# Lab 5: Configuring NAT (Network Address Translation) on a Router

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**Aim:** Configure NAT on a router to enable multiple devices to share a single public IP address.

#### **Objectives:**

- 1. Set up NAT on a router.
- 2. Configure internal devices to use private IP addresses.
- 3. Verify NAT functionality.

### Steps:

1. Open Cisco Packet Tracer: ○ Start a new project.

#### 2. Add Devices:

- o Add a Router: Drag a router (e.g., 2911).
- o Add PCs and a Server: Connect PCs and a server to the router.

#### 3. Configure NAT on the Router:

Access the router CLI and configure NAT:

```
Router* enable
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# interface gig0/0
Router(config-if)# ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)# ip nat inside
Router(config-if)# exit
Router(config)# interface gig0/1
Router(config-if)# ip address 203.0.113.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)# ip nat outside
Router(config-if)# exit
```

Router(config) # ip nat inside source list 1 interface gig0/1
overload
Router(config) # access-list 1 permit 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255

## 4. Configure PCs with Private IP Addresses:

o Assign private IP addresses to PCs (e.g., 192.168.1.2, 192.168.1.3).

### 5. **Verify NAT Functionality:**

 On each PC, use the Command Prompt to ping an external IP address (e.g., 8.8.8.8) to verify NAT is working.