### **Chapter 5: Advanced Python Concepts**

Lesson 2: File Handling 🗂

#### **&** Objective:

By the end of this lesson, you'll be able to:

- Open, read, write, and close files in Python
- Understand file modes ("r", "w", "a", "x")
- Use the with statement for file operations

## Part 1: What is File Handling?

File handling allows Python to **read from** and **write to** files stored on your computer.

#### Part 2: Opening a File

Python uses the built-in open() function:

```
file = open("example.txt", "r")
```

- "example.txt" name of the file
- "r" mode (in this case, read mode)

#### **K** File Modes:

Mode	Meaning	Description
r	Read	Default. Opens file for reading
W	Write	Overwrites file or creates it
a	Append	Adds data to end of file

### Part 3: Reading a File

```
file = open("example.txt", "r")
content = file.read()
print(content)
file.close()
```

#### ★ Shortcut: Using with Statement

Automatically closes the file after usage:

```
with open("example.txt", "r") as file:
  content = file.read()
  print(content)
```

# Part 4: Writing to a File

```
with open("newfile.txt", "w") as file:
    file.write("Hello, world!")
```

If the file exists, write() will erase its contents.

## ♣ Part 5: Appending to a File

```
with open("newfile.txt", "a") as file:
    file.write("\nThis is a new line.")
```

#### Exercises

- 1. Create a file named mydata.txt and write your name in it.
- 2. Read and print the contents of mydata.txt.
- 3. Append your age to mydata.txt.