#### CHAPTER-1 : ECONOMICS



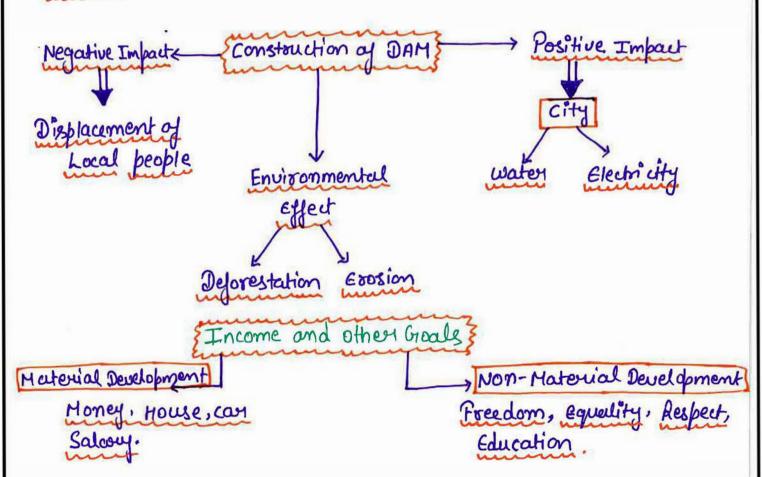


Development reports to Qualitative change, that enlarges people choices.



Conflicting Vicus on Development

Example



## (Comparison ( In Torms of Development)



Country's Income 1 = Country Developed 1

Average Income of a country

Total Income Total Population

> Called Per-Capita
Income

Country's Classification on the basis of Development

Developed -

Under-Developed

Developing

Categorised by world Jank. Every year it publishes report by categorising countries into Developed, Developing or under developed on the basis of Per-capita Income (PCI)

cons of this report

\* It considers only Income, not other aspects like literacy, health

why kerala much dweloped as compared to Other States, even having less Per capita Income?

- \* Because of, Better health facilities
- \* Better Education, with max rate of literacy.
- \* Have a good Public distribution system.

Infant Mortality Rate (IMR)

It Indicates the not of children that die before the age of one year as a proportion of 1000 live children born in that Particular year.

(2)

### Refers to basic facilities Provided by gout. to all its citizens



Public Facilities Because all citizen of a country are not equally rich

Examples

\* Public transport, Paules

\* Public Distribution system (Ration shops)

### Body Mass Index

undernowished -> less than 18.5 Normal -Overweight -> more than 25

Human development Report

Every year, UNDP publish its report and Rank the countries acc. to Human Development Index (HDI)

India HDI Rank -> 2019 -> 129 out of 189 -> 2023 -> 132 out of 191

# ¿ Sustainable Development

Means development should take place without damaging the Environment and development in present should not compromise with future needs.

- \* Renewable Resources -> Early Replenish eg bround water, Sunlight
- \* Non-Renewable Resources -> can not be Replenish eg crude oil

