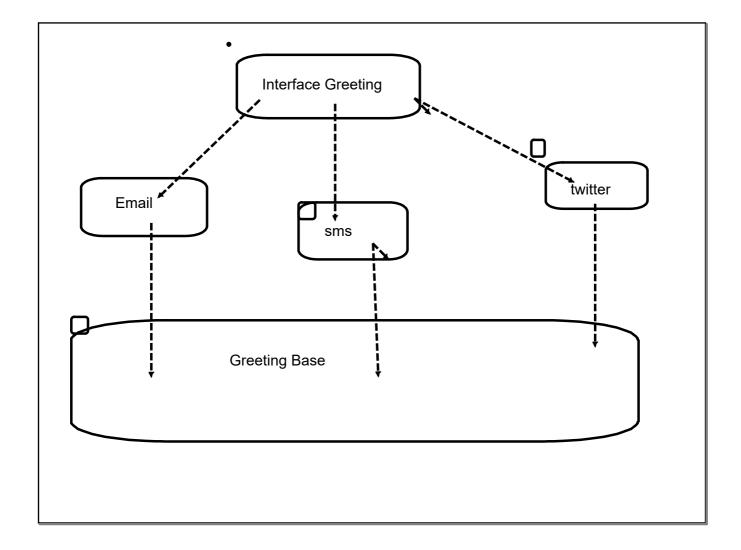
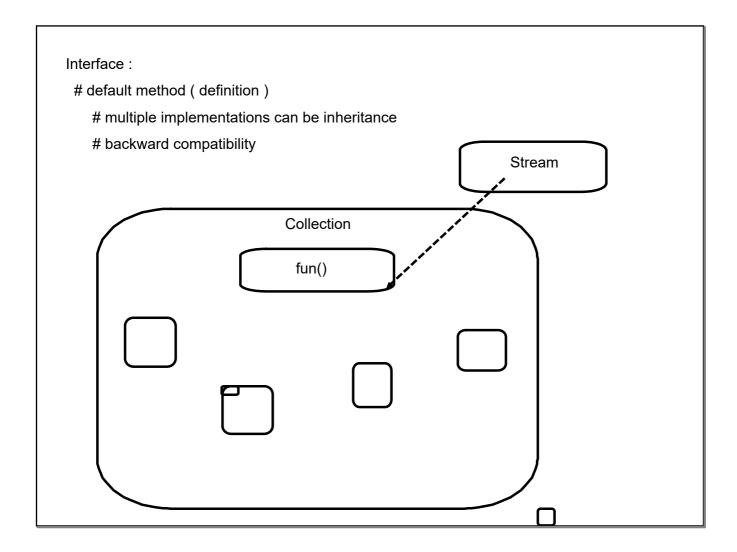
Java-8
=> Lambdas
Functional Programming
those feature that define functional programming
streams
Executor (Future)
Concurrency Collection

Style:
Traditional: Imperative
(HOW)
#exposing the steps how to perform an operation
embrace object mutability (not in sync with concurrency)
Functional: Declarative
(What): result
immutability
Analogous SQL





Escape from OOPs	
independent Functions (not wrapped inside	an object)

Relationship between interface and function

1. interface must have only one abstract method (any number of default/static):

Functional Interface : Annotation @FunctionalInterface

2. single method signature must match with function implementation

```
Lambda expression
    (<arg1>,<arg2>) -> {
}

arg1 -> {
}

() -> {
}

(<arg1>) -> <return> <single instruction>

(a,b) -> <return>a+b;

return a+b;
}
```

```
Pre defined functional interfaces

=> Runnable
=> Comparator

Explicit Functional Interface

# Consumer

void accept(<>>);

DoubleConsumer() // specialized implementations on primitive

BiConsumer

void accept(<>,<>);

# Predicate (test)

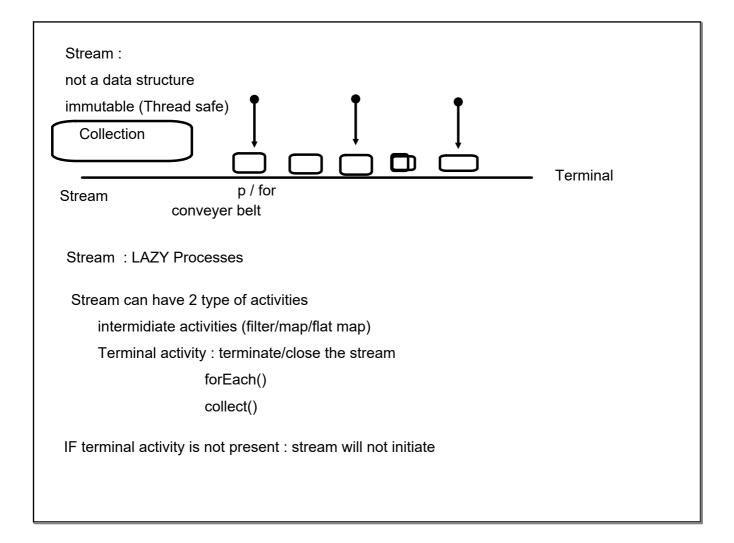
boolean test(<>)

# Supplier

<> get()

# Function

<> apply(<>>)
```



groupingBy(<return> Function(student))

return value : would become a group

Transforms
y map(x)
flatmap() : Collection into stream

map:

["",""]

["",""]

["",""]

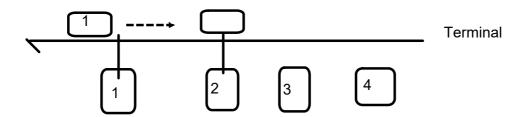
return type fixed : stream of data passed as argument

(Stream of) Multiple collection
into (Stream of) single collection

Stream:

Sequential Stream

Parallel Stream



Parallel Streaming not commended if working on external mutable data (not thread safe)

Activities that are inherently complex

В	inary Operator : variant Function
у	Function(x) : x and y can be of different type
z	BinaryOperator(x,y) : x,y,z : must be of same type