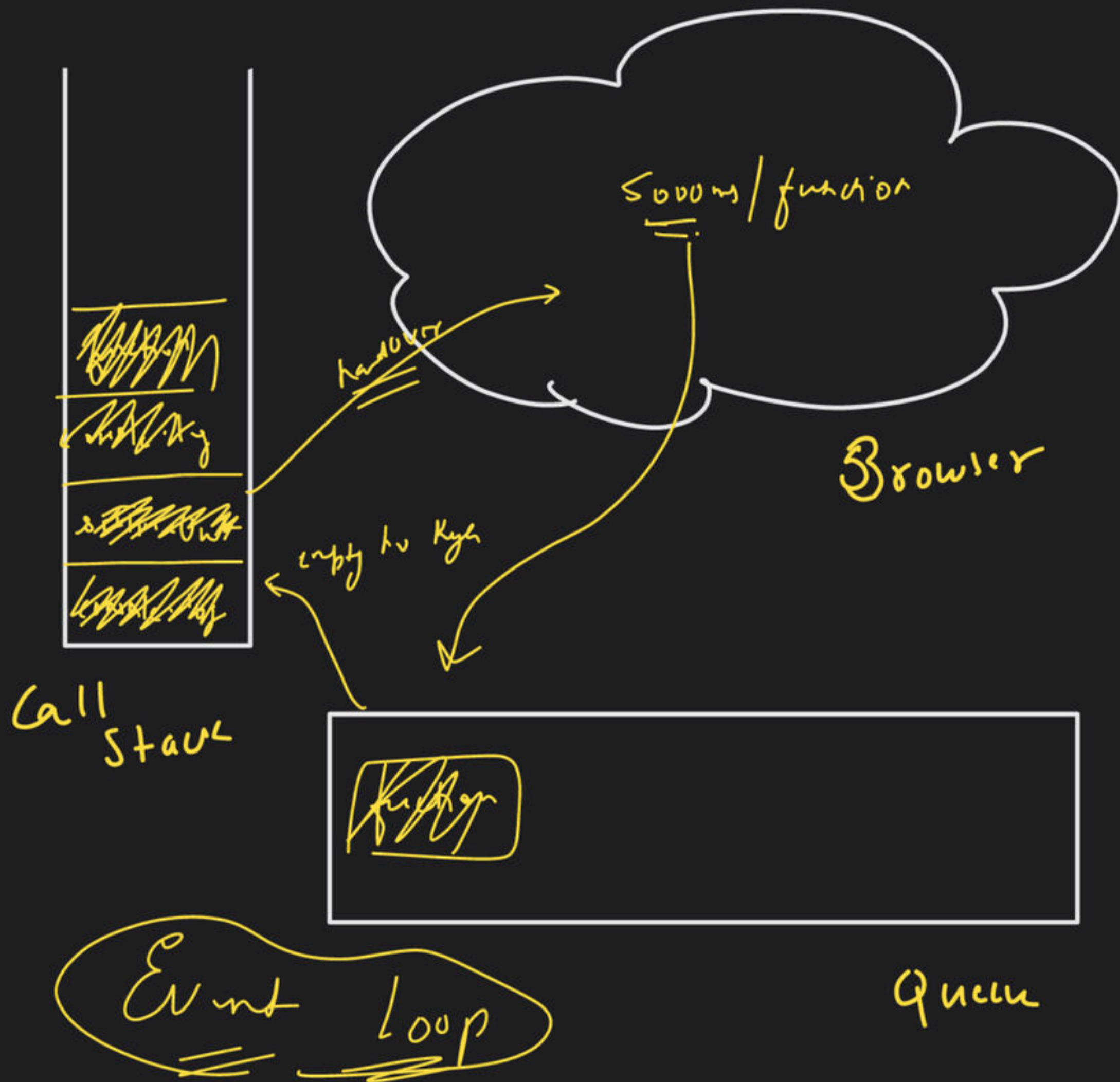
setTimeout(            ,            );

function

time



Hi



- ↳ ① console.log('Hi');
- ↳ ② setTimeout(function(){  
    console.log('hey');  
    }, 5000);
- ↳ ③ console.log('XYZ');
- (Note: A circled "async code" with an arrow points to the closing brace of the setTimeout function in step 2.)*



