DSA Lab programs

1. Write a program for the Insertion sort algorithm.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
 int n, array[1000], a, b, c, flag = 0;
 printf("Enter number of elements\n");
 scanf("%d", &n);
 printf("Enter %d integers\n", n);
 for (a = 0; a < n; a++)
  scanf("%d", &array[a]);
 for (a = 1; a \le n - 1; a++)
  c = array[a];
  for (b = a - 1; b >= 0; b--) {
   if (array[b] > c) {
     array[b+1] = array[b];
     flag = 1;
   }
    else
     break;
  }
  if (flag)
   array[b+1] = c;
 }
```

```
printf("Sorted list in ascending order:\n");
for (a = 0; a <= n - 1; a++) {
   printf("%d\n", array[a]);
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Enter number of elements

5
Enter 5 integers

7
8
4
6
18
Sorted list in ascending order:
4
6
7
8
```

2. Write a program for the Selection sort algorithm.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
  int i, j, count, temp, a[25];
  printf("enter the number of elements: ");
  scanf("%d",&count);
```

```
printf("Enter %d elements: ", count);
  for(i=0;i<count;i++)</pre>
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
  for(i=0;i<count;i++){</pre>
    for(j=i+1;j<count;j++){</pre>
      if(a[i]>a[j]){
        temp=a[i];
        a[i]=a[j];
        a[j]=temp;
      }
    }
  printf("Sorted elements: ");
  for(i=0;i<count;i++)</pre>
    printf(" %d",a[i]);
  return 0;
}
```

```
enter the number of elements: 6
Enter 6 elements: 4
54
68
12
3
9
Sorted elements: 3 4 9 12 54 68
```

3. Write a program for the Bubble sort algorithm.

program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
  int count, temp, i, j, a[30];
  printf("How many numbers are u going to enter?: ");
  scanf("%d",&count);
  printf("Enter %d numbers: ",count);
  for(i=0;i<count;i++)</pre>
  scanf("%d",&a[i]);
  for(i=count-2;i>=0;i--){
   for(j=0;j<=i;j++){}
     if(a[j]>a[j+1]){
       temp=a[j];
       a[j]=a[j+1];
       a[j+1]=temp;
    }
  }
  printf("Sorted elements: ");
  for(i=0;i<count;i++)</pre>
    printf(" %d",a[i]);
  return 0;
```

```
How many numbers are u going to enter?: 6
Enter 6 numbers: 5
2
1
9
8
4
Sorted elements: 1 2 4 5 8 9
```

4. Write a program for the Merge sort algorithm

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define max 10
int a[11] = { 10, 14, 19, 26, 27, 31, 33, 35, 42, 44, 0 };
int b[10];
void merging(int low, int mid, int high) {
  int I1, I2, i;
 for(I1 = low, I2 = mid + 1, i = low; I1 <= mid && I2 <= high; i++) {
    if(a[11] \le a[12])
      b[i] = a[11++];
    else
      b[i] = a[l2++];
 }
  while(I1 <= mid)
    b[i++] = a[11++];
  while(I2 <= high)
    b[i++] = a[l2++];
```

```
for(i = low; i \le high; i++)
    a[i] = b[i];
}
void sort(int low, int high) {
  int mid;
  if(low < high) {
    mid = (low + high) / 2;
    sort(low, mid);
    sort(mid+1, high);
    merging(low, mid, high);
  } else {
    return;
}
int main() {
  int i;
  printf("List before sorting\n");
  for(i = 0; i \le max; i++)
    printf("%d ", a[i]);
  sort(0, max);
  printf("\nList after sorting\n");
  for(i = 0; i \le max; i++)
    printf("%d ", a[i]);
}
```

```
List before sorting
10 14 19 26 27 31 33 35 42 44 0
List after sorting
0 10 14 19 26 27 31 33 35 42 44
```

5) Write a program for the Heapsort algorithm.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void swap(int *a, int *b) {
 int temp = *a;
 *a = *b;
 *b = temp;
}
void heapify(int arr[], int n, int i) {
 int largest = i;
 int left = 2 * i + 1;
 int right = 2 * i + 2;
 if (left < n && arr[left] > arr[largest])
  largest = left;
 if (right < n && arr[right] > arr[largest])
  largest = right;
 if (largest != i) {
   swap(&arr[i], &arr[largest]);
  heapify(arr, n, largest);
 }
}
void heapSort(int arr[], int n) {
 for (int i = n / 2 - 1; i \ge 0; i--)
  heapify(arr, n, i);
 for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
   swap(&arr[0], &arr[i]);
  heapify(arr, i, 0);
 }
}
```

```
void printArray(int arr[], int n) {
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
     printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  printf("\n");
}

int main() {
  int arr[] = {1, 12, 9, 5, 6, 10};
  int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);

heapSort(arr, n);

printf("Sorted array is \n");
  printArray(arr, n);
}</pre>
```

Sorted array is 1 5 6 9 10 12