Docker for Java Developers

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Couchbase

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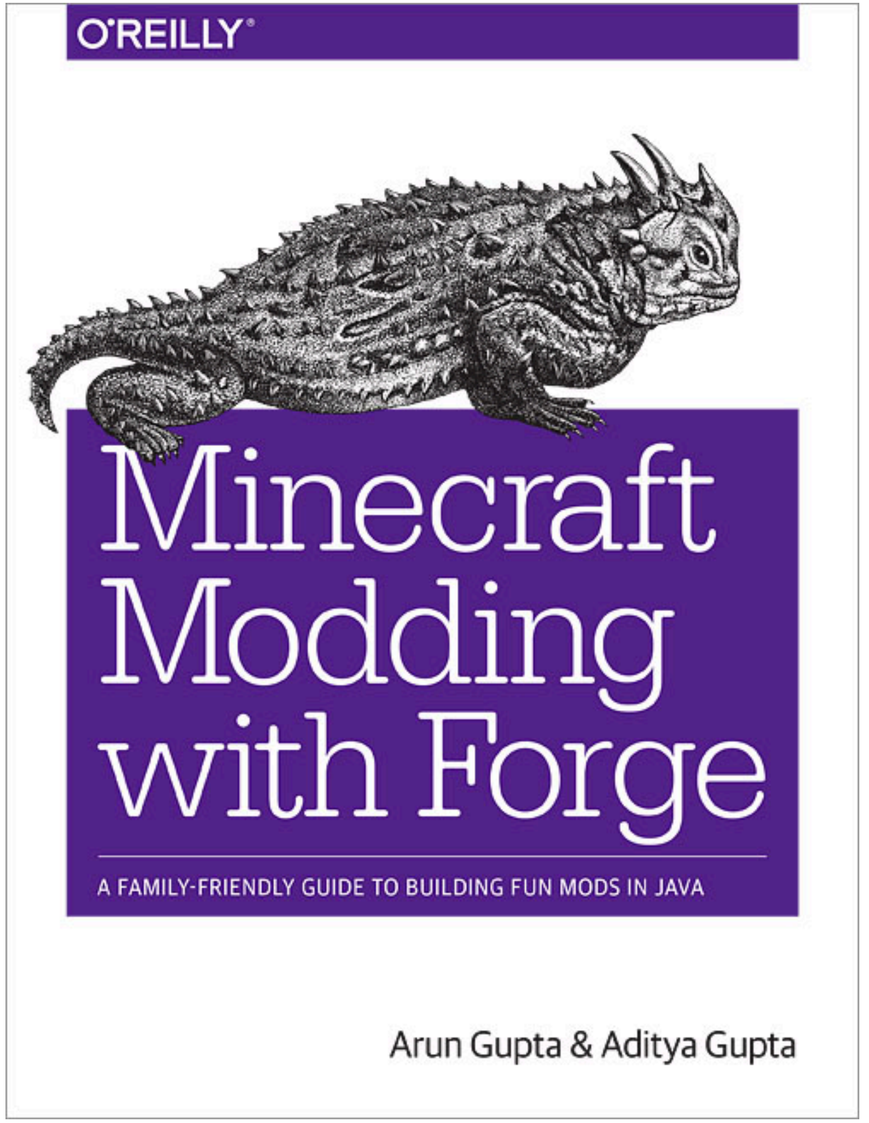

What is Docker?

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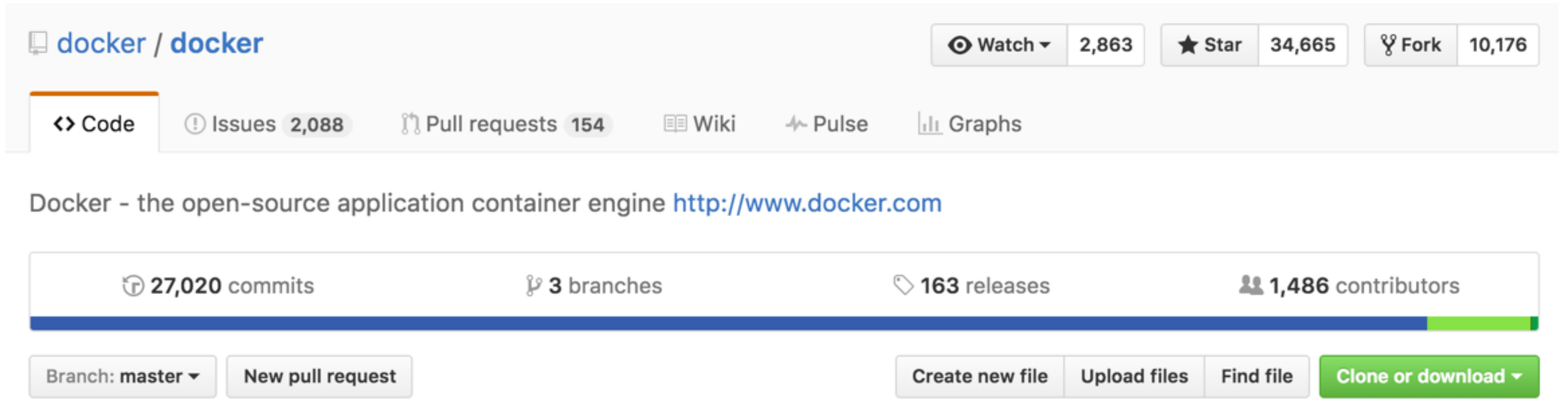
- Open source project and company



What is Docker?

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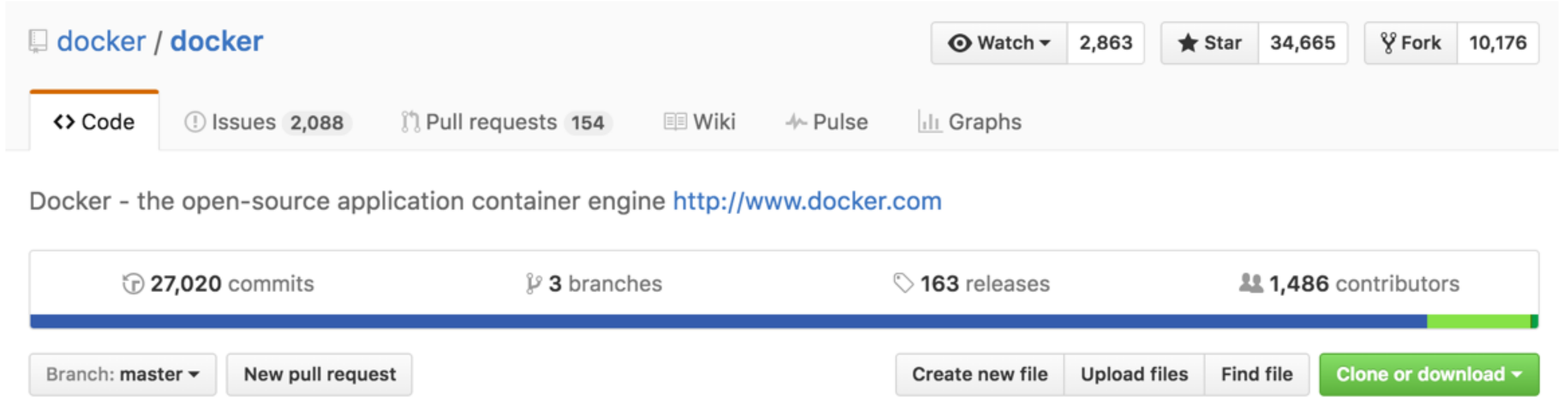
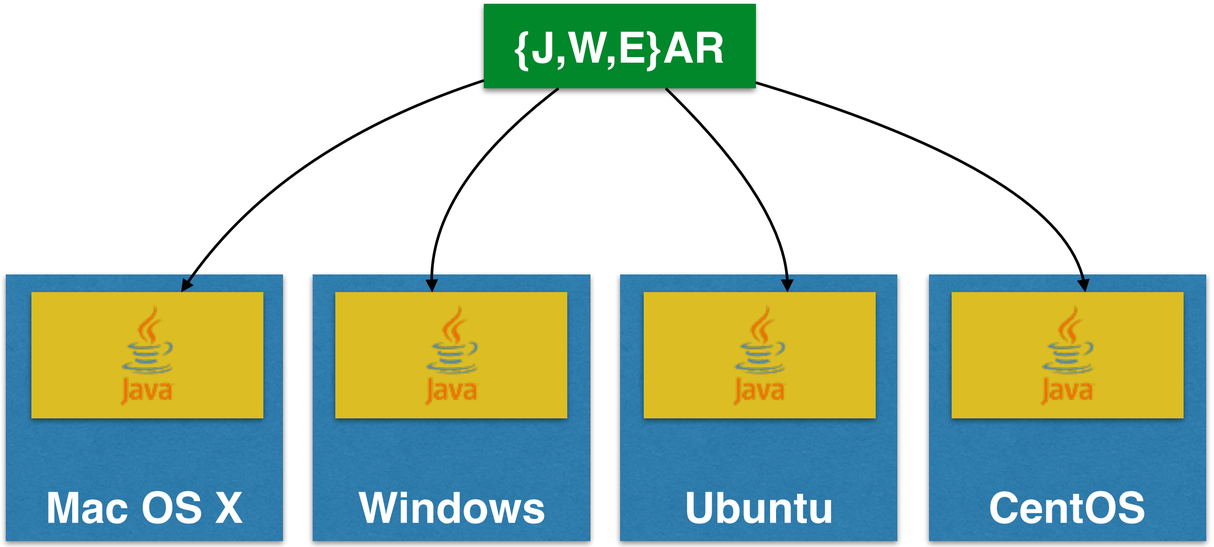
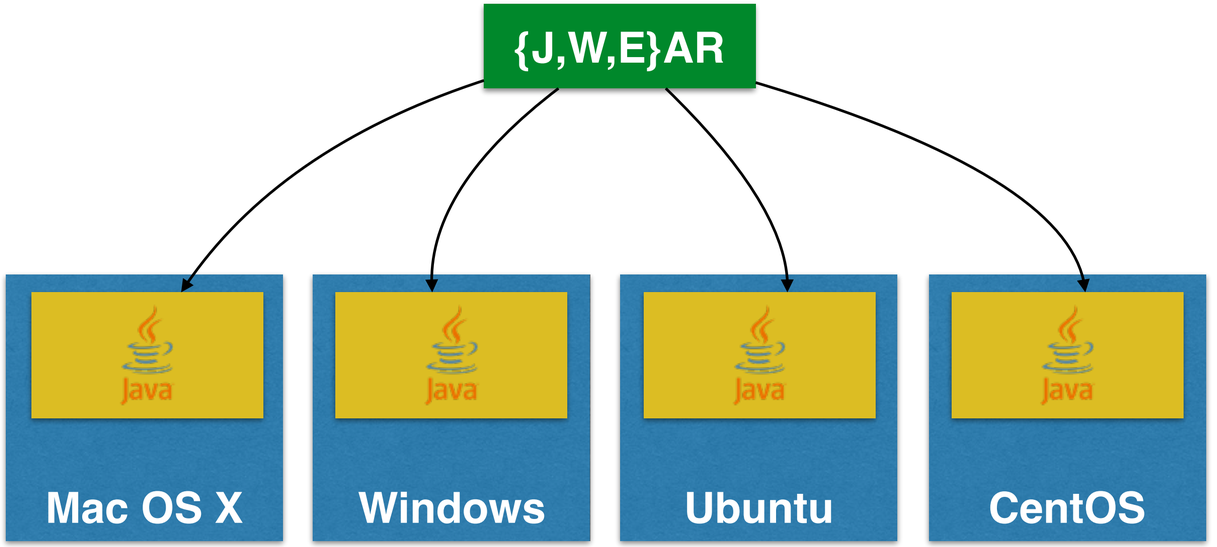


- Used to create containers for software applications



WORA = Write Once Run Anywhere



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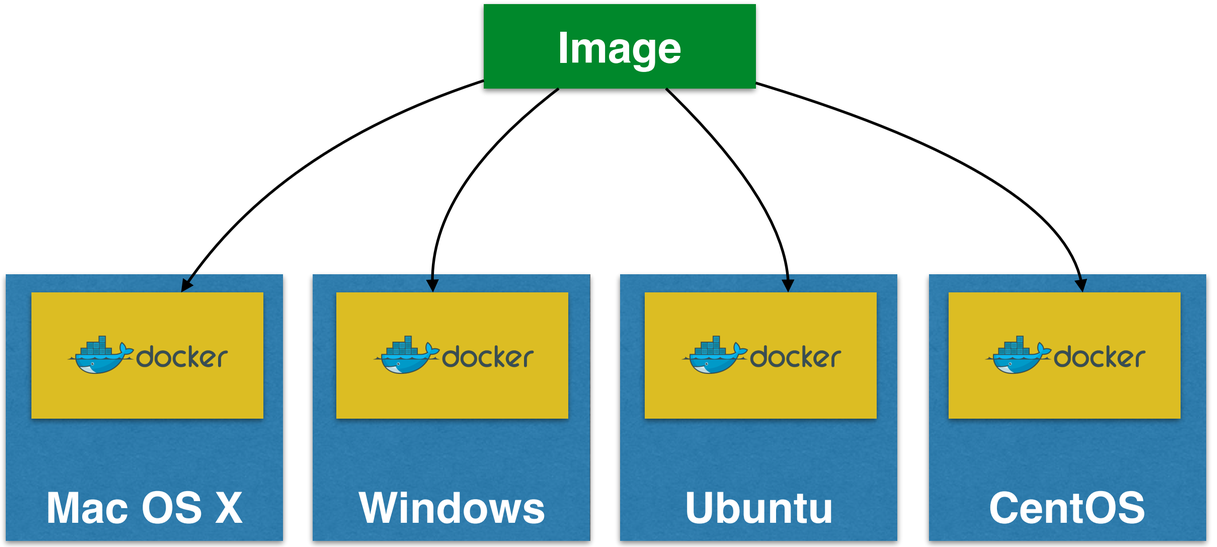
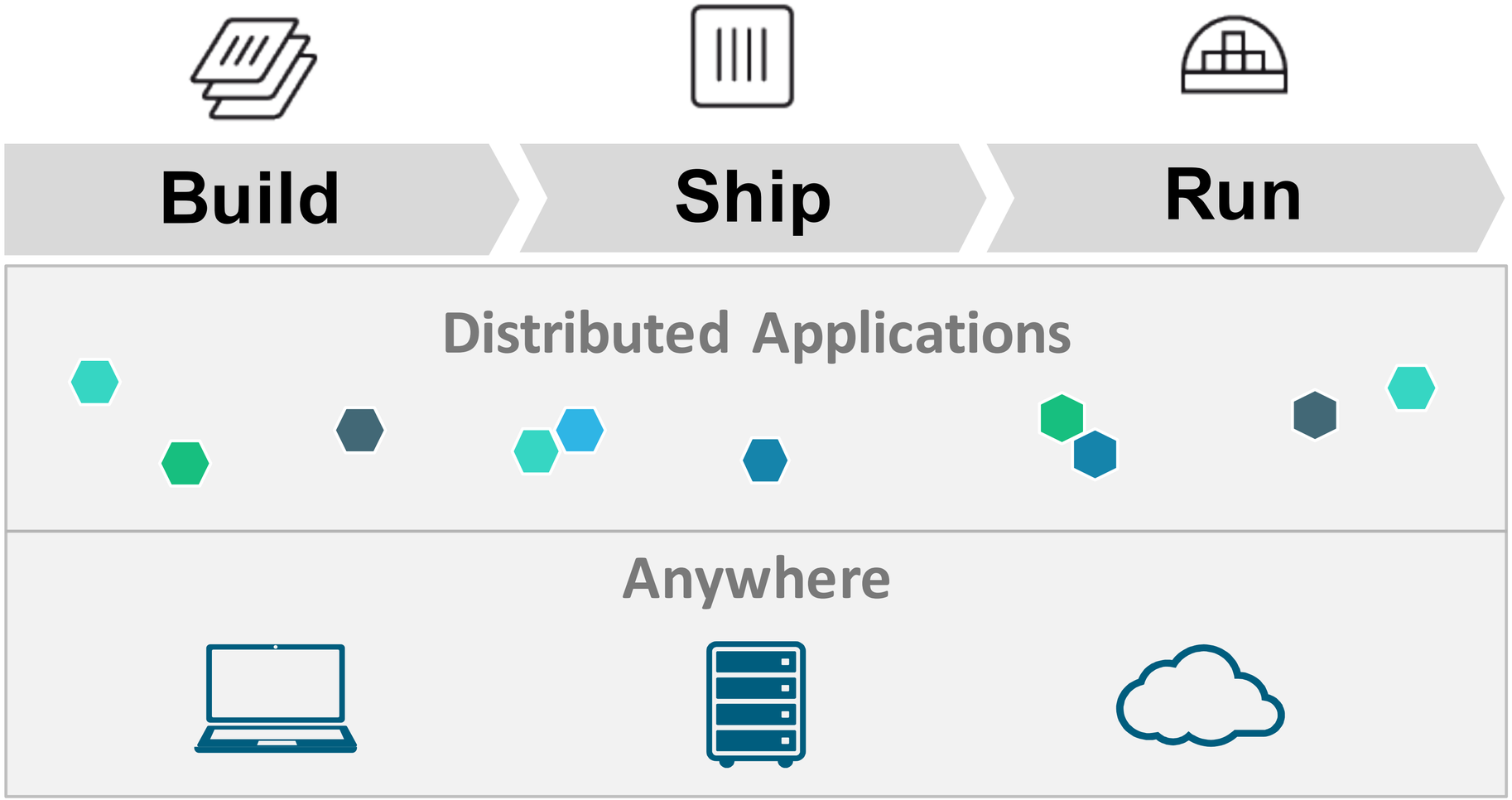
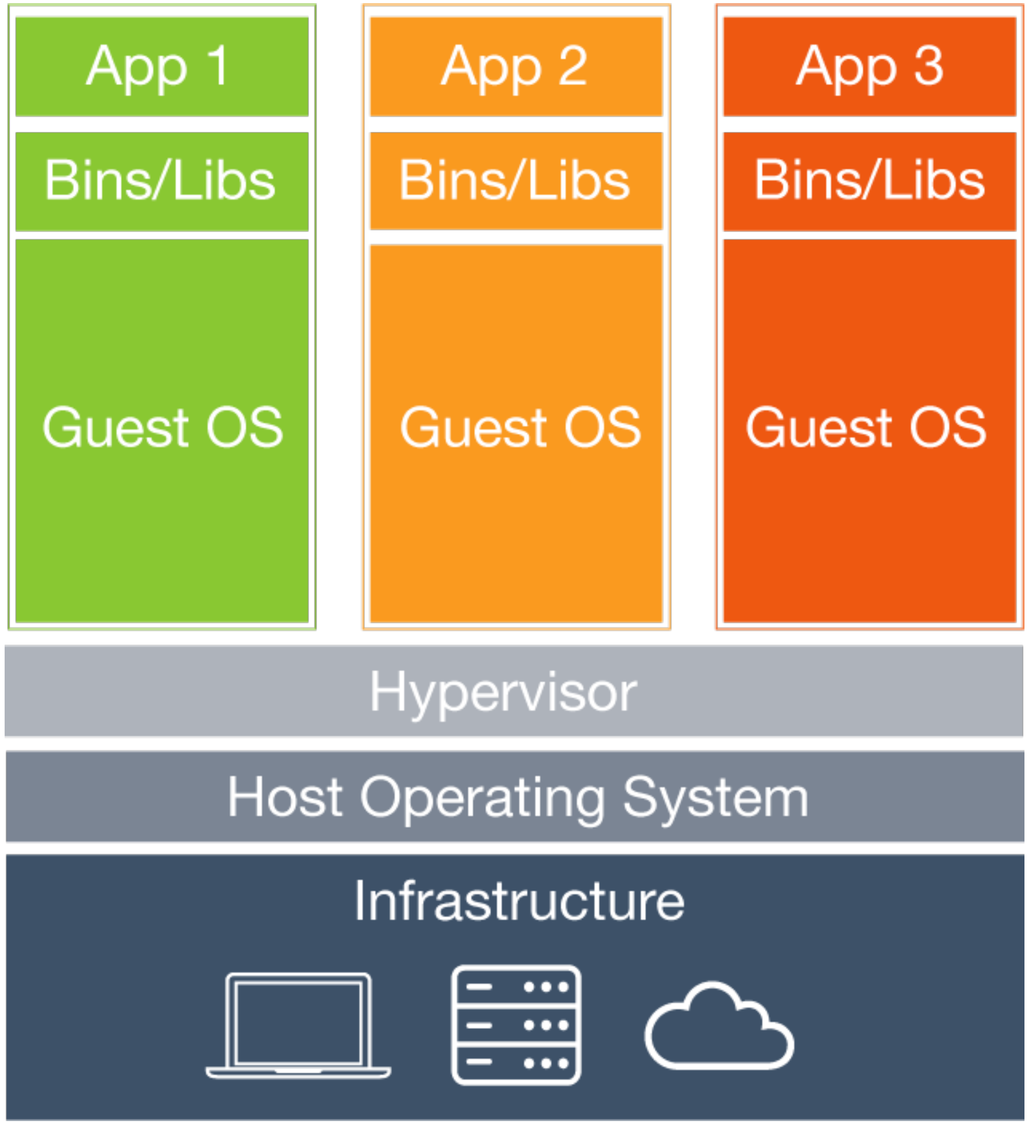
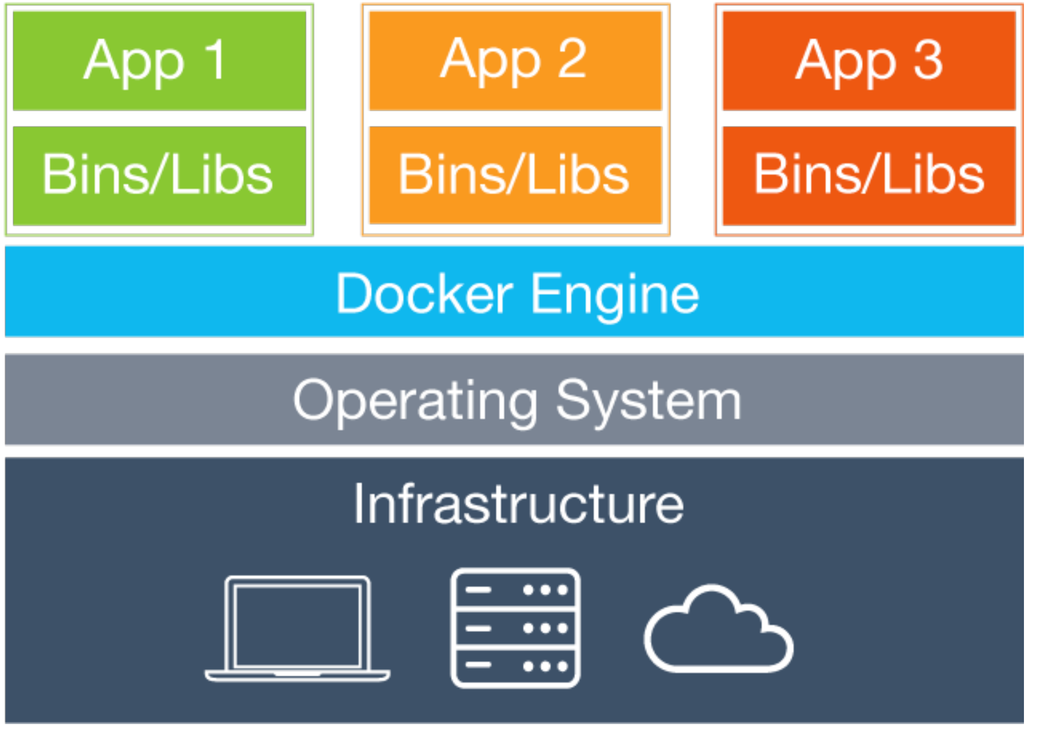


PODA = Package Once Deploy Anywhere

Docker Mission







Build

Develop an app using Docker containers with any language and any toolchain.

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```
FROM ubuntu

CMD echo “Hello world”
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```
FROM openjdk

COPY target/hello.jar /usr/src/hello.jar

CMD java -cp /usr/src/hello.jar org.example.App
```

- Usage
- Format
- Parser directives
- escape
- Environment replacement
- .dockerignore file
- FROM
- MAINTAINER
- RUN
  - Known issues (RUN)
- CMD
- LABEL
- EXPOSE
- ENV
- ADD
- COPY
- ENTRYPOINT
  - Exec form ENTRYPOINT example
  - Shell form ENTRYPOINT example
  - Understand how CMD and ENTRYPOINT interact
- VOLUME
- USER
- WORKDIR
- ARG
  - Impact on build caching
- ONBUILD
- STOPSIGNAL
- HEALTHCHECK
- SHELL
- Dockerfile examples

https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/builder/

Docker Workflow

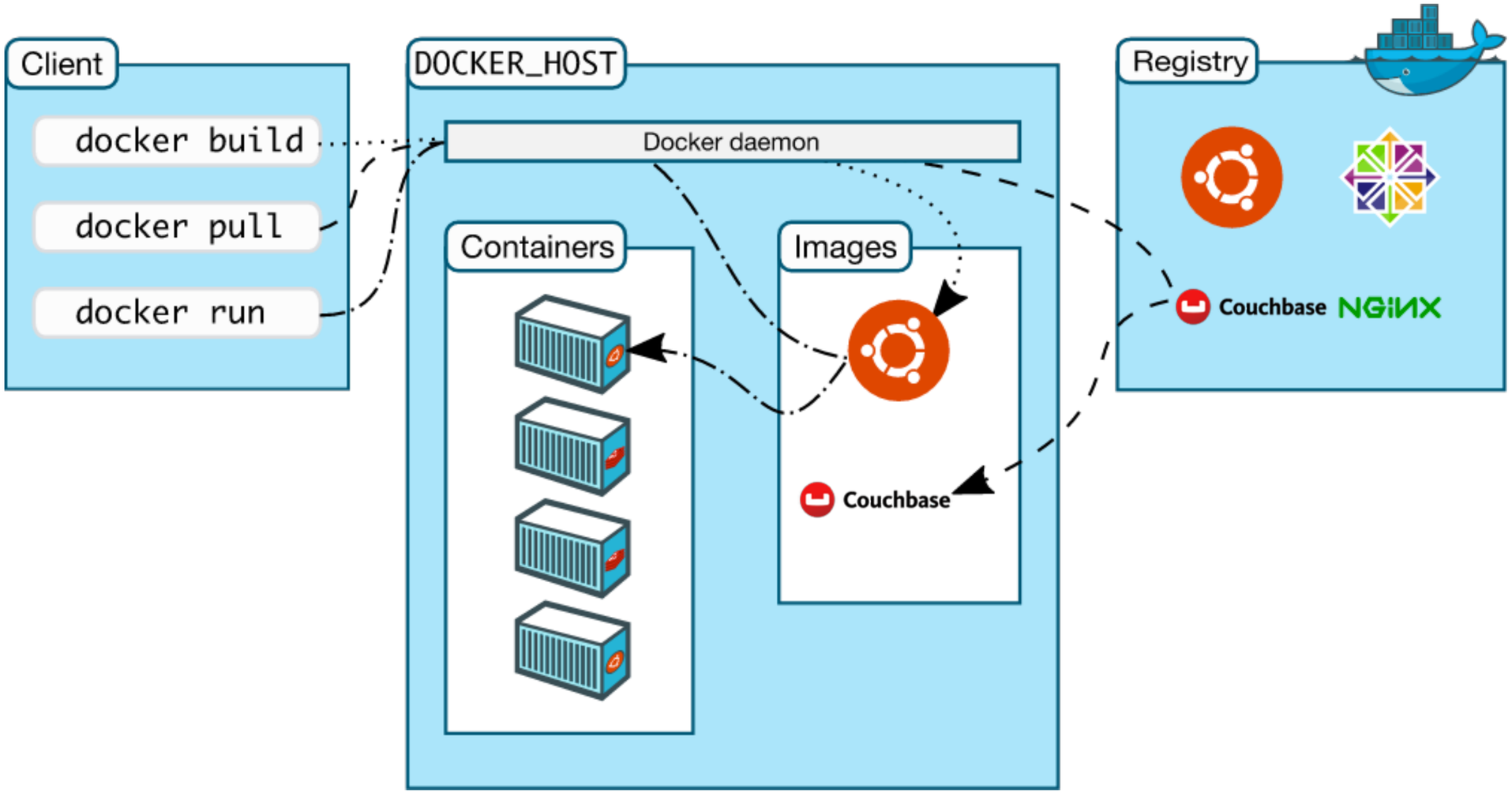
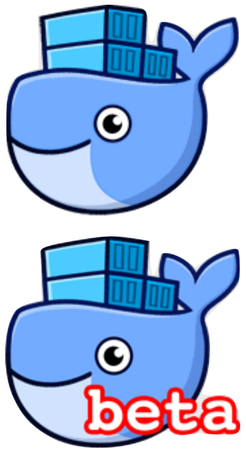


Image Layers - OpenJDK

```
~ > docker images openjdk
REPOSITORY          TAG                 IMAGE ID            CREATED             SIZE
openjdk             latest              ea40c858f006        13 days ago         643.1 MB
~ > docker history openjdk
IMAGE               CREATED             CREATED BY                                      SIZE
COMMENT
ea40c858f006        13 days ago         /bin/sh -c /var/lib/dpkg/info/ca-certificates   418.2 kB
<missing>           13 days ago         /bin/sh -c set -x  && apt-get update  && apt-   349.3 MB
<missing>           13 days ago         /bin/sh -c #(nop)  ENV CA_CERTIFICATES_JAVA_V   0 B
<missing>           13 days ago         /bin/sh -c #(nop)  ENV JAVA_DEBIAN_VERSION=8u   0 B
<missing>           13 days ago         /bin/sh -c #(nop)  ENV JAVA_VERSION=8u102       0 B
<missing>           13 days ago         /bin/sh -c #(nop)  ENV JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm   0 B
<missing>           13 days ago         /bin/sh -c {   echo '#!/bin/sh';   echo 'set    87 B
<missing>           13 days ago         /bin/sh -c #(nop)  ENV LANG=C.UTF-8             0 B
<missing>           13 days ago         /bin/sh -c echo 'deb http://httpredir.debian.   61 B
<missing>           13 days ago         /bin/sh -c apt-get update && apt-get install    1.289 MB
<missing>           2 weeks ago         /bin/sh -c apt-get update && apt-get install    122.6 MB
<missing>           2 weeks ago         /bin/sh -c apt-get update && apt-get install    44.31 MB
<missing>           2 weeks ago         /bin/sh -c #(nop)  CMD ["/bin/bash"]            0 B
<missing>           2 weeks ago         /bin/sh -c #(nop) ADD file:f2453b914e7e026efd   125.1 MB
```

Docker for Mac/Windows



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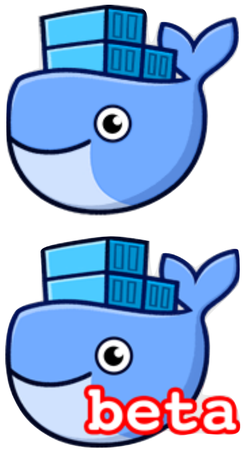

- Native application and UI

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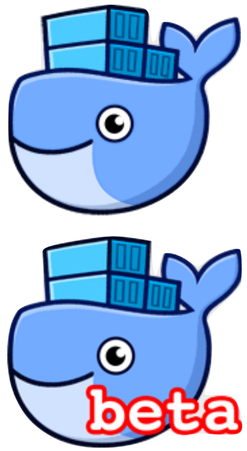

- Native application and UI
- Auto update capability

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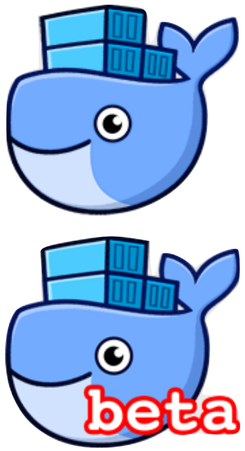

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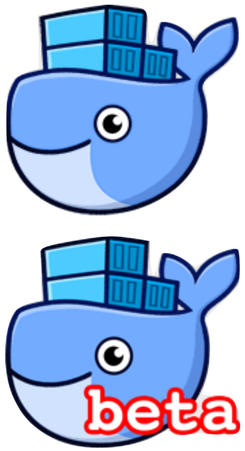

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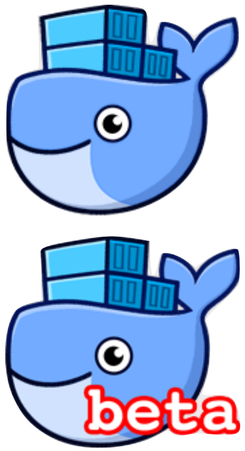

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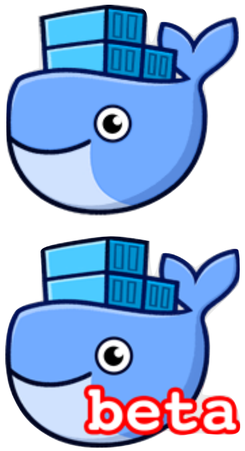

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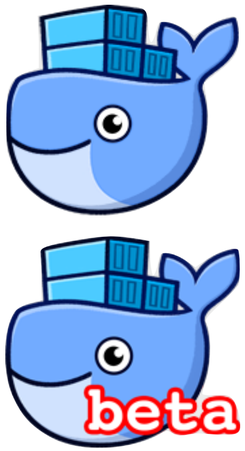

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- No additional software required, e.g. VirtualBox
  - OSX: xhyve VM using **`Hypervisor.framework`**
  - Windows: Hyper-V VM
- Download: docker.com/getdocker
- Requires Yosemite 10.10+ or Windows 10 64-bit

Docker for AWS/Azure

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- Amazon Web Services

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- Amazon Web Services
  - Amazon CloudFormation templates

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- beta.docker.com (restricted availability)

Docker Toolbox

- Docker Engine
- Docker Machine
- Docker Compose
- Docker Kitematic
- Virtual box
- Quickstart Terminal

https://www.docker.com/toolbox

Docker Machine

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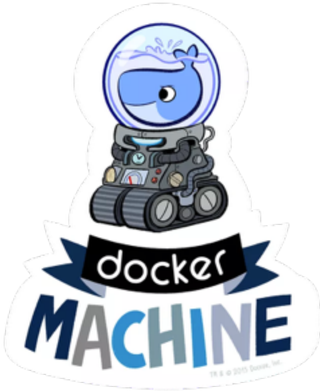
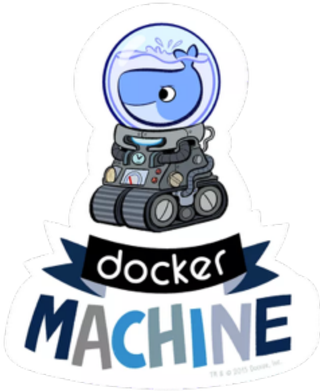


- Create Docker Host on computer or cloud provider

```
docker-machine create --driver=virtualbox myhost
```

Docker Machine



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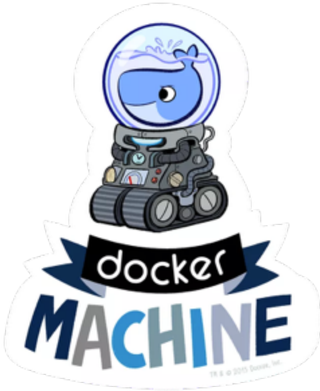
Docker Machine



- Create Docker Host on computer or cloud provider

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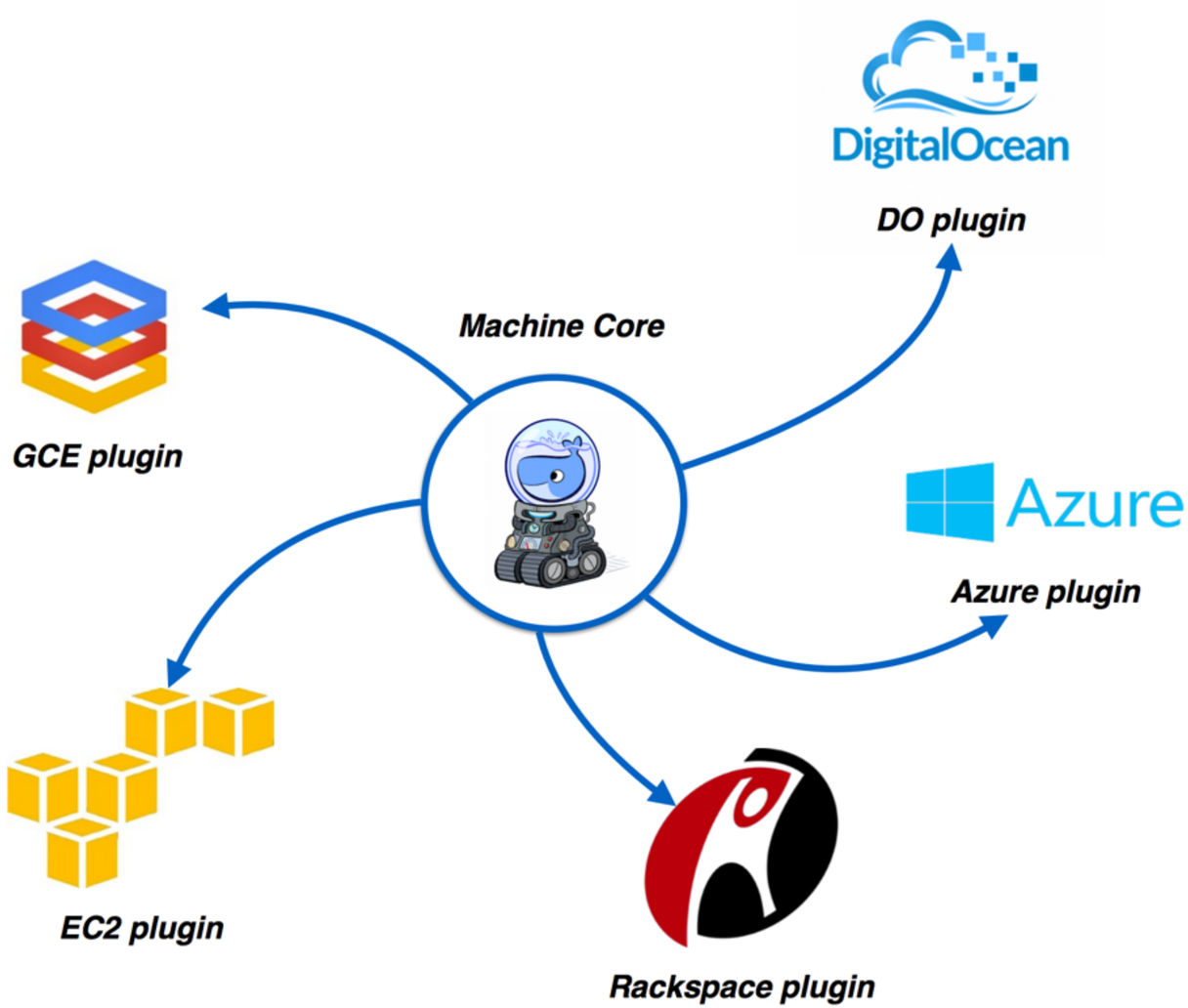
  - Create and pull images
  - Start, stop, restart containers
  - Upgrade Docker

Docker Machine Providers



Docker Compose

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Docker Compose

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- Configuration defined in one or more files
  - `docker-compose.yml` (default)
  - `docker-compose.override.yml` (default)
  - Multiple files specified using `-f`
  - All paths relative to base configuration file
- Great for dev, staging, and CI

Docker Compose - One Service


```
version: “2”
services:
  db:
   image: couchbase
   volumes:
     - ~/couchbase:/opt/couchbase/var
   ports:
     - 8091:8091
     - 8092:8092
     - 8093:8093
     - 11210:11210
```

```
docker-compose up -d
```

Docker Compose - Two Services

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services:
  db:
    image: couchbase
    ports:
      - 8091:8091
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      - 11210:11210
  web:
    image: arungupta/wildfly
    environment:
      - COUCHBASE_URI=db
    ports:
      - 8080:8080
      - 9990:9990
```

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version: “2”
services:
  db:
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Overriding Services in Docker Compose

```
web:
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docker-compose.yml

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docker-compose.override.yml

```
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```

Dev/Prod with Compose

```
db-dev:
  image: arungupta/couchbase
  ports:
    - . . .
web:
  image: arungupta/wildfly
  environment:
    - COUCHBASE_URI=db-dev:8093
  ports:
    - 8080:8080
```

docker-compose.yml

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Dev/Prod with Compose

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```

docker-compose.yml

```
docker-compose up -d
```

```
web:
 environment:
    - COUCHBASE_URI=db-prod:8093
  ports:
    - 80:8080
db-prod:
  image: . . .
```

production.yml

Dev/Prod with Compose

```
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  ports:
    - . . .
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docker-compose.yml

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```

```
web:
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db-prod:
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docker-compose.yml

```
docker-compose up -d
```

```
web:
 environment:
    - COUCHBASE_URI=db-prod:8093
  ports:
    - 80:8080
db-prod:
  image: . . .
```

production.yml

```
docker-compose up
-f docker-compose.yml
-f production.yml
-d
```

Docker Compose Common Use Cases

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Use Case	Command
Dev Setup	`docker-compose up`

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Multiple isolated environments	`docker-compose up -p <project>`

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Automated test setup	`docker-compose up`
	`mvn test`
	`docker-compose down`

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Multiple isolated environments	`docker-compose up -p <project>`

Automated test setup	`docker-compose up`
	`mvn test`
	`docker-compose down`

Dev/Prod Impedance mismatch	`docker-compose up -f docker-compose.yml -f production.yml`

Swarm Mode

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- New in 1.12

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- Rolling updates

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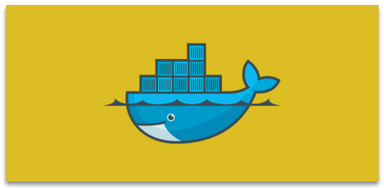
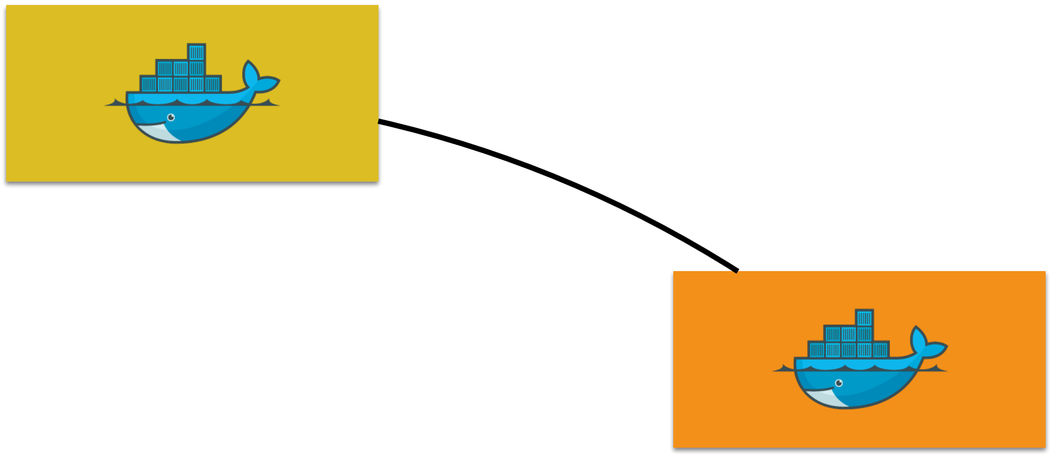
- Natively managing a cluster of Docker Engines called a Swarm
- Docker CLI to create a swarm, deploy apps, and manage swarm
- No Single Point of Failure (SPOF)
- Declarative state model
- Self-organizing, self-healing
- Service discovery, load balancing and scaling
- Rolling updates
- Optional feature, need to be explicitly enabled

Swarm Mode: Initialize



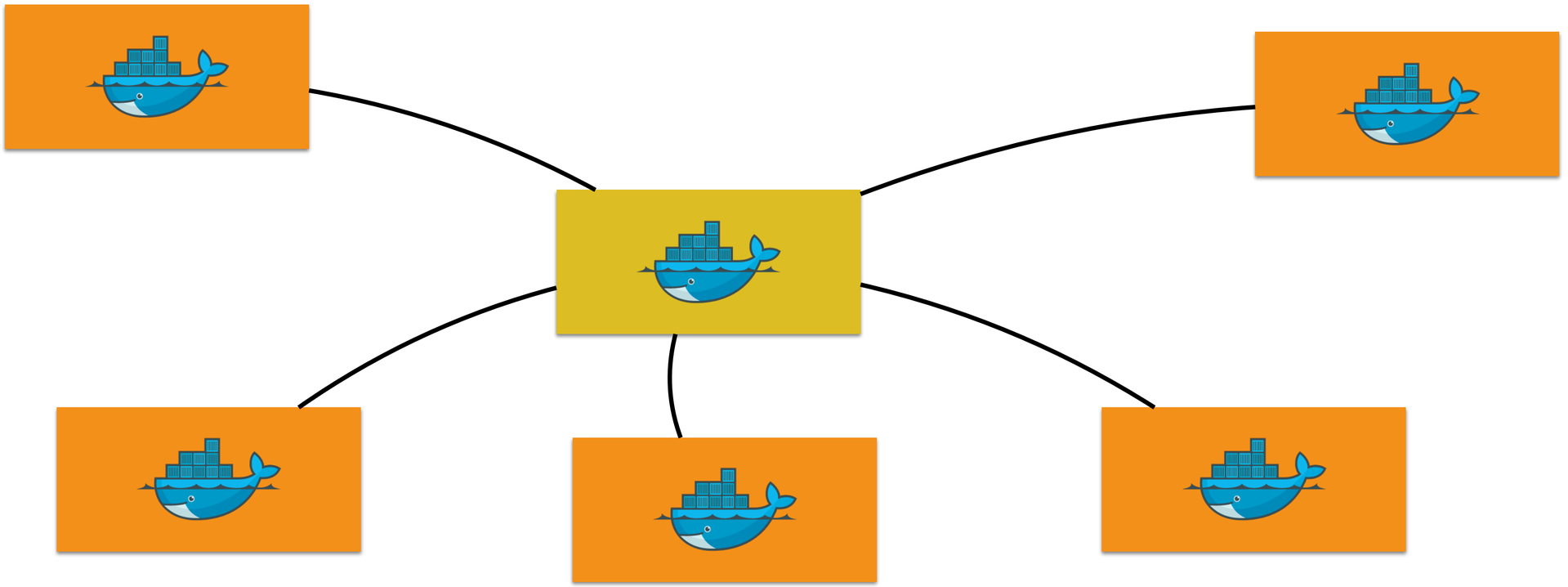
```
docker swarm init --listen-addr <ip>:2377
```

Swarm Mode: Add Worker



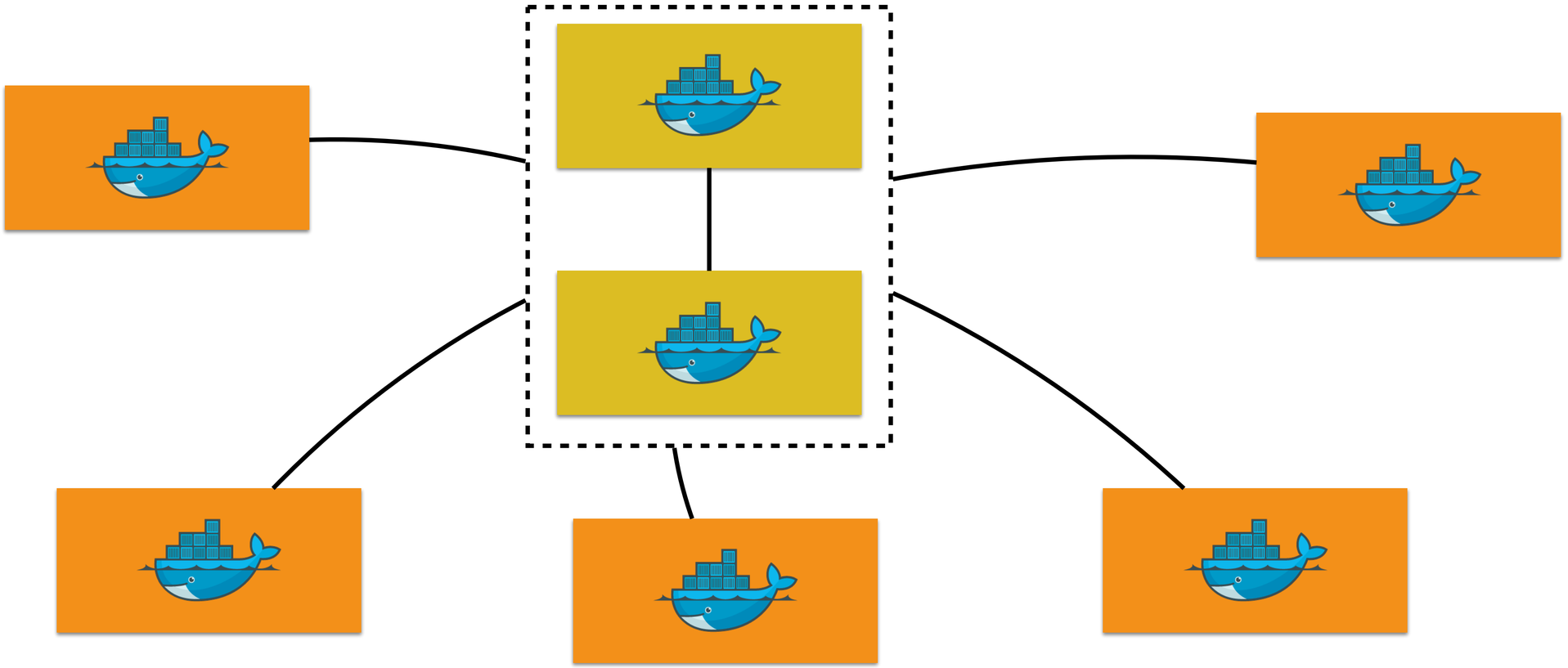
```
docker swarm join --token <worker_token> <manager>:2377
```

Swarm Mode: Add More Workers



```
docker swarm join --token <worker_token> <manager>:2377
```

Swarm Mode: Primary/Secondary Master



```
docker swarm join --manager --token <manager_token> --listen-
addr <master2>:2377 <master1>:2377
```

Swarm Mode using Docker Machine

https://github.com/docker/labs/blob/master/swarm-mode/quickstart/buildswarm-node-vbox-setup.sh

Swarm Mode using Docker Machine

Task	Command
Create manger	`docker-machine create -d virtualbox managerX`

https://github.com/docker/labs/blob/master/swarm-mode/quickstart/buildswarm-node-vbox-setup.sh

Swarm Mode using Docker Machine

Task	Command
Create manger	`docker-machine create -d virtualbox managerX`
Create worker	`docker-machine create -d virtualbox workerX`

https://github.com/docker/labs/blob/master/swarm-mode/quickstart/buildswarm-node-vbox-setup.sh

Swarm Mode using Docker Machine

Task	Command
Create manger	`docker-machine create -d virtualbox managerX`
Create worker	`docker-machine create -d virtualbox workerX`
Initialize Swarm mode	`docker swarm init --listen-addr <ip1> --advertise-addr <ip1>`

https://github.com/docker/labs/blob/master/swarm-mode/quickstart/buildswarm-node-vbox-setup.sh

Swarm Mode using Docker Machine

Task	Command
Create manger	`docker-machine create -d virtualbox managerX`
Create worker	`docker-machine create -d virtualbox workerX`
Initialize Swarm mode	`docker swarm init --listen-addr <ip1> --advertise-addr <ip1>`
Manager token	`docker swarm join-token manager -q`

https://github.com/docker/labs/blob/master/swarm-mode/quickstart/buildswarm-node-vbox-setup.sh

Swarm Mode using Docker Machine

Task	Command
Create manger	`docker-machine create -d virtualbox managerX`
Create worker	`docker-machine create -d virtualbox workerX`
Initialize Swarm mode	`docker swarm init --listen-addr <ip1> --advertise-addr <ip1>`
Manager token	`docker swarm join-token manager -q`
Worker token	`docker swarm join-token worker -q`

https://github.com/docker/labs/blob/master/swarm-mode/quickstart/buildswarm-node-vbox-setup.sh

Swarm Mode using Docker Machine

Task	Command
Create manger	`docker-machine create -d virtualbox managerX`
Create worker	`docker-machine create -d virtualbox workerX`
Initialize Swarm mode	`docker swarm init --listen-addr <ip1> --advertise-addr <ip1>`
Manager token	`docker swarm join-token manager -q`
Worker token	`docker swarm join-token worker -q`
Manager X join	`docker swarm join --token manager_token --listen-addr <ipX> --advertise-addr <ipX> <ip1>`

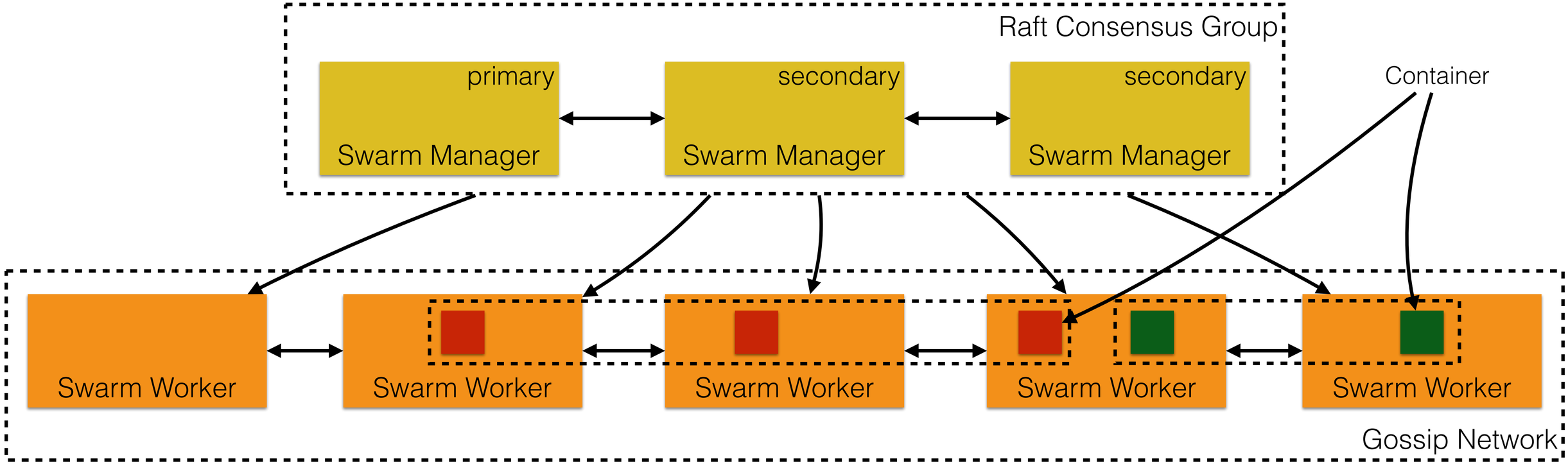
https://github.com/docker/labs/blob/master/swarm-mode/quickstart/buildswarm-node-vbox-setup.sh

Swarm Mode using Docker Machine

Task	Command
Create manger	`docker-machine create -d virtualbox managerX`
Create worker	`docker-machine create -d virtualbox workerX`
Initialize Swarm mode	`docker swarm init --listen-addr <ip1> --advertise-addr <ip1>`
Manager token	`docker swarm join-token manager -q`
Worker token	`docker swarm join-token worker -q`
Manager X join	`docker swarm join --token manager_token --listen-addr <ipX> --advertise-addr <ipX> <ip1>`
Worker X join	`docker swarm join --token worker_token --listen-addr <ipX> --advertise-add <ipX> <ip1>`

https://github.com/docker/labs/blob/master/swarm-mode/quickstart/buildswarm-node-vbox-setup.sh

Swarm Mode: Protocols

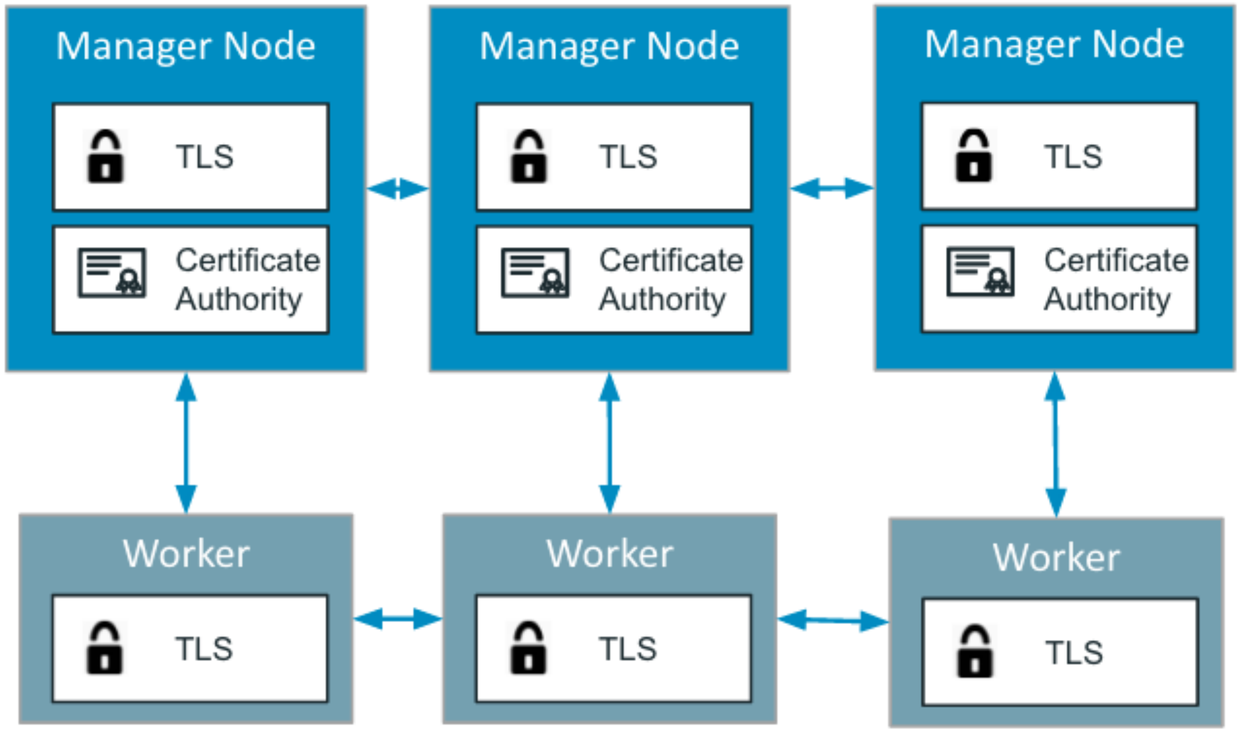


Strongly consistent
Replicated (Raft based)
Extremely fast (in-memory reads)

Swarm Mode in Production

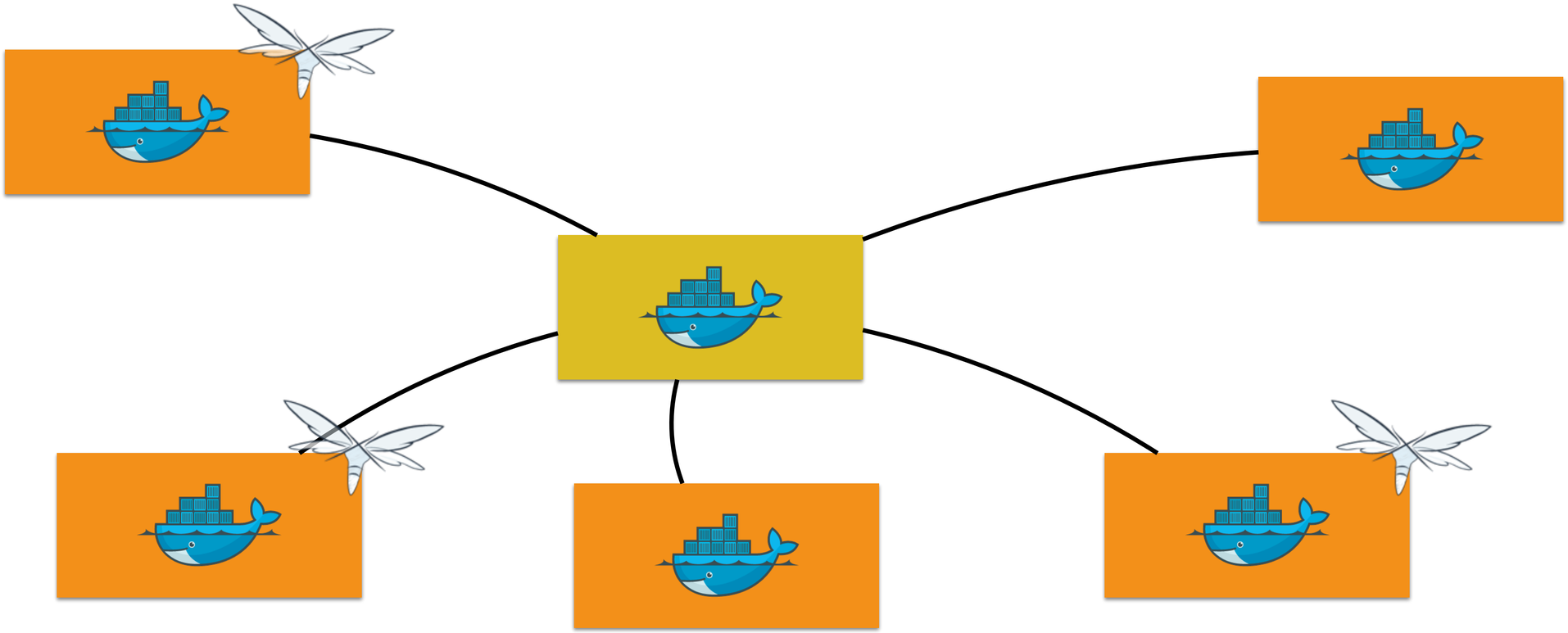
https://blog.online.net/2016/07/29/docker-swarm-an-analysis-of-a-very-large-scale-container-system/

Secure by Default



- Cryptographic node identity
- Automatic encryption and mutual authentication (TLS)
- Automatic cert rotation (90 days, can be up to 30 mins)
- External CA integration

Swarm Mode: Replicated Service

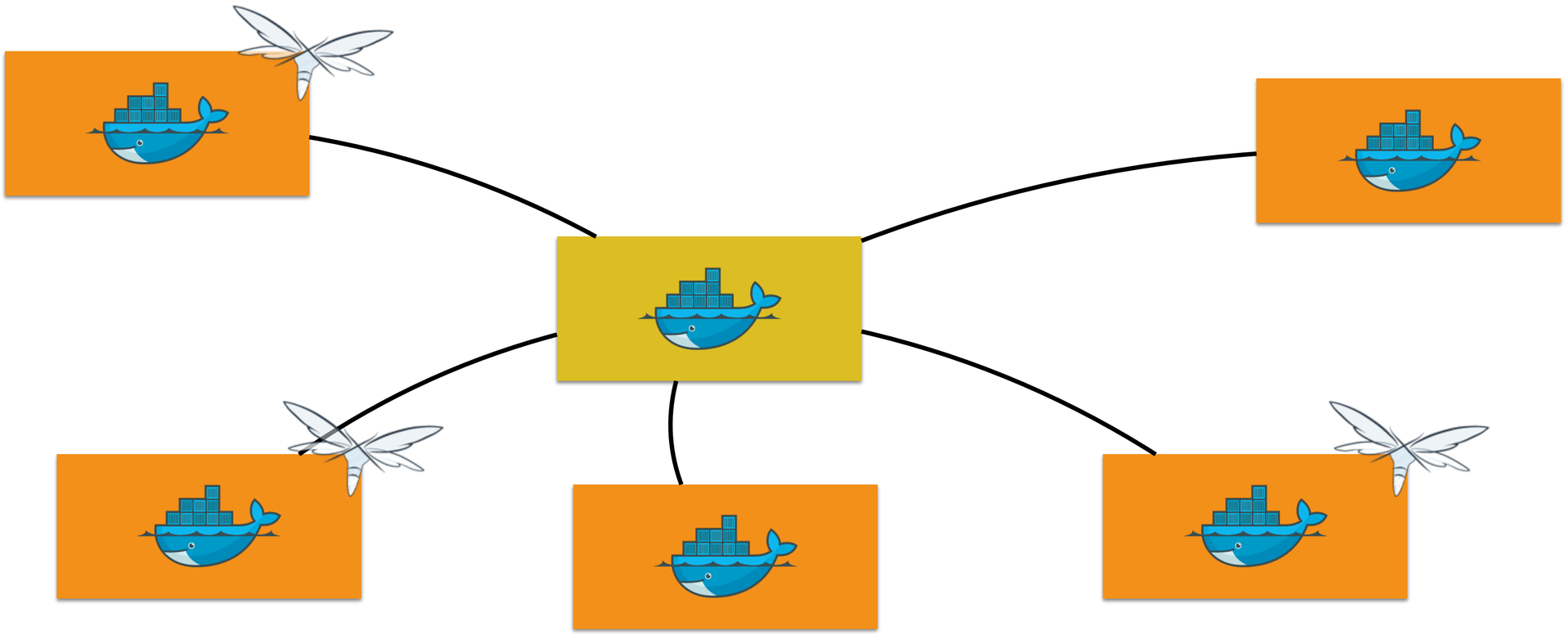


```
docker service create --replicas 3 --name web jboss/wildfly
```

Swarm Mode - Routing Mesh

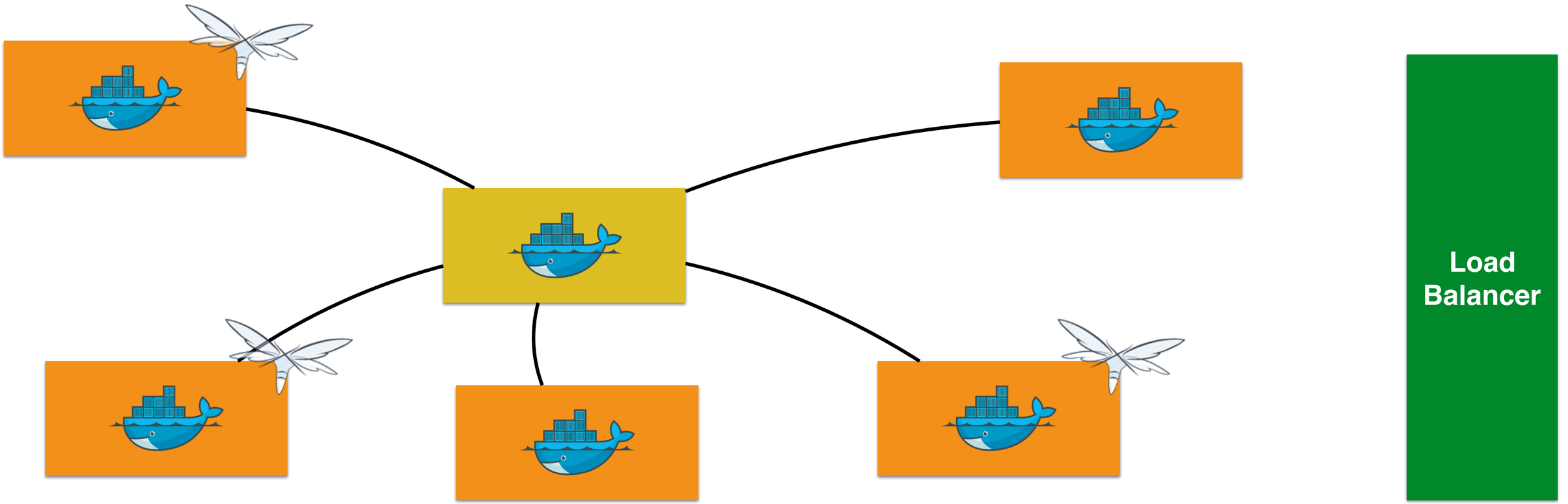
- Load balancers are host-aware, not container-aware
- Swarm mode introduces container-aware routing mesh
- Reroutes traffic from any host to a container
  - Reserves a Swarm-wide ingress port
  - Uses DNS-based service discovery

Swarm Mode: Routing Mesh



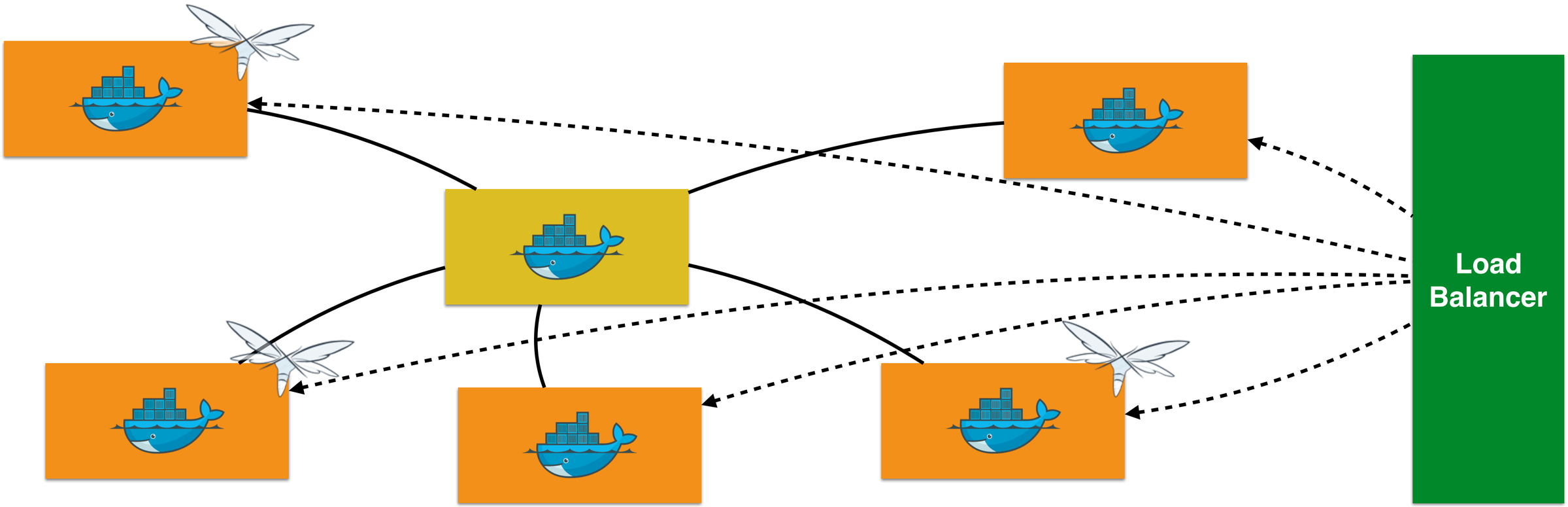
```
docker service create --replicas 3 --name web -p 8080:8080 jboss/
wildfly
```

Swarm Mode: Routing Mesh



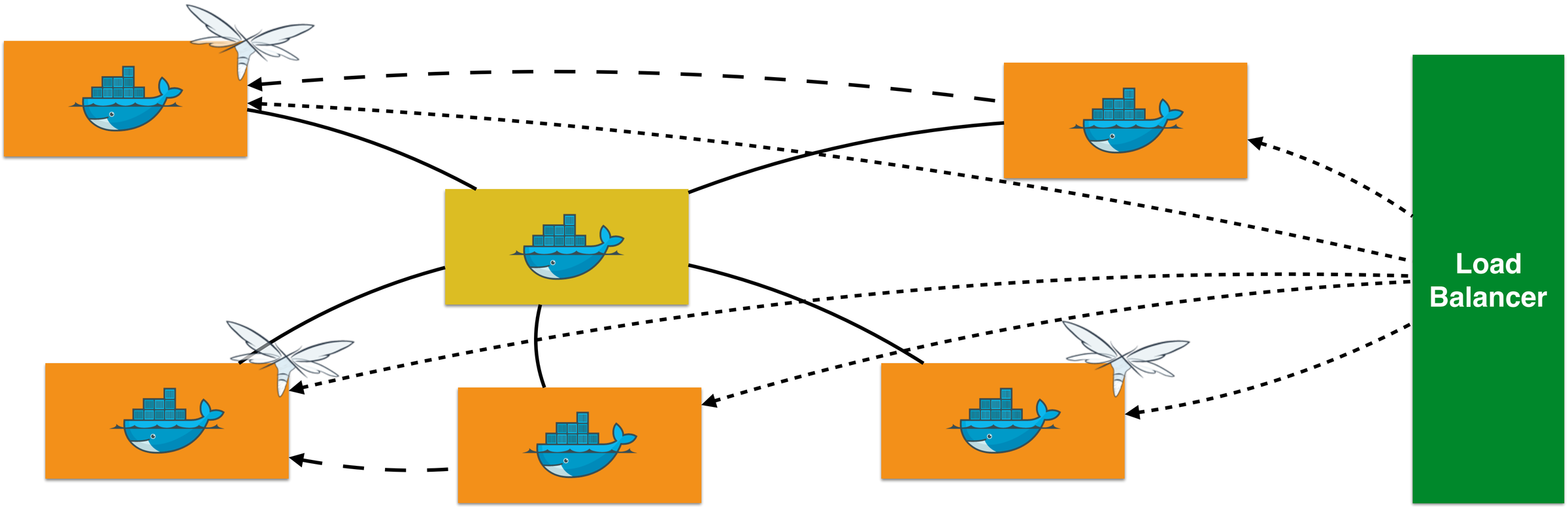

```
docker service create --replicas 3 --name web -p 8080:8080 jboss/
wildfly
```

Swarm Mode: Routing Mesh




```
docker service create --replicas 3 --name web -p 8080:8080 jboss/
wildfly
```

Swarm Mode: Routing Mesh




```
docker service create --replicas 3 --name web -p 8080:8080 jboss/
wildfly
```

Why NGINX Load Balancer?

- SSL Termination
- Content-based routing
- Access control and authorization
- Rewrites and redirects
- Load Balancing Algorithms
- Multiprotocol support - HTTP/2, WebSockets
- Advanced logging

Load Balancing using NGINX

```
version: "2"
  services:
    web:
      image: arungupta/wildfly-app
    lb:
      image: nginx
      ports:
        - 80:80
        - 8080:8080
```

```
upstream wildfly {
    server IP1:8080;
    server IP2:8080;
    server IP3:8080;
}

server {
    listen 8080;
    location / {
        proxy_pass http://wildfly;
    }
}
```

Load Balancing using NGINX

Load Balancing using NGINX

```
upstream wildfly {
    least_conn;

    server IP1:8080;
    server IP2:8080;
    server IP3:8080;
}
```

Least number of active connections

Load Balancing using NGINX

```
upstream wildfly {
    least_conn;

    server IP1:8080;
    server IP2:8080;
    server IP3:8080;
}
```

Least number of active connections

```
upstream wildfly {
    ip_hash;

    server IP1:8080;
    server IP2:8080;
    server IP3:8080;
}
```

Sticky Sessions

Load Balancing using NGINX

```
upstream wildfly {
    least_conn;

    server IP1:8080;
    server IP2:8080;
    server IP3:8080;
}
```

Least number of active connections

```
upstream wildfly {
    ip_hash;

    server IP1:8080;
    server IP2:8080;
    server IP3:8080;
}
```

Sticky Sessions

```
upstream wildfly {
    server IP1:8080 weight=2;
    server IP2:8080;
    server IP3:8080;
}
```

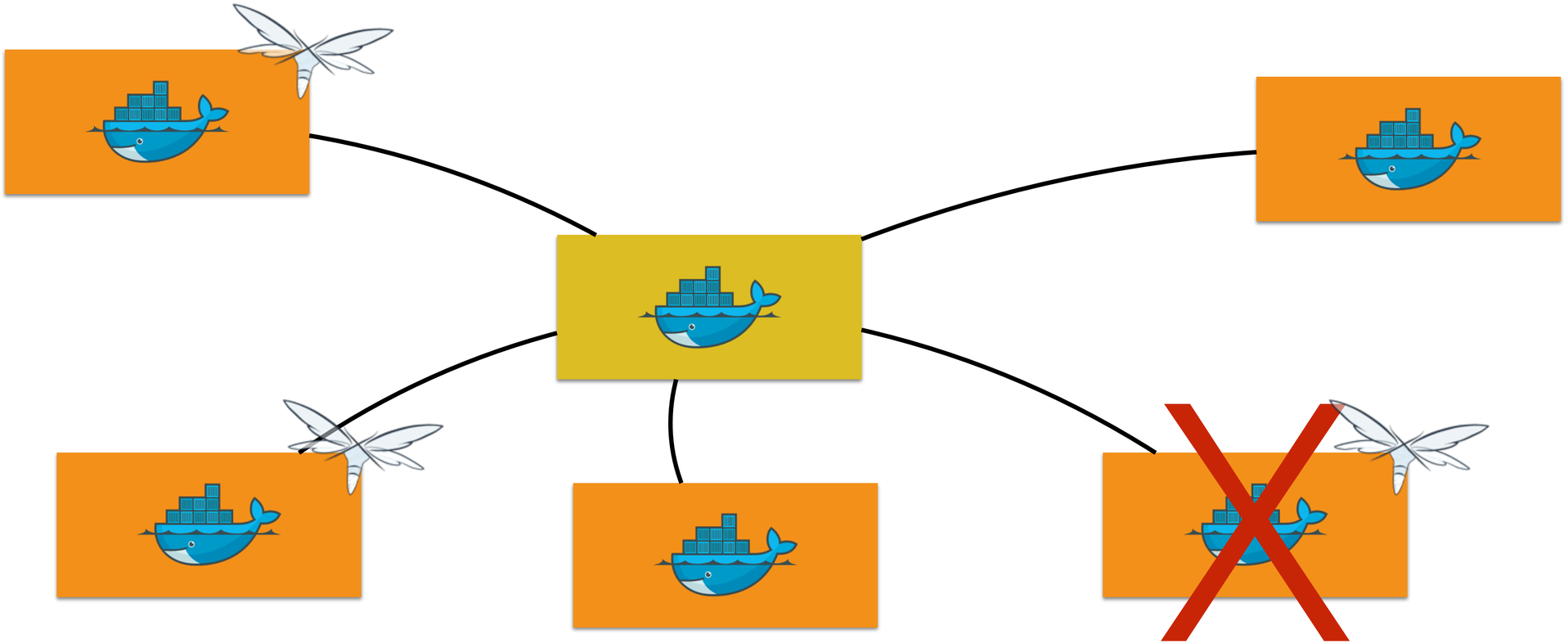
Weighted Load Balancing

Load Balancing a Swarm Service

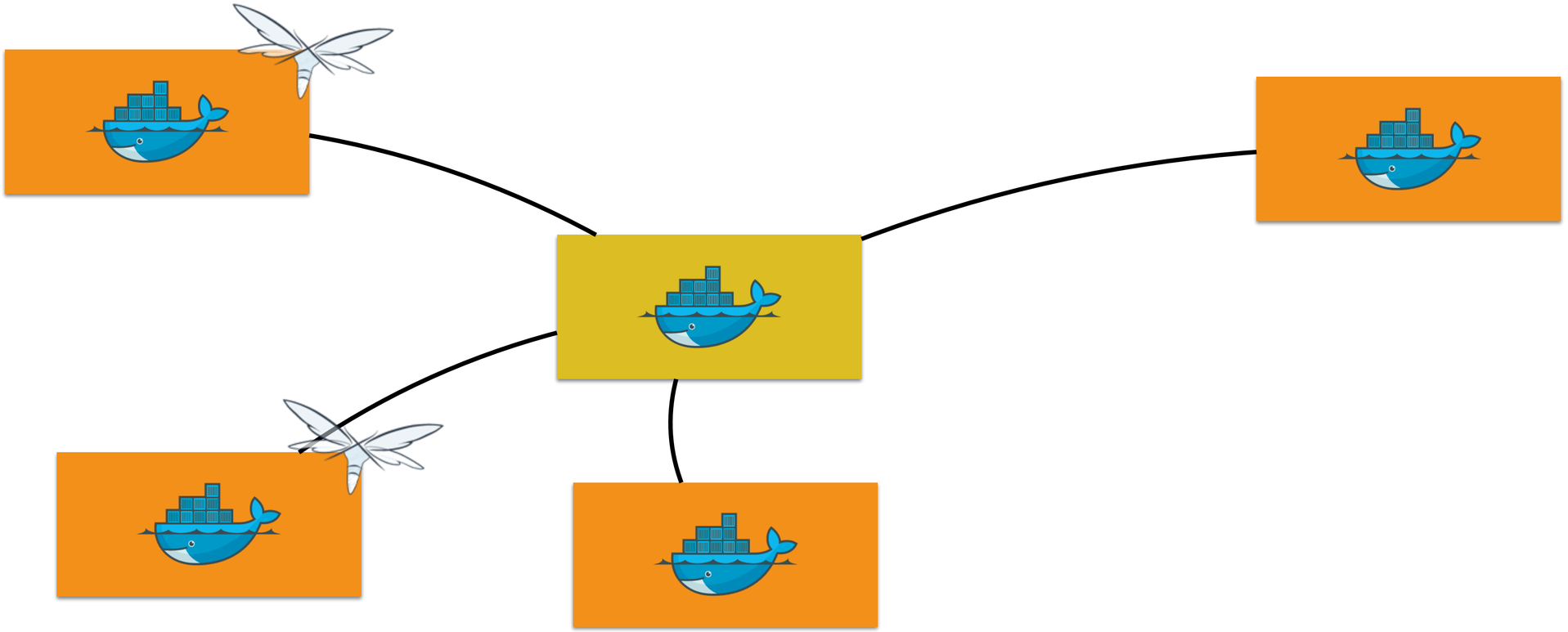
```
upstream wildfly {
    server backend-service;
}

server {
    listen 8080;
    location / {
        proxy_pass http://wildfly;
    }
}
```

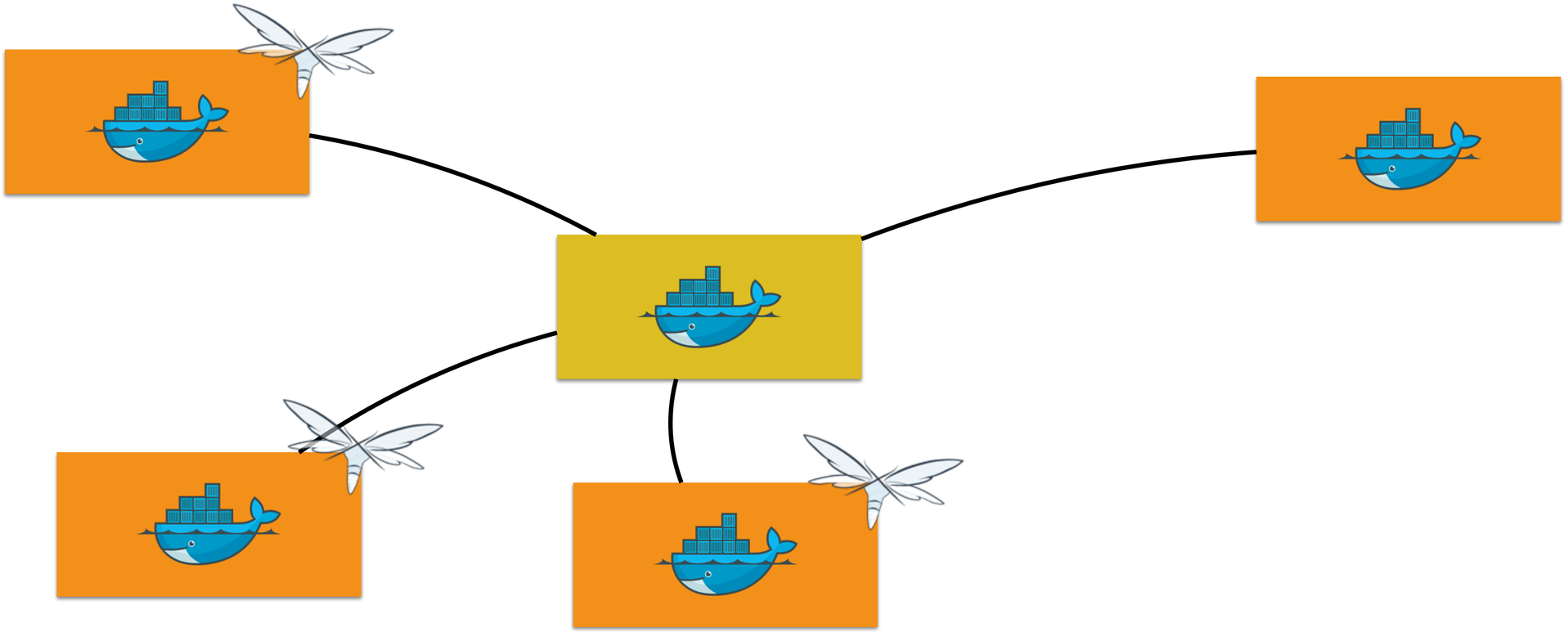
Swarm Mode: Node Failure



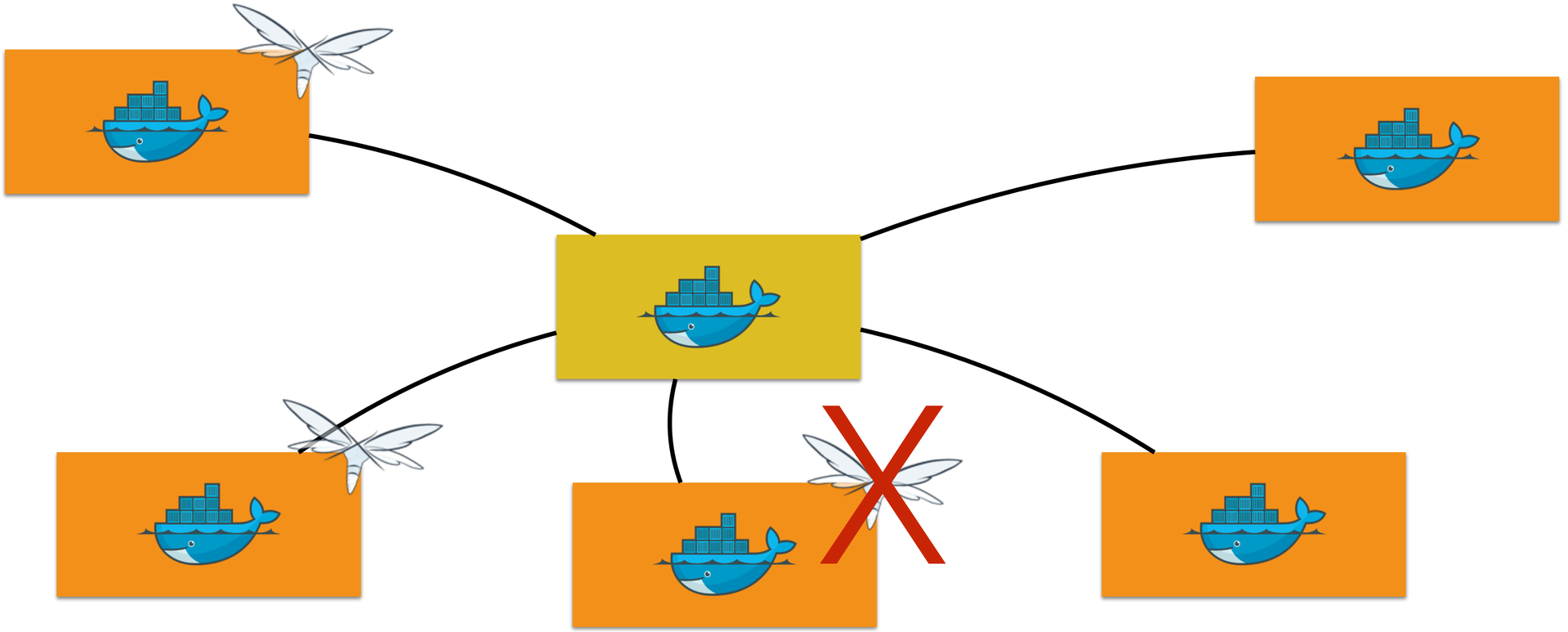
Swarm Mode: Desired != Actual



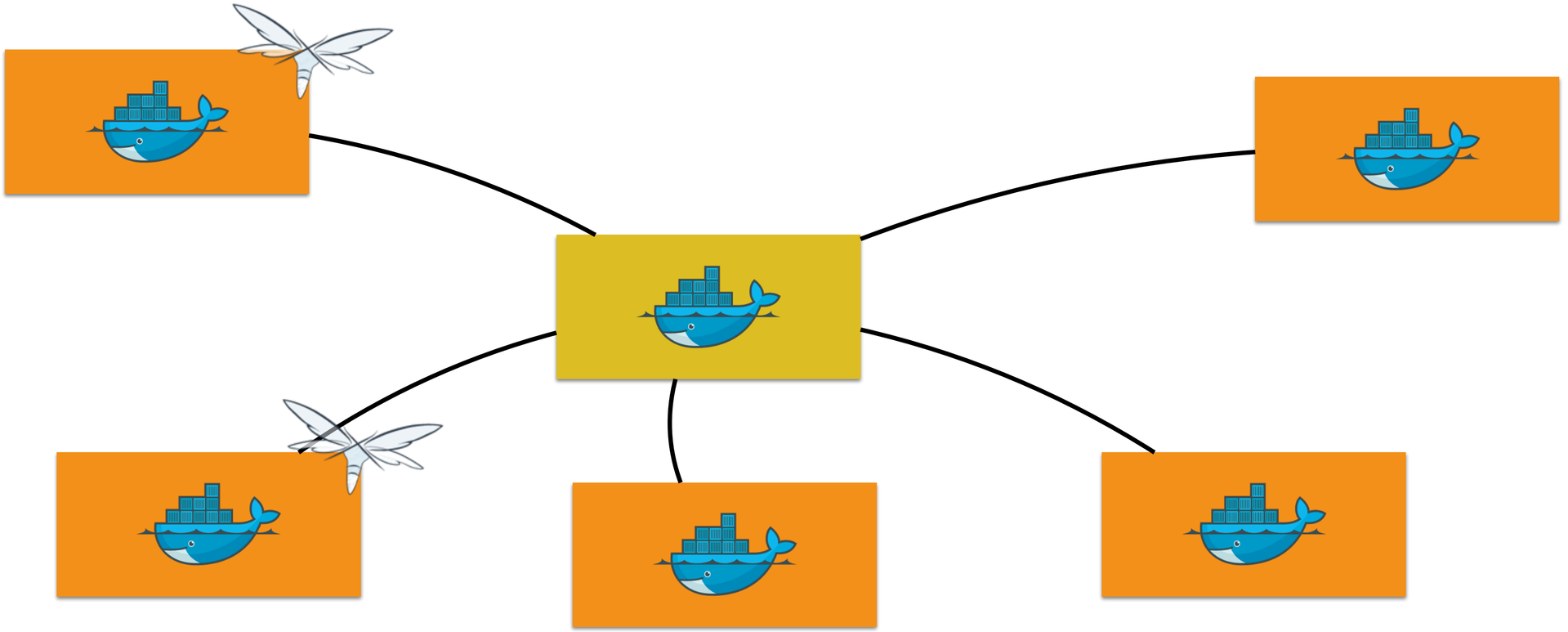
Swarm Mode: Reconcile



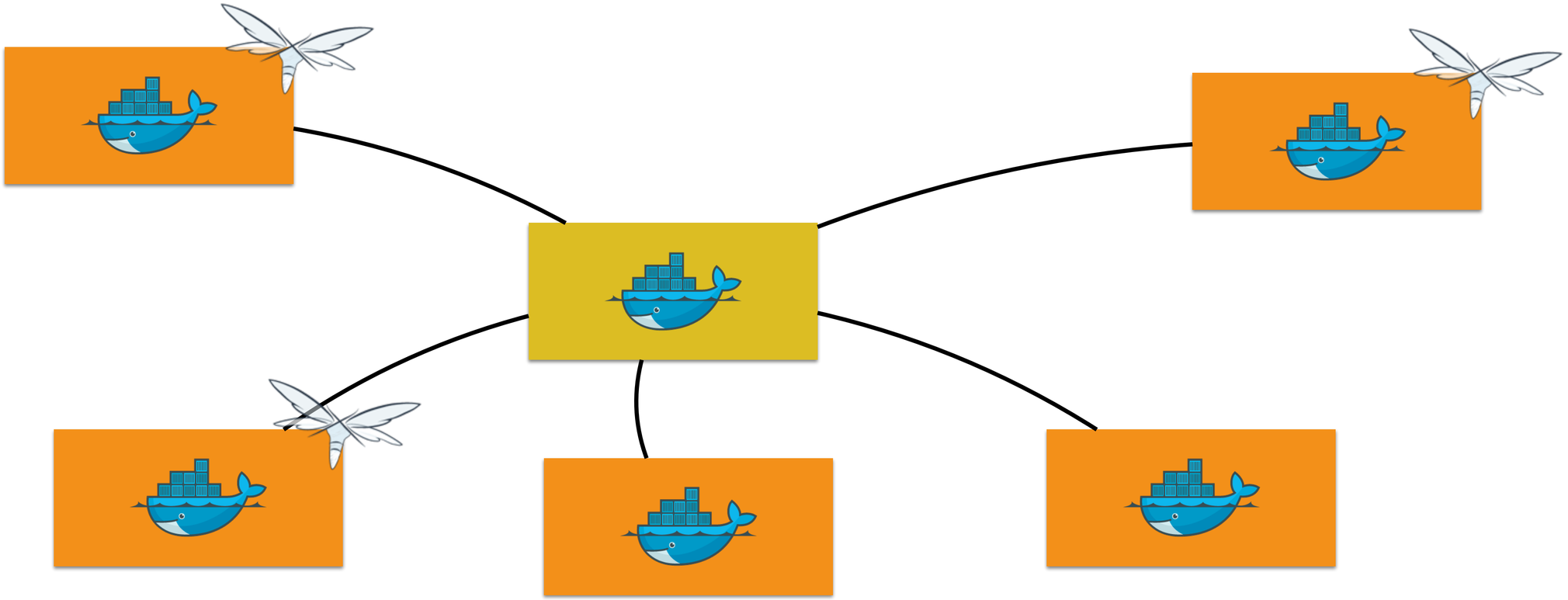
Swarm Mode: Container Failure



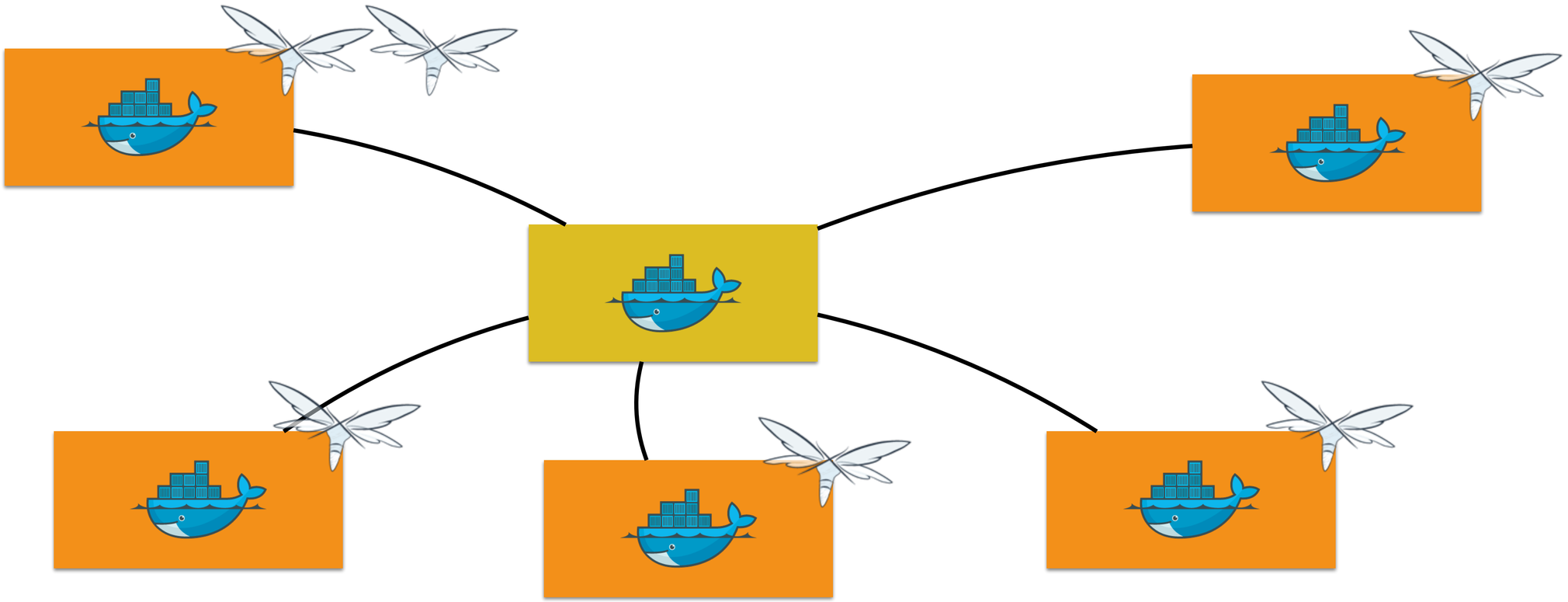
Swarm Mode: Desired != Actual



Swarm Mode: Reconcile

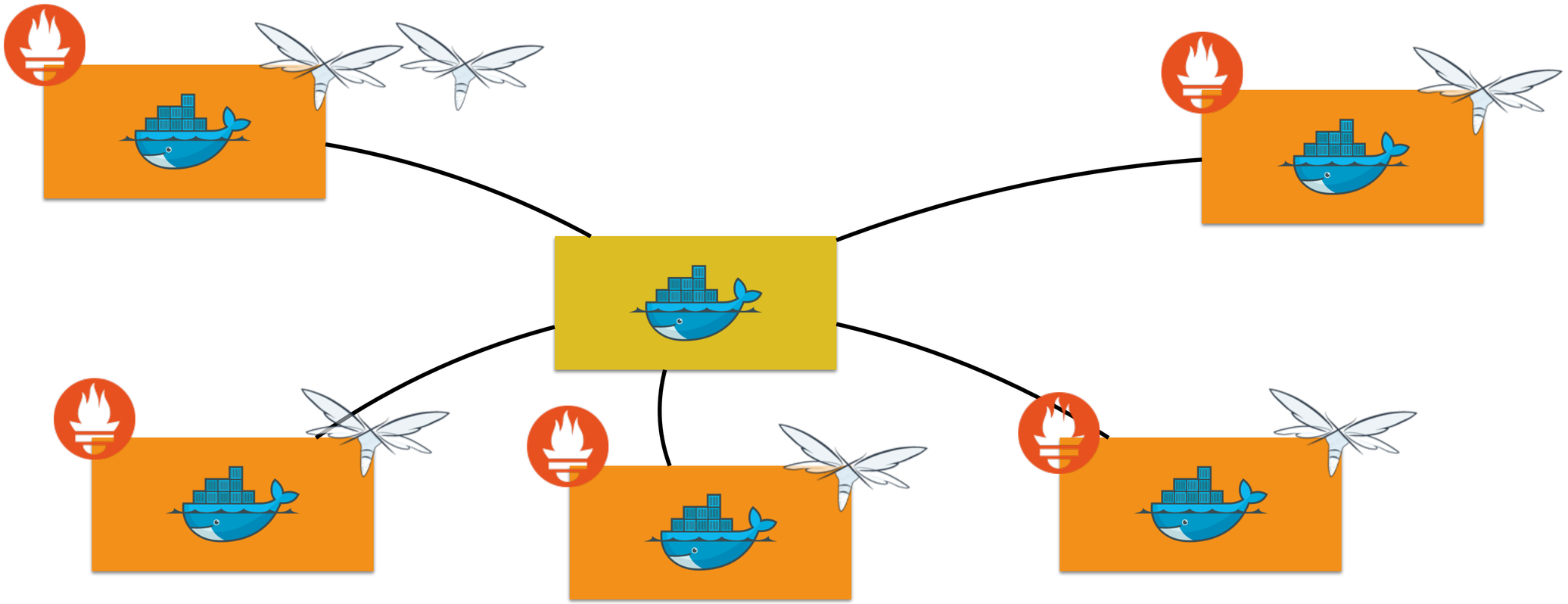


Swarm Mode: Scale



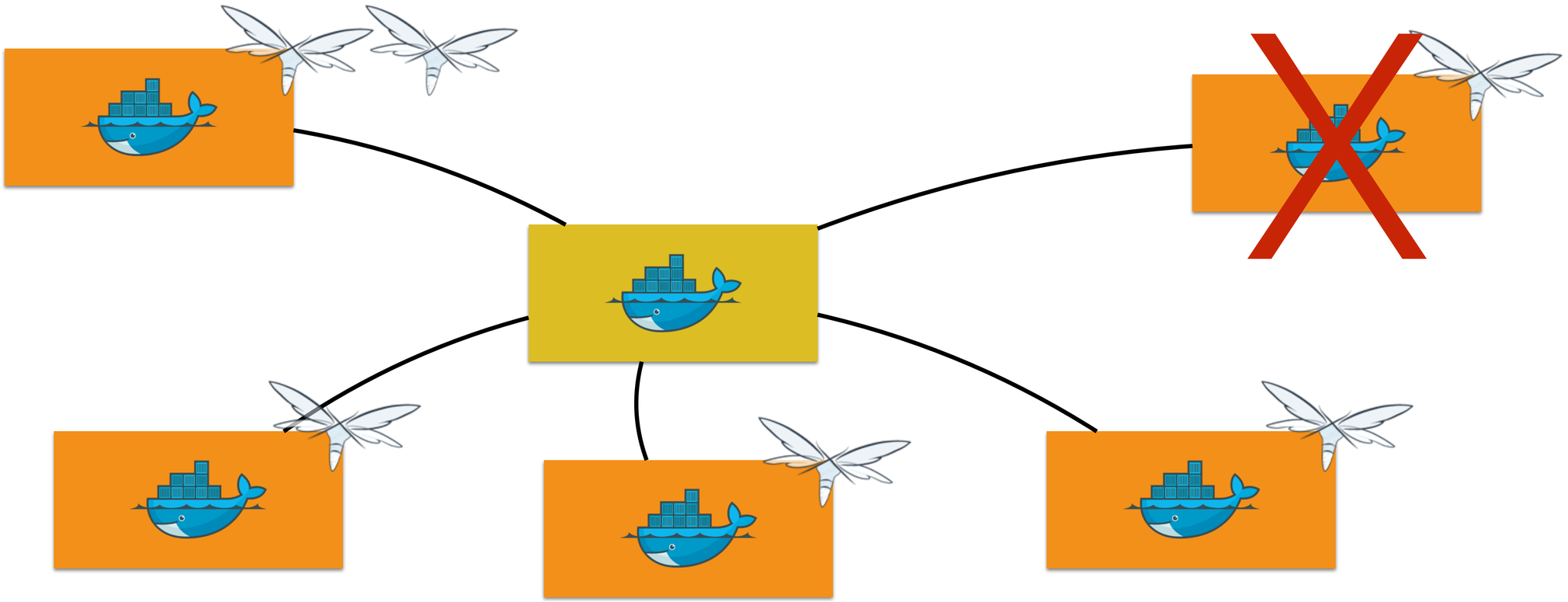
```
docker service scale web=6
```

Swarm Mode: Global Service



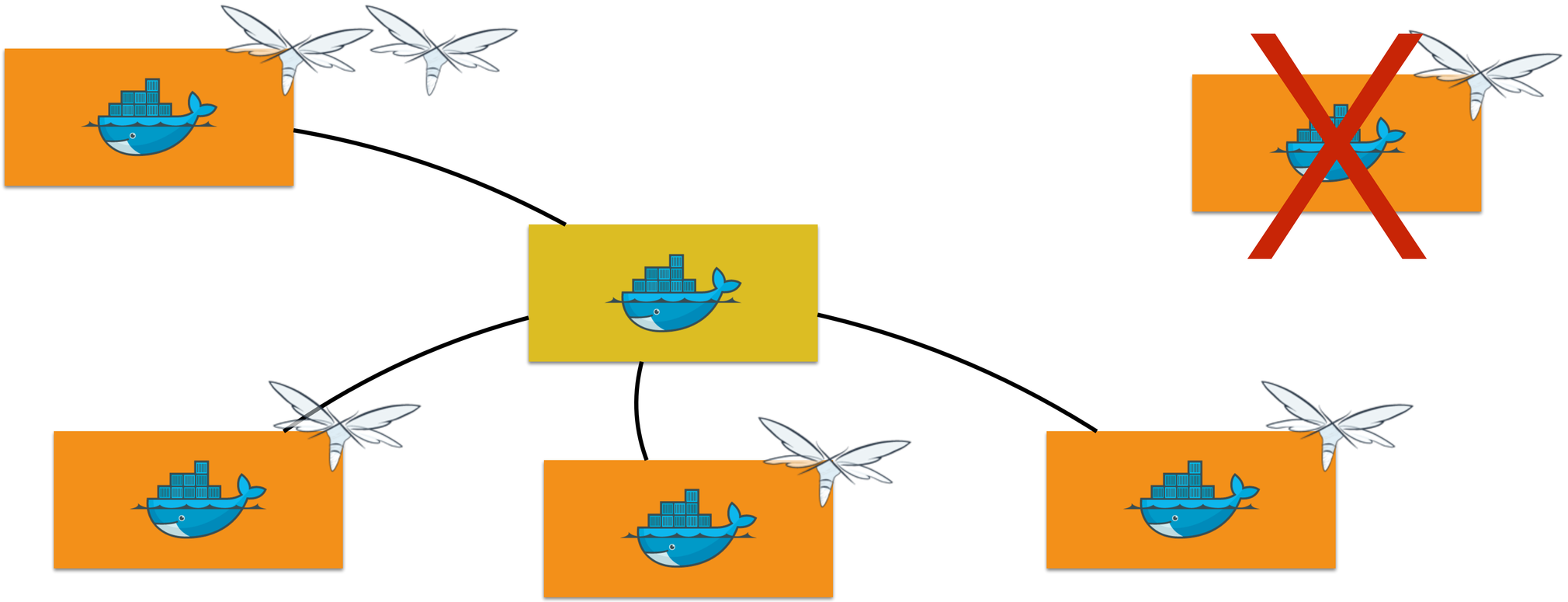
```
docker service create --mode=global --name=prom prom/prometheus
```

Swarm Mode: Pause Node



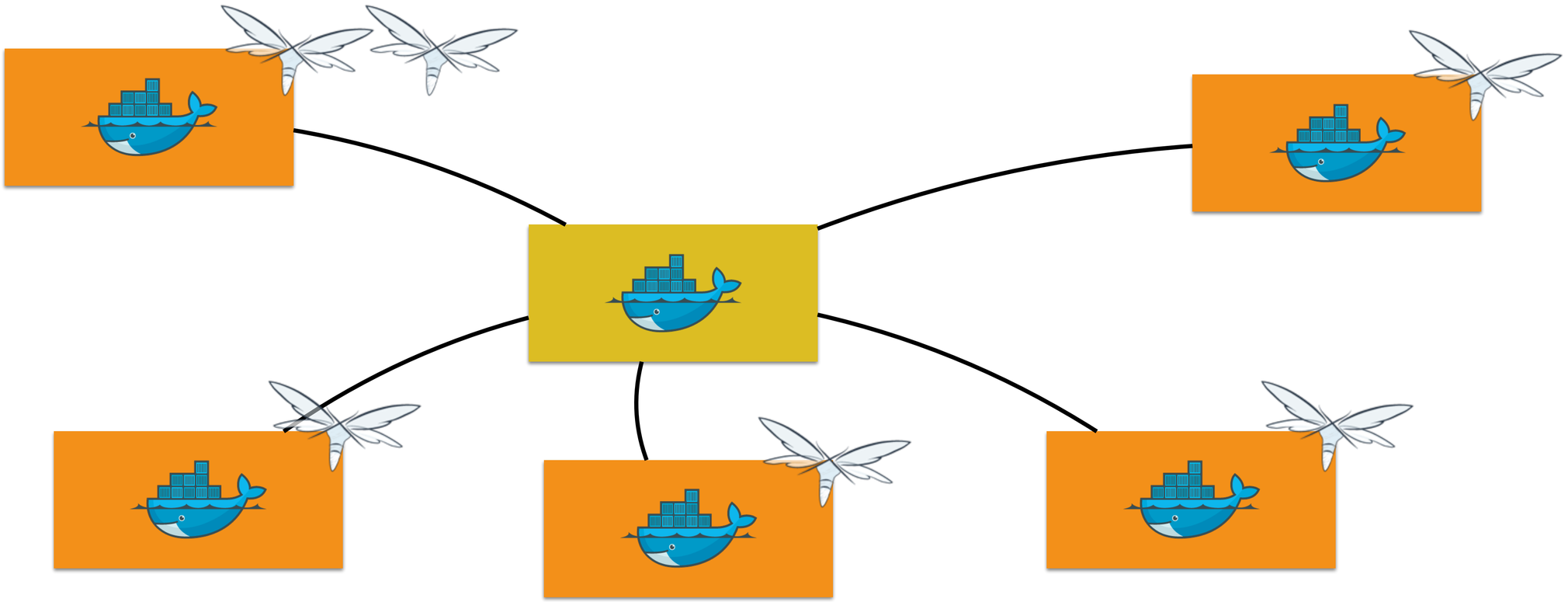
```
docker node update --availability pause <nodename>
```

Swarm Mode: Pause Node



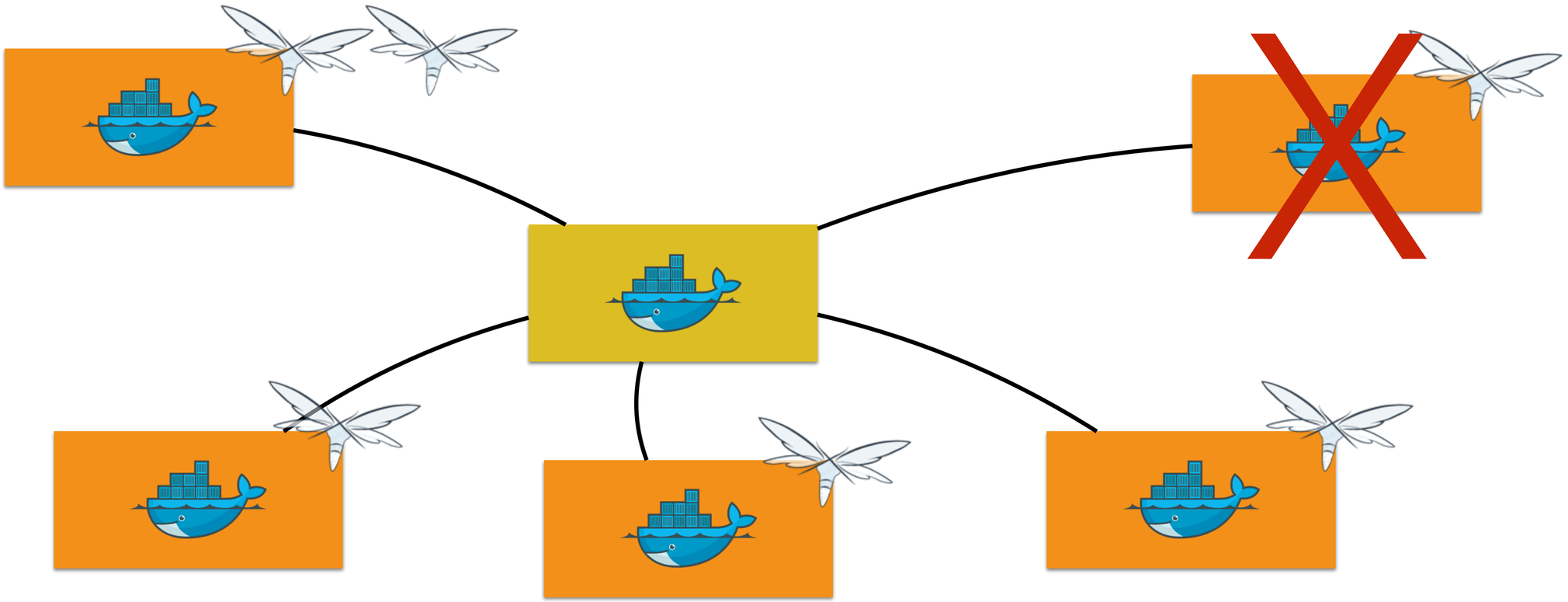
```
docker node update --availability pause <nodename>
```

Swarm Mode: Active Node



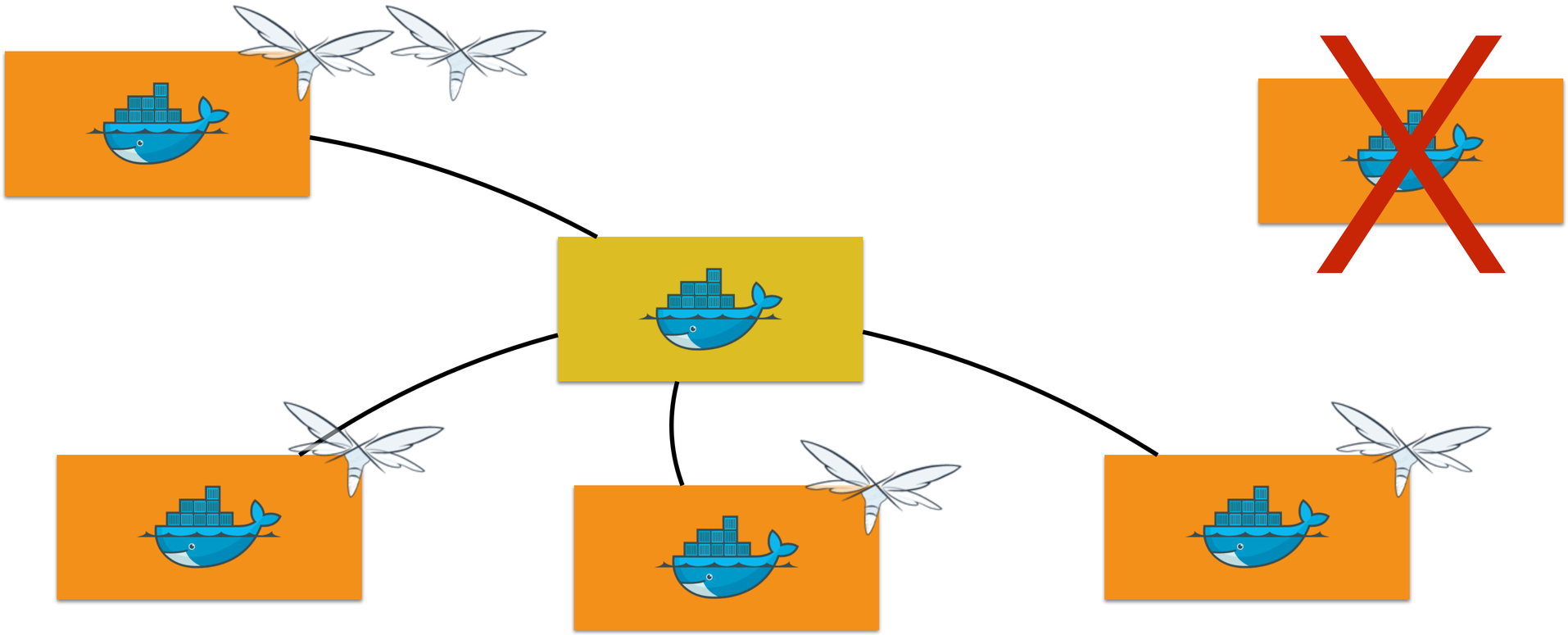
```
docker node update --availability active <nodename>
```

Swarm Mode: Drain Node



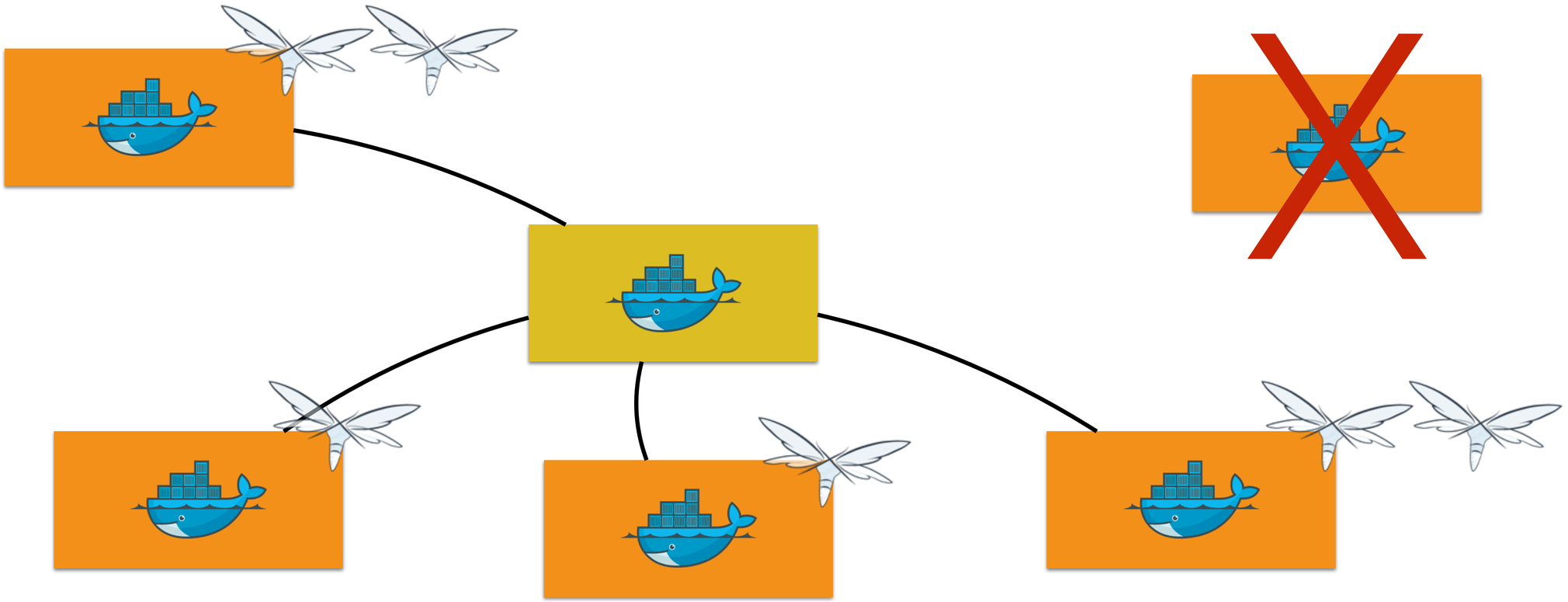
```
docker node update --availability drain <nodename>
```

Swarm Mode: Drain Node



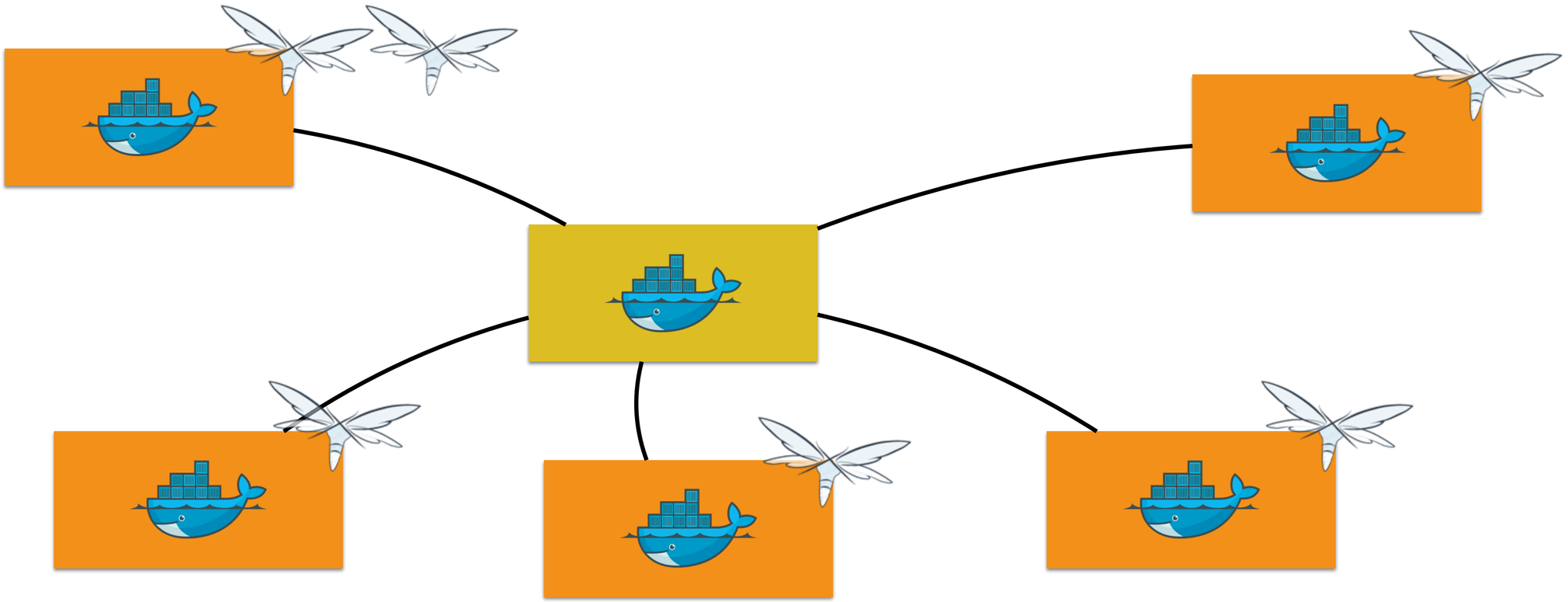
```
docker node update --availability drain <nodename>
```

Swarm Mode: Drain Node



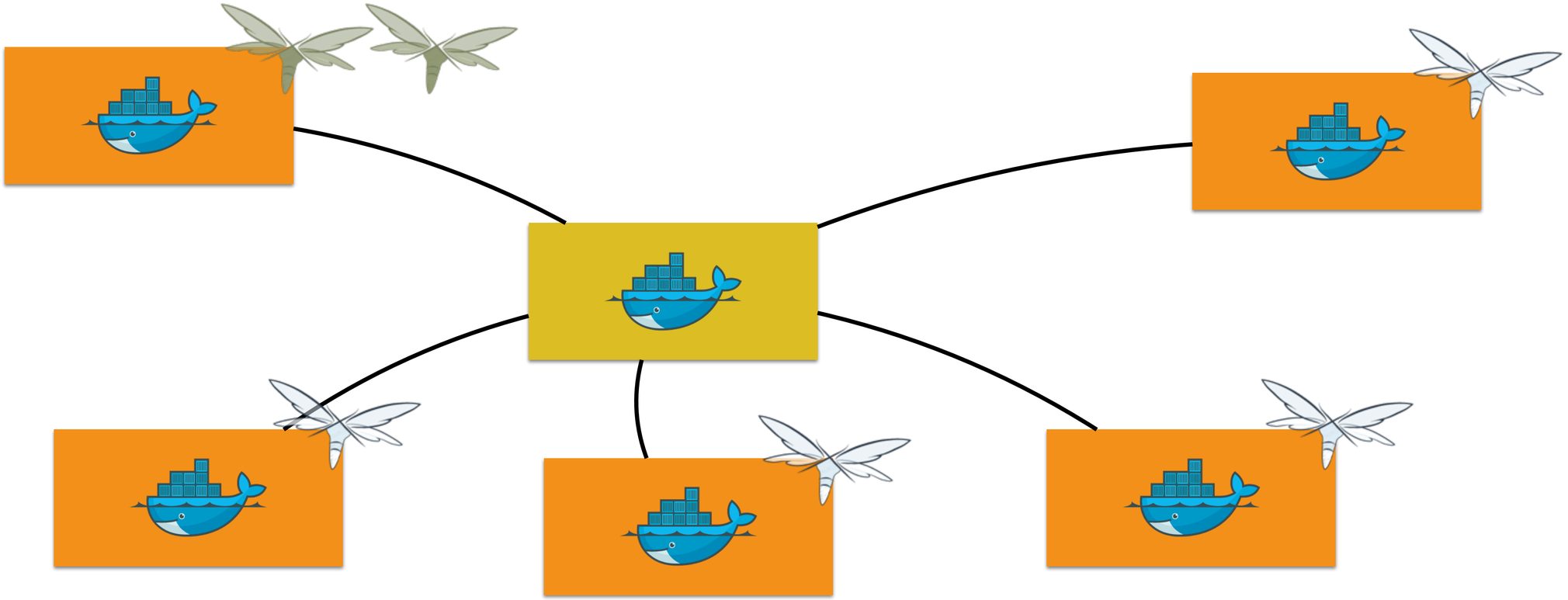
```
docker node update --availability drain <nodename>
```

Swarm Mode: Rolling Updates



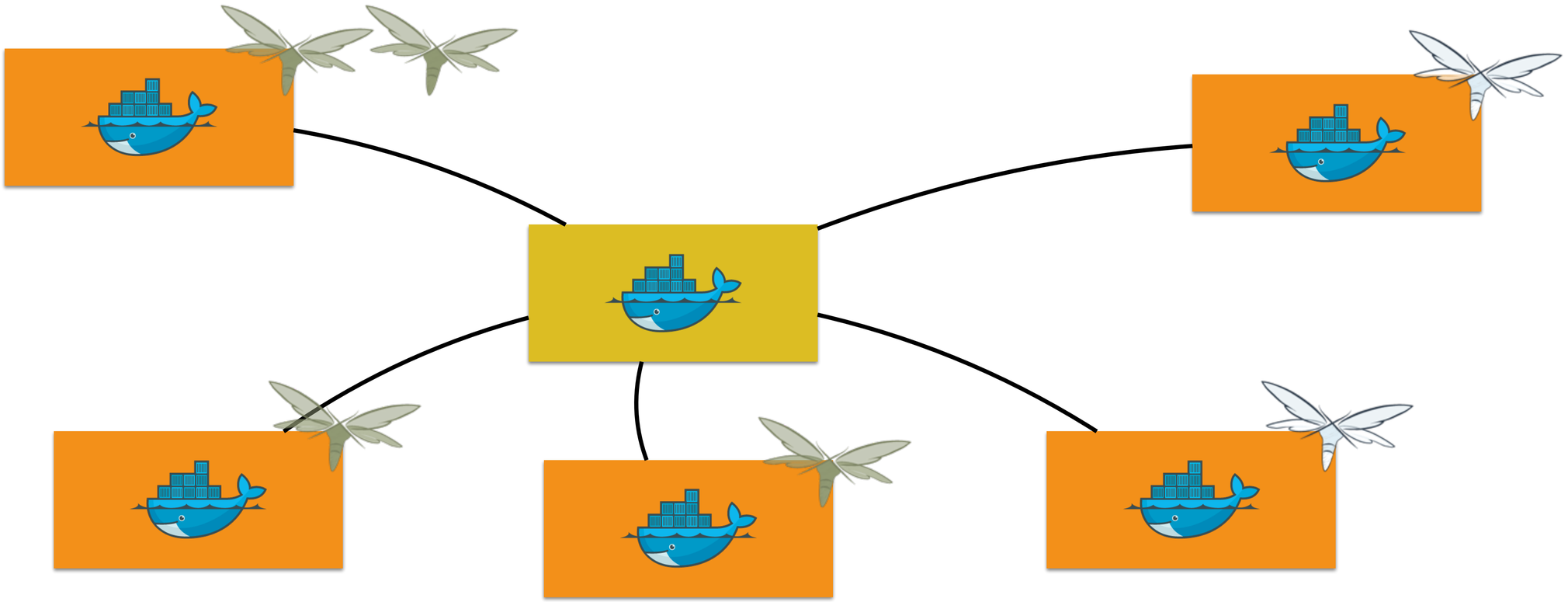
```
docker service update web --image wildfly:2 --update-parallelism
2 --update-delay 10s
```

Swarm Mode: Rolling Updates



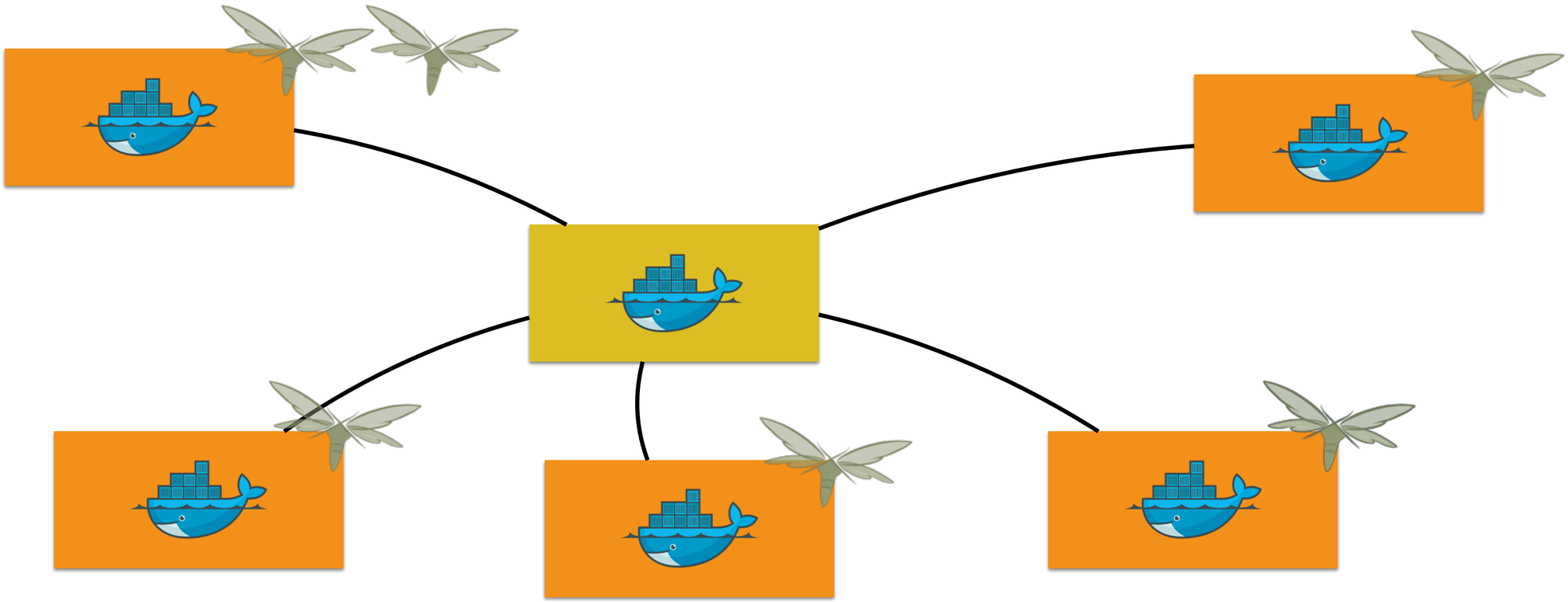
```
docker service update web --image wildfly:2 --update-parallelism
2 --update-delay 10s
```

Swarm Mode: Rolling Updates



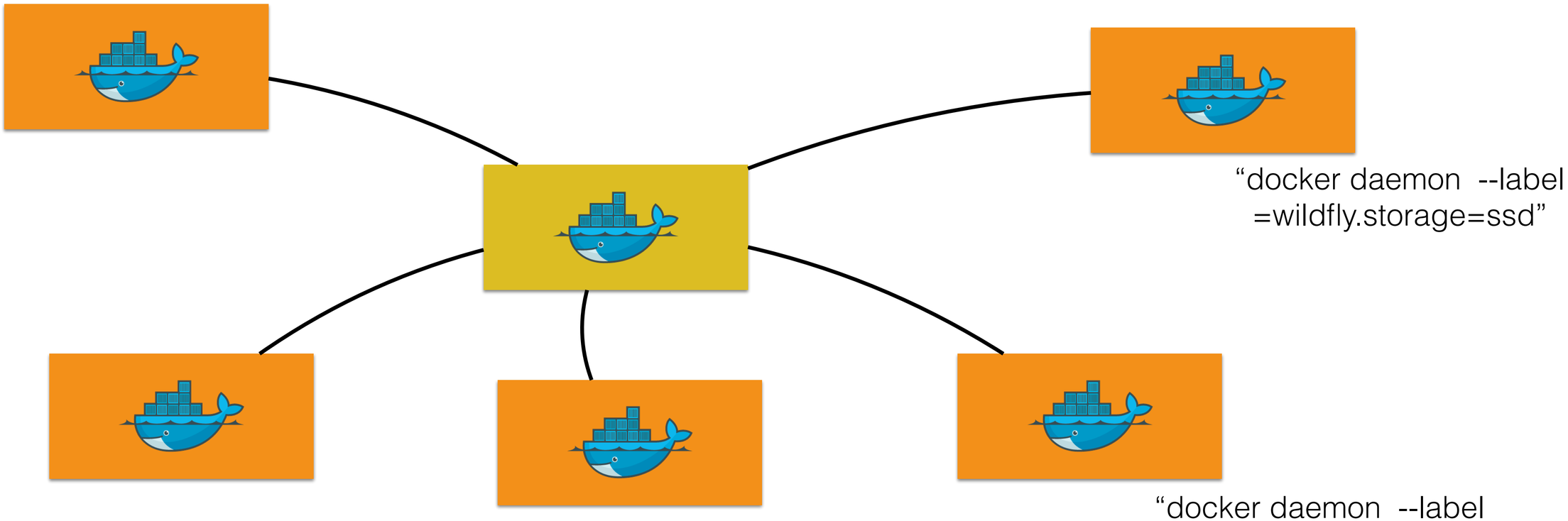
```
docker service update web --image wildfly:2 --update-parallelism
2 --update-delay 10s
```

Swarm Mode: Rolling Updates



```
docker service update web --image wildfly:2 --update-parallelism
2 --update-delay 10s
```

Swarm Mode: Label

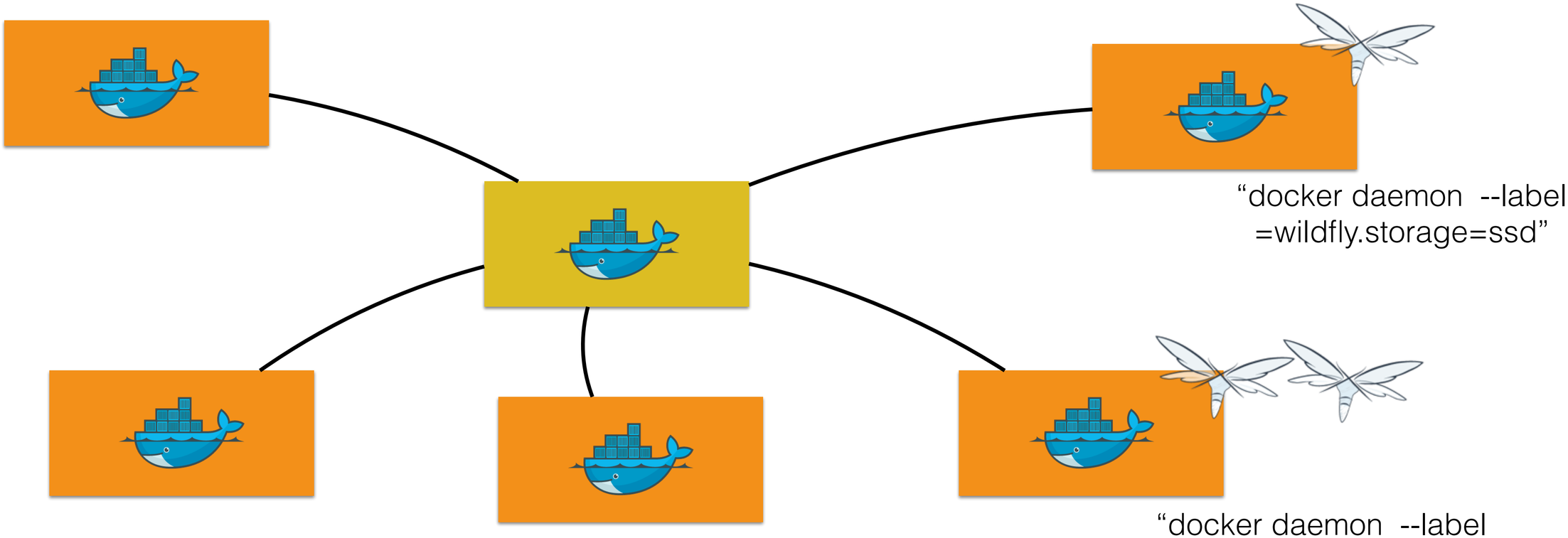


“docker daemon --label =wildfly.storage=ssd”

“docker daemon --label =wildfly.storage=ssd”

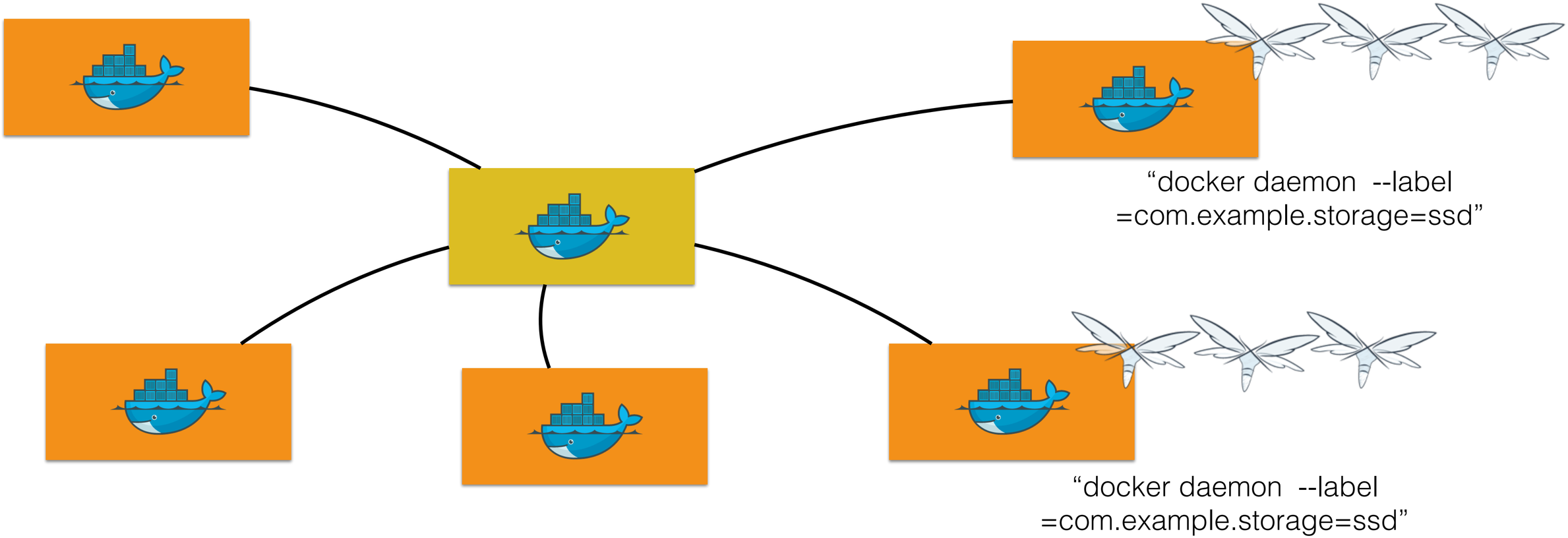
```
DOCKER_OPTS="--label=wildfly.storage=ssd"
```

Swarm Mode: Constraints



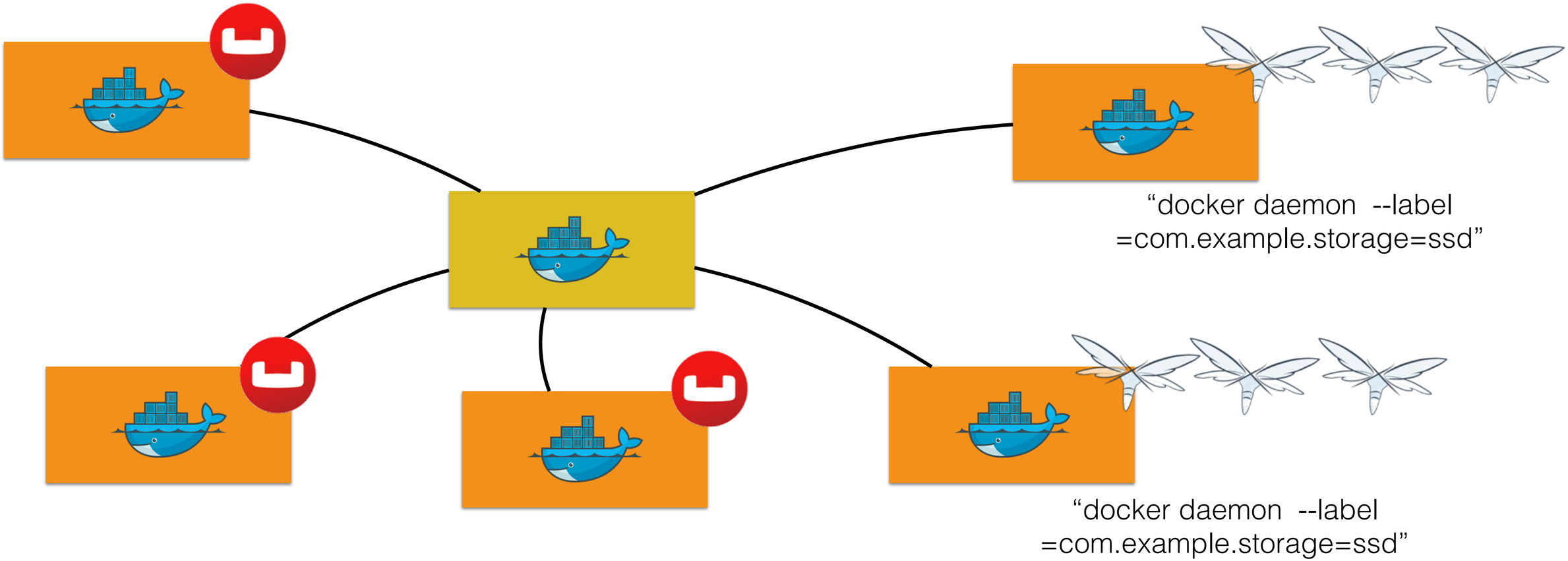

```
docker service create --replicas=3 --name=web --constraint
engine.labels.wildfly.storage==ssd jboss/wildfly
```

Swarm Mode: Constraints




```
docker service scale web=6
```

Swarm Mode: Constraints




```
docker service create --replicas=3 --name=db couchbase
```

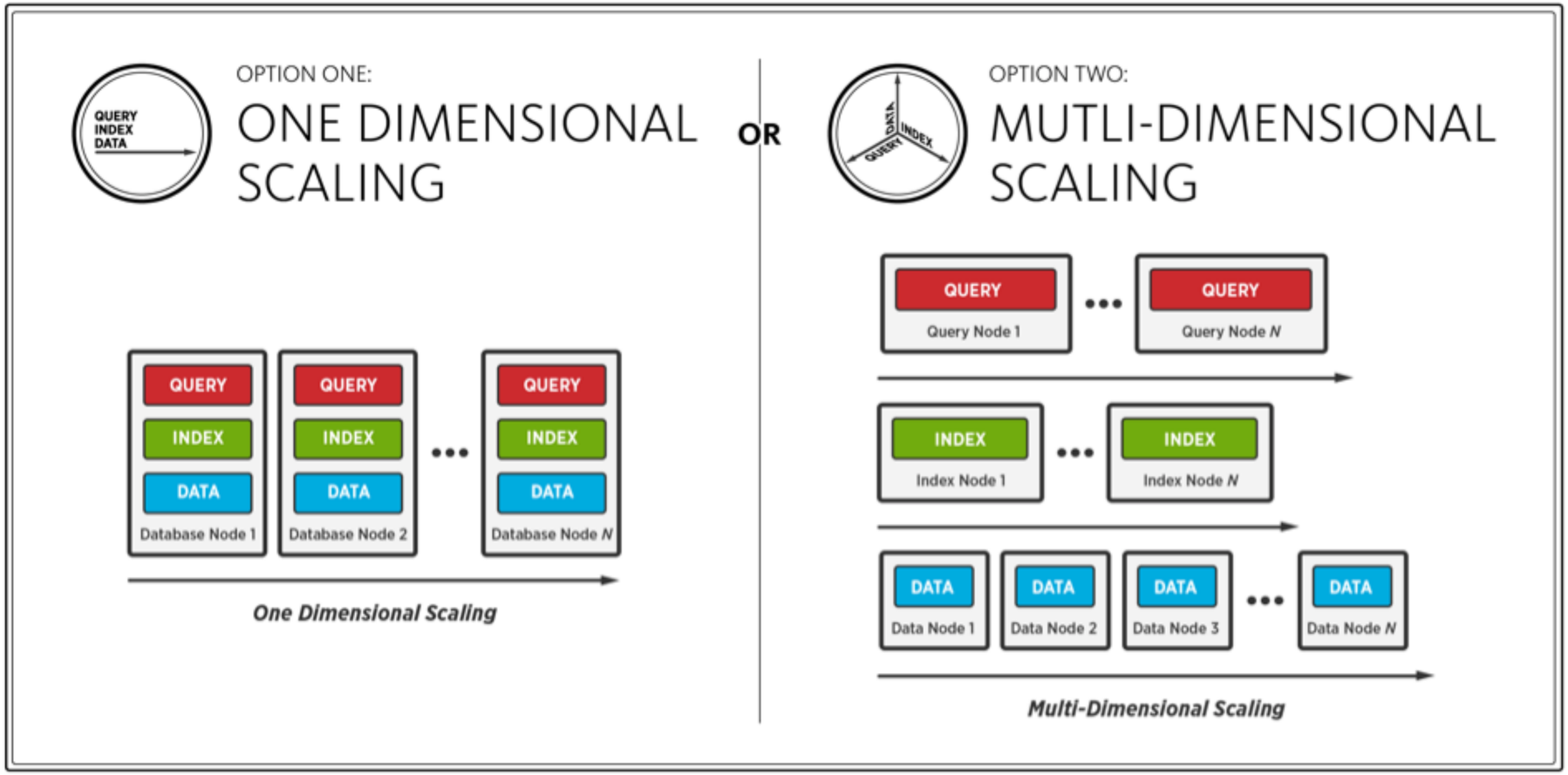
Scheduling Backends using Filters

- **Label**: Metadata attached to Docker Daemon
- **Filters**: Used by Docker Swam scheduler to create and run container

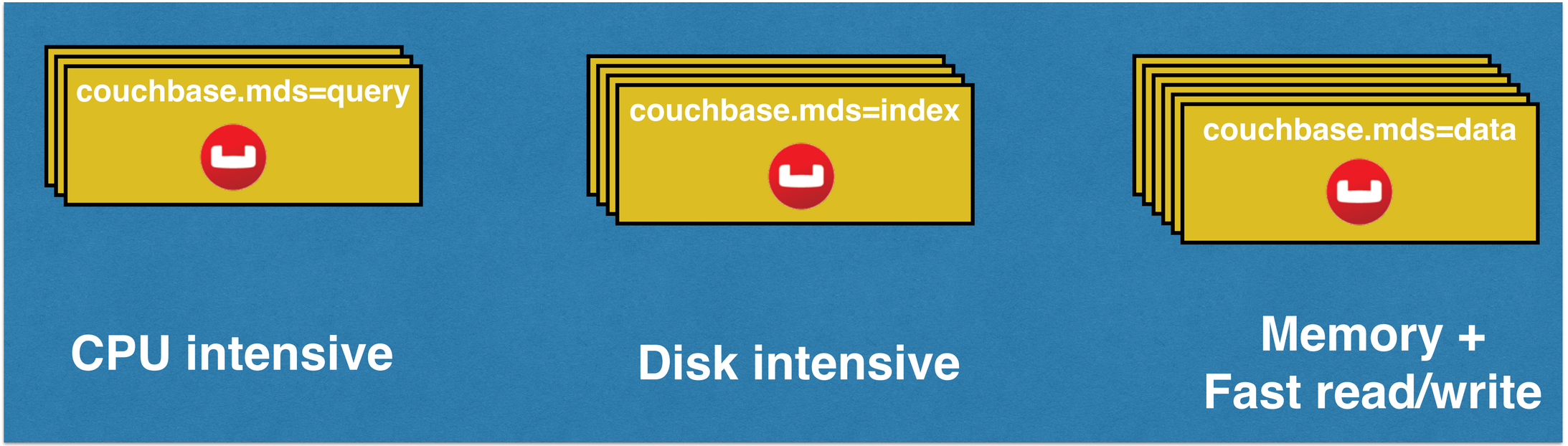
Node		
Constraint	Default or custom tags	`node`, `operatinsystem`, `kernelversion`, …
Health	Schedule containers on healthy nodes only	
Container Slots	Maximum number of containers on a node	`--labels containerslots=3`
Container		
Affinity	“Attraction” between containers	`-e affinity:container=<name>/<id>`, `image`, …
Dependency	Dependent containers on same node	`--volumes-from=<id>`, `--net=container:<id>`, …
Port	Port availability on the host	`-p <host>:<container>`

Couchbase Multi Dimensional Scaling

Only Couchbase gives customers two options for scaling: Standard One-Dimensional Scaling and New Multi-Dimensional Scaling.

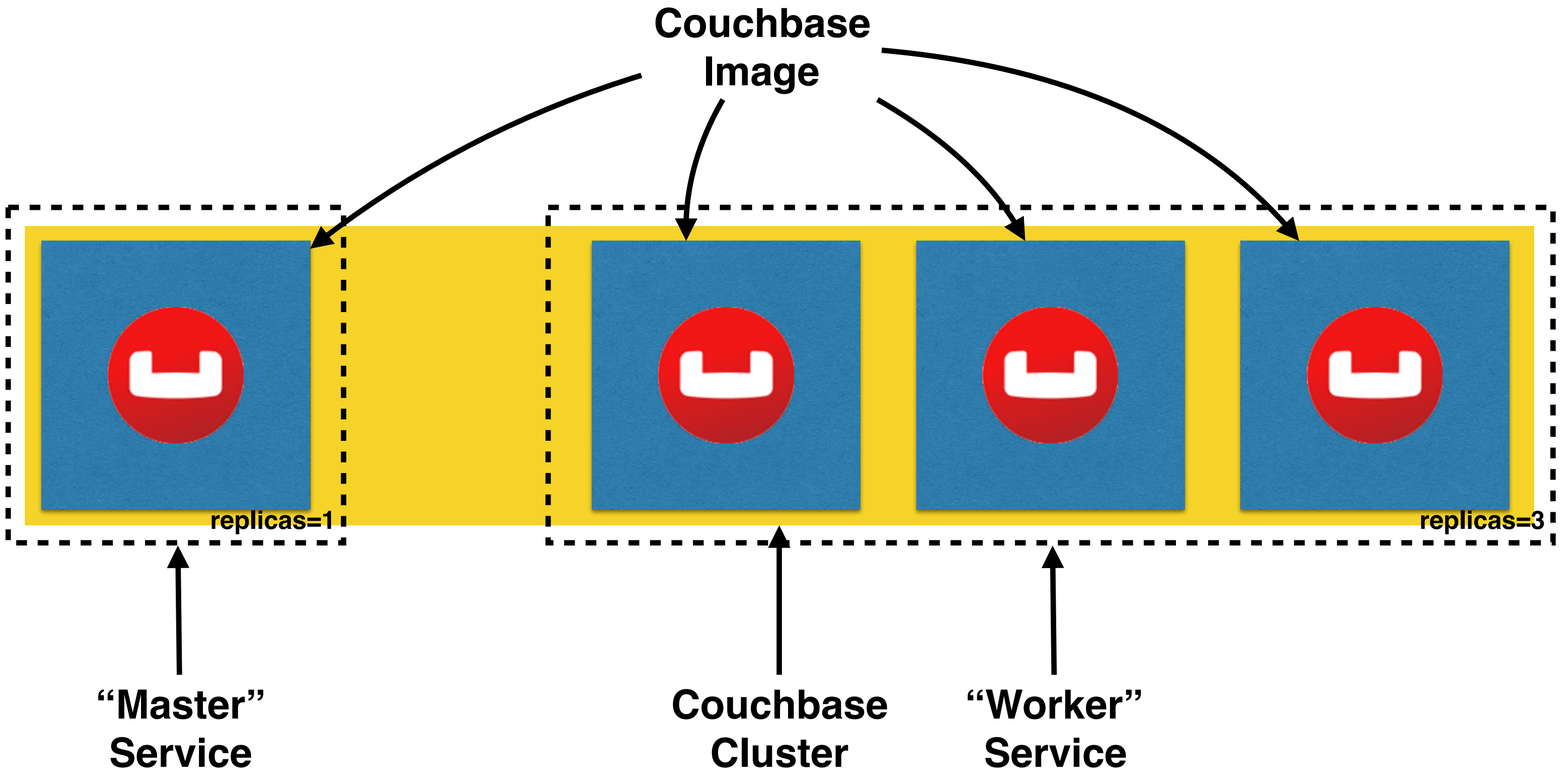


Optimal Utilization of Resources



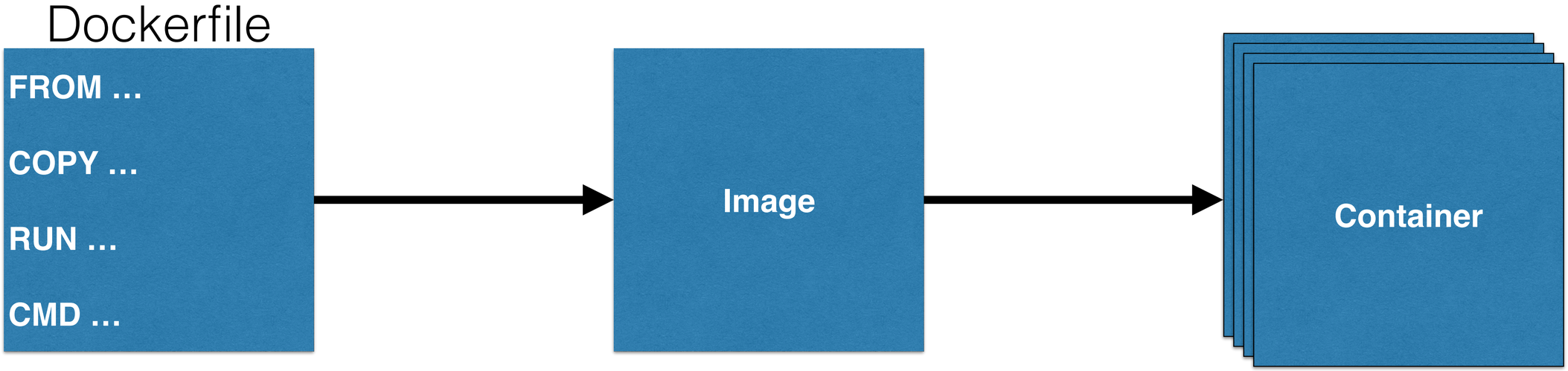
- **Attach labels**: `DOCKER_OPTS="--label.couchbase.mds=data"`
- **Run Containers**: `docker service create --constraint engine.labels.couchbase.mds==index couchbase`

Couchbase Cluster using Docker Services

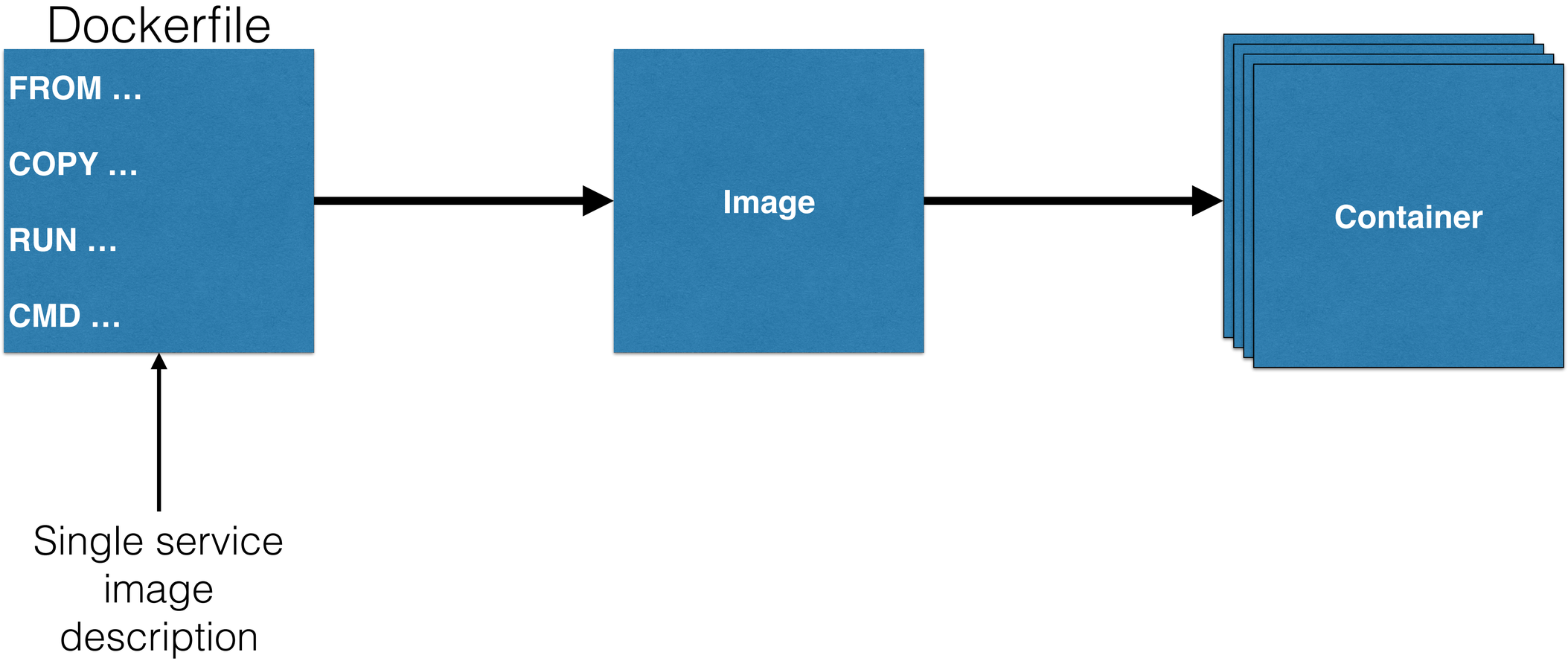


http://blog.couchbase.com/2016/september/docker-service-swarm-mode-couchbase-cluster

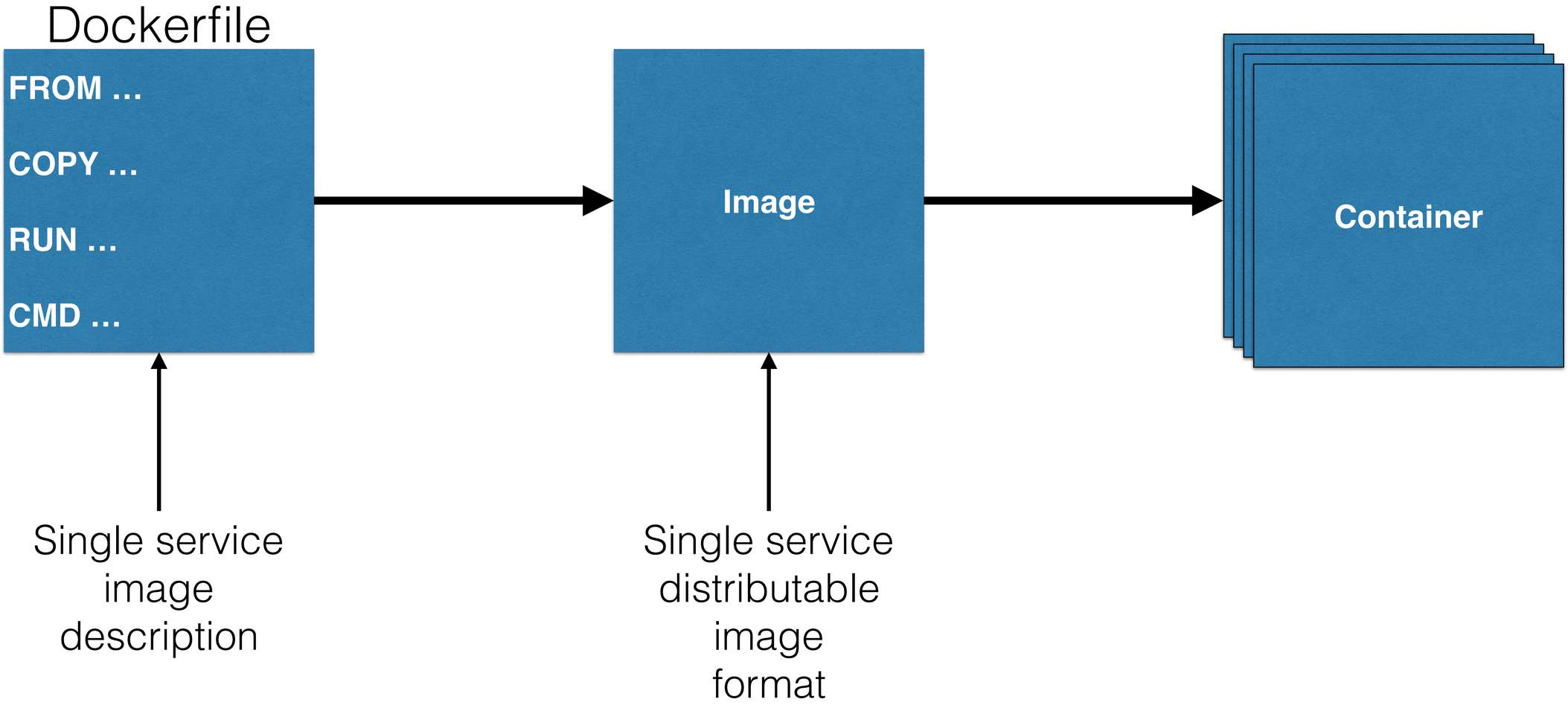
Docker Lifecycle



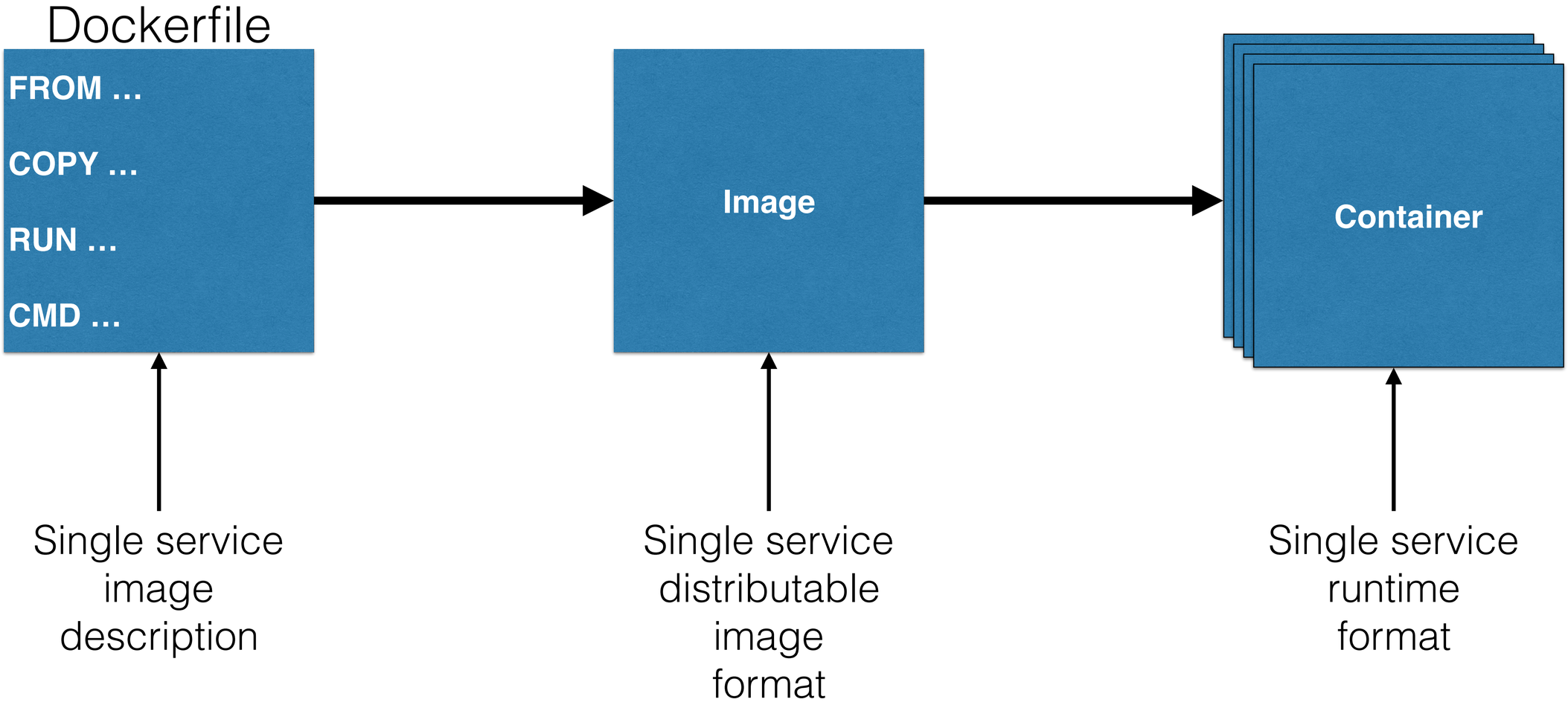
Docker Lifecycle



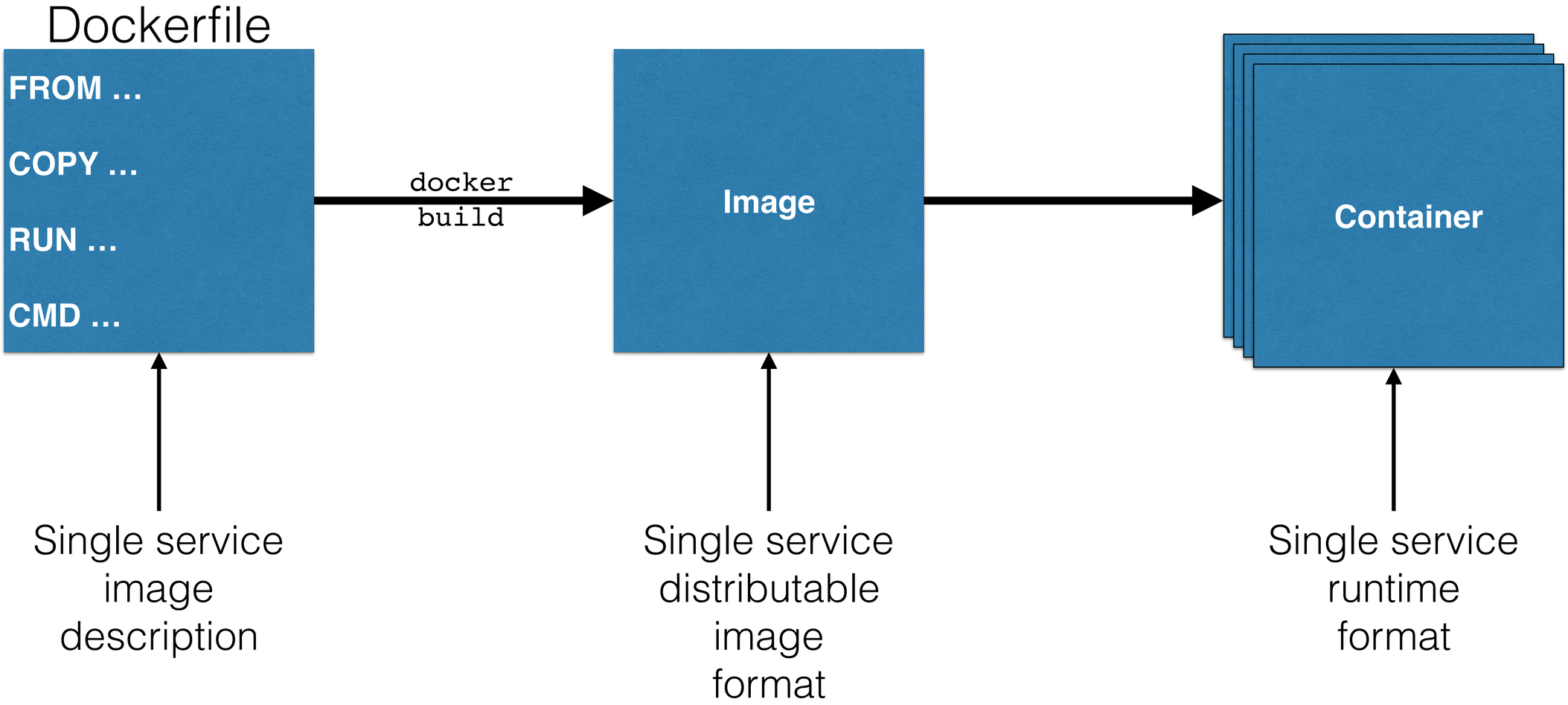
Docker Lifecycle



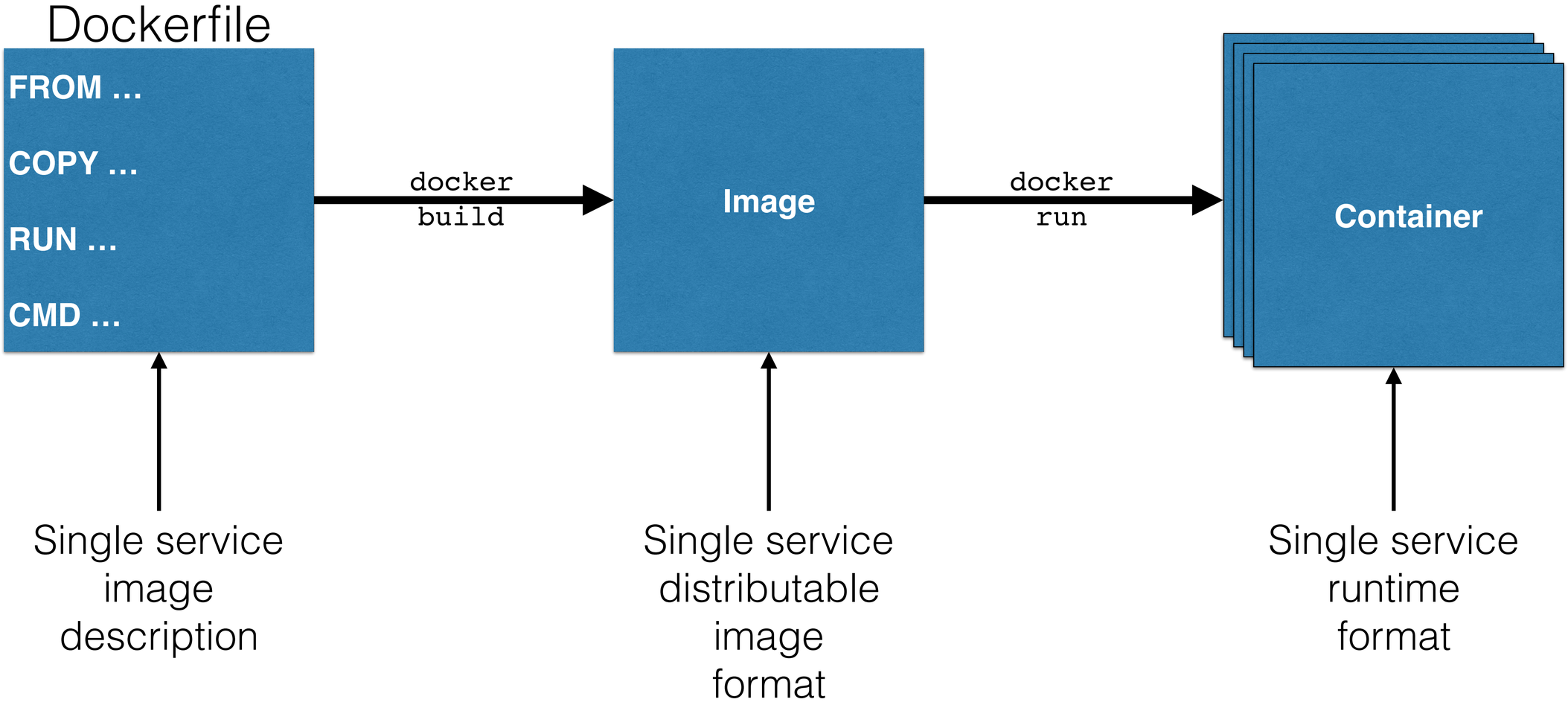
Docker Lifecycle



Docker Lifecycle



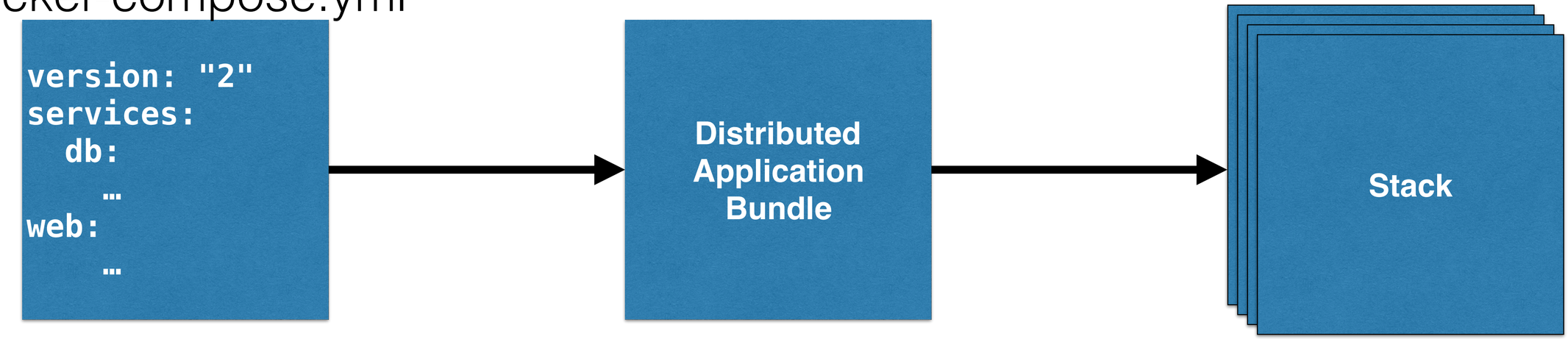
Docker Lifecycle



Experimental feature

Distributed Application Bundle

docker-compose.yml



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Distributed Application Bundle

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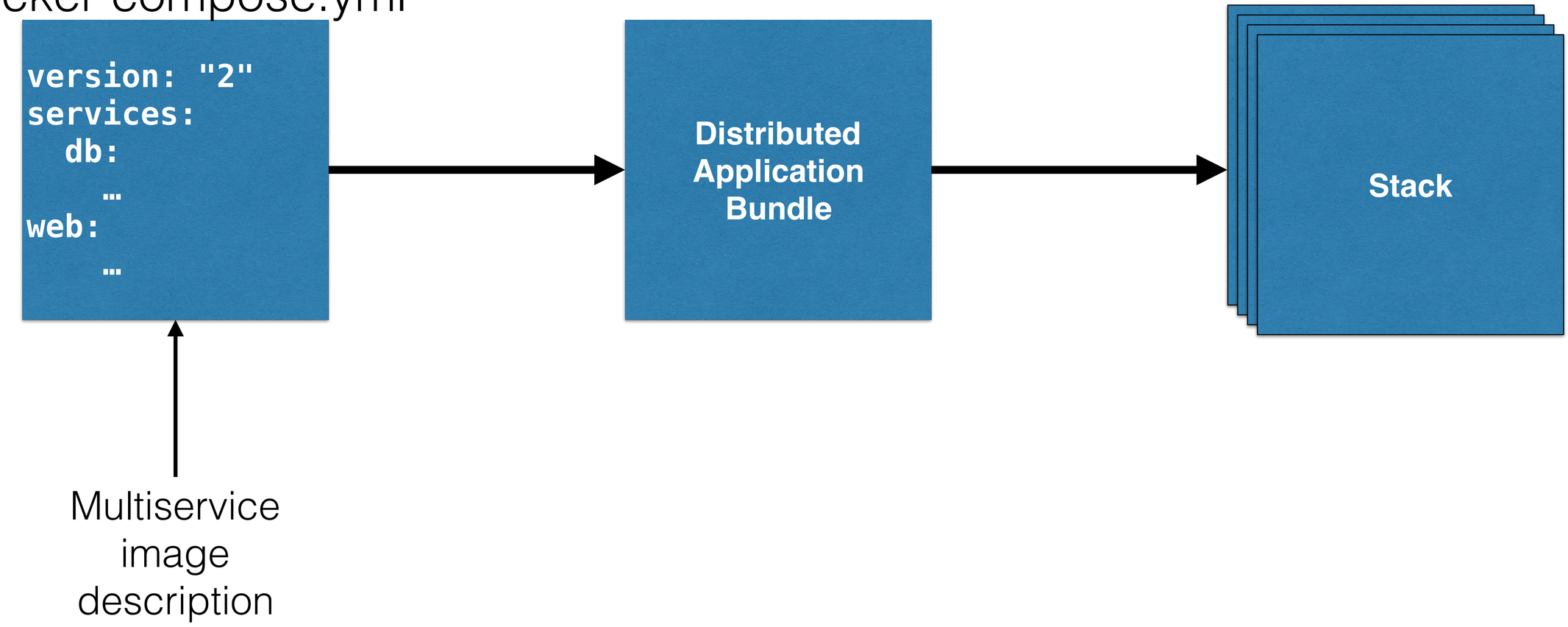

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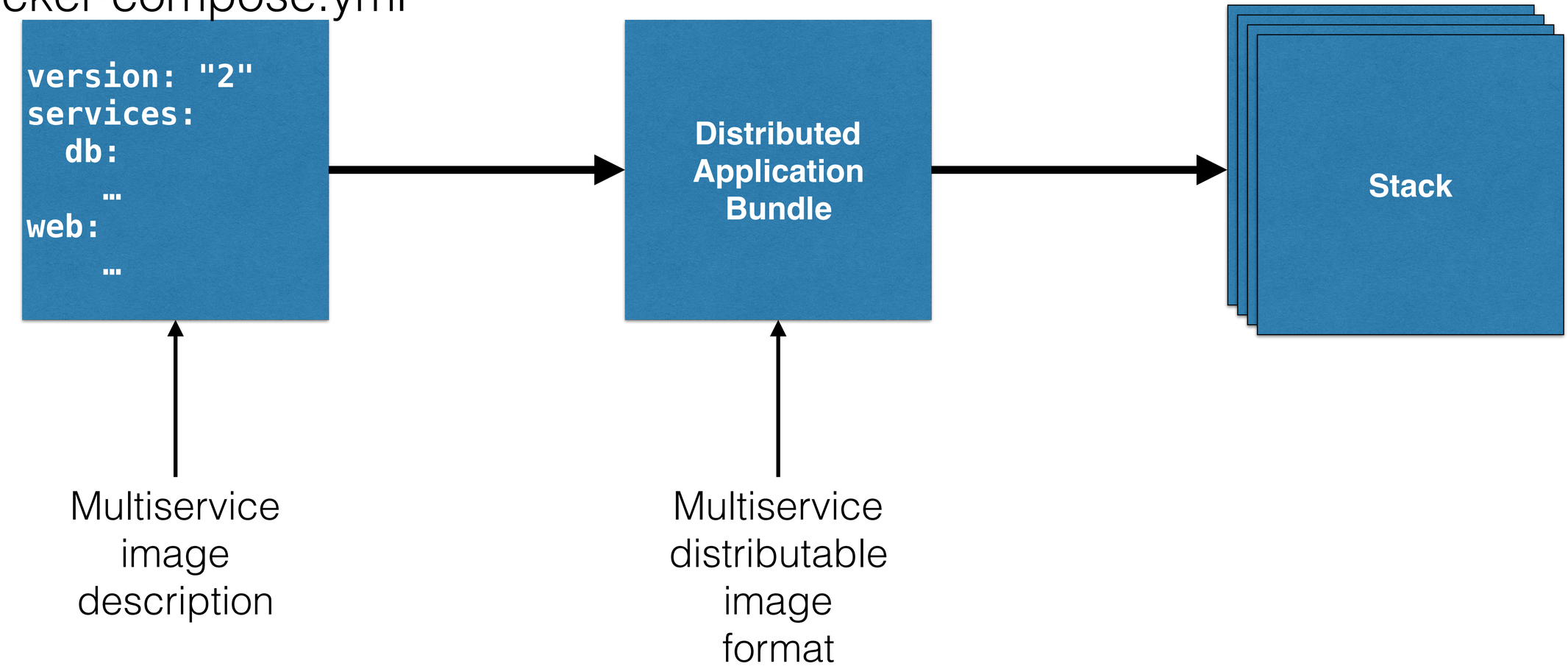

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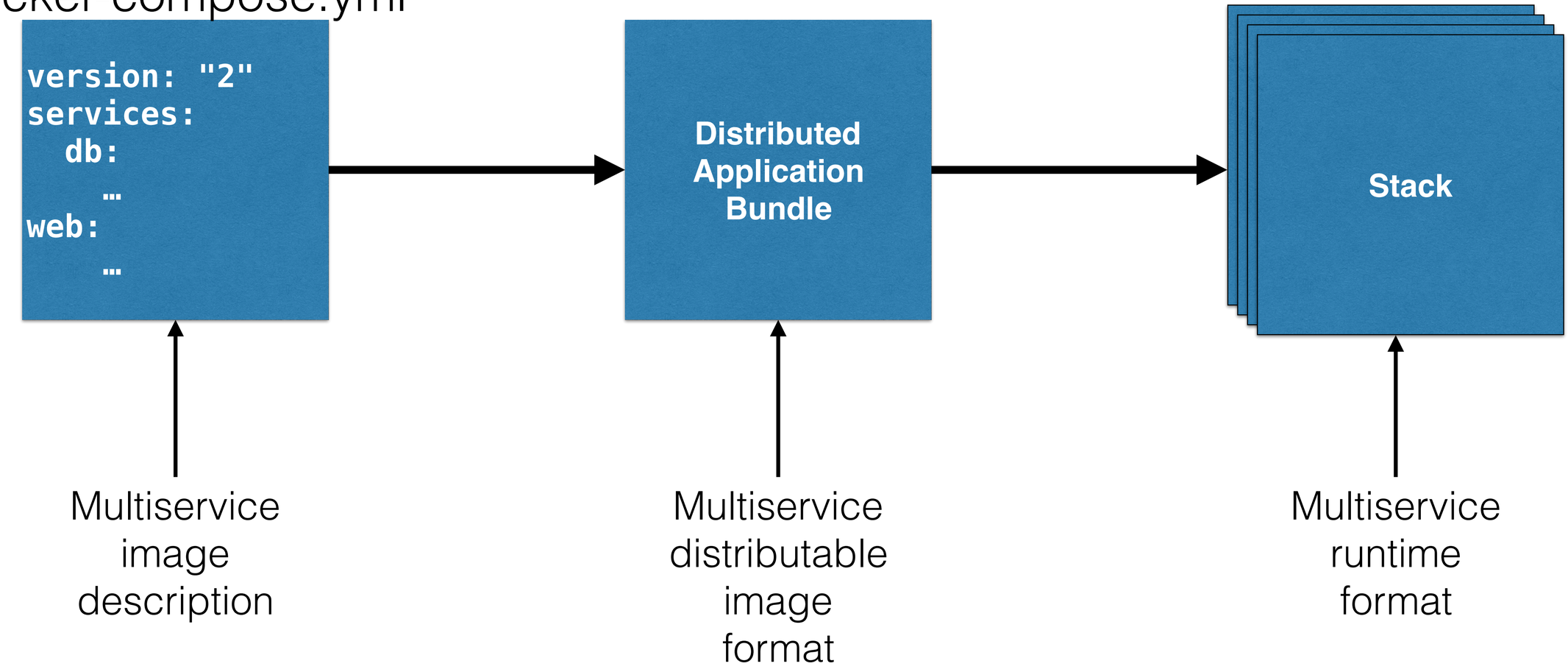

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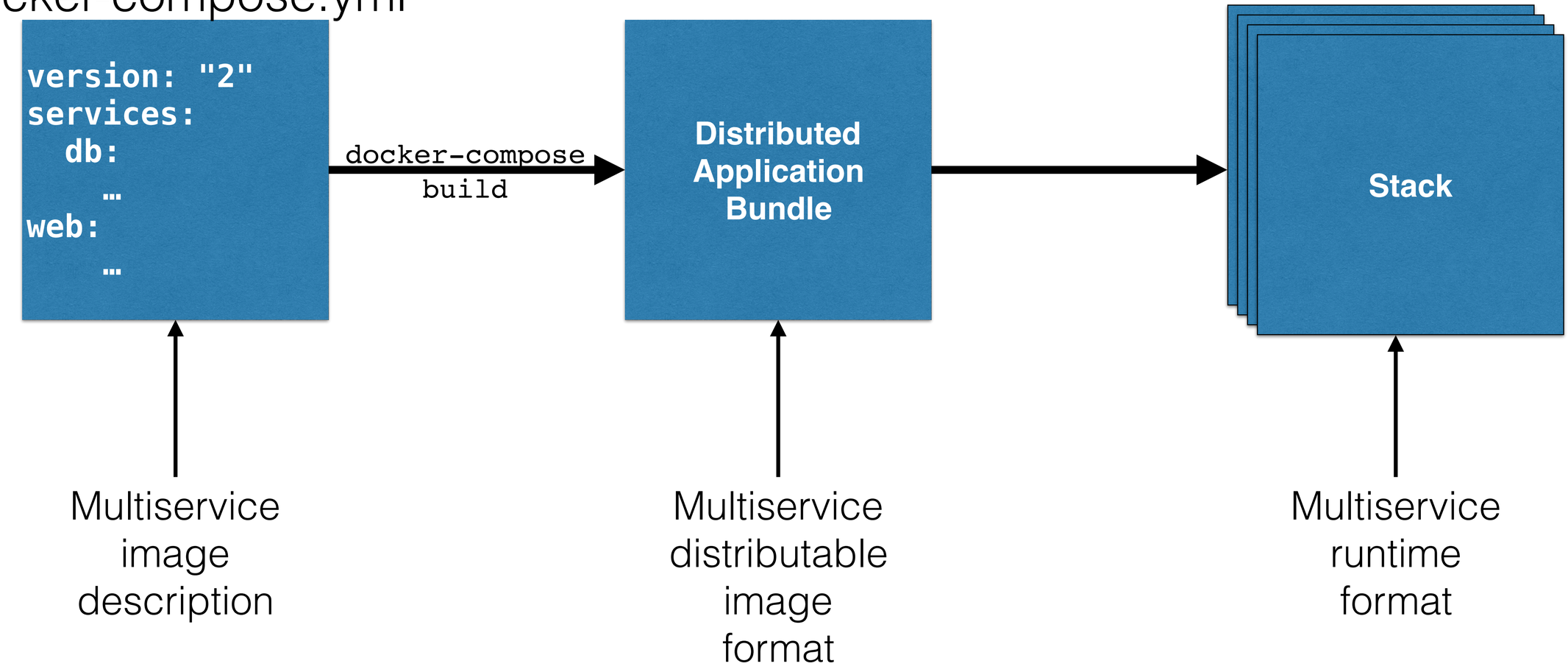
Distributed Application Bundle

docker-compose.yml



Experimental feature

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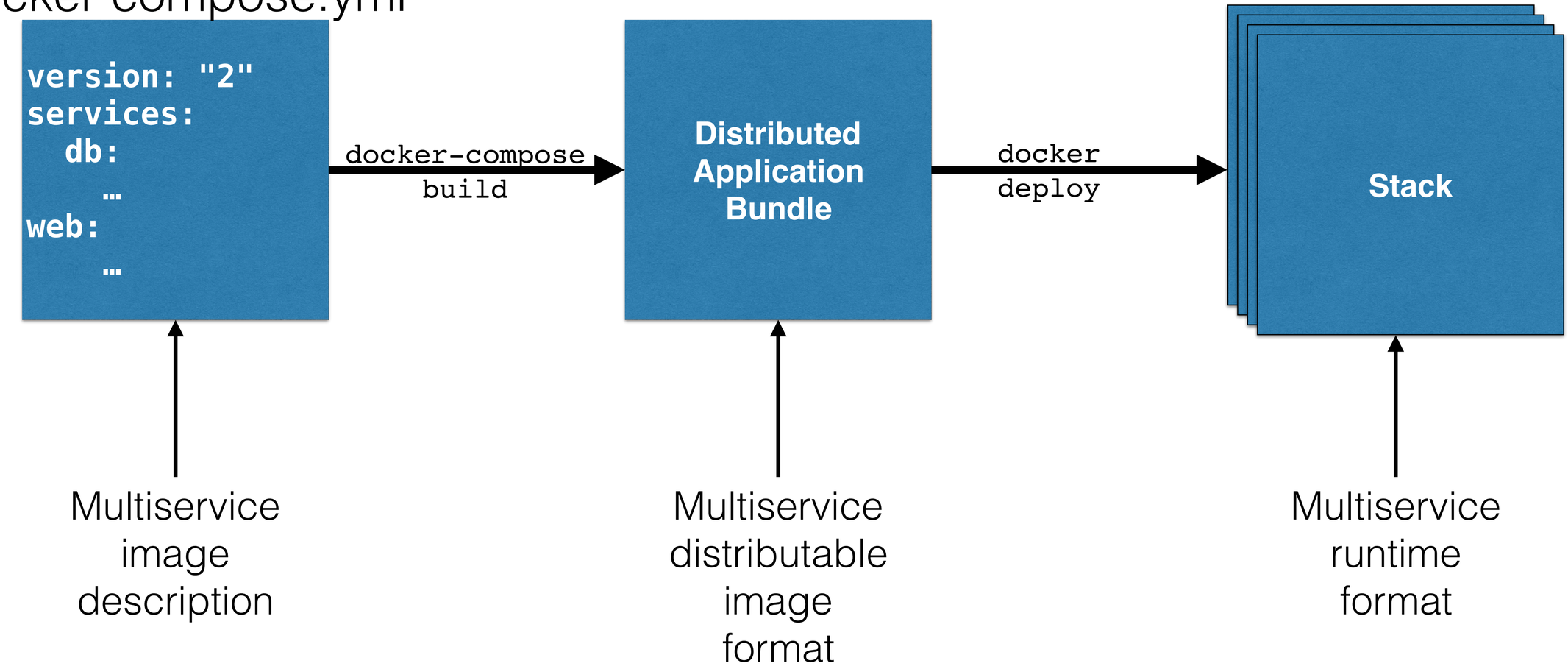
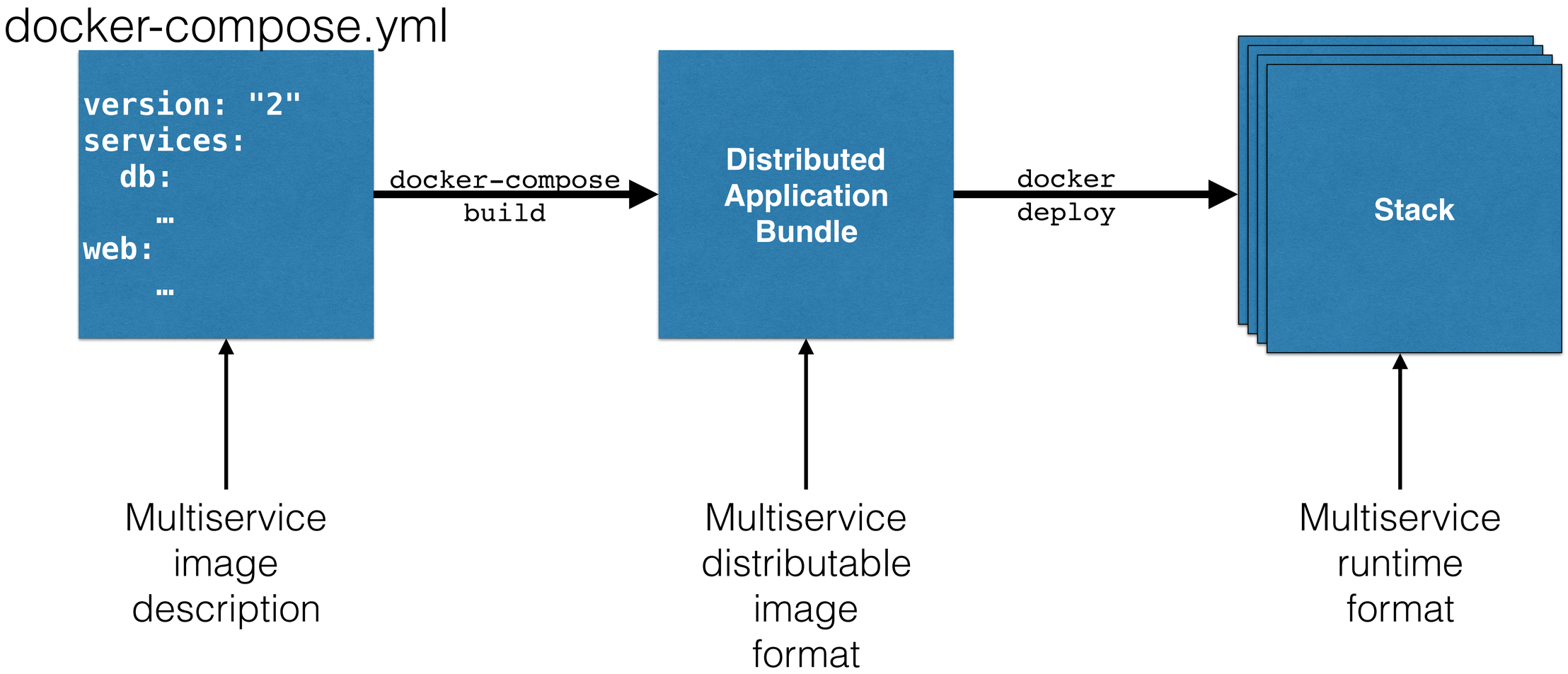


Experimental feature

Distributed Application Bundle



NOTE: Docker Engine and Registry do not support distribution of DABs

Monitoring Docker Containers

Monitoring Docker Containers

- `docker stats` command

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  - LogEntries

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- `docker stats` command
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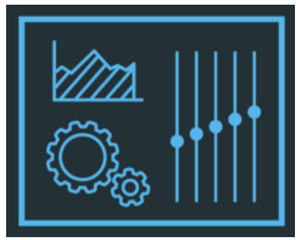
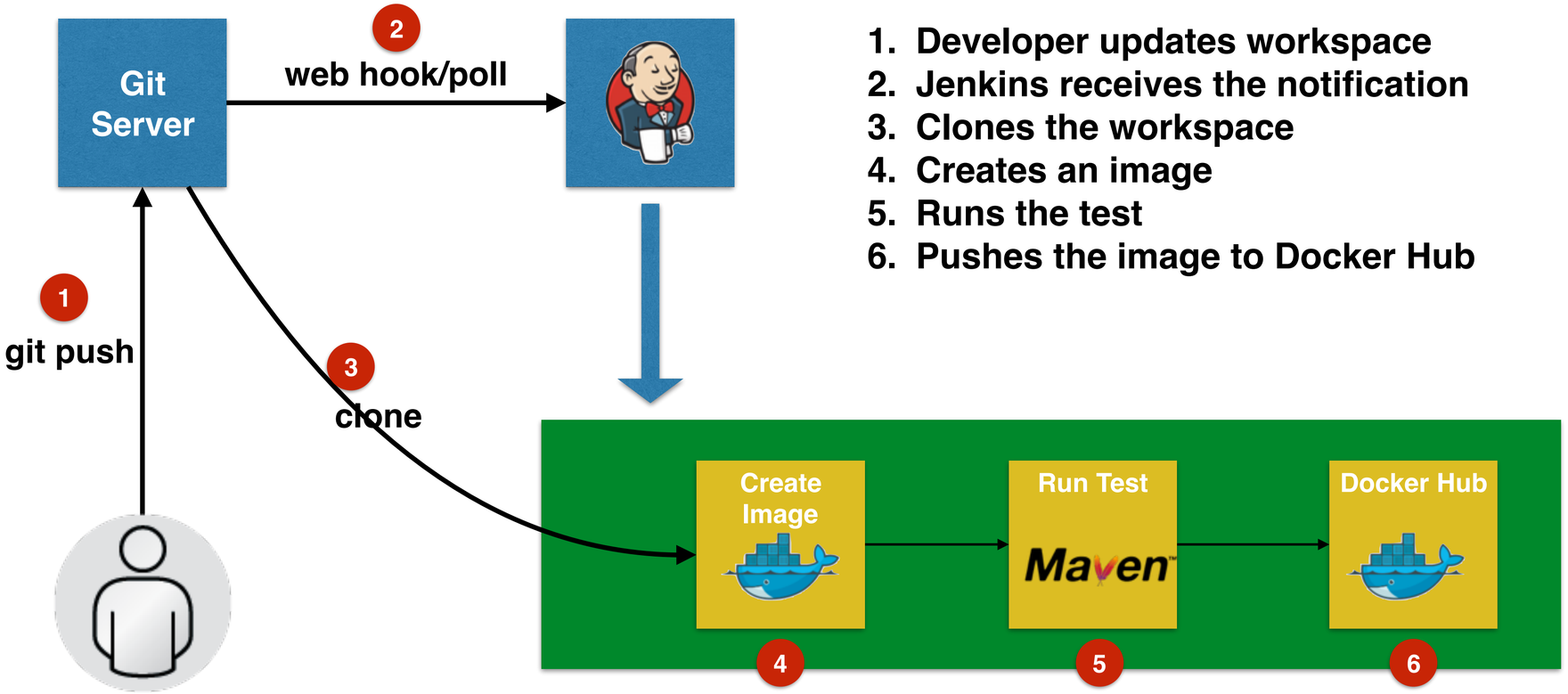
  - Prometheus
  - InfluxDB



CI/CD with Docker + Jenkins



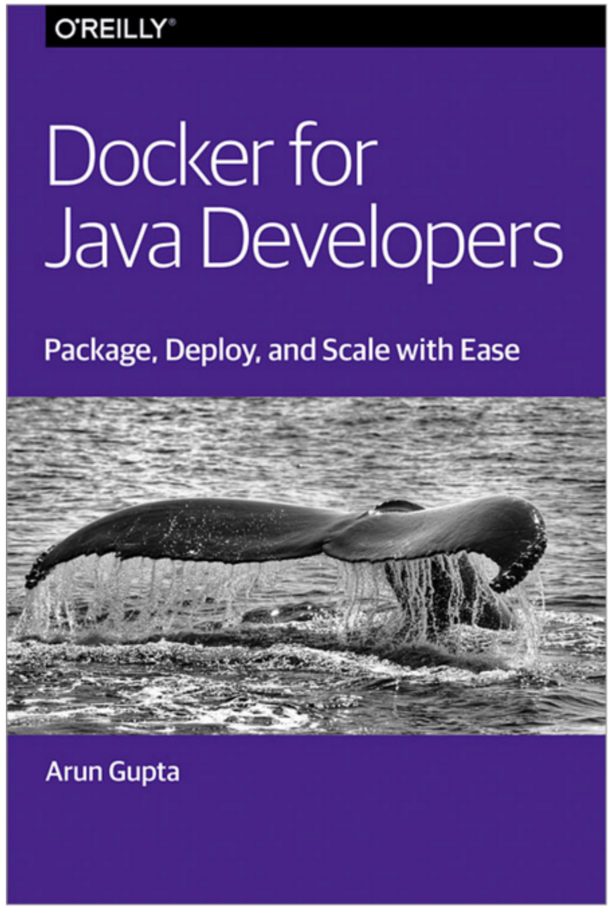
1. Developer updates workspace
2. Jenkins receives the notification
3. Clones the workspace
4. Creates an image
5. Runs the test
6. Pushes the image to Docker Hub

http://blog.couchbase.com/2016/september/deployment-pipeline-docker-jenkins-java-couchbase

Docker Support in Java IDEs

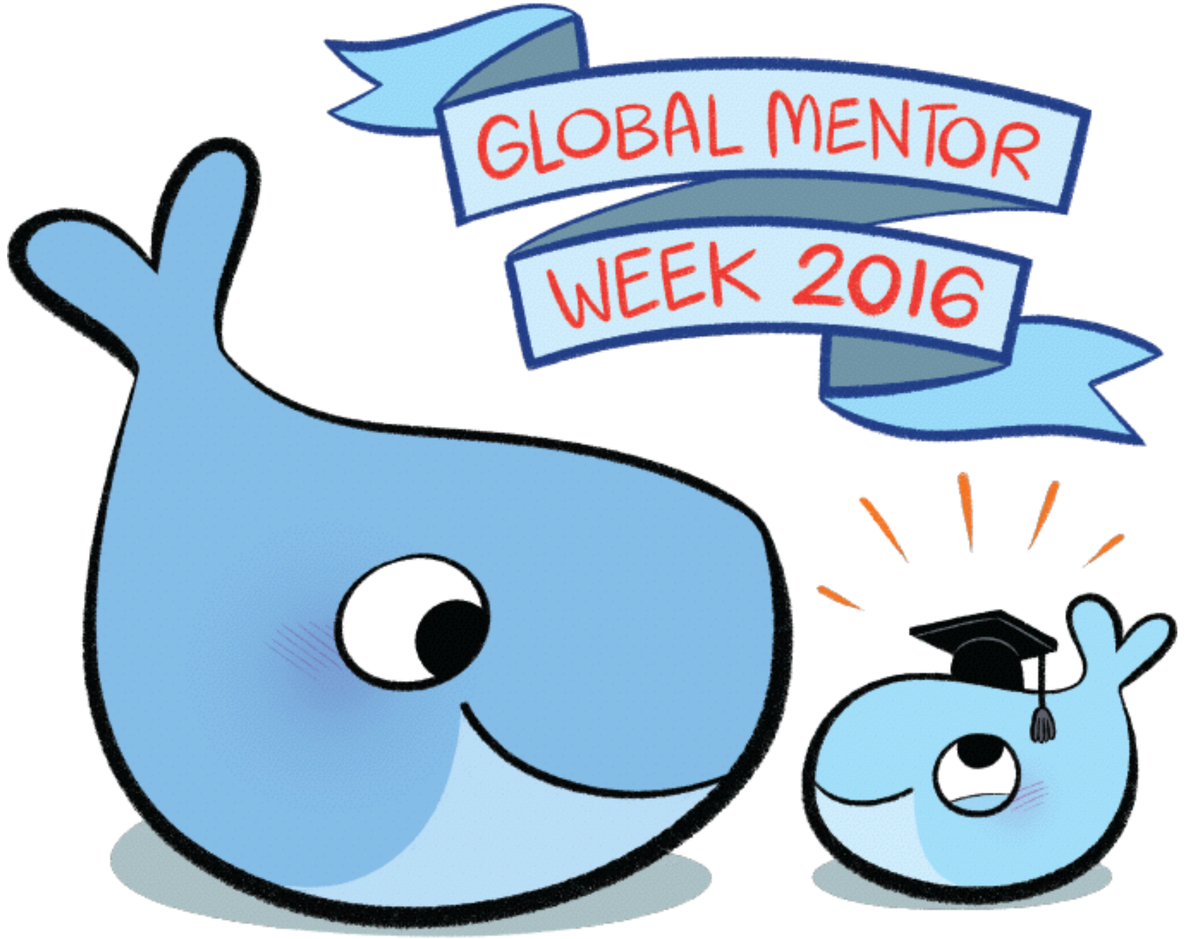
https://github.com/arun-gupta/docker-java-ides

bit.ly/dockerjava



bit.ly/kubejava

- Training to both newcomers and intermediate Docker users
- Advanced users will act as mentors
- Encourage connection and collaboration



#learndocker

November 14-20, 2016

References

- Slides: github.com/docker/labs/tree/master/slides
- Workshop: github.com/docker/labs/tree/master/java
- Docs: docs.docker.com