CS23431-OPERATING SYSTEMS RollNo:231901033

Ex No: 1(b) BASIC LINUX COMMANDS

DATE: 22.01.2025

1.1 GENERAL PURPOSE COMMANDS

1. The date command

Description: Displays the current date and time.

Syntax:

\$ date

Input:

\$ date

Output:

Sat Apr 12 10:23:45 IST 2025

Other Formats:

Format	Purpose	Input	Output
+%m	Display month (numeric)	\$ date +%m	04
+%h	Display month (name)	\$ date +%h	Apr
+%d	Display day of the month	\$ date +%d	12
+%y	Last two digits of year	\$ date +%y	25
+%H	Display hour	\$ date +%H	10
+%M	Display minutes	\$ date +%M	23
+%S	Display seconds	\$ date +%S	45

2. The echo command

Description: Prints a message to the terminal.

Syntax:

\$ echo "your message"

Input:

\$ echo "God is Great"

Output:

God is Great

3. The cal command

Input:

Description: Displays calendar of specified month/year. Syntax:
\$ cal [month] [year]
Input:
\$ cal Jan 2012
Output:
January 2012
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11 12 13 14
15 16 17 18 19 20 21
22 23 24 25 26 27 28
29 30 31
4. The bc command Description: Launches a basic calculator.
Syntax:
¢ ha
\$ bc
Input:
Input: \$ bc -l
Input: \$ bc -l 16/4
Input: \$ bc -l
Input: \$ bc -l 16/4 5/2
Input: \$ bc -l 16/4 5/2 Output:
Input: \$ bc - 16/4 5/2 Output: 4
Input: \$ bc - 16/4 5/2 Output: 4
Input: \$ bc -I 16/4 5/2 Output: 4 2

kaviya tty1 2025-04-12 09:00 6. The who am i command Description: Shows info about current session user. Syntax: \$ who am i Input: \$ who am i Output: kaviya pts/0 2025-04-12 09:10 7. The id command Description: Displays UID, GID, and groups of user. Syntax: \$ id Input: \$ id Output: uid=1000(kaviya) gid=1000(kaviya) groups=1000(kaviya),10(wheel) 8. The tt command Description: Displays terminal name. Syntax: \$ tty Input: \$ tty Output:	\$ who
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\$ tty Output:	\$ tty
Output:	Input:
	\$ tty
/dev/pts/0	Output:
	/dev/pts/0

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9. The clear command

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Description: Clears the terminal screen. Syntax:
\$ clear
Input:
\$ clear
Output: (Terminal screen gets cleared)
10. The man command
Description: Shows manual page for commands. Syntax:
\$ man [command]
Input:
\$ man date
Output: (Manual page opens for the date command. Press q to quit.)
11. The ps command
Description: Shows running processes. Syntax:
\$ ps
Input:
\$ ps
Output:
PID TTY TIME CMD
1234 pts/0 00:00:00 bash
1278 pts/0 00:00:00 ps
12. The uname command
Description: Shows system details. Syntax:
\$ uname [option]

Input:

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\$ uname -a

Output:

Linux fedora 6.5.9-300.fc39.x86_64 #1 SMP x86_64 GNU/Linux

1.2 DIRECTORY COMMANDS

1. The pwd command

Description: Displays current directory path.

Syntax:

\$ pwd

Input:

\$ pwd

Output:

/home/kaviya

2. The mkdir command

Description: Creates a new directory.

Syntax:

\$ mkdir dirname

Input:

\$ mkdir receee

Output:

(A directory named receee is created)

3. The rmdir command

Description: Deletes an empty directory.

Syntax:

\$ rmdir dirname

Input:

\$ rmdir receee

Output:

(The receee directory is removed if empty)

4. The cd command

Description: Changes the current directory. Syntax:
\$ cd dirname
Input:
\$ cd receee
Output: (You are now inside the receee directory)
5. The ls command
Description: Lists contents of the directory. Syntax:
\$ Is
Input:
\$ Is
Output:
file1.txt file2.sh receee
Input (long listing):
\$ Is -I
Output:
-rw-rw-r 1 kaviya kaviya 0 Apr 12 10:24 file1.txt
Input (including hidden files):
\$ Is -a
Output:
bashrc file1.txt receee
1.3 3 FILE HANDLING COMMANDS
1. The 'cat' command

Purpose: Used to create a file.

SYNTAX:

EXAMPLE:

\$ cat > filename

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\$ cat > rec
Arun
Kaviya
^D # (Press Ctrl + D to save and exit)
2. Display contents of a file
SYNTAX:
\$ cat filename
EXAMPLE:
\$ cat rec
Output:
Arun
Kaviya
3. The 'cp' command
Purpose : Copy contents from one file to another. SYNTAX :
\$ cp oldfile newfile
EXAMPLE:
\$ cp rec cse
\$ cat cse
Output:
Arun
Kaviya
4. The 'rm' command
Purpose: Delete a file. SYNTAX:
\$ rm filename
EXAMPLES:
\$ rm rec
\$ rm -f rec
\$ rm -fr directory_name # Deletes folder recursively

5. The 'mv' command

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Purpose: Move or rename a file. SYNTAX:
\$ mv oldfile newfile
EXAMPLE:
\$ mv cse eee
\$ Is
Output: eee
6. The 'file' command
Purpose: Determine file type. SYNTAX:
\$ file filename
EXAMPLE:
\$ file eee
Output: eee: ASCII text
7. The 'wc' command
Purpose : Word, line, and character count. SYNTAX :
\$ wc filename
EXAMPLE:
\$ wc eee
Output: 2 2 12 eee
8. Directing output to a file
Purpose : Save command output to a file. SYNTAX :
\$ ls > filename
EXAMPLE:
\$ ls > list.txt
\$ cat list.txt
Output:
eee
list.txt
9. Pipes

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Purpose: Use output of one command as input to another.

SYNTAX:

\$ command1 | command2

EXAMPLE:

\$ who | wc -l

Output: 3 # (Displays number of logged-in users)

10. The 'tee' command

Purpose: Save output in middle of a pipe.

SYNTAX:

\$ command | tee filename

EXAMPLE:

\$ who | tee sample | wc -l

Output: 3

\$ cat sample

Output: list of logged-in users

11. Metacharacters in Unix

Purpose: Pattern matching with special characters.

Symbol Meaning

- * Matches any number of characters
- ? Matches a single character
- [] Matches any character in the set
- [!] Negates the set

EXAMPLES:

\$ Is r* # Files starting with r

\$ Is ?kkk # Files like "rkkk", "skkk"

\$ Is [a-m]* # Files starting with a-m

\$ Is [!a-m]* # Files NOT starting with a-m

13. File Permissions

Each file has:

Owner

- Group
- Others

Each with:

- r (read) = 4
- w (write) = 2
- x (execute) = 1

EXAMPLE:

\$ Is -I college

-rwxr-xr-- 1 Lak std 1525 Jan 10 12:10 college

- **rwx**: Owner has read, write, execute
- r-x: Group has read and execute
- **r--**: Others have only read

13. The 'chmod' command

SYNTAX:

\$ chmod category operation permission filename

EXAMPLES:

\$ chmod u-wx college

(Remove write & execute for user)

\$ chmod u+rw, g+rw college

(Add read & write to user & group)

\$ chmod g=wx college

(Set write & execute to group only)

14. Octal Notation

SYNTAX:

\$ chmod 761 college

Explanation:

• 7 (owner) = rwx

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- 6 (group) = rw-
- 1 (others) = --x

1.4 GROUPING COMMANDS

1. Semicolon (;)

Executes multiple commands sequentially.

EXAMPLE:

\$ who; date

Output:

(list of users)

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2. Logical AND (&&)

Executes next only if previous is successful.

EXAMPLE:

\$ Is && date

Output:

(file list)

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3. Logical OR (||)

Executes next only if previous fails.

EXAMPLE:

\$ Is nofile || date

Output:

ls: cannot access 'nofile': No such file or directory

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1.5 5 FILTERS

1. head

SYNTAX:

\$ head filename

EXAMPLE:

\$ head college

(Shows top 10 lines)
\$ head -5 college
(Shows top 5 lines)
2. tail
SYNTAX:
\$ tail filename
EXAMPLE:
\$ tail college
(Shows bottom 10 lines)
\$ tail -5 college
(Shows bottom 5 lines)
3. more
Used for paging large outputs. SYNTAX:
AL 11
\$ Is -l more
\$ Is -I more
4. grep
4. grep Search for patterns.
4. grep Search for patterns. SYNTAX:
4. grep Search for patterns. SYNTAX: \$ grep "pattern" filename
4. grep Search for patterns. SYNTAX: \$ grep "pattern" filename EXAMPLE:
4. grep Search for patterns. SYNTAX: \$ grep "pattern" filename EXAMPLE: \$ cat > student
4. grep Search for patterns. SYNTAX: \$ grep "pattern" filename EXAMPLE: \$ cat > student Arun cse
4. grep Search for patterns. SYNTAX: \$ grep "pattern" filename EXAMPLE: \$ cat > student Arun cse Ram ece
4. grep Search for patterns. SYNTAX: \$ grep "pattern" filename EXAMPLE: \$ cat > student Arun cse Ram ece Kani cse
4. grep Search for patterns. SYNTAX: \$ grep "pattern" filename EXAMPLE: \$ cat > student Arun cse Ram ece Kani cse
4. grep Search for patterns. SYNTAX: \$ grep "pattern" filename EXAMPLE: \$ cat > student Arun cse Ram ece Kani cse ^D

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Kani cse

5. sort

Sorts lines.

SYNTAX:

\$ sort filename

EXAMPLES:

\$ sort college # Sort alphabetically

\$ sort -r college # Reverse order

\$ sort -n numbers.txt # Numeric sort

\$ sort -u college # Remove duplicates

6. nl

Adds line numbers.

SYNTAX:

\$ nl filename

EXAMPLE:

\$ nl college

- 1 Arun
- 2 Kaviya

7. cut

Extracts specific character positions.

SYNTAX:

\$ cut -c1-4 filename

EXAMPLE:

\$ cut -c1-3 college

Output:

Aru

Kav

1.5 OTHER ESSENTIAL COMMANDS

1. free

Description: Displays the amount of free and used physical and swap memory in the system.

• **Synopsis**: free [options]

• Example:

Input:

[root@localhost ~]# free -t

Output:

total used free shared buff/cache available

Mem: 4044380 605464 2045080 148820 1393836 3226708

Swap: 2621436 0 2621436

Total: 6665816 605464 4666516

2. top

Description: Provides a dynamic real-time view of processes in the system.

• **Synopsis**: top [options]

• Example:

Input:

[root@localhost ~]# top

Output:

top - 08:07:28 up 24 min, 2 users, load average: 0.01, 0.06, 0.23

Tasks: 211 total, 1 running, 210 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie

%Cpu(s): 0.8 us, 0.3 sy, 0.0 ni, 98.9 id, 0.0 wa, 0.0 hi, 0.0 si, 0.0 st

KiB Mem: 4044380 total, 2052960 free, 600452 used, 1390968 buff/cache

KiB Swap: 2621436 total, 2621436 free, 0 used. 3234820 avail Mem

PID USER PR NI VIRT RES SHR S %CPU %MEM TIME+ COMMAND

1105 root 20 0 175008 75700 51264 S 1.7 1.9 0:20.46 Xorg

2529 root 20 0 80444 32640 24796 S 1.0 0.8 0:02.47 gnome-term

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3. ps

Description: Reports a snapshot of current processes.

• **Synopsis**: ps [options]

• Example:

Input:

[root@localhost ~]# ps -e

Output:

PID TTY TIME CMD

- 1? 00:00:03 systemd
- 2? 00:00:00 kthreadd
- 3? 00:00:00 ksoftirqd/0

4. vmstat

Description: Reports virtual memory statistics.

• **Synopsis**: vmstat [options]

• Example:

Input:

[root@localhost ~]# vmstat

Output:

```
r b swpd free buff cache si so bi bo in cs us sy id wa st

0 0 0 1879368 1604 1487116 0 0 64 7 72 140 1 0 97 1 0
```

5. df

Description: Displays the amount of disk space available on the file system.

• **Synopsis**: df [options]

• Example:

Input:

[root@localhost ~]# df

Output:

Filesystem 1K-blocks Used Available Use% Mounted on

devtmpfs 2010800 0 2010800 0%/dev

tmpfs 2022188 148 2022040 1% /dev/shm

tmpfs 2022188 1404 2020784 1% /run

/dev/sda6 487652 168276 289680 37% /boot

6. ping

Description: Verifies whether a device can communicate with another over a network.

• **Synopsis**: ping [options] destination

• Example:

Input:

[root@localhost ~]# ping 172.16.4.1

Output:

PING 172.16.4.1 (172.16.4.1) 56(84) bytes of data.

64 bytes from 172.16.4.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.328 ms

64 bytes from 172.16.4.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.228 ms

64 bytes from 172.16.4.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.264 ms

64 bytes from 172.16.4.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.312 ms

^C

--- 172.16.4.1 ping statistics ---

4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3000ms

rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.228/0.283/0.328/0.039 ms

7. ifconfig

Description: Used to configure and display network interface parameters.

• **Synopsis**: ifconfig [options]

• Example:

Input:

[root@localhost ~]# ifconfig

Output:

enp2s0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500

inet 172.16.6.102 netmask 255.255.252.0 broadcast 172.16.7.255

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inet6 fe80::4a0f:cfff:fe6d:6057 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>

ether 48:0f:cf:6d:60:57 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)

RX packets 23216 bytes 2483338 (2.3 MiB)

RX errors 0 dropped 5 overruns 0 frame 0

TX packets 1077 bytes 107740 (105.2 KiB)

TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

8. traceroute

Description: Tracks the route that a packet takes to reach the destination.

• **Synopsis**: traceroute [options] destination

• Example:

Input:

[root@localhost ~]# traceroute www.rajalakshmi.org

Output:

traceroute to www.rajalakshmi.org (220.227.30.51), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets

1 gateway (172.16.4.1) 0.299 ms 0.297 ms 0.327 ms

2 220.225.219.38 (220.225.219.38) 6.185 ms 6.203 ms 6.189 ms