

You Already Know

Course(s):

 Master Hibernate and JPA with Spring Boot in 100 steps



2. DevOps: CI/CD with Jenkins pipelines, Maven, Gradle







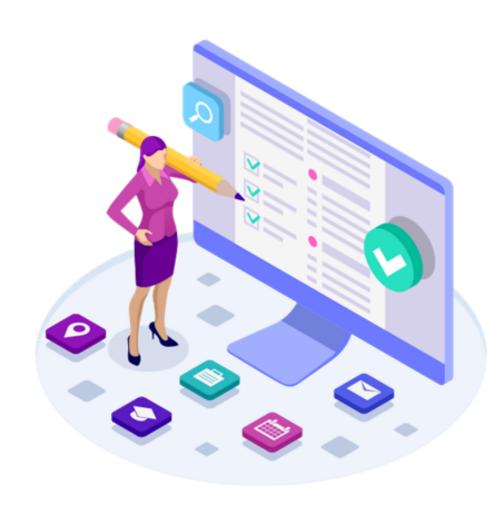
- Explain Spring Boot
 - Spring Boot definition
 - Spring Boot setup

- Demonstrate Hibernate and JPA integration
 - Hibernate and JPA integration
 - Queries with entity using JPQL
 - Spring data and Spring REST
 - Caching with Hibernate and JPA



- Explain Jenkins
 - Explain DevOps
 - Explain role of Jenkins for a full stack developer
 - Explain CI/CD pipeline

- Demonstrate Jenkins and AWS integration
 - Integrate Jenkins with AWS
 - Work with CI/CD pipeline for automation and development to staging environment link



A Day in the Life of a Full Stack Developer

In the last sprint, Joe had done a remarkable job. He had created an MVC web application that will retrieve users based on their user ID and update them in the database.

He has now been given a new project to work on. He has to create a Spring Boot project that will capture user feedback using a REST endpoint. The feedback data will then be added to a database table.

In this lesson, we will learn how to solve this real-world scenario to help Joe complete his task effectively and quickly.



Learning Objectives

By the end of this lesson, you will be able to:

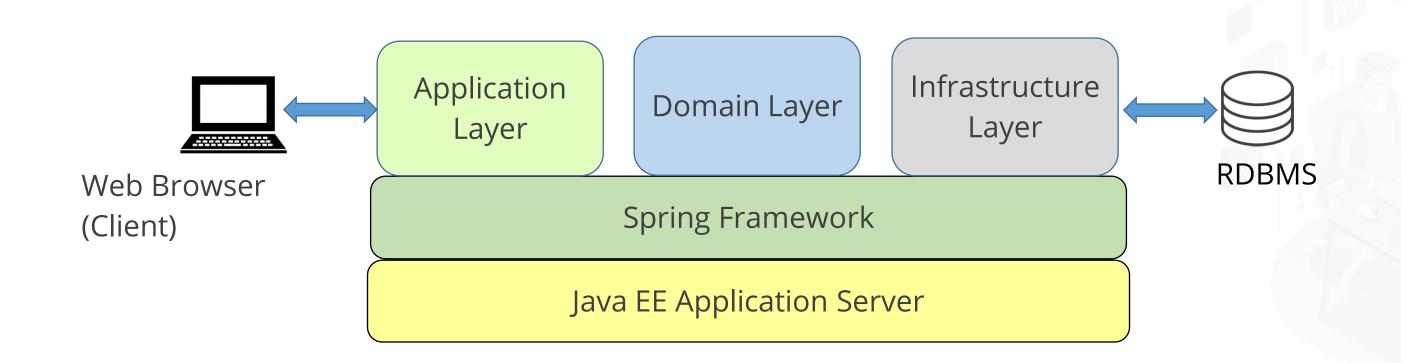
- List the differences between Spring and Spring Boot
- Define exception handling in Spring Boot
- Implement the steps for building RESTful web services
- Explain edge server and routing and list the steps to implement routing
- State the advantages of using Swagger
- Discuss the use of Apache Kafka
- Identify the modes of database and their main features
- Understand how HTTPS is implemented in Spring Boot



Difference between Spring Boot and Spring Framework ©Simplilearn. All rights reserved.

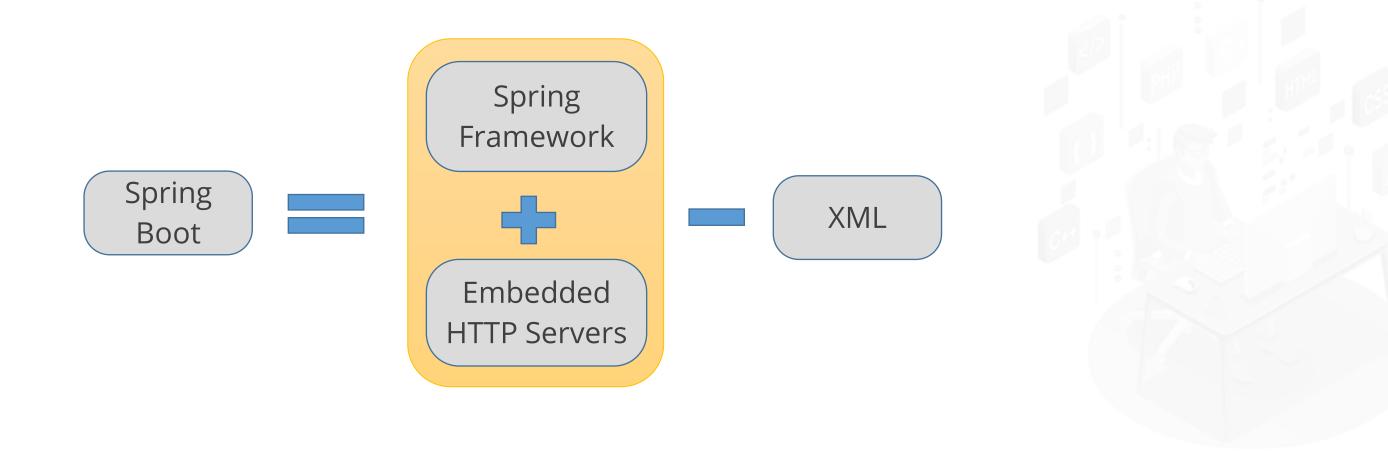
Spring Framework

Spring is a very popular open source development framework for Java. It can be used to create easy-to-use and easy-to-test high performing and reusable code. Web applications can be extended on top of the Java Enterprise Edition (EE) platform.



Spring Boot

Spring Boot is an open source Java-based project built on Spring framework. It allows creation of standalone applications in a simple and easy manner. The entire Spring configuration is not necessary to develop the services.



Difference between Spring and Spring Boot

Spring	Spring Boot
Different features for designing applications are not automatically handled	Default features are automatically handled
XML definitions are required to manage Spring applications	Complex XML configurations can be avoided
Application type and characteristics need to be properly defined to develop applications	Less number of configurations are required to develop applications

Spring Boot Exception Handling ©Simplilearn. All rights reserved.

Spring Boot Exception Handling

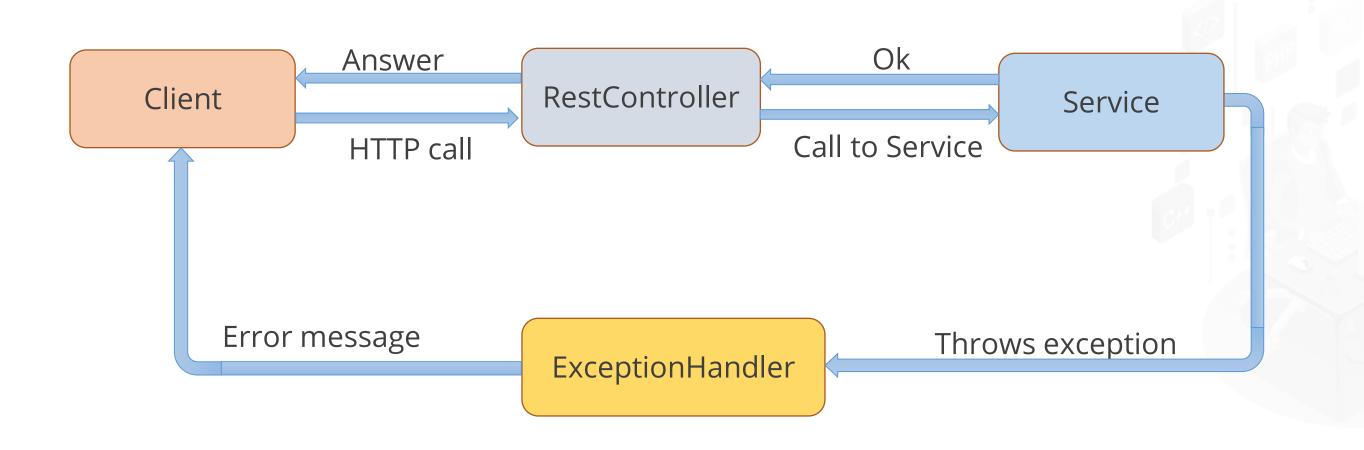
Exceptions and errors in APIs are required to be handled properly by the enterprise applications.

Exception Handling Classes:

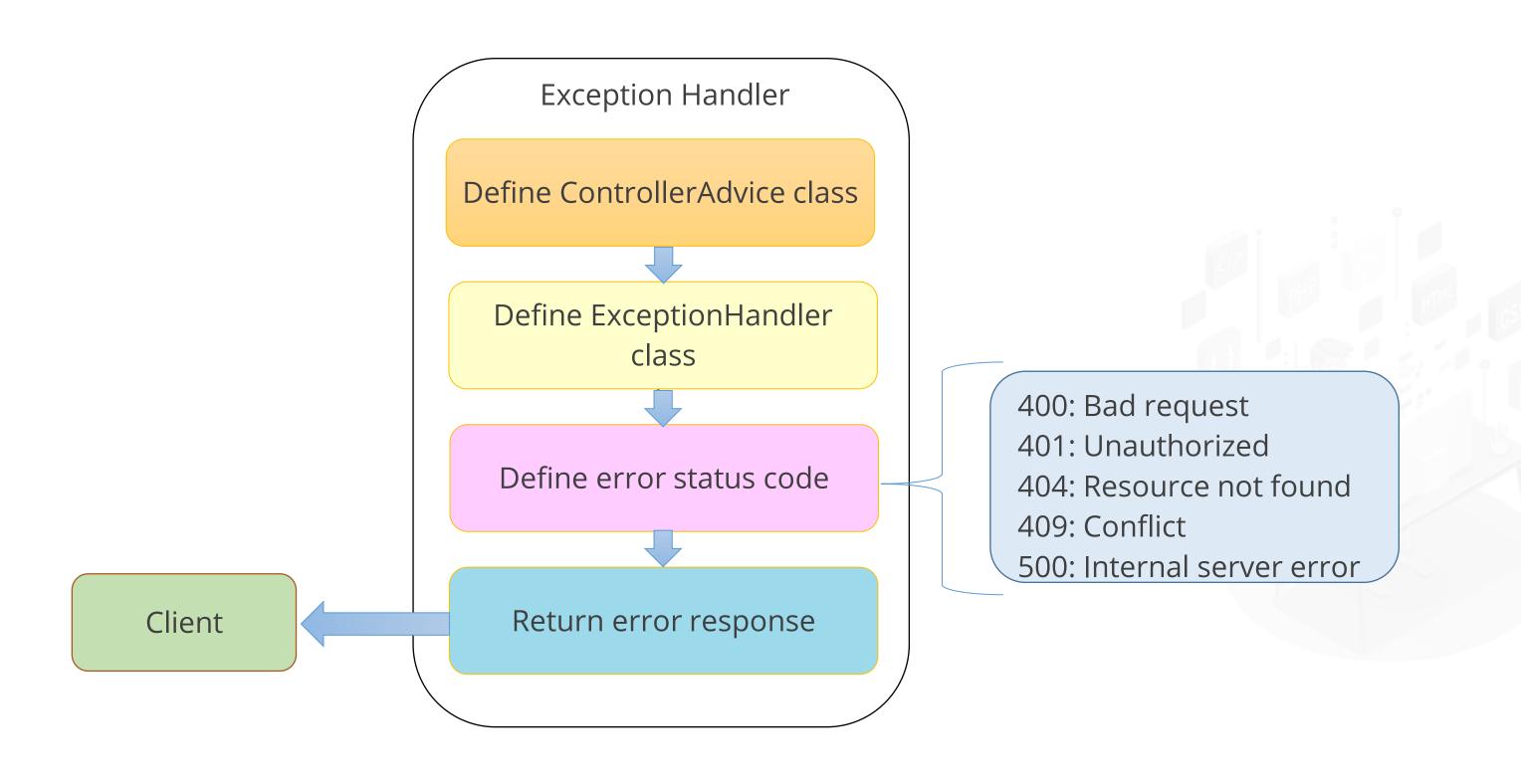
ControllerAdvice	Handles application-level exceptions	
ExceptionHandler	Handles exceptions from methods in the same controller	

Spring Boot Exception Handling

RestController is a base for classes handling REST operations. Exceptions are treated by the ExceptionHandler when thrown by the services.



Spring Boot Exception Handling: Implementation



Spring Boot Exception Handling



Duration: 45 min.

Problem Statement:

Create an example to handle exception for product not found.

Assisted Practice: Guidelines

Steps to demonstrate spring boot exception handling:

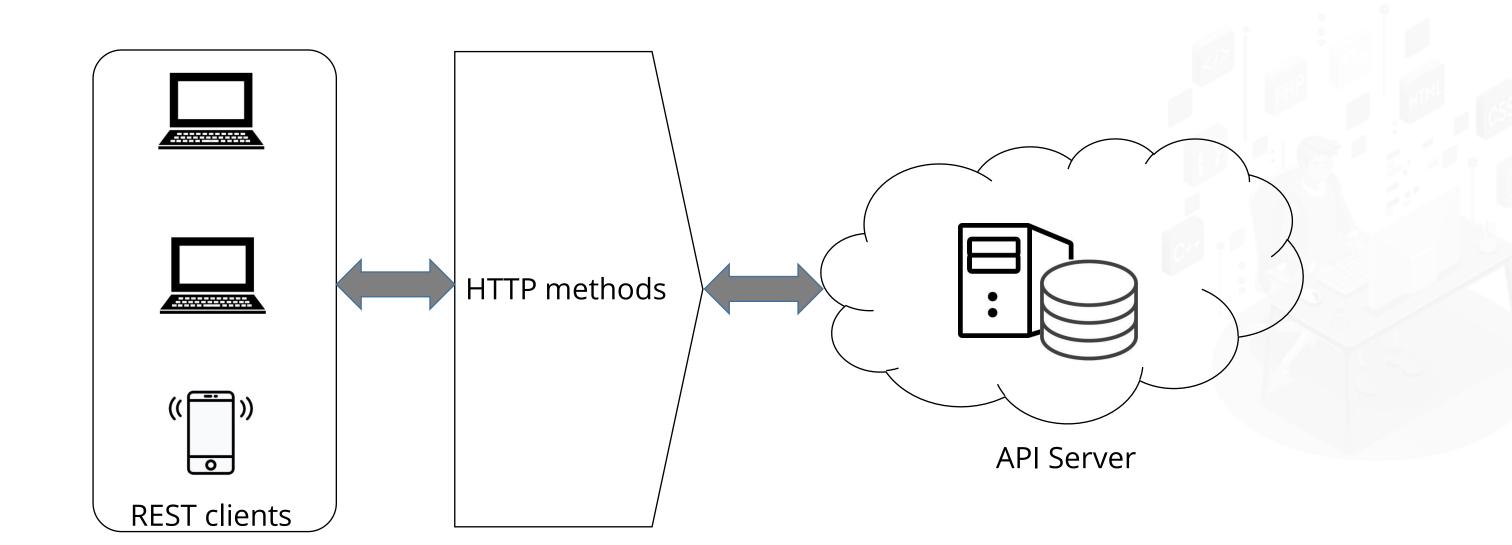
- 1. Install the STS Plugin in Eclipse
- 2. Create a Spring Boot starter project that is web enabled
- 3. Create a EProduct entity class
- 4. Create a ProductNotFoundException class
- 5. Create a EProductExceptionController class
- 6. Create a MainController to throw ProductNotFoundException
- 7. Build the project
- 8. Publish and start the project
- 9. Run the project
- 10. Push the code to GitHub repositories



Building RESTful Web Services ©Simplilearn. All rights reserved.

Building RESTful Web Services

REST (Representational State Transfer) uses HTTP protocol for developing web services. Service built on REST architecture is a RESTful service and is scalable, easy to use, and lightweight.



Building RESTful Web Services

Steps to implement:

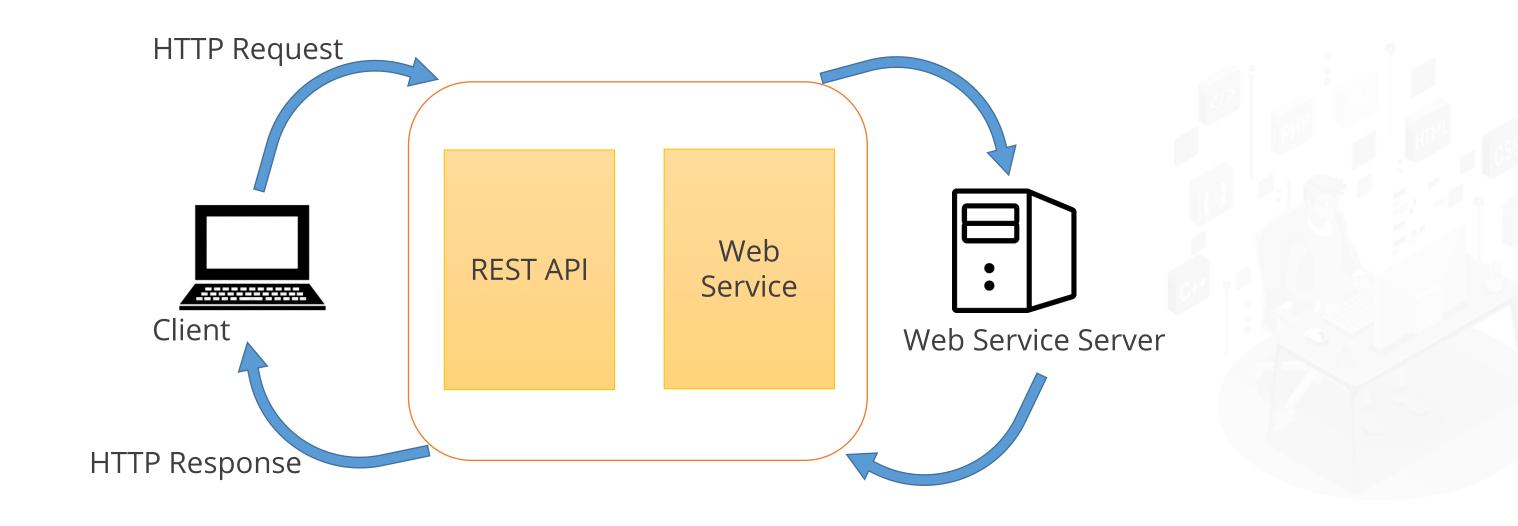
- 1 Create a blank web application in a new project
- 2 Choose a file of type WCF service (Ajax-enabled)
- 3 Add a service to project
- 4 Make changes in the Web.config configuration file
- 5 Add implementation code on the service file
- 6 Define a code for GET and POST methods
- 7 Set the project option to **Set as StartUp Project**



Consuming RESTful Web Services ©Simplilearn. All rights reserved.

Consuming RESTful Web Services

A client utilizing a web service also means consuming the web service.



Consuming RESTful Web Services



Duration: 45 min.

Problem Statement:

Create a project to consume a RESTful web service.

Assisted Practice: Guidelines

Steps to demonstrate consuming RESTful web services:

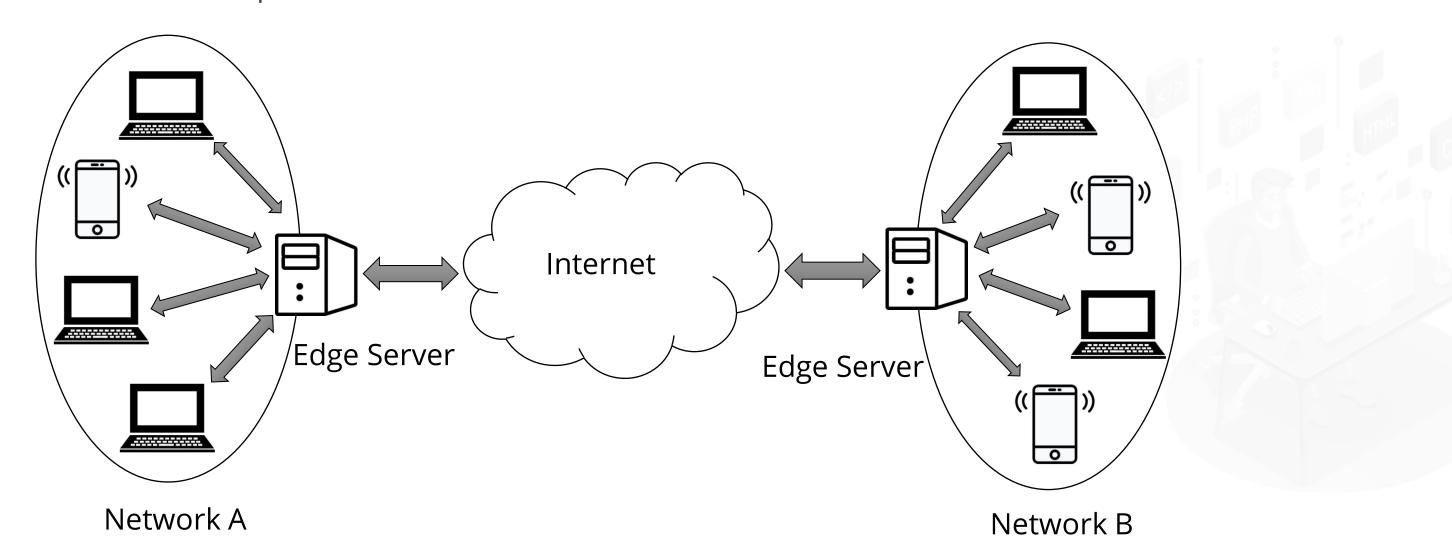
- 1. Install the STS Plugin in Eclipse
- 2. Create a Spring Boot starter project that is web enabled
- 3. Create a class Quote to work with the public REST service
- 4. Create a class Value to act as a wrapper for the REST data
- 5. Create a MainController to consume the REST service
- 6. Build the project
- 7. Publish and start the project
- 8. Run the project
- 9. Push the code to GitHub repositories



Edge Server and Routing ©Simplilearn. All rights reserved.

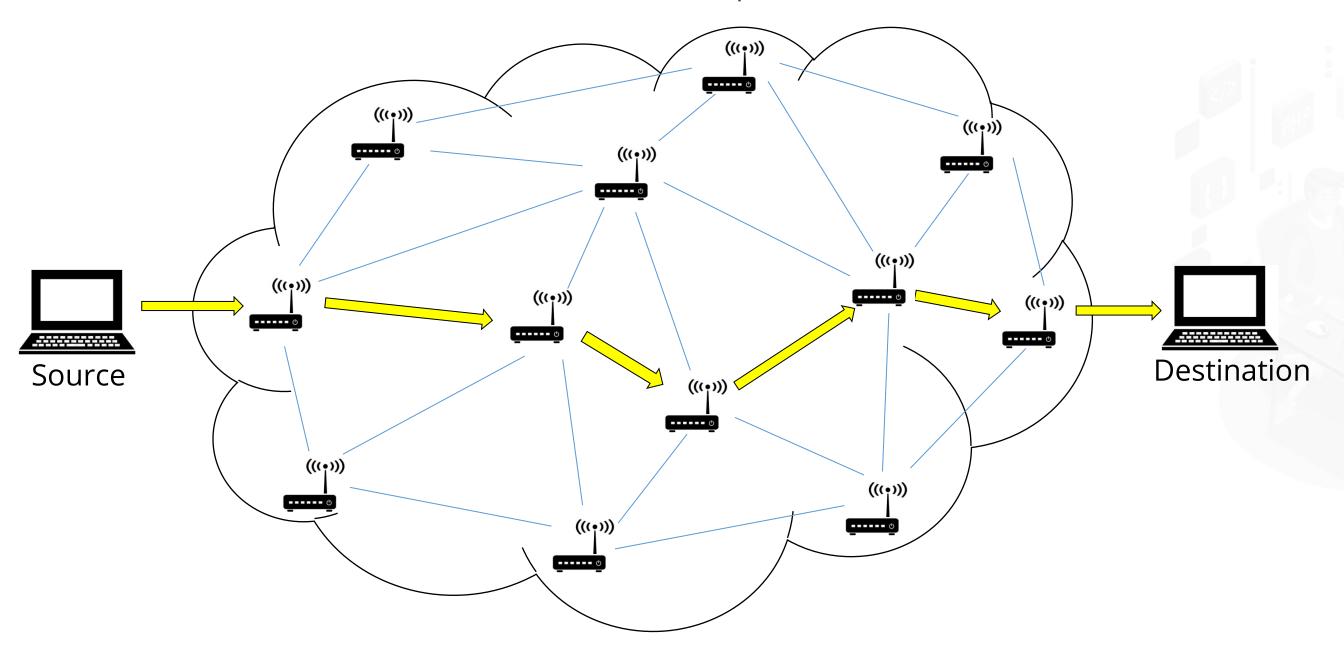
Edge Servers

- Edge server is a server placed at the edge or end of a network. This is used to connect to other networks.
- The network can be a private network or the Internet.



Routing

Routing means moving packets (fundamental units of information) across a network between different hosts. Devices called Routers use standard protocols to choose an optimal path between the networks to transfer the data packets.



Routing: Steps to Implement

1. Remote network information is determined by the router from its neighbouring routers



3. Based on the connection between the networks, the router decides the type of routing

Types of Routing

Static Routing

The routes and network locations are added manually.

Since the path is between specific nodes, there is data security.

Default Routing

All packets are sent to a single router irrespective of the network.

Dynamic Routing

It uses protocols to determine the best path to transmit data over the network. The routers add network locations automatically.

Edge Server and Routing



Duration: 45 min.

Problem Statement:

Create a project to work as a dynamic router for Zuul.

Assisted Practice: Guidelines

Steps to demonstrate routing:

- 1. Install the STS Plugin in Eclipse
- 2. Create a Spring Boot starter project that is web enabled and configured to work with Zuul services
- 3. Configure a SpringEdgeApplication class to act as a dynamic router for Zuul
- 4. Configure application.properties for Zuul
- 5. Build the project
- 6. Publish and start the project
- 7. Run the project
- 8. Push the code to GitHub repositories

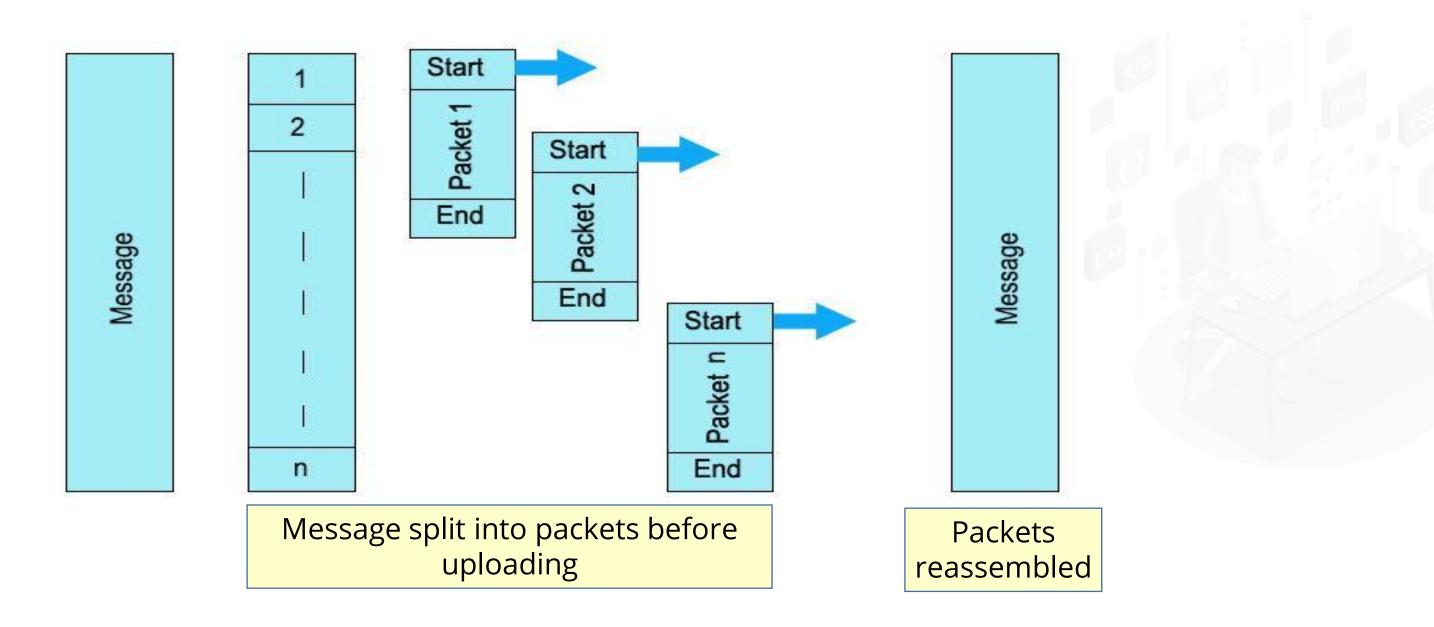
File Handling

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File Handling

File Uploading:

To upload a file in a Spring Boot framework, MultipartFile is used as a request parameter. MultipartFile requests split a large file into smaller parts. Boundary markers are used to indicate the beginning and ending of a block.



File Handling

File Downloading

Methods to download files to the client:

InputStreamResource

Method to return ResponseEntity object is to be created.

This wraps InputStreamResource object for downloading the data to the client.

HttpServletResponse

File can be downloaded into HttpServletResponse using Reader or Stream.Write. Reader is used for text data while Stream.Write is for binary data.

StreamingResponseBody

It is useful when downloading a large file.



Duration: 45 min.

Problem Statement:

Create a project to upload and download a file in Spring Boot.

Assisted Practice: Guidelines

Steps to demonstrate file handling:

- 1. Install the STS Plugin in Eclipse
- 2. Create a Spring Boot starter project that is web enabled
- 3. Create dump.txt as a file for downloading
- 4. Create an HTML file that will show a form of file uploading
- 5. Create a MainController for handling file upload and download
- 6. Build the project
- 7. Publish and start the project
- 8. Run the project
- 9. Push the code to GitHub repositories



Swagger 2 ©Simplilearn. All rights reserved. simpl_ilearn

Swagger 2

Swagger is an open source framework used to describe the structure of APIs using a common language for all machines to read.

Importance of Swagger 2:

Makes it easy to design and model APIs based on industry standards

Used to create stable and reusable code for the API in any language

Used to create interactive API documentation

Used to perform simple functional tests on the API without overhead

Can set and enforce API style guidelines across the API architecture

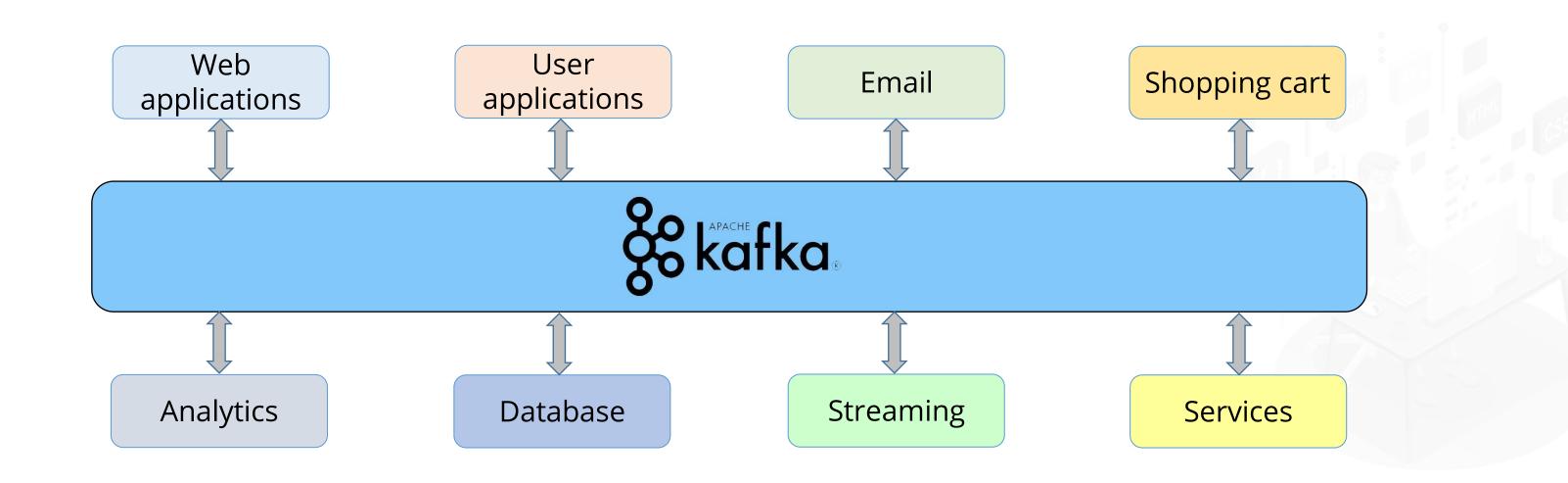


Apache Kafka

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Apache Kafka

Apache Kafka is a scalable and open-source data streaming and messaging system. It manages and maintains the real-time stream of data from different websites and applications.



Apache Kafka

Apache Kafka is a distributed publish-subscribe messaging system.

Some of its popular features:

- It is scalable in all directions
- It easily handles large volumes of data
- It easily transforms data
- It is fault tolerant toward data failure
- It is highly reliable, durable, and stable



Sending and Receiving Messages with Apache Kafka



Duration: 45 min.

Problem Statement:

Create a project to send and listen to Apache Kafka messages.

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Assisted Practice: Guidelines

Steps to work with Apache kafka in spring boot:

- 1. Install the STS Plugin in Eclipse
- 2. Create a Spring Boot starter project that is web enabled and has Apache Kafka dependencies
- 3. Create a KafkaProducerConfig class
- 4. Create a KafkaConsumerConfig class
- 5. Create a MainController to send a Kafka message
- 6. Configure a SpringRestApplication to listen to Kafka messages
- 7. Build the project
- 8. Publish and start the project
- 9. Run the project
- 10. Push the code to GitHub repositories



Database Handling ©Simplilearn. All rights reserved.

Database Handling

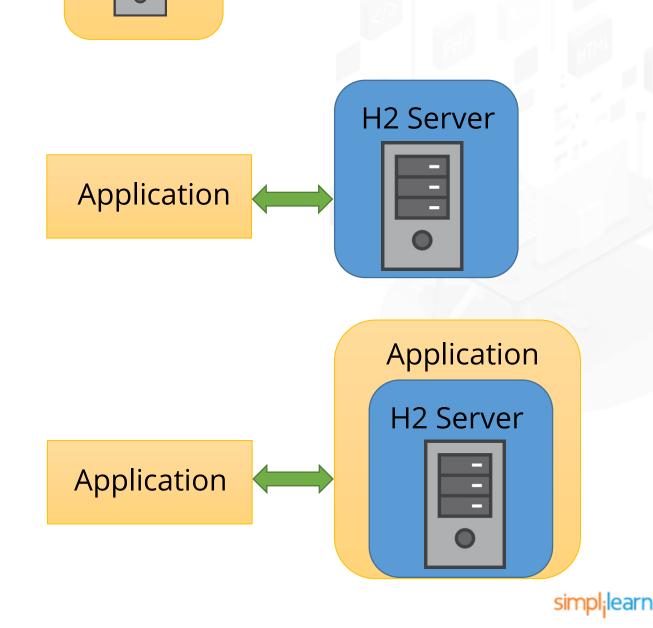
The database management system written in Java is H2. It is packaged and distributed with Java applications.

H2 can be run in three modes:

1. **Embedded mode**: Database is embedded inside the application

2. **Server mode**: Database and application are in separate servers

3. **Mixed mode**: Combination of embedded and server modes



Application

Importance of H2 Database Management System

Its speed as well as its startup speed is fast

It is a browser-based console application

It has a low memory requirement of about 2 MB

It can generate SQL script files

It contains a recovery tool to dump the contents of the database

It is free from platform constraints



Spring Boot: HTTPS ©Simplilearn. All rights reserved.

Why Spring Boot HTTPS

- By default, Spring Boot application runs on HTTP 8080 port when the application starts
- So we need to configure HTTPs and enable 443 for Spring Boot application

Spring Boot: HTTPS

Steps to implement HTTPS in Spring Boot:

1. Get an SSL (Secure Sockets Layer) certificate

2. Enable HTTPS and 403 ports in Spring Boot

3. Redirect HTTP requests to HTTPS

4. Distribute the SSL certificate to clients

a. Generate a self-signed SSL certificate

b. Use an existing SSL certificate



HTTPs for Spring Boot



Duration: 45 min.

Problem Statement:

Create a project to enable HTTPS and display in browser.

Assisted Practice: Guidelines

Steps to enable HTTPs in spring boot:

- 1. Install the STS Plugin in Eclipse
- 2. Create a Spring Boot Starter Project which is web-enabled
- 3. Use keytool (certificate manager) utility to create a self-signed SSL certificate key
- 4. Create MainController for showing a page in the browser under SSL
- 5. Configure application.properties to run the site in SSL
- 6. Build the Project
- 7. Publish and Start the Project
- 8. Run the Project
- 9. Push the code to GitHub repositories



Key Takeaways

Spring Boot is an extension of Spring that makes development, testing, and deployment more convenient.

There are two main approaches to handling exceptions in a Spring MVC application: HandlerExceptionResolver or the @ExceptionHandler annotation.

Edge server is a server placed at the edge or end of a network and used to connect to other networks.

Swagger avoids errors while writing code, ensures quality, and generates interactive documentation.

Apache Kafka is used to build real-time pipelines and for streaming apps.



Displaying User Feedback

Duration: 30 min.

Problem Statement:

Create a Spring Boot project that will capture user feedback using a REST endpoint. The REST resource will take in parameters using HTTP POST. The feedback data will be then added to a database table.

