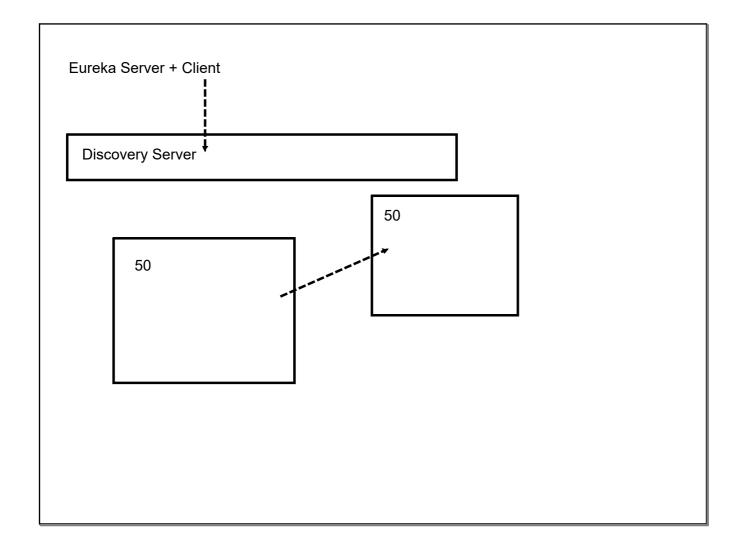
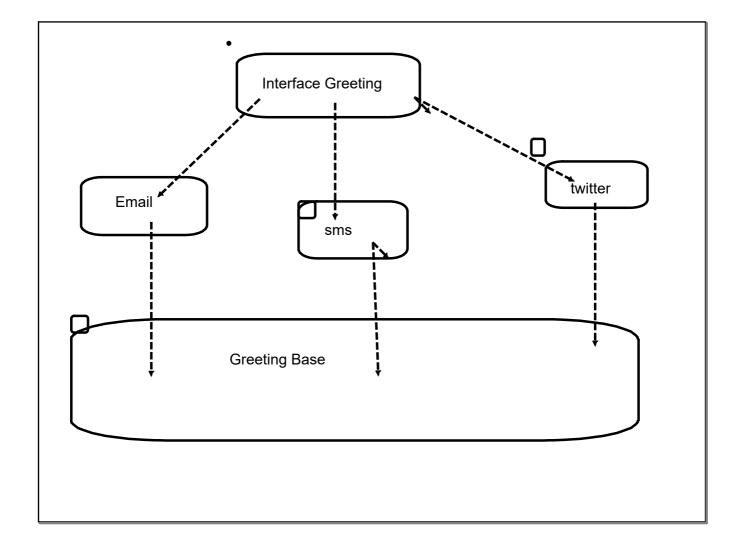
Java-8
=> Lambdas
Functional Programming
those feature that define functional programming
streams
Executor (Future)
Concurrency Collection

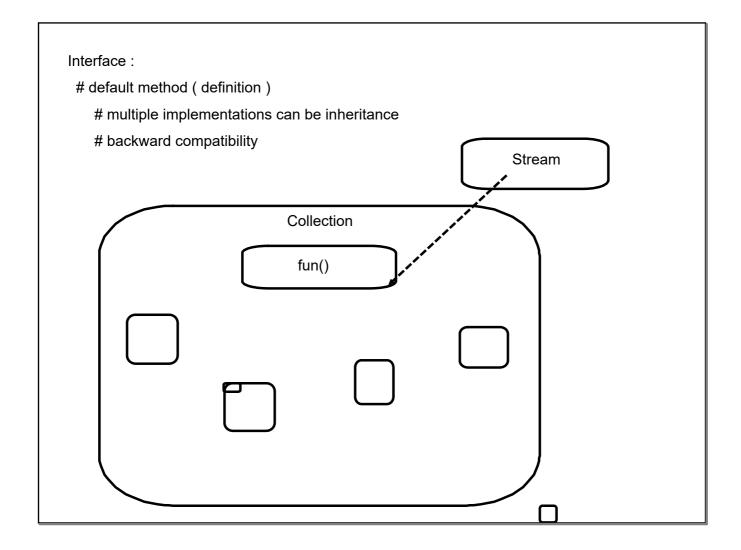
Style:
Traditional: Imperative
(HOW)
#exposing the steps how to perform an operation
embrace object mutability (not in sync with concurrency)
Functional: Declarative
(What): result
immutability
Analogous SQL

LTI-Contents

August 12, 2020







Escape from OOPs
independent Functions (not wrapped inside an object)
Relationship between interface and function
interface must have only one abstract method (any number of default/static):
Functional Interface : Annotation @FunctionalInterface
single method signature must match with function implementation

```
Lambda expression
    (<arg1>,<arg2>) -> {
}

arg1 -> {
}

() -> {
}

(<arg1>) -> <return> <single instruction>

(a,b) -> <return>a+b;

return a+b;
}
```

```
Pre defined functional interfaces

=> Runnable
=> Comparator

Explicit Functional Interface

# Consumer

void accept(<>>);

DoubleConsumer() // specialized implementations on primitive

BiConsumer

void accept(<>,<>);

# Predicate (test)

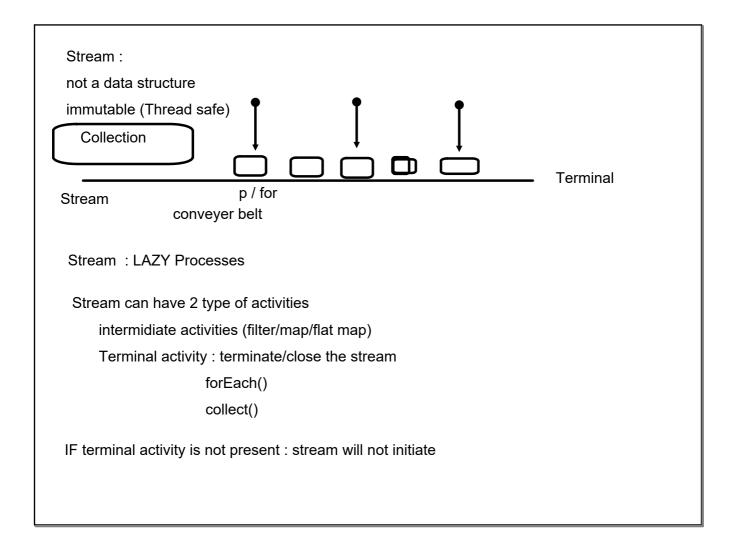
boolean test(<>)

# Supplier

<> get()

# Function

<> apply(<>>)
```



groupingBy(<return> Function(student))

return value : would become a group

Transforms
y map(x)
flatmap() : Collection into stream

map:

["",""]

["",""]

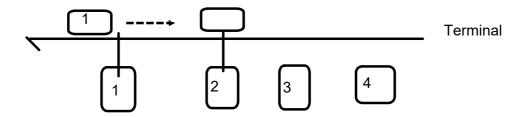
return type fixed : stream of data passed as argument

(Stream of) Multiple collection
into (Stream of) single collection

Stream:

Sequential Stream

Parallel Stream



Parallel Streaming not commended if working on external mutable data (not thread safe)

Activities that are inherently complex

	rator : variant Fulx) : x and y can b		type	
z BinaryOp	erator(x,y) : x,y,z	: must be of s	ame type	

Multithreading:

interleaved (Threaded Multitasking)

- 1. Multiple activities waiting for I/O: that time can be used by tasks
- 2. Multi-core architecture of micro-processor

Base Interface :

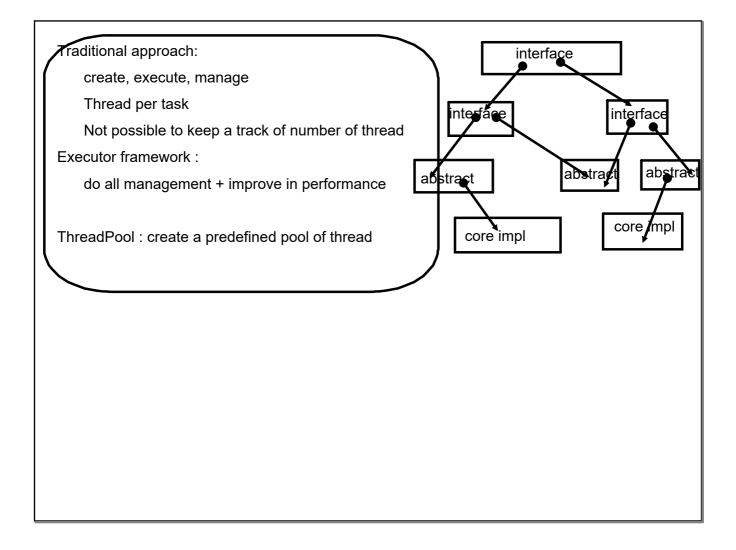
Runnable (run)

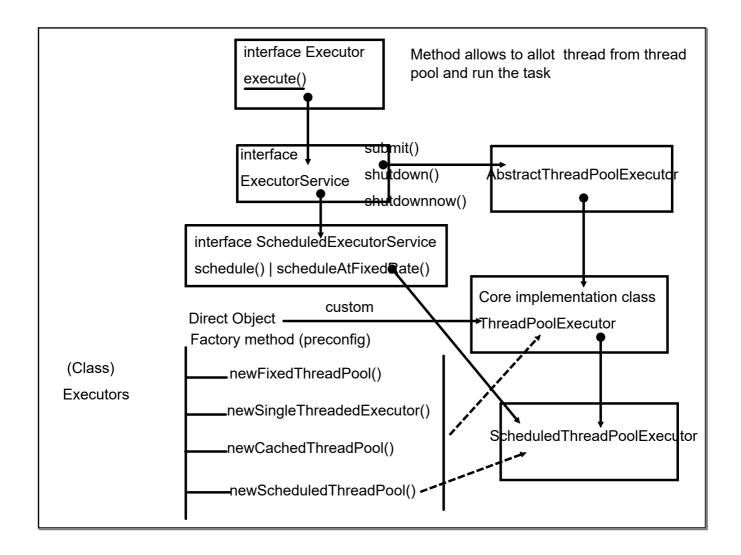
Implementation:

Core Functionality of Multithreading (Thread)

inheriting Runnable

inheriting Thread





Need to create instance of ThreadPoolExecutor

FixedThreadPool (number of thread are predefined(extra task alloted will added to queue)

CustomThreadPoolExecutor

<corePoolSize> : number of threads to always keep even if they are idle (2)

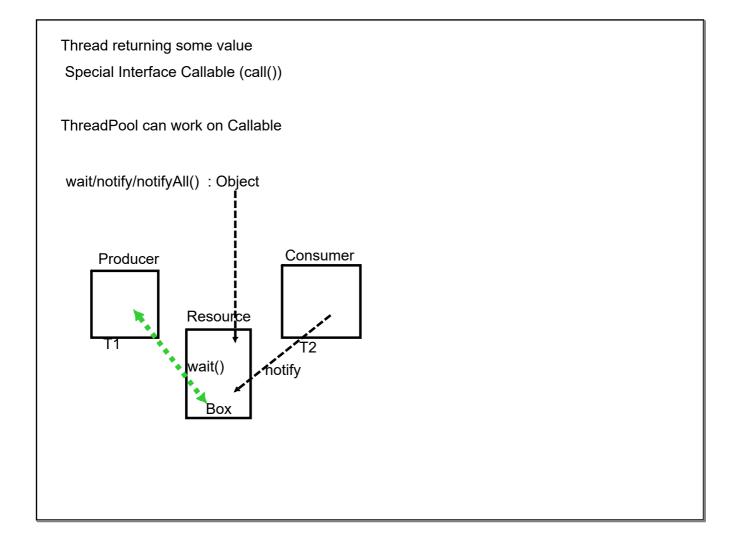
<maxPoolSize>: max no of thread (5)

<keepAliveTime> : time to wait before idle thread gets removed/released from thread pool

<TimeUnit>:

<queue capacity>: capacity of queue

<RejectedHAndler> : what to do if a task is rejected from queue



ExecutorCompletionService

: will going to get results in order of completion of task

Future: blocking

CompletableFuture <callback : logic to follow when task is done>

Functional interfaces

Runnable

Callable

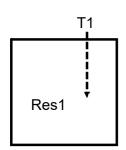
=> Supplier

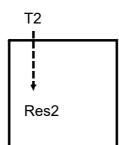
the method to associate a callback function

- 1. thenApply(Function); // transform
- 2. thenAccept(Consumer); // consuming and using

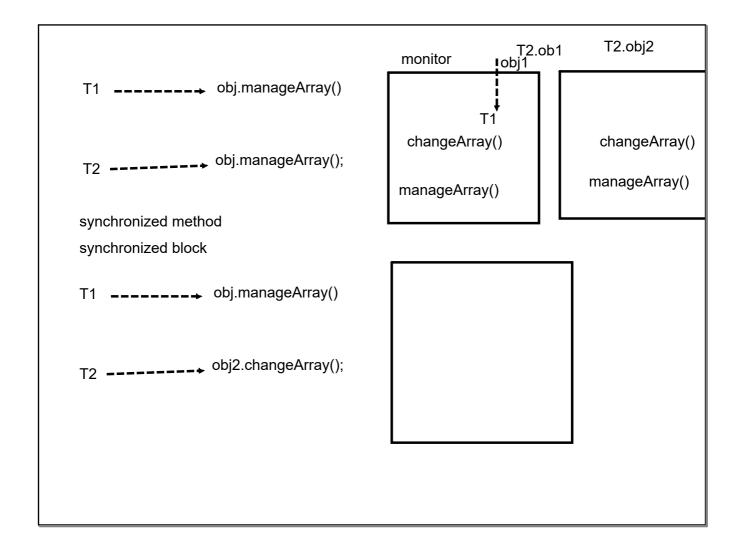
CompleatableFuture by default uses the inbuilt thread pool ForkJoinPool.commonPool();

Executor ThreadPool





Common Resource Shared among multiple threads (Thread safe)
Resolve Data inconsistency



locking:

=>wide spectrum locking : (synchronized...)

=>granular locking

java.util.concurrent.

API : Granular locking on resources

Collection API

1 .Traditional: 2

1. HashTable

2. Vector

2. To get a Thread safe variant of those class Collections.concurrentList(); all methods are sync

Atomic operation : single CPU instruction

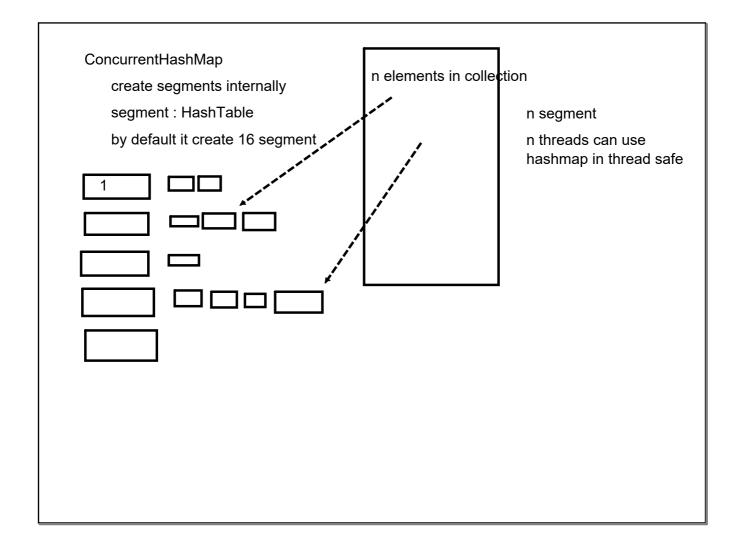
n=10; // Thread safe operations

assignment long/double are non-atomic

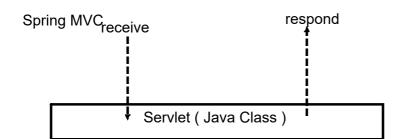
Concurent API: Focus on granular locking

Provides Atomic Variant of type: allow to convert non-atomic activities into atomic

multiple approach for ThreadSafety along with high level of concurrency



Servlet Technology



How to define java class as Servlet

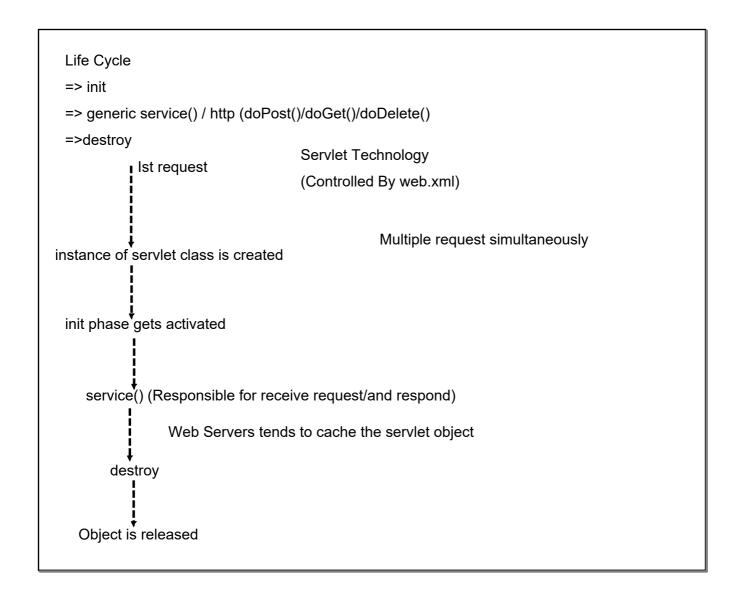
Extends

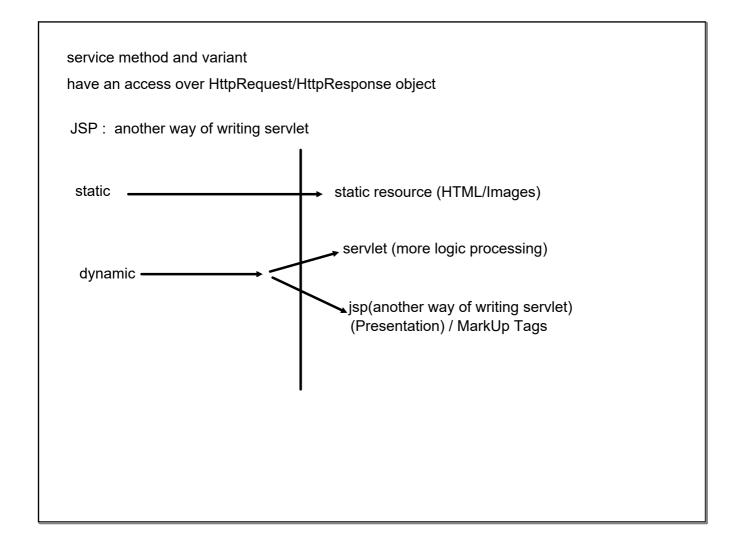
HttpServlet/GenericServlet

GenericServlet: does not classifies between various HTTP Verbs

HttpServlet : can identify

GET/POST/PUT/DELETE/PATCH





Spring uses Servlet Technology:

But provides a high level abstraction over complexities/ boilerplate req / config and enhances the seperation of concerns

MVC architecture

Controller: to receive request / process it

uti dao Model

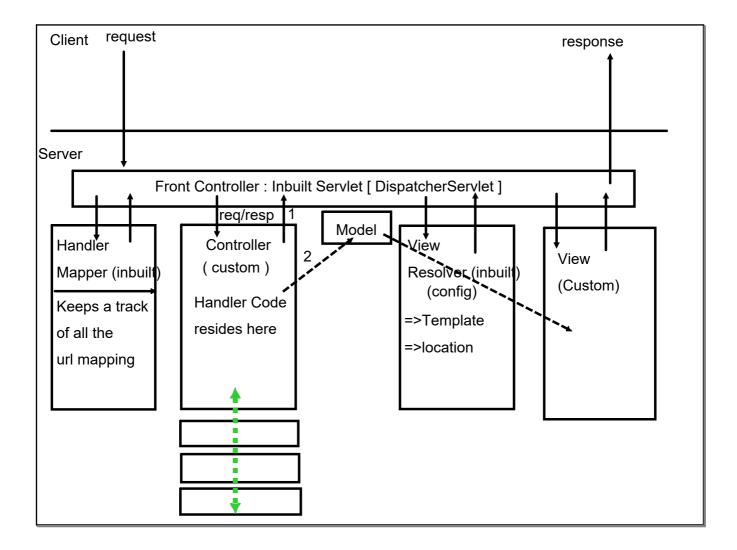
service

Controller

View

respond

Servlet		
service method as task :		
assign it to thread		



we need to register your app resources (servlet spec)

Servlet:

need to register

registeration can also be done using annotation Controller: "index"

Register DispatcherServlet

create a complete path

Config of Spring in place

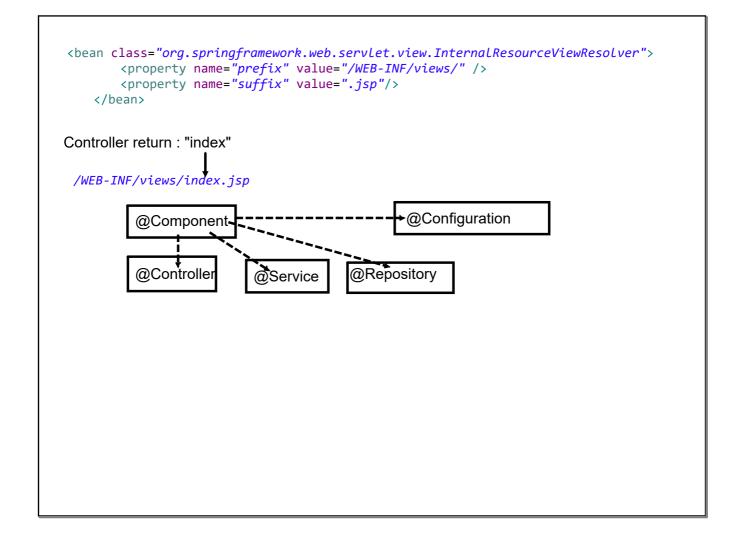
xml file

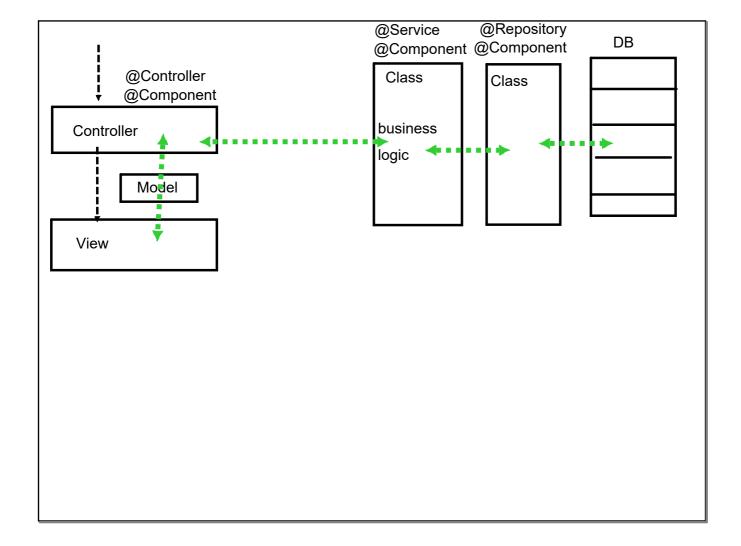
java

Need Spring config to connect with DS

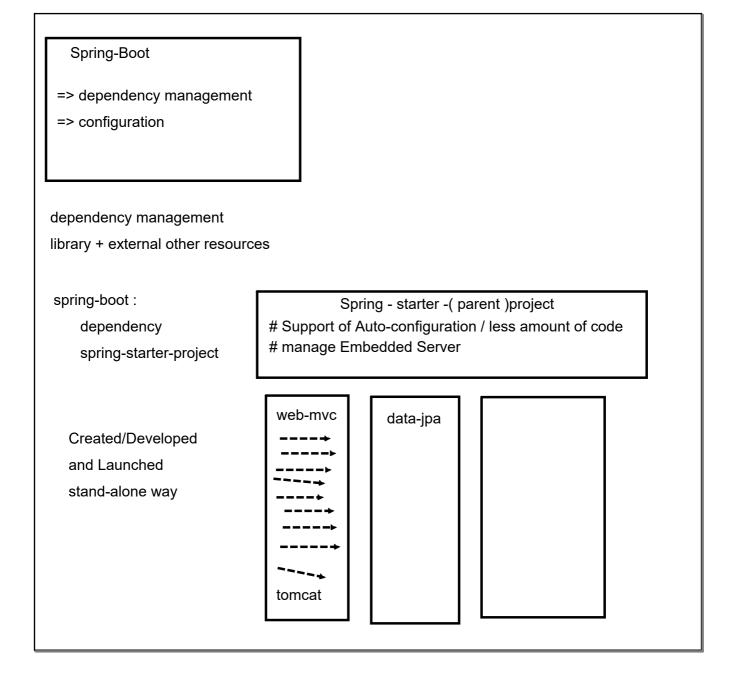
xml : <servlet-name>-servlet.xml

View Resolver : location + template (jsp+jstl) [extension]





web.xml : ~ java config class
dispatcher-servlet.xml : ~ java config class
1. alternate for packaging : maven war plugin
Spring provides an inbuilt class to register DS



start.spring.io

maven cli

maven command

Configuration

Spring boot Annotation

Dependency

Customization : special file application.properties

key=value

key: predefined keys from different spring projects

: possible values

: custom keys/values

spring: yaml

: heirarchy

: application.yaml

```
curated list of multiple annotation

EnableAutoConfiguration

# tracking the dependencies

# based on dependencies added:

add default config

expose the key

eg:

maven-web: Spring mvc:

DS servlet

spring-security

add default security

expose username/passed

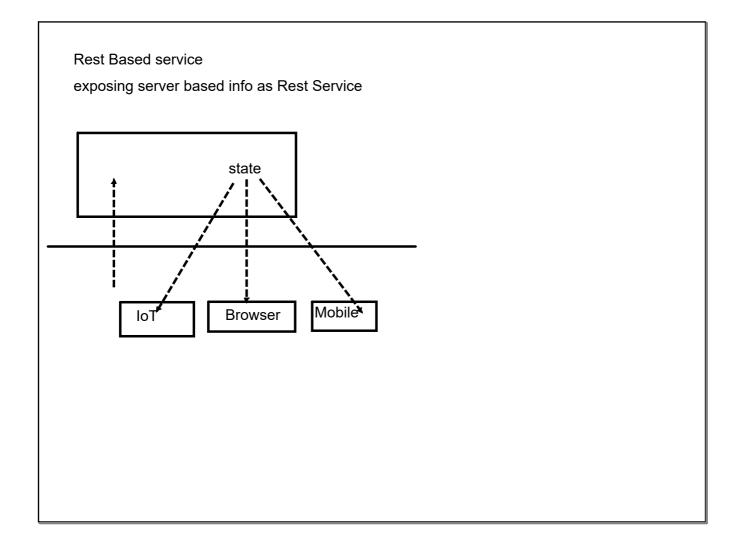
# tracking the properties files
```

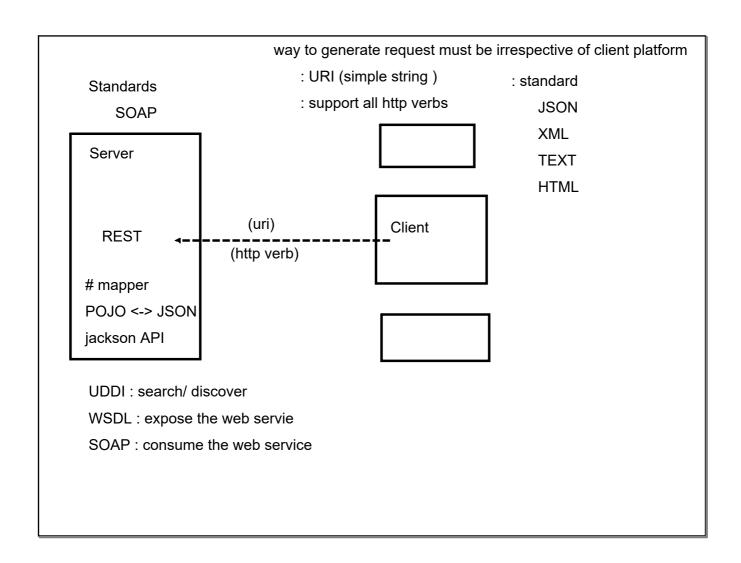
looks for custom key-values pairs

Spring Boot Annotation

defined in config-file cli : key-values

mvc application
controller
view
pre-configured to use thymeleaf
View pages:
View Templates
Jsp-jstl
Thymeleaf
Mustache
FreeMArker
Tile
Velocity





 $@{\sf RestController}: interconversion\ take\ care\ of$

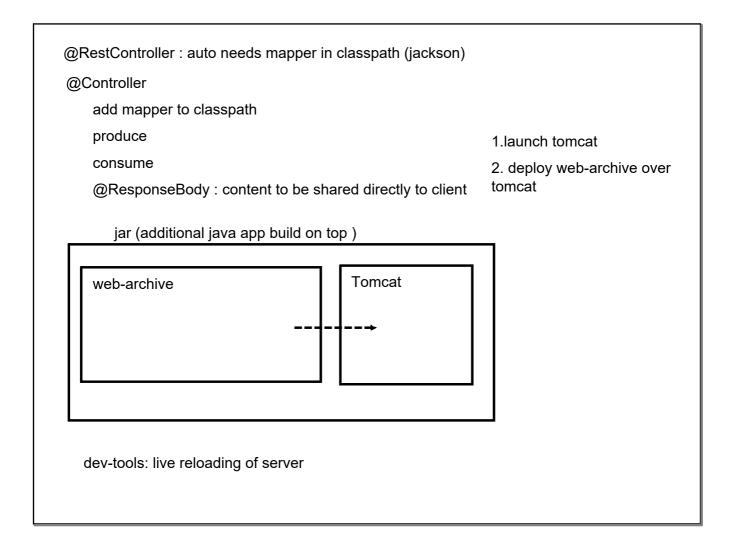
client intention

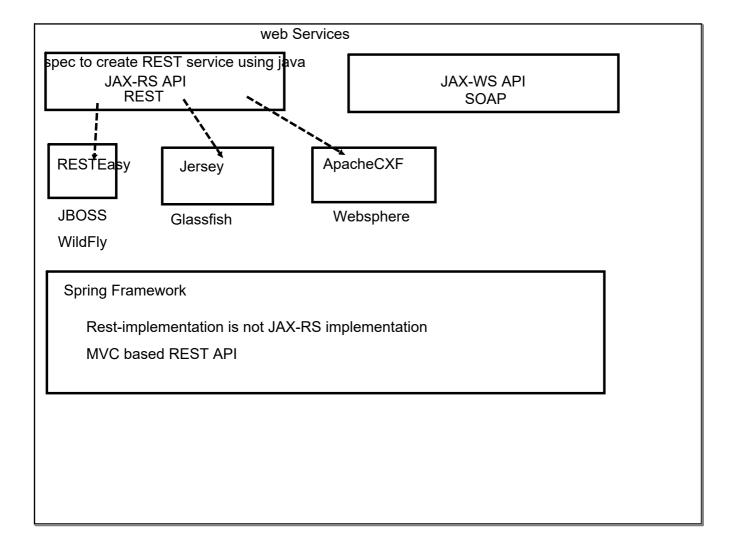
GET : data retrieval Student /student

POST : add new data /getAll

PUT : edition Employee /employee

DELETE : delete /getAll





actuator: exposes rest endpoint

Microservice architecture implements

Dividing a single large sized monolith application into multiple smaller (independent) application

microservices: responsible to expose a particular service

DataDriven/Rest based

Stateless

Service Oriented Architecture: SOA:

Microservice: + technology/approach/design pattern

Monolith issues involve light wight VS for deploying service components Deployment: Multi-Technology service component DB: ideally must be using independent DB Scaling: individual service comp Robust in implementation		
Multi-Technology service component DB: ideally must be using independent DB Scaling: individual service comp		omponents
	Scaling : individual service comp	

Design Guideline: MS (12 factor)

Design Pattern

Lightweight : concern/runtimes/data exchanging
Reactive : highly concurrent/longer processing

Stateless: scale better

Atomic: core design principle

Externalized config : config server

Consistent : style

Resilient : eliminate bottleneck

Good Citizens: expose usage statistics

well versioned:

Design Pattern:

Decompositions:

a) business capabilities

business-oriented rather than technical

b) sub-domain (technical)

domain class (parent/God classes)

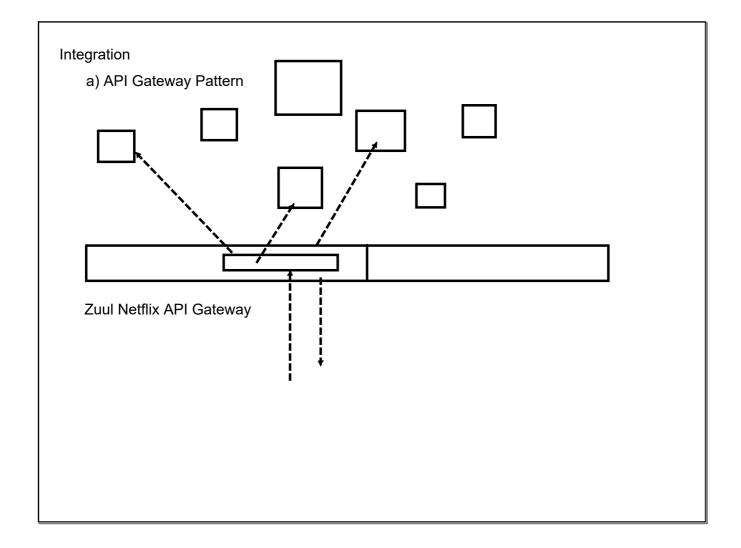
DDD: bounded context

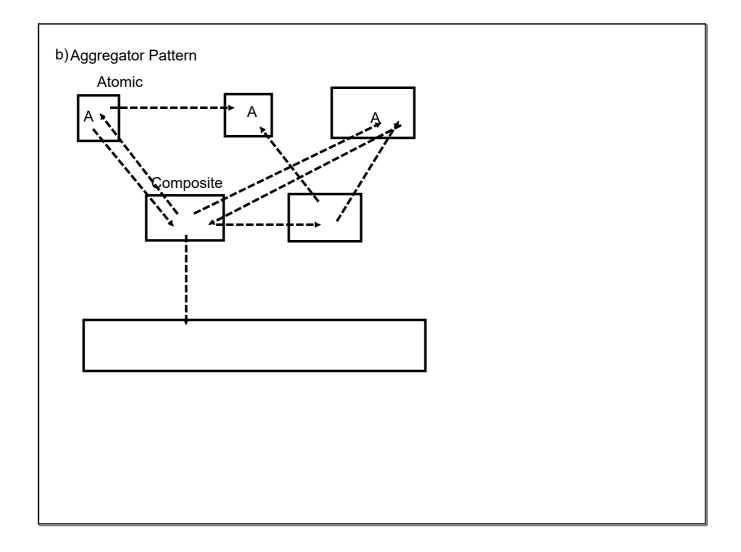
sub-domains : BC with parent model

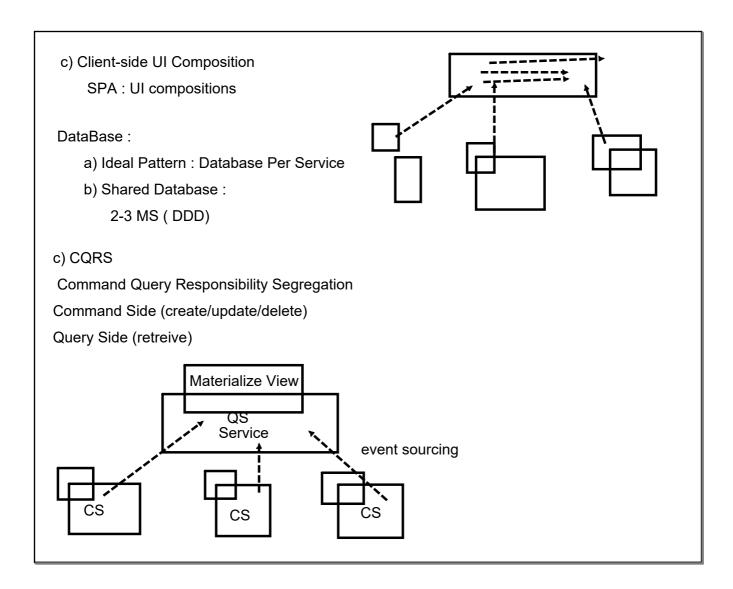
c) Strangler patterns

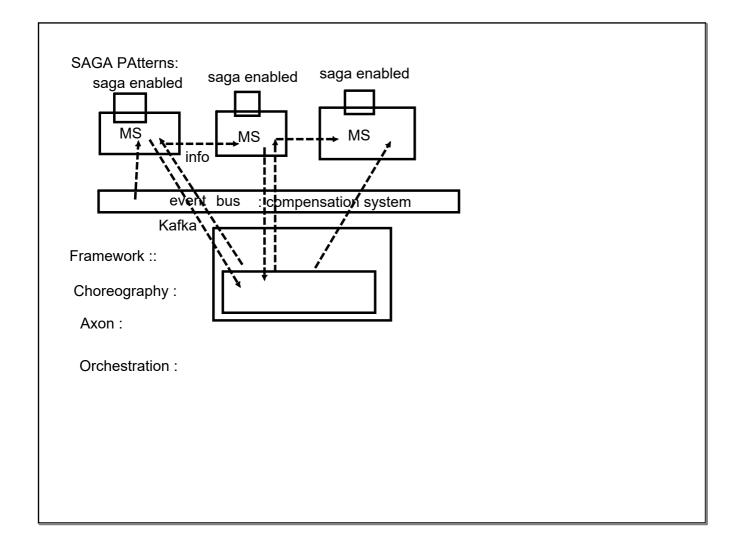
brownfield: converting monolith into MS

refactoring smaller req...









Observability PAttern

a) Log Aggregation:

Centralized Logging pattern in place

track the log on request basis,

search

analysis

triggers alert

PCF : Pivotal Cloud Foundary

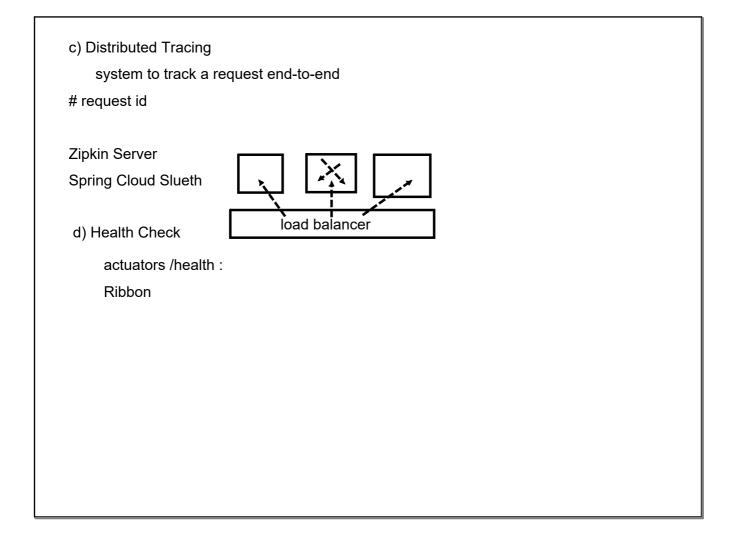
AWS Cloud Watch

b) Performance based

Centralized Metric service

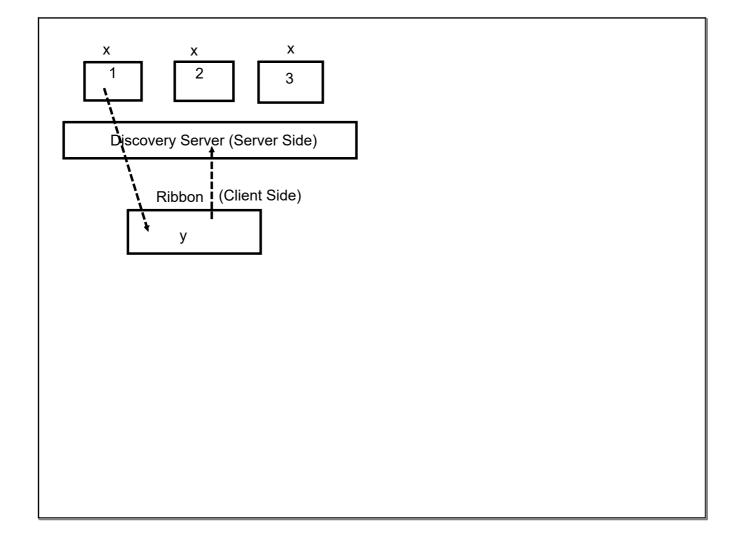
push/pull model

- =>NewRelics
- =>Prometheus

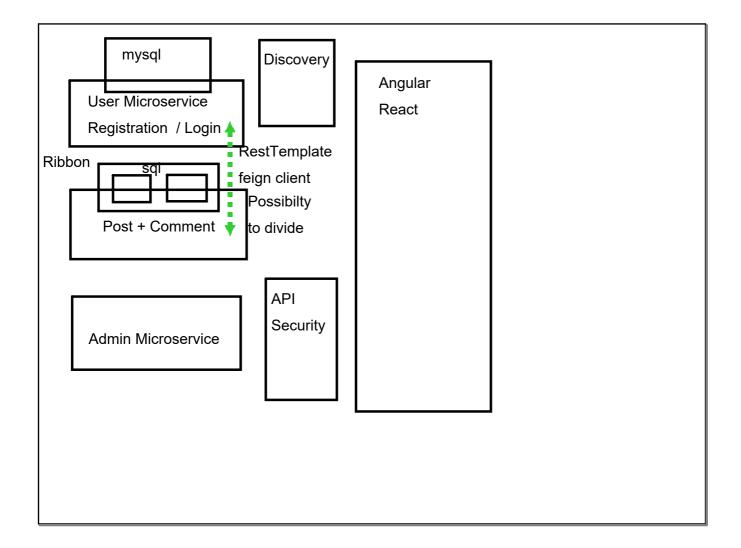


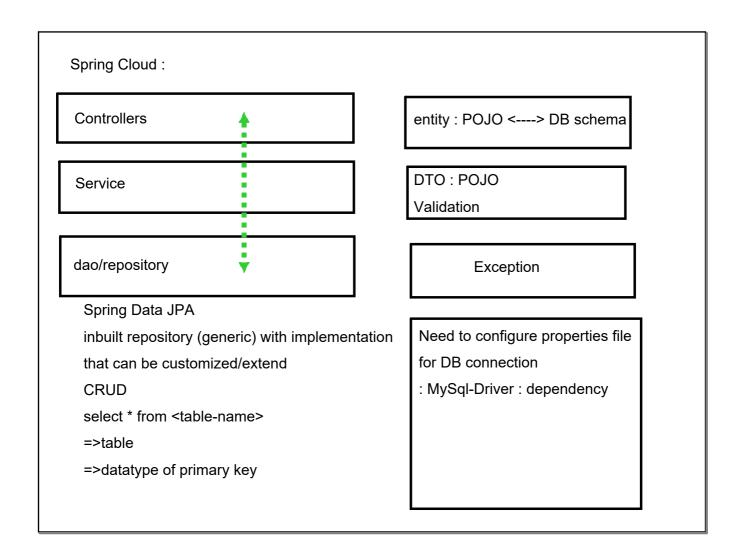
Cross-Cutting Concerns

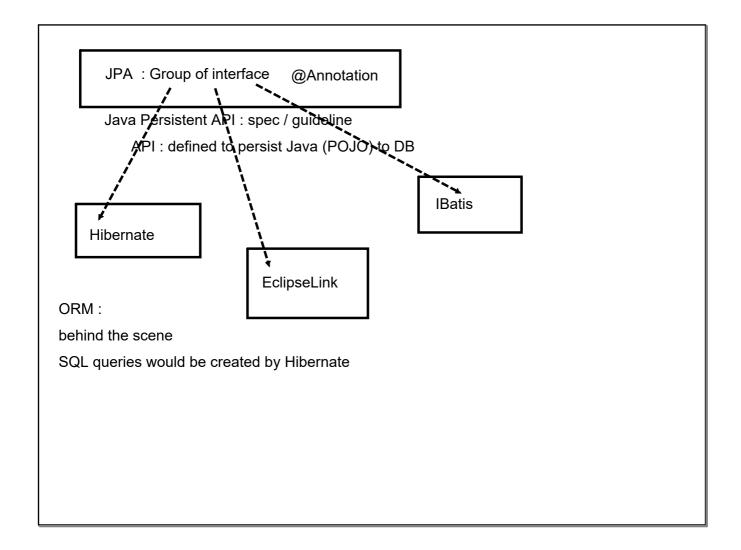
- a) External ConfigurationSpring Cloud Config Server
- b) Service Discovery Pattern# all service shall register with registry systemNetflix Eureka ServerAWS ALB

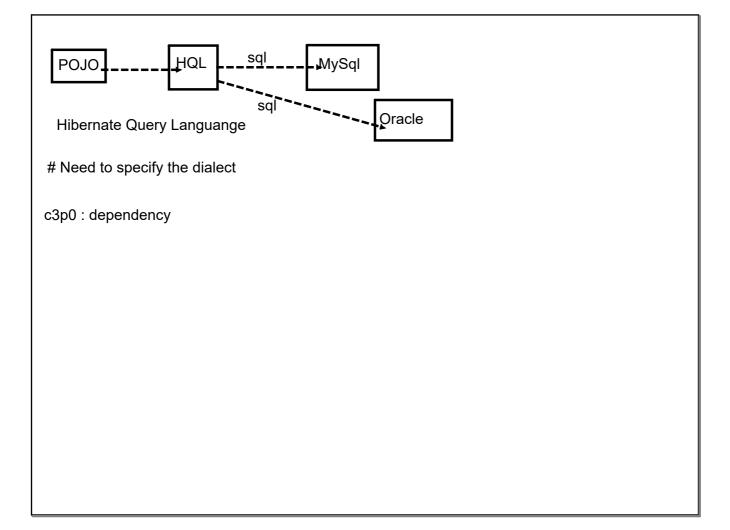


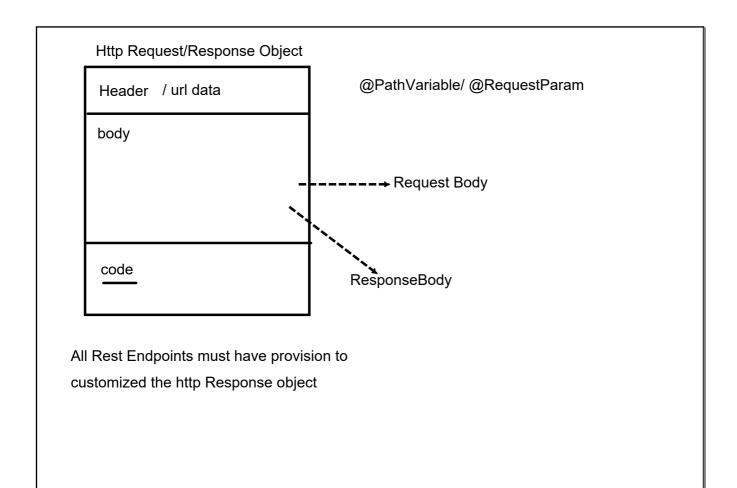
c) Circuit Breaker Pattern	
threshold	
default response	
keep on trying	
Netflix Hystrix	
10 sec	
5	
fallback	

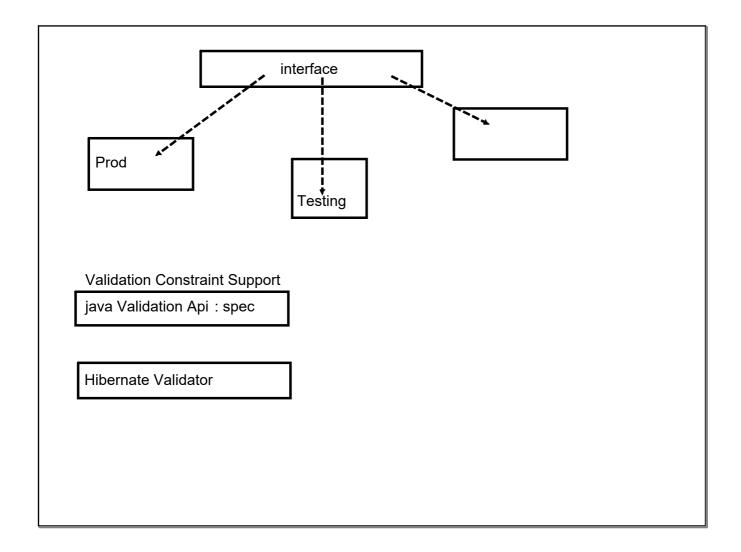












Client Expecting : UserDetailDto (Success status)
Exception : UserExceptionDto (Failed status): throw an exception on client end of type mismatch
Server shall respond with appropriate status code
REst Client have provisions to check the status code

Adding a new data: instance/info about newly added data

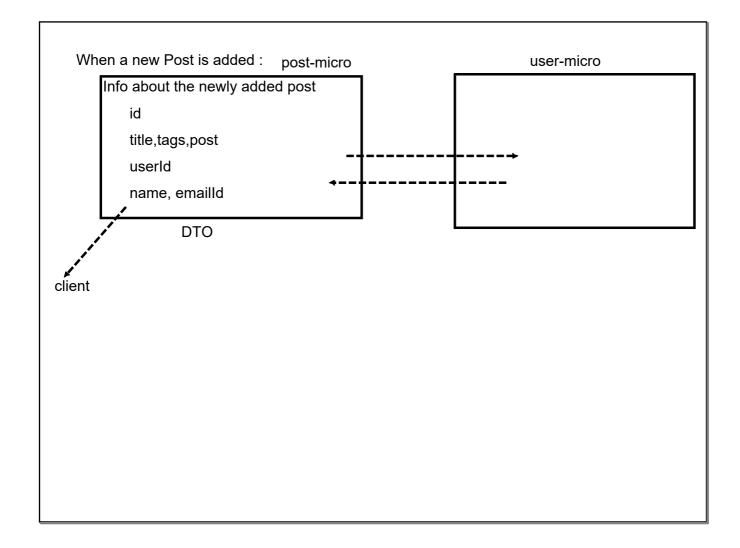
Updating the data: instance/info about update data

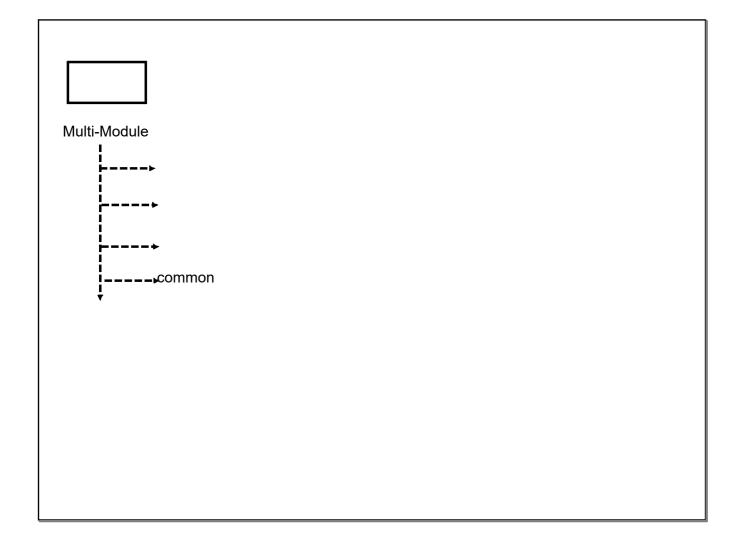
Deleting the record: instance/info about deleted data

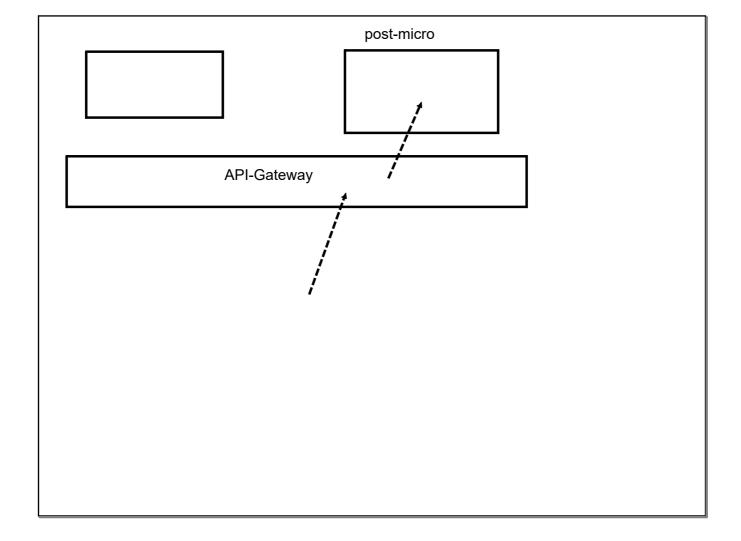
DTO - entity DTO ->

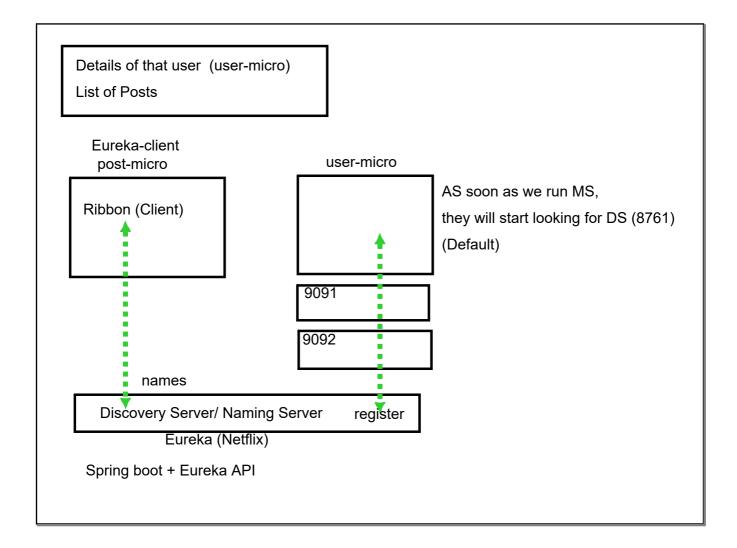
4 + 3 ---> DB

Client: 7 fld (primary









Two tables

1. User credential

2. Roles

User-Credentials

table ("users")

username : String

password : String

enabled : boolean

Roles

table ("authorities")

username : String

authority : String

password: encrypted form

Spring security supports multiple encryption

eg:

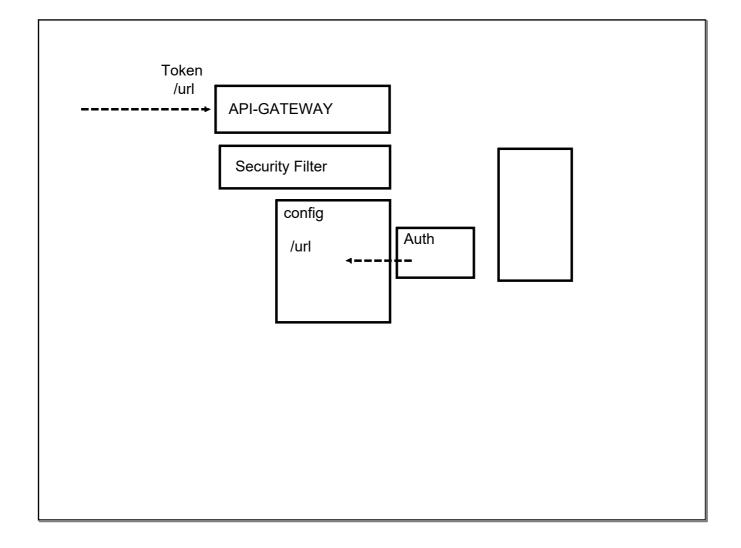
Plain-Text Bcrypt (one way)

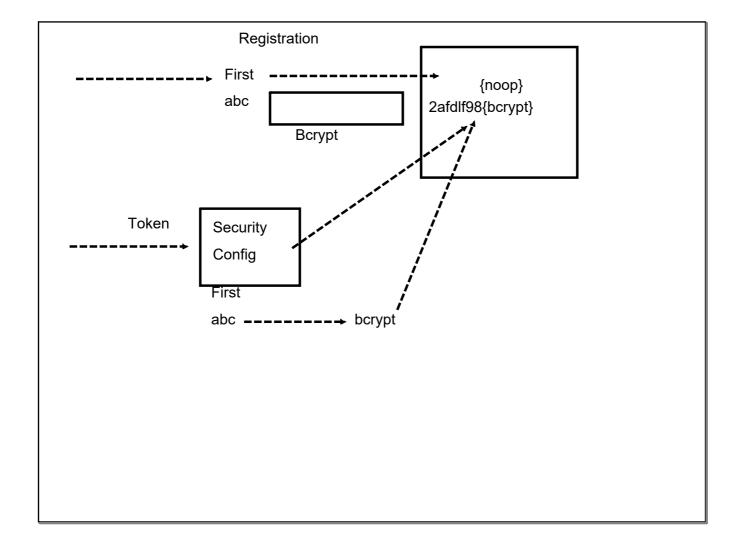
abc{noop}

{bcrypt}2afdhfldron98

Roles:

Manager ~ Role_Manager





3 core elements

HTML : Structure
CSS : Presentation
JavaScript : Behavior

HTML-5

Validations

Drag n Drop

Semantic Tags

Web Workers

Offline functionlity

Geolocation

New Semantic Tag (Backward Compatible)

purpose full (specific to req)

=> container

=> attributes -- Form based extention

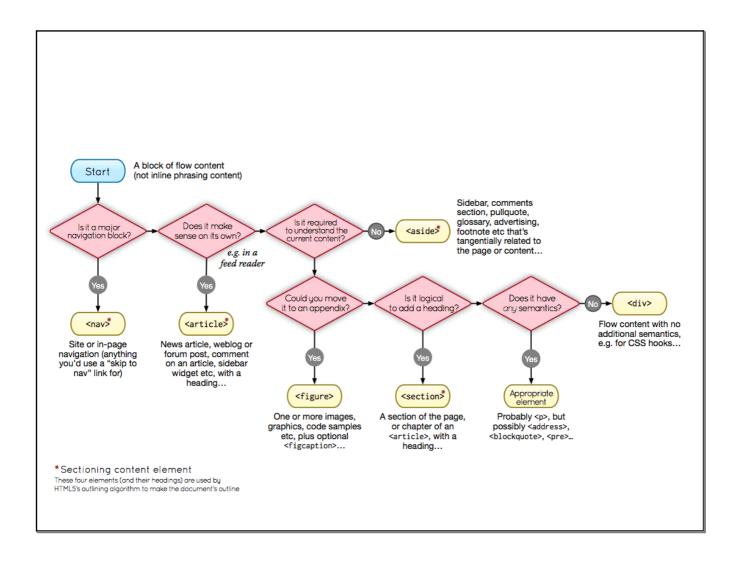
Smooth Renderring (outline algo)

more compatible to search algo

in sync with Assisstive Tech

```
# Standardized Error handling algo : Developers (Debug)
# images/audio/videos : third party plugins : HTML5 tags + API (control)
# Built-in APIs
```

traditional:
 , , <div>
article
section
aside
header
footer



# special att : custom behavior of form <form></form>	

Canvas API

DOM Tree managed by the browser

Html component(Tag) : JS - object

User Interaction : presentation : CSS

Cascade style sheet

Stylesheet:: set of rules 'presented'

Cascade: set of rules: resolve the conflict of multiple ss applied on a element

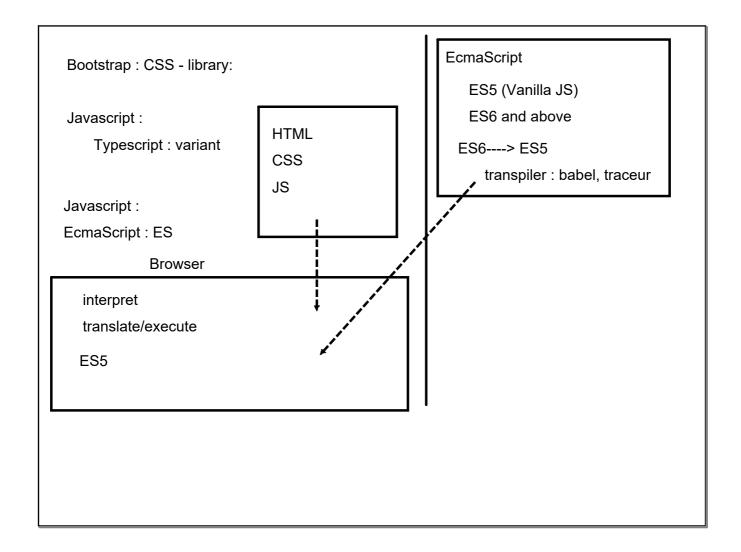
```
Specificity
controlling over where to apply the style

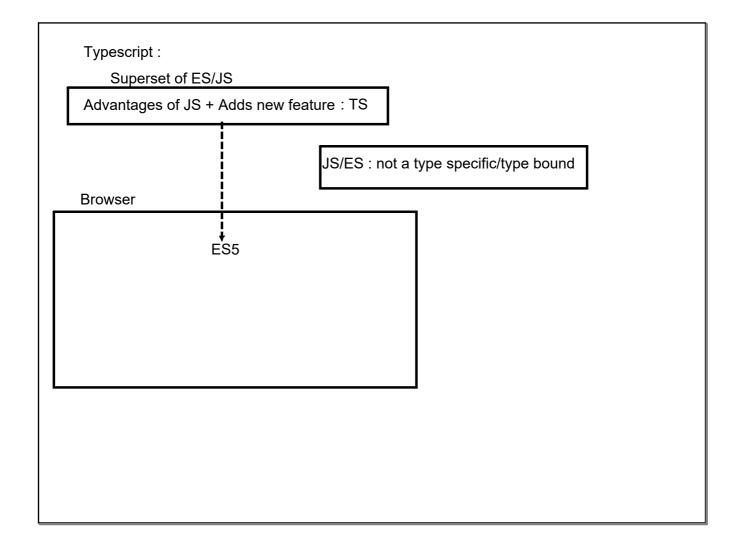
CSS rule:
CSS Selector
CSS declaration

selector {
property: value
}

selector: css rule would be applied to which HTML elem
```

Selector	
Type (most varied : w	ride spectrum : which type HTML element)
ID	
class	
eg:	•
p{	class
	.mclass{
}	
J	}
ID : very specific	
#canvastest{	
}	
,	





Javascript
function add(num1, num2){
// validation check
return num1 + num2;

call : add(20, 30); // arithmatic addition: add('hello', 'world'); // string concatenation

Typescript:

Named Types...

NextGen JS features

NonJS features like Interface/Generics

Decorators (Meta-Programming)

More Config options

Transpiler : Typescript compiler

Javascript based resource, managed way

management tool:

nodejs : npm : node package manager

yarn

NodeJs: installed + system path

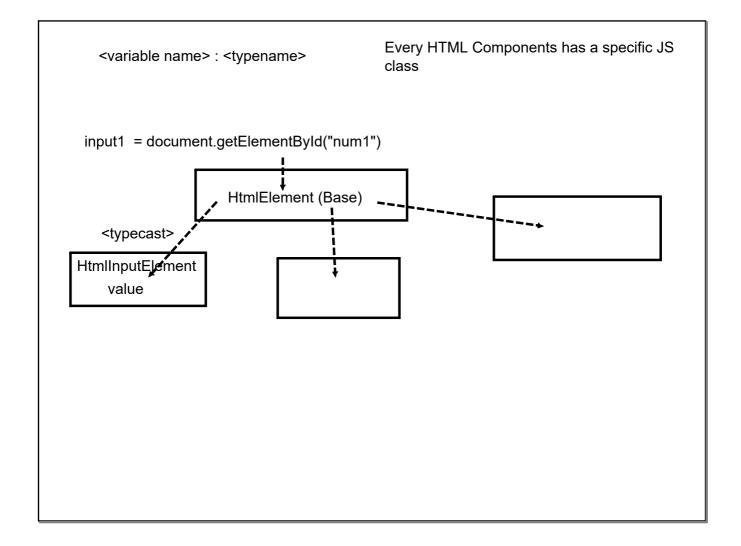
(npm): cli

NodeJs: Framework that allows to use JS for server side programming: non-blocking, asynchronous server implementation

npm: is a project management tool for JS related project management

Need to install typescript compiler>npm install -g <tool> (global installation)> npm install -g typescript

Typescript file must have ext:.ts



var ~ ES6 : const / let

Core Types

number : integer/fractions
string : 'hello', "hello", `hello`

boolean: true,false

object : Javascript object (more type specific)Object Notation

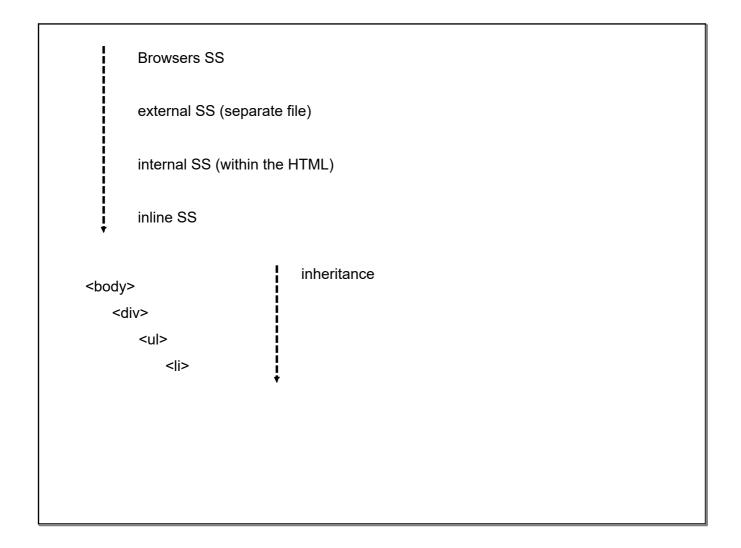
Array: JS has way to create array of heterogenous nature (TS: homogenous)

Tuple: Fixed length: Type

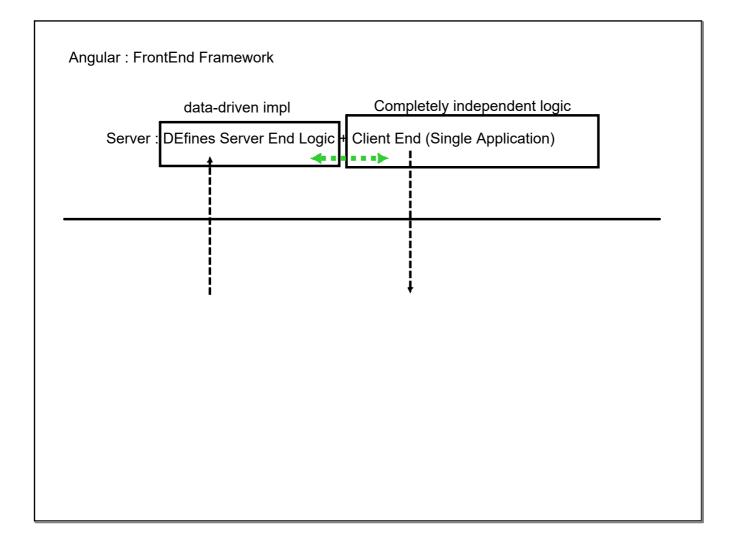
Union : specify multiple types

Enum : enumerated Datatype

any: default JS type



Classes : high level way :
Closures:
have global variable(memory retains across function calls) with local scope
static variables of C functions



Loose coupling of Server Side (backend logic) and Client Side (Frontend logic)

- 1. Server Side is reusable
- 2. Client Side is also reusable (flexible)
- 3. More independent implementation
- 4. Load Distribution among client machine (renderring the dynamic web-pages : JS)
- 5. Client End Renderring can Highly customized

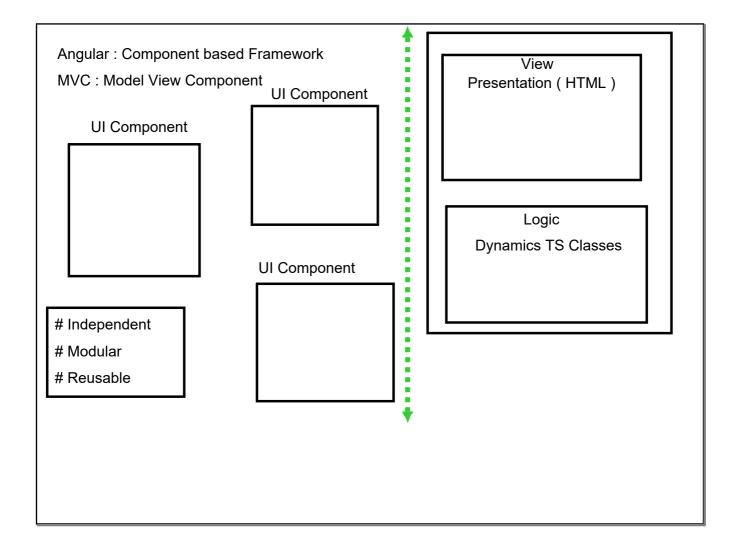
Angular Framework

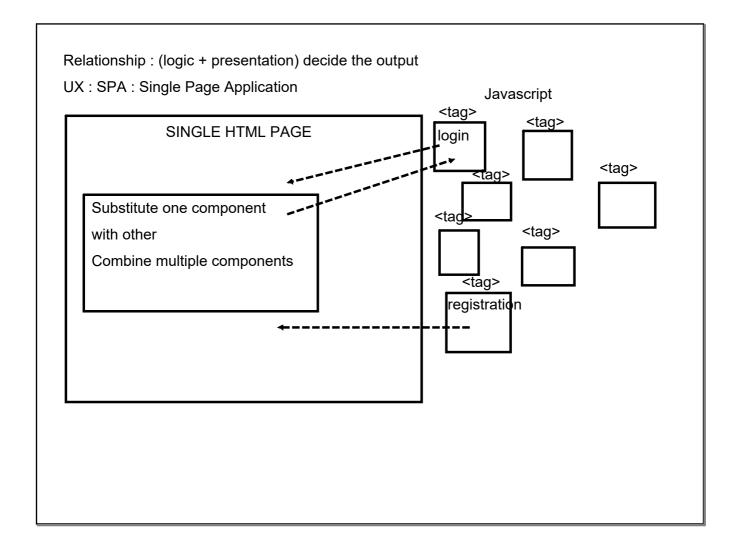
Complete Framework

Base Script: TS

Resources : Client Side JS Community Library

npm to manage angular application





Angular/CLI Project needs to be installed

Download angular CLI/installed

(by default latest version)

> npm install -g @angular/cli

Angular CLI will expose angular specific command

- > ng <option> (syntax)
- > ng new <project-name>
- 1. Complete folder/file structure required as Angular Framework project
- 2. Download default Angular lib
- > Add routing module (Y)
- > Stylesheet : CSS(default)

Feature Set for Unit/Integration Testing and End-To-End Testing

1. Jasmine Framework: JS Testing Framework (Write Test case unit/integration + e2e)

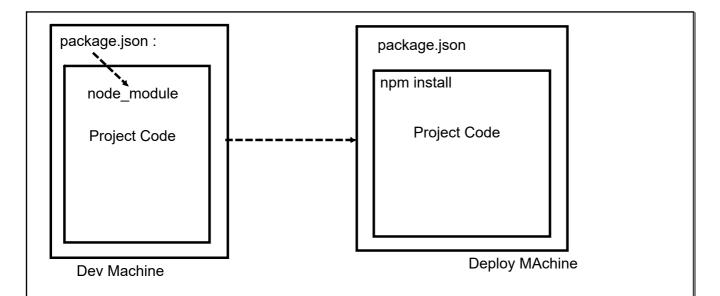
2. Test Runner : Unit Test (Karma)

3. Test Runnner/Framework : End-To-End Testing (Protractor)

e2e: supposed to contain test cases/config related to End-To-End Testing

node_module : All lib are stored in this folder

src: All Angular code goes here



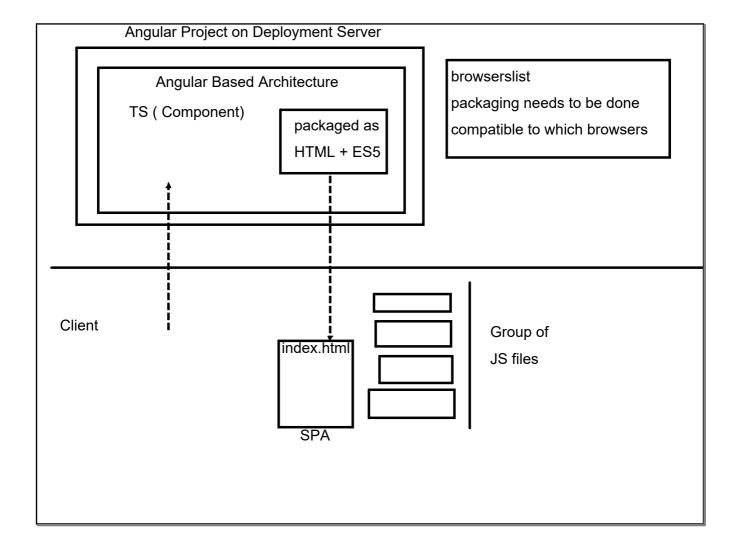
package.json is default dependency file for all

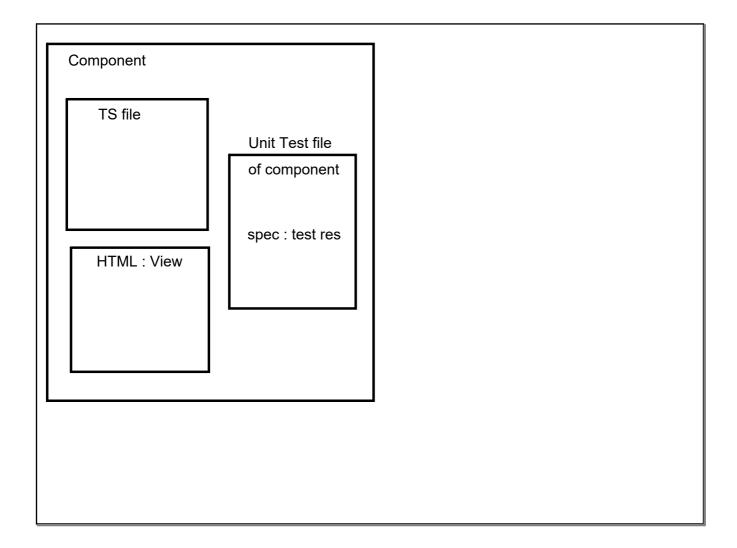
JS based application

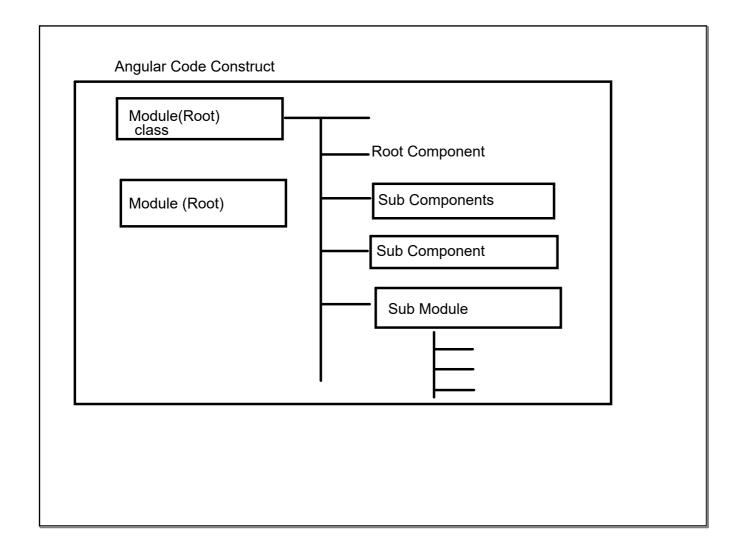
> npm install (--dev) command will by default read package.json and download all dependencies auto and store in node_modules (Default folder for all JS app)

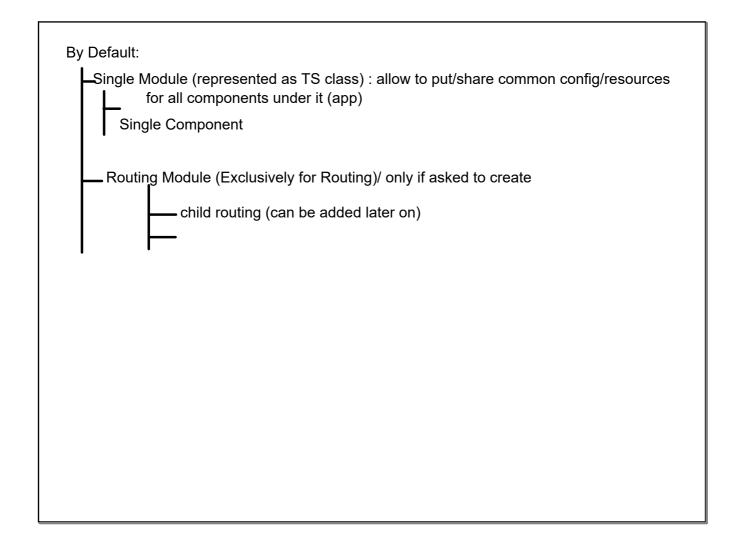
Adding a new Dependency:

- 1. add an entry in package.json
- 2. npm install (download the dependency and add it to node_module)
- 1. npm install -g lib-name> (install library globally in my system)
- ~ npm install --save --dev <lib-name>
- 1. add a entry in package.json(update)
- 2. down load dependency and save it in node_module









import

import <class name> from <library>
import {<class name1>,<class name2>} from <library>

Component:

TS class: supported by presentation (View)

By default:

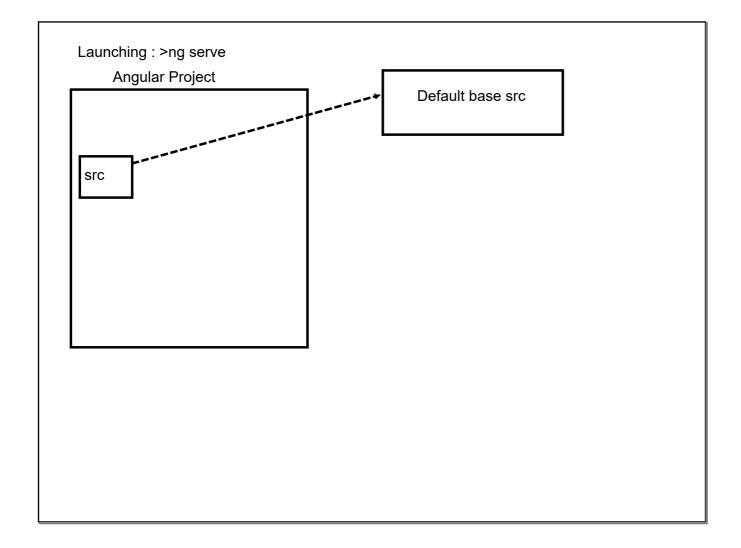
Angular: 4 files for each component

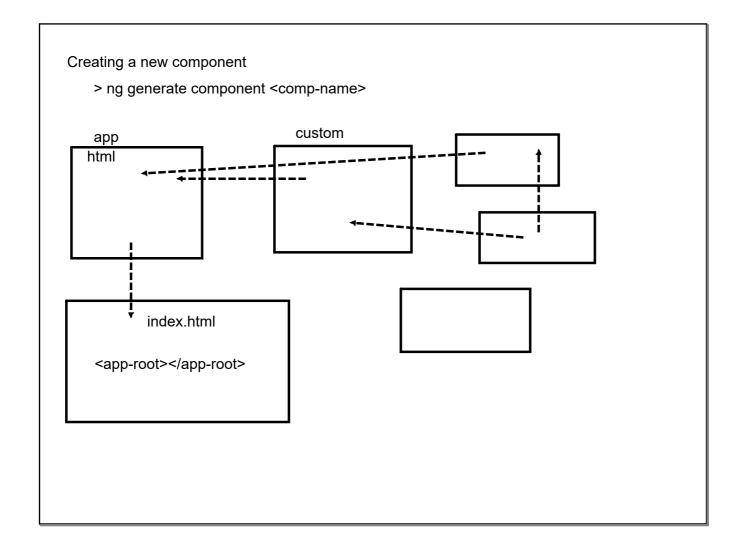
TS class (mandatory)

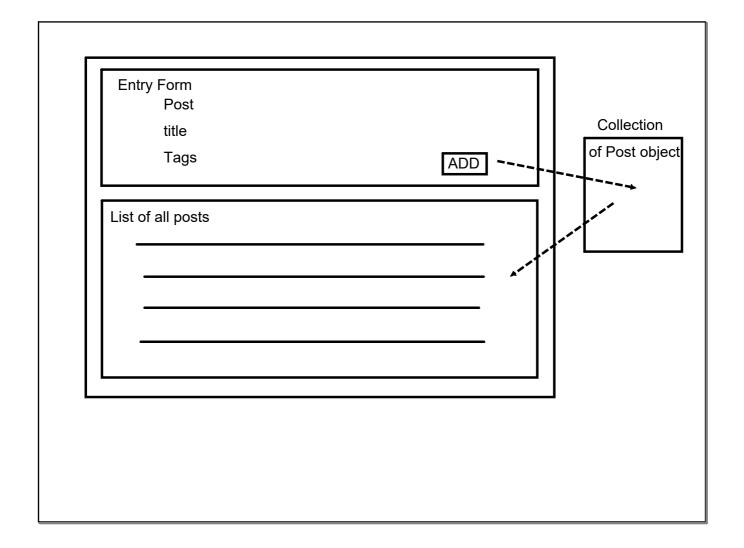
HTML file (View)

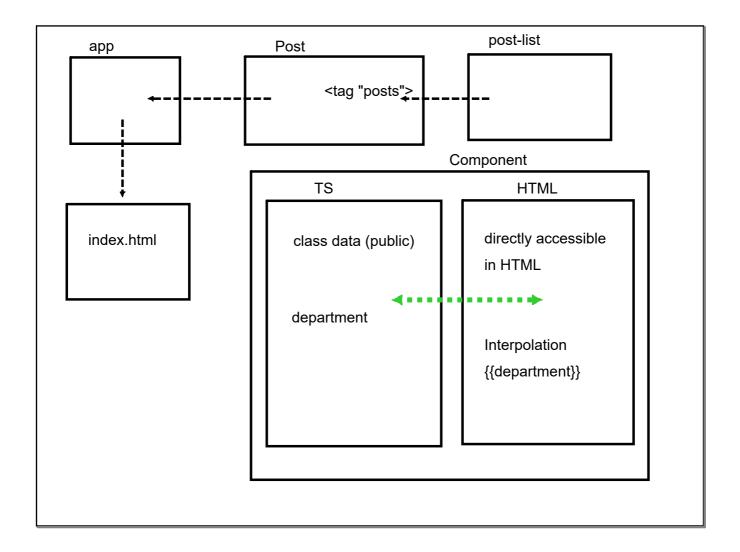
CSS (contain exclusive classes for that component)

Test: unit test code for that component









Angular : Directives (Dynamic in HTML)

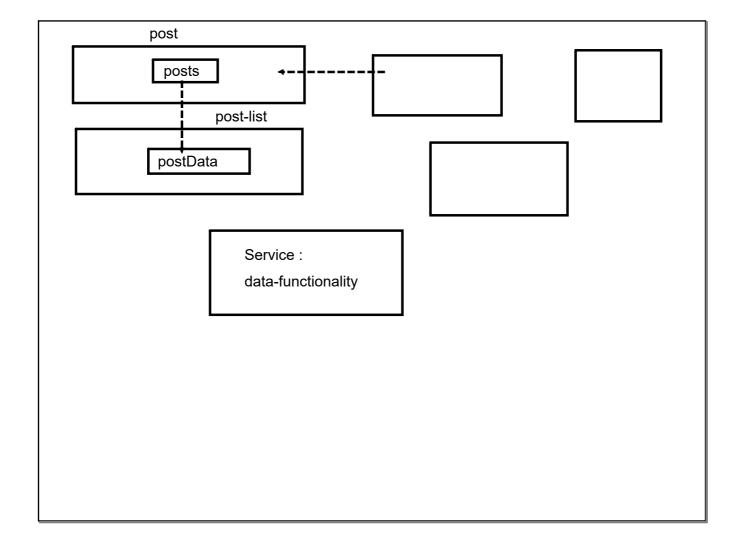
HTML

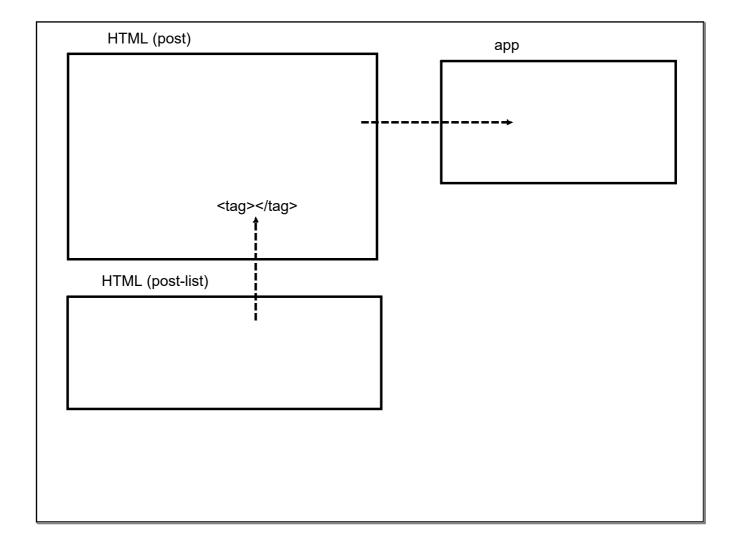
HTML features Extended by directive <new tags>

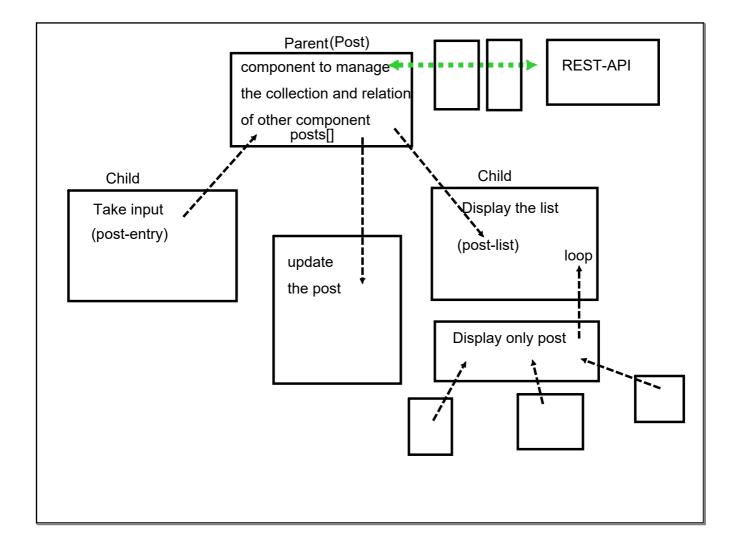
< new attributes> along with existing
HTML attributes, new attributes are
provided by Angular Directives

eg: for loop directive

Angular allows to associate a var var txtTitle: HTLMInputElement = Angular : Synthetic events : allows to	document.getElementById("")! as HTMLInputElement;
Post	Hold the collection and add new value
	show the list







1. Delegated Entry UI to entry component

2. Add button event handler code also needed to be delegated

handle a click event

<tag (event)="<event handler>" />
<input (click)="addPost(?)" />

Parent(HTML)

<entry (newpost)/>

Post Entry(</entry>
newpost

1. Custom Event

2. Programmatically emit an event + send some data to event handler of another component

Directives	•
DIIECTIVES	

*nglf : Controls the visibility of any component

*ngIf="<condition>"

true : Component is visible

false : not visible

Pipes: transform the data for presentation purpose

pipe:|

TS class represents a Pipe

Test File

Function: pure/impure

Pipe (object)

object

<h2>FileSize : {{fileSize | size }} </h2>

<h2>FileSize : {{bandwidth | size }} </h2>

singleton / prototype

pure : every time you pass same input,

same output will be received : shared

impure: internal state of function will decide

can't be shared

Pipe : is pure : singleton

: impure : prototype

Handling Form in Angular# Good Library support# inbuilt modules :

- 1. FormsModule
- 2. ReactiveFormsModule

Two Different Way:

- 1. Template
- 2. Model (Reactive)

TS

Angular Object

HTML

Object Oriented Implementation

DOM Object : JS

