Mastering Git



by

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What is Git?

■ Git is a tool that helps track changes in your files.

Key Points:

- Keeps a history of your work.
- Allows you to collaborate with others.
- Handles projects of all sizes.

Why Git?



Track Changes: See who changed what and when.



Collaborate: Work with others without overwriting each other's work.



Recover: Roll back to previous versions if needed.



Repository (Repo): Where your project lives.



Commit: A snapshot of your project.



Git Basics

Branch: A separate line of development.



Merge: Combining changes from different branches.





Installation:



Windows: **Download Git**



macOS: brew install git



Linux: sudo apt install git or sudo yum install git

Core Commands

- Initialize Repo: git init
- ► Clone Repo: git clone <url>
- ► Check Status: git status
- Stage Changes: git add <file>
- **Commit Changes:** git commit -m "message"
- Push Changes: git push
- **▶ Pull Changes:** git pull

Branching Made Simple

- Create Branch: git branch <name>
- Switch Branch: git checkout <name>
- Merge Branches: git merge <name>
- **Delete Branch:** git branch -d <name>

Collaborate with Ease

- ► Fork Repositories: Make your own copy.
- Pull Requests: Suggest changes to the main project.
- Conflict Resolution: Resolve conflicts with visual tools or manually.





Commit Often: Regularly save progress.



Clear Messages: Write descriptive commit messages.



Branch Strategically: Use branches for new features or fixes.



Push Regularly: Keep remote repositories updated.





Interactive Tutorials:

GitHub Learning Lab

Resources for Learning



Codecademy Git Course



Documentation: Git
Documentation

Thank you

