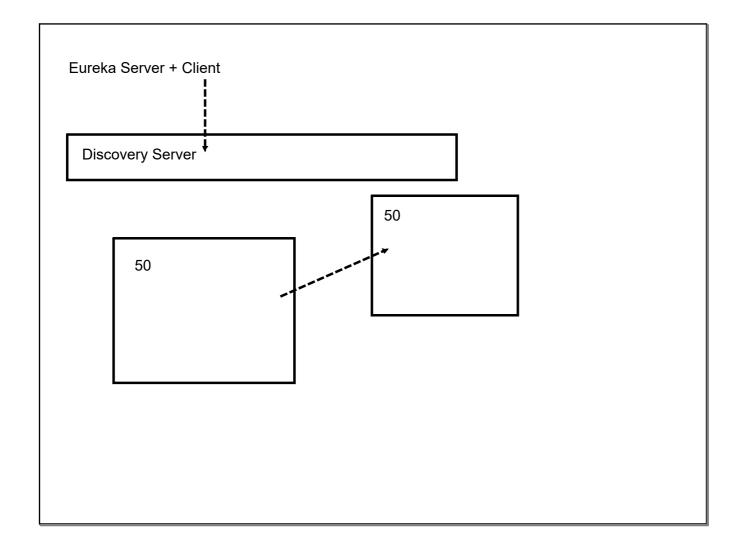
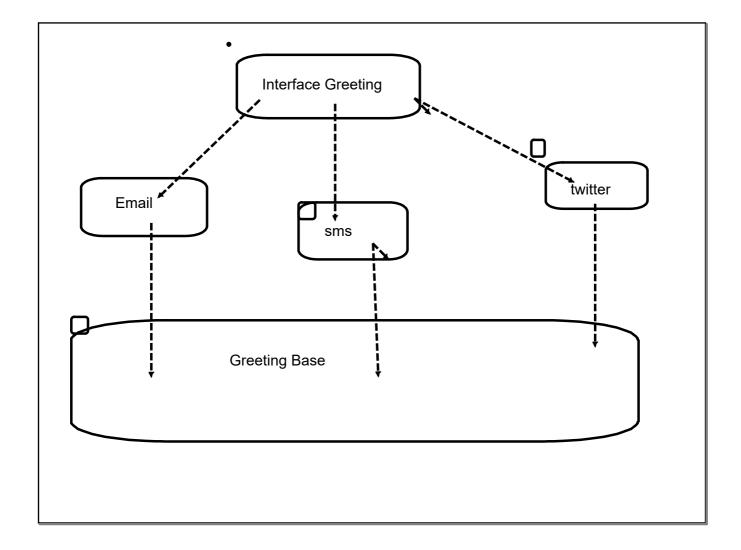
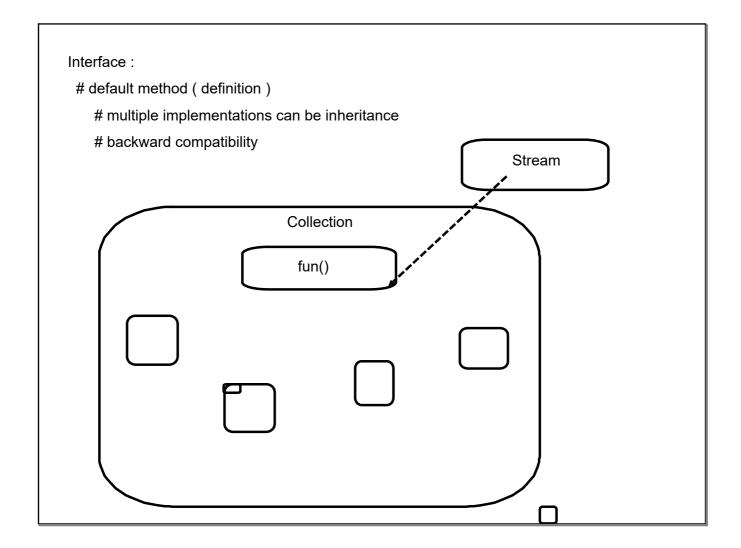
Java-8
=> Lambdas
Functional Programming
those feature that define functional programming
streams
Executor (Future)
Concurrency Collection

Style:
Traditional: Imperative
(HOW)
#exposing the steps how to perform an operation
embrace object mutability (not in sync with concurrency)
Functional: Declarative
(What): result
immutability
Analogous SQL







Escape from OOPs
independent Functions (not wrapped inside an object)
Relationship between interface and function
1. interface must have only one abstract method (any number of default/static):
Functional Interface : Annotation @FunctionalInterface
2. single method signature must match with function implementation

```
Lambda expression
    (<arg1>,<arg2>) -> {
}

arg1 -> {
}

() -> {
}

(<arg1>) -> <return> <single instruction>

(a,b) -> <return>a+b;

return a+b;
}
```

```
Pre defined functional interfaces

=> Runnable
=> Comparator

Explicit Functional Interface

# Consumer

void accept(<>>);

DoubleConsumer() // specialized implementations on primitive

BiConsumer

void accept(<>>,<>);

# Predicate (test)

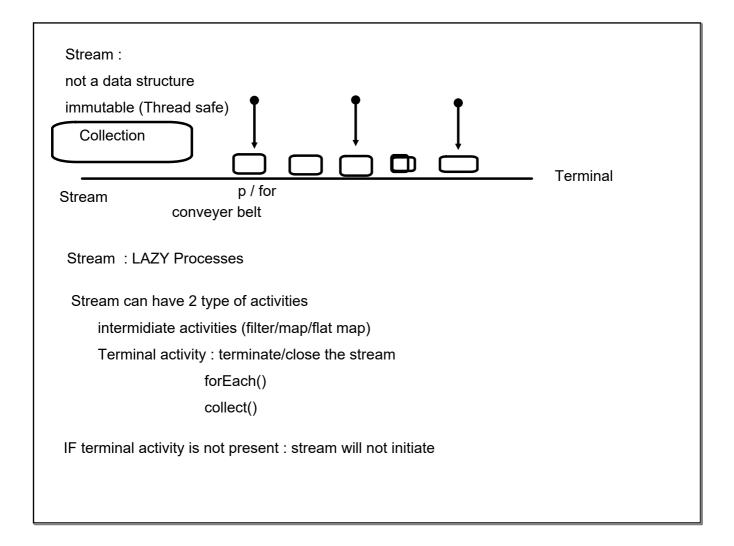
boolean test(<>)

# Supplier

<> get()

# Function

<> apply(<>>)
```



groupingBy(<return> Function(student))

return value : would become a group

Transforms
y map(x)
flatmap() : Collection into stream

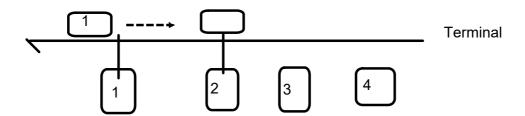
map:
["",""]
["",""]
["",""]
return type fixed : stream of data passed as argument

(Stream of) Multiple collection
into (Stream of) single collection

Stream:

Sequential Stream

Parallel Stream



Parallel Streaming not commended if working on external mutable data (not thread safe)

Activities that are inherently complex

Function(x) : x	and y can be of dif	ferent type	
BinaryOperato	or(x,y) : x,y,z : must	be of same type	
Billary Operate	. (λ, y) : λ, y , Δ : 111dot	se or came type	

Multithreading:

interleaved (Threaded Multitasking)

- 1. Multiple activities waiting for I/O: that time can be used by tasks
- 2. Multi-core architecture of micro-processor

Base Interface :

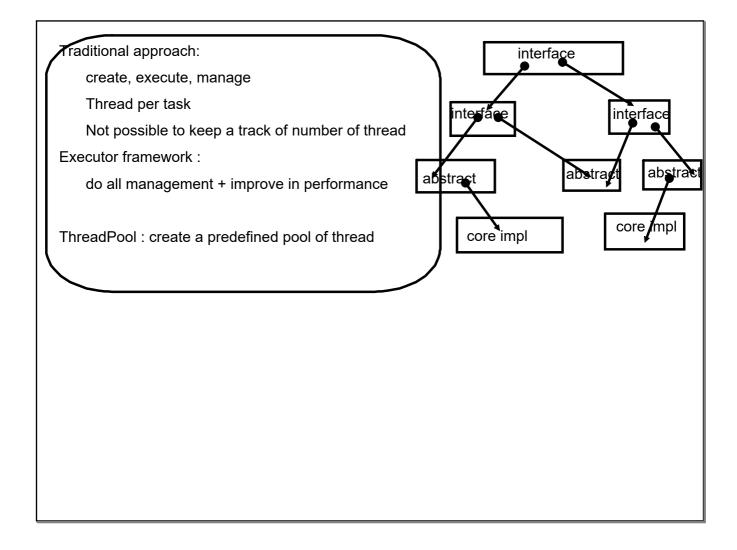
Runnable (run)

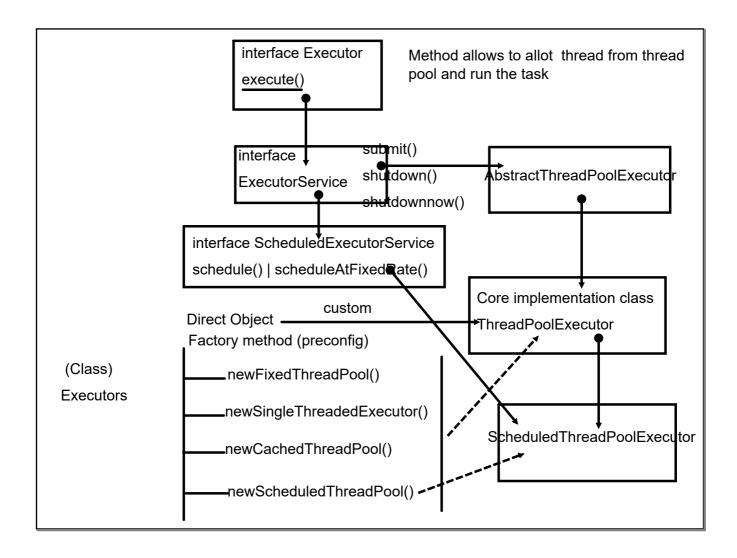
Implementation:

Core Functionality of Multithreading (Thread)

inheriting Runnable

inheriting Thread





Need to create instance of ThreadPoolExecutor

FixedThreadPool (number of thread are predefined(extra task alloted will added to queue)

CustomThreadPoolExecutor

<corePoolSize> : number of threads to always keep even if they are idle (2)

<maxPoolSize>: max no of thread (5)

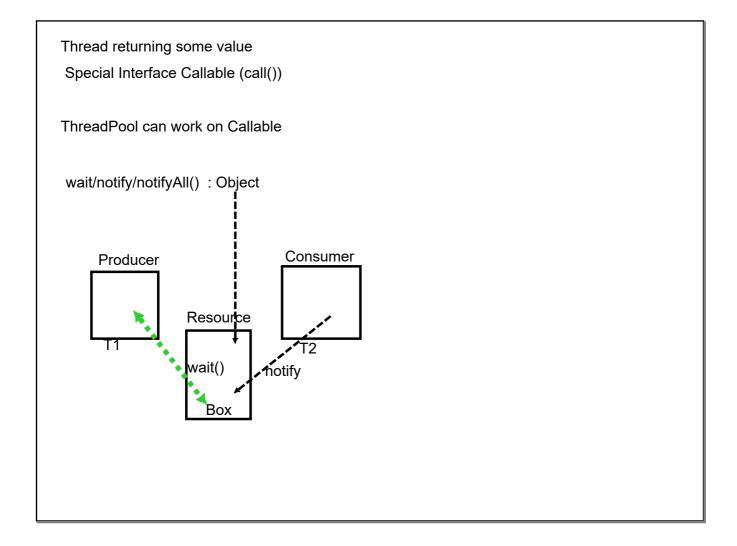
<keepAliveTime> : time to wait before idle thread gets removed/released from thread pool

<TimeUnit>:

<queue capacity>: capacity of queue

<RejectedHAndler>: what to do if a task is rejected from queue

SingleThreadExecutor()
FixedThreadExecutor(1)
can change the thread capacity
CachedThreadPool() : Unbounded ThreadPool : Max Integer Val
if demand decreases : can tear down thread
default keep alive time : 1 min
ScheduleThreadPool()



ExecutorCompletionService

: will going to get results in order of completion of task

Future: blocking

CompletableFuture <callback : logic to follow when task is done>

Functional interfaces

Runnable

Callable

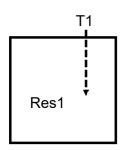
=> Supplier

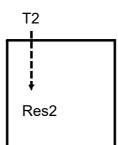
the method to associate a callback function

- 1. thenApply(Function); // transform
- 2. thenAccept(Consumer); // consuming and using

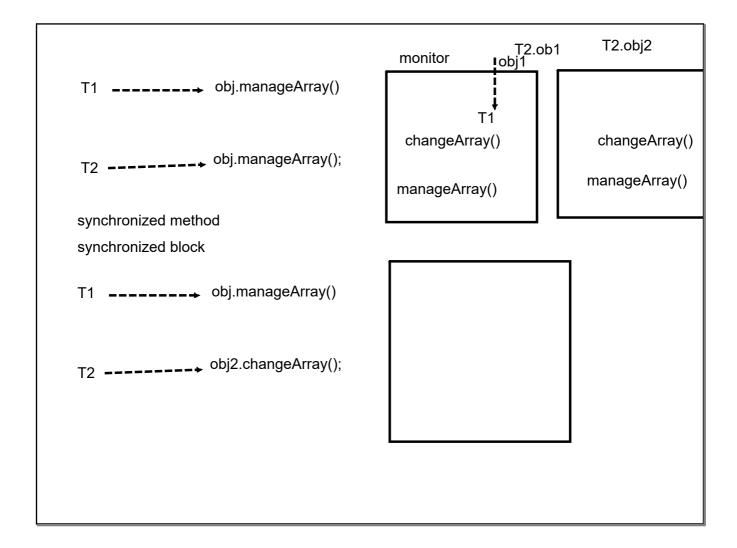
CompleatableFuture by default uses the inbuilt thread pool ForkJoinPool.commonPool();

Executor ThreadPool





Common Resource Shared among multiple threads (Thread safe)
Resolve Data inconsistency



locking:

=>wide spectrum locking : (synchronized...)

=>granular locking

java.util.concurrent.

API : Granular locking on resources

Collection API

1 .Traditional: 2

1. HashTable

2. Vector

2. To get a Thread safe variant of those class Collections.concurrentList(); all methods are sync

Atomic operation : single CPU instruction

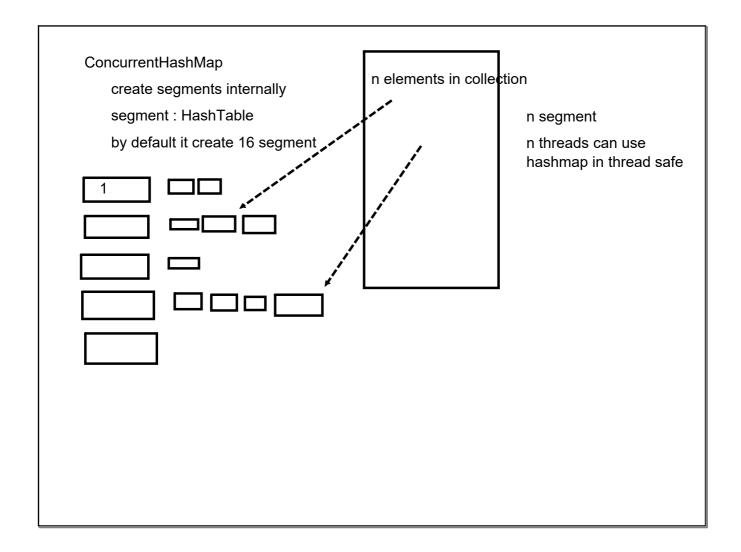
n=10; // Thread safe operations

assignment long/double are non-atomic

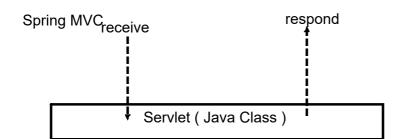
Concurent API: Focus on granular locking

Provides Atomic Variant of type: allow to convert non-atomic activities into atomic

multiple approach for ThreadSafety along with high level of concurrency



Servlet Technology



How to define java class as Servlet

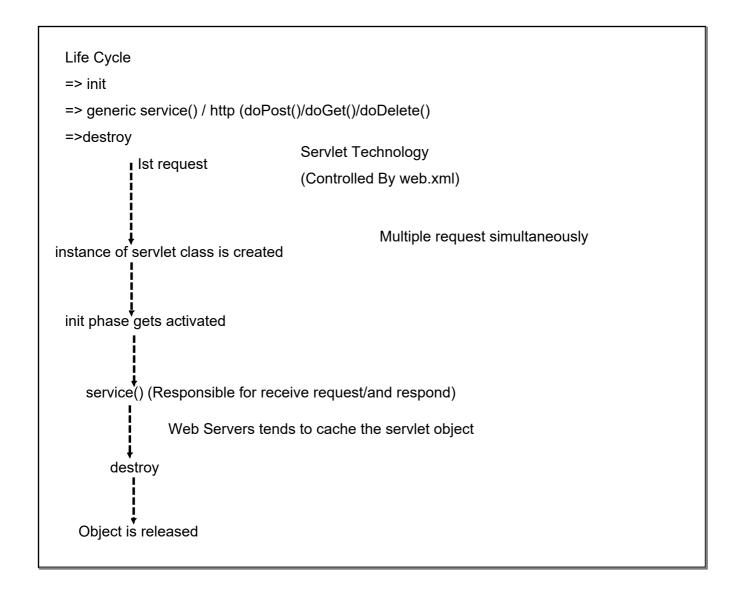
Extends

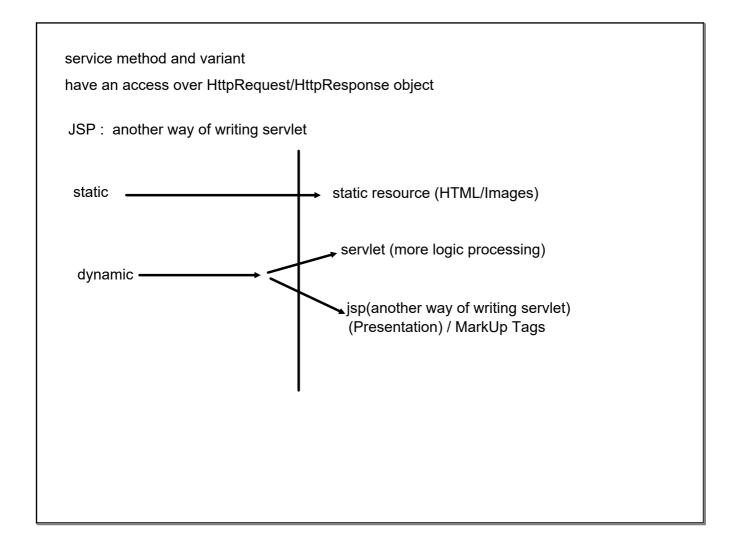
HttpServlet/GenericServlet

GenericServlet: does not classifies between various HTTP Verbs

HttpServlet : can identify

GET/POST/PUT/DELETE/PATCH





Spring uses Servlet Technology:

But provides a high level abstraction over complexities/ boilerplate req / config and enhances the seperation of concerns

MVC architecture

Controller: to receive request / process it

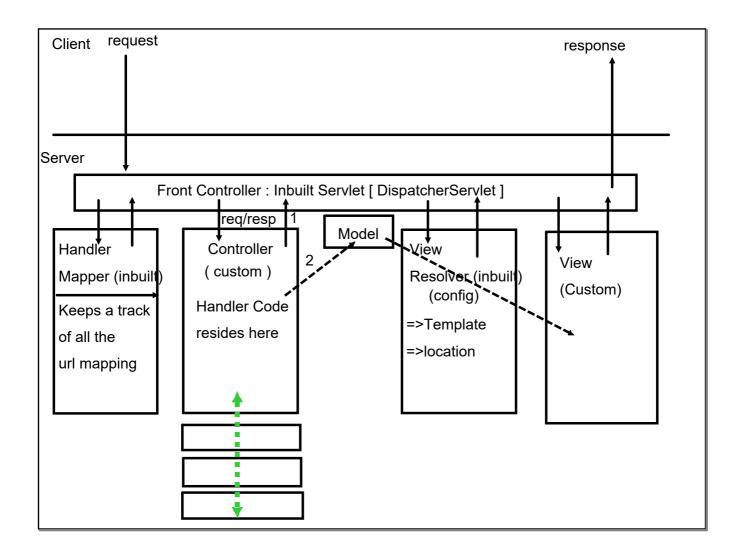
Service

Controller

View

respond

Servlet	
service method as task :	
assign it to thread	
	_



we need to register your app resources (servlet spec)

Servlet:

need to register

registeration can also be done using annotation Controller: "index"

Register DispatcherServlet

create a complete path

Config of Spring in place

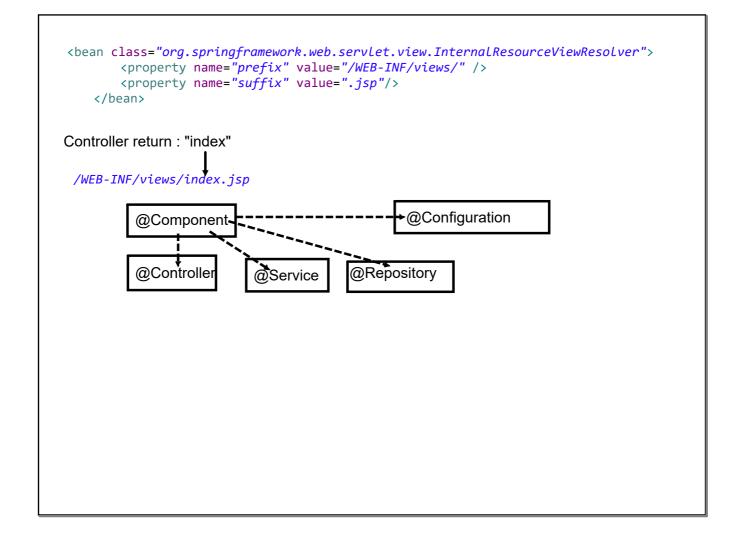
xml file

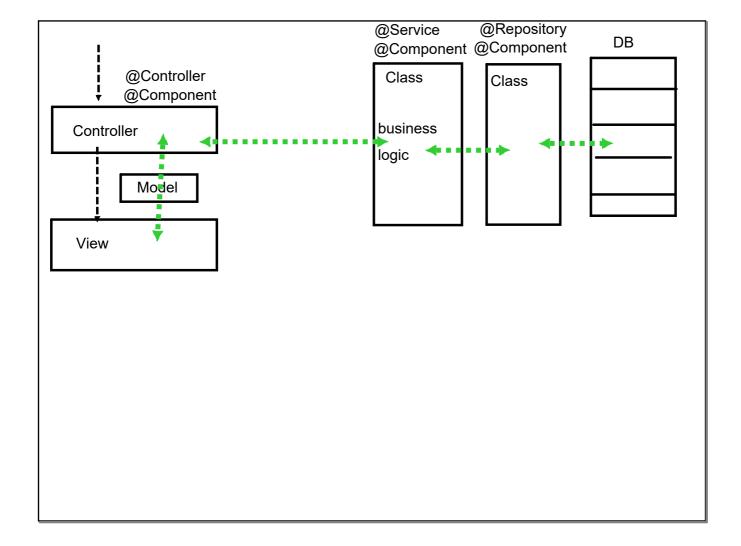
java

Need Spring config to connect with DS

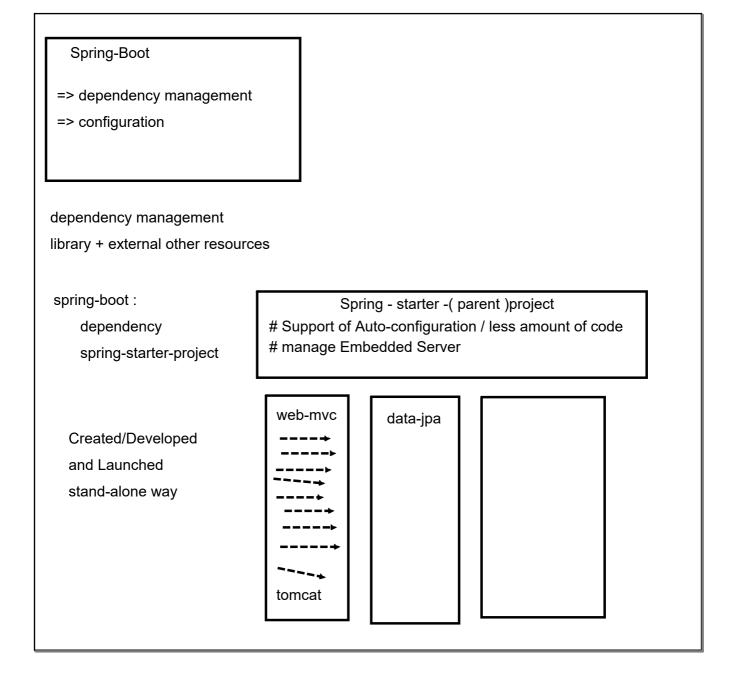
xml : <servlet-name>-servlet.xml

View Resolver : location + template (jsp+jstl) [extension]





web.xml : ~ java config class	
dispatcher-servlet.xml : ~ java config class	
1. alternate for packaging : maven war plugin	
Spring provides an inbuilt class to register DS	



start.spring.io

maven cli

maven command

Configuration

Spring boot Annotation

Dependency

Customization : special file application.properties

key=value

key: predefined keys from different spring projects

: possible values

: custom keys/values

spring: yaml

: heirarchy

: application.yaml

```
curated list of multiple annotation

EnableAutoConfiguration

# tracking the dependencies

# based on dependencies added:

add default config

expose the key

eg:

maven-web: Spring mvc:

DS servlet

spring-security

add default security

expose username/passed
```

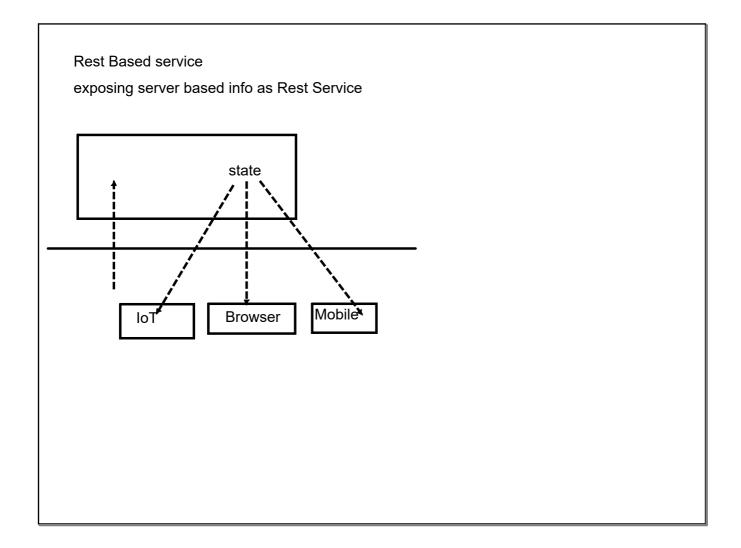
tracking the properties files

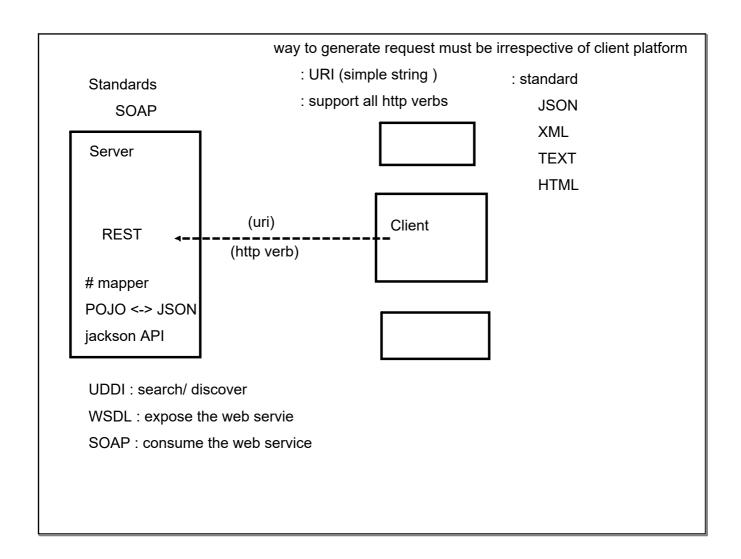
looks for custom key-values pairs

Spring Boot Annotation

defined in config-file cli : key-values

mvc application
controller
view
pre-configured to use thymeleaf
View pages:
View Templates
Jsp-jstl
Thymeleaf
Mustache
FreeMArker
Tile
Velocity





 $@{\sf RestController}: interconversion\ take\ care\ of$

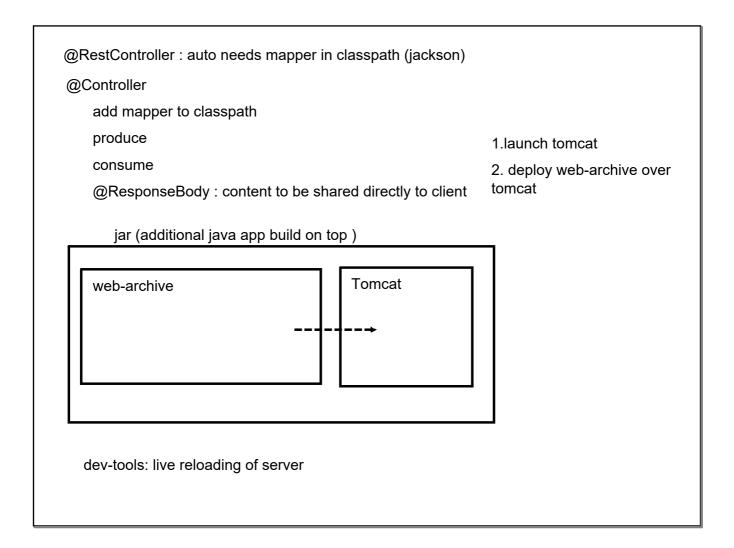
client intention

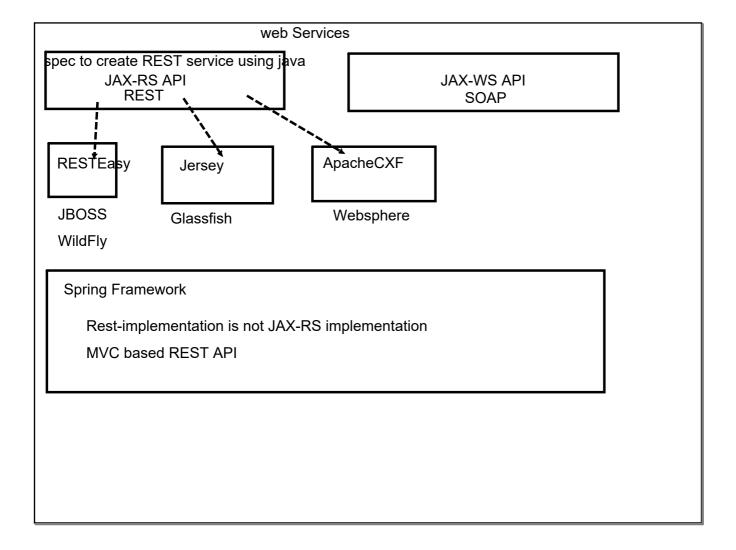
GET : data retrieval Student /student

POST : add new data /getAll

PUT : edition Employee /employee

DELETE : delete /getAll





actuator: exposes rest endpoint

Microservice architecture implements

Dividing a single large sized monolith application into multiple smaller (independent) application

microservices: responsible to expose a particular service

DataDriven/Rest based

Stateless

Service Oriented Architecture: SOA:

Microservice: + technology/approach/design pattern

Monolith issues involve light wight VS for deploying service or	omponents
Deployment :	Multi-Technology service component
Scaling : individual service comp Robust in implementation	DB: ideally must be using independent DB

Design Guideline : MS (12 factor)

Design Pattern

Lightweight : concern/runtimes/data exchanging Reactive : highly concurrent/longer processing

Stateless: scale better

Atomic: core design principle

Externalized config: config server

Consistent : style

Resilient : eliminate bottleneck

Good Citizens: expose usage statistics

well versioned:

Design Pattern:

Decompositions:

a) business capabilities

business-oriented rather than technical

b) sub-domain (technical)

domain class (parent/God classes)

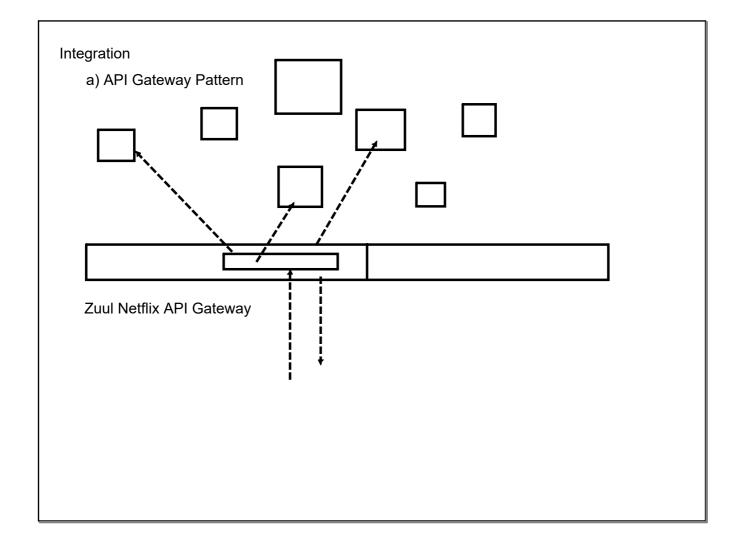
DDD: bounded context

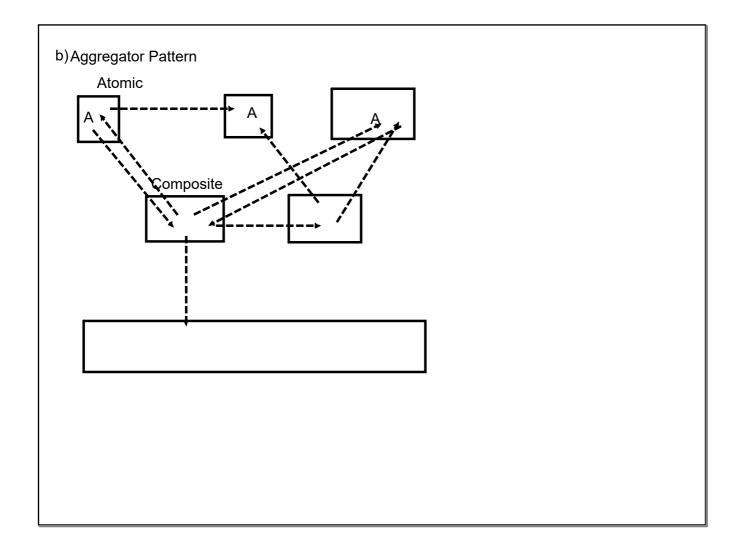
sub-domains : BC with parent model

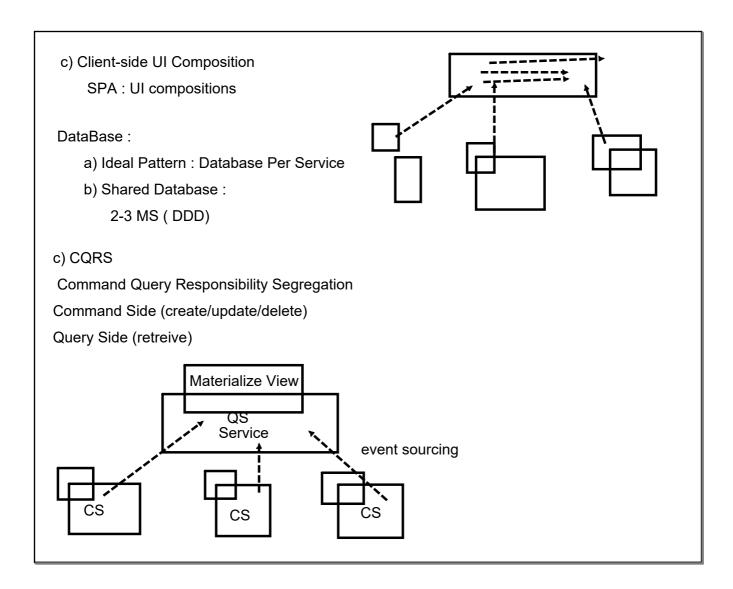
c) Strangler patterns

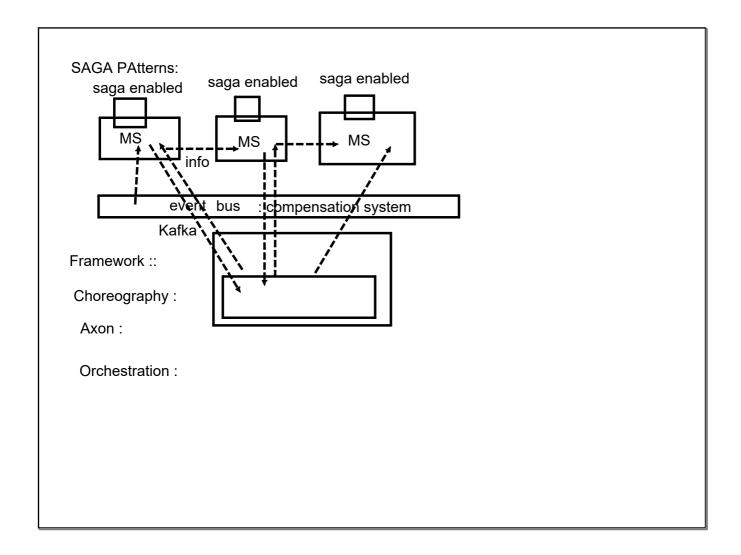
brownfield: converting monolith into MS

refactoring smaller req...









Observability PAttern

a) Log Aggregation:

Centralized Logging pattern in place

track the log on request basis,

search

analysis

triggers alert

PCF : Pivotal Cloud Foundary

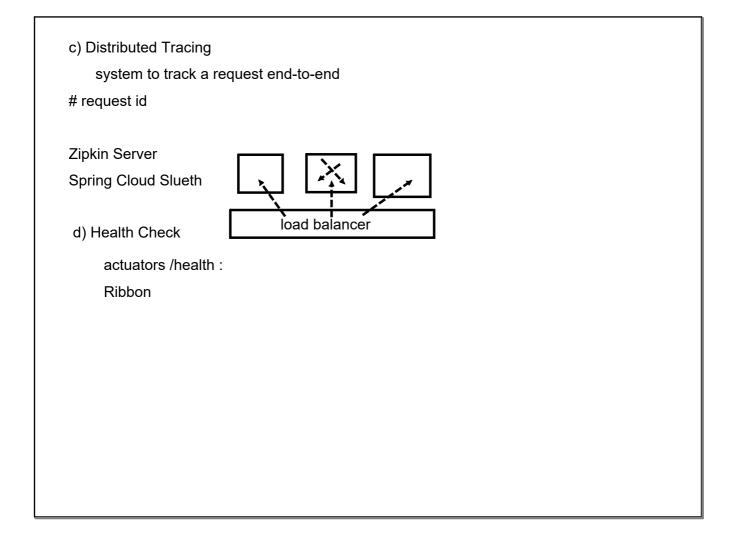
AWS Cloud Watch

b) Performance based

Centralized Metric service

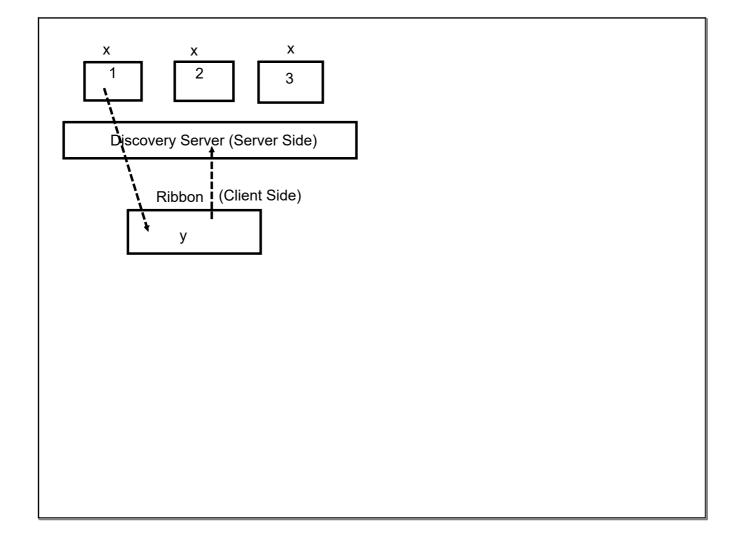
push/pull model

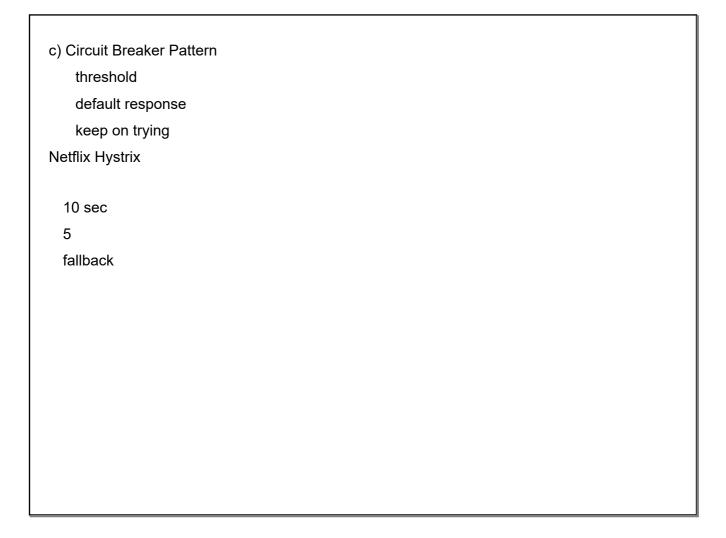
- =>NewRelics
- =>Prometheus

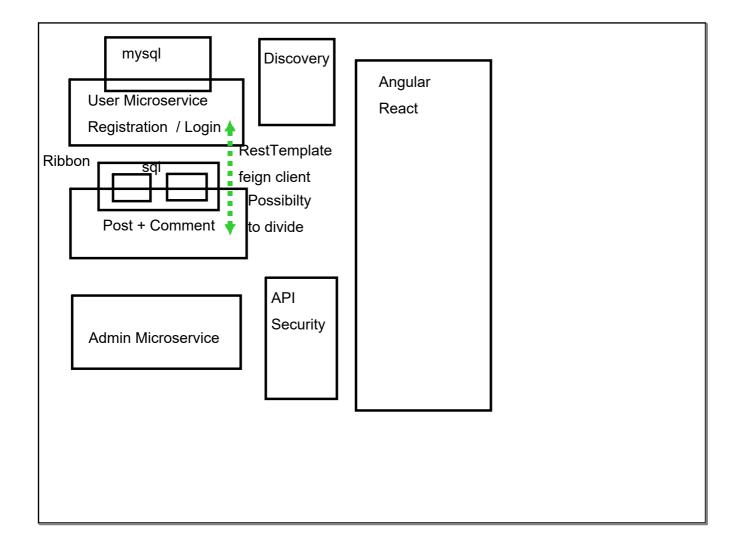


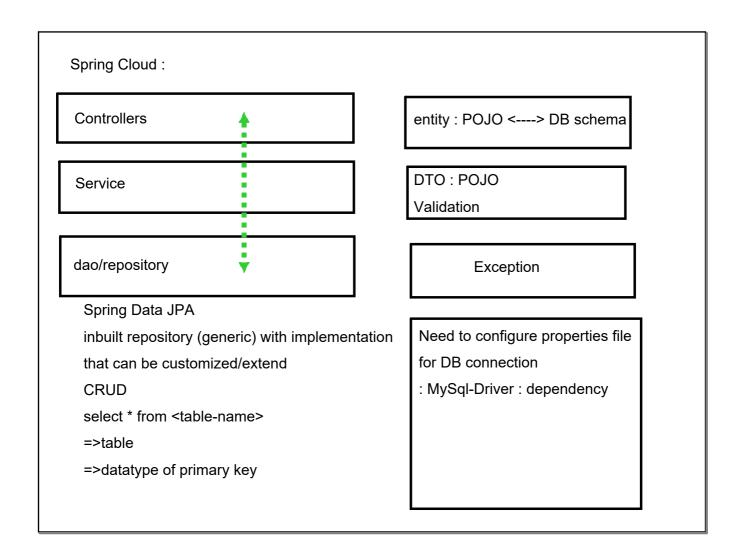
Cross-Cutting Concerns

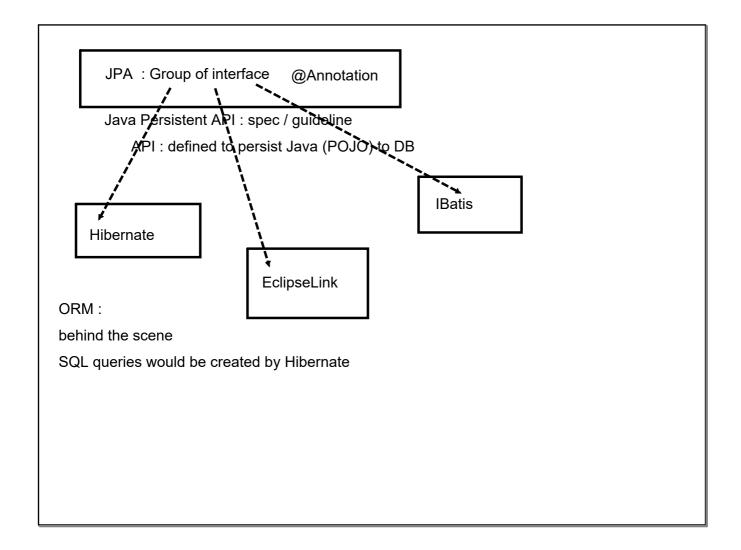
- a) External ConfigurationSpring Cloud Config Server
- b) Service Discovery Pattern# all service shall register with registry systemNetflix Eureka ServerAWS ALB

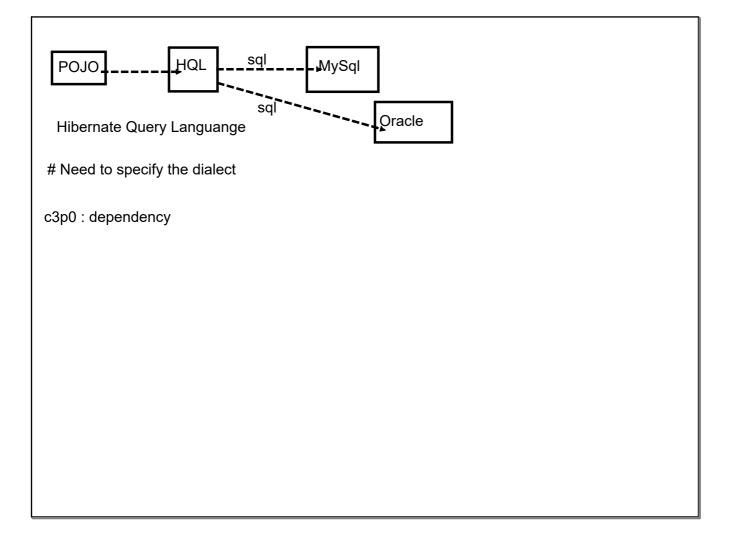


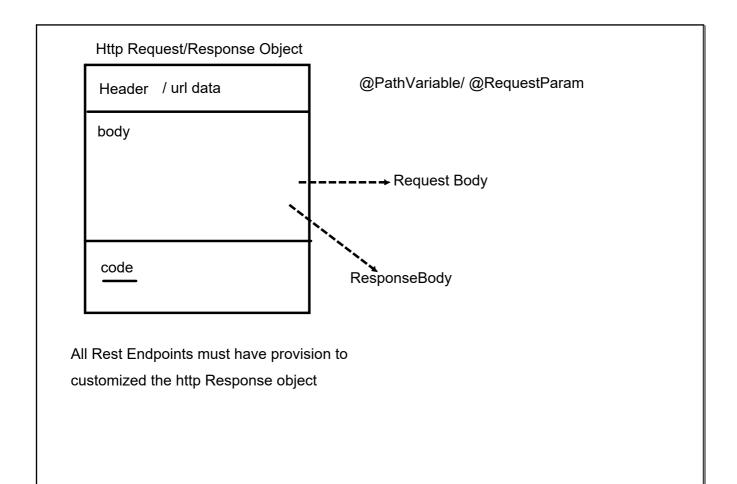


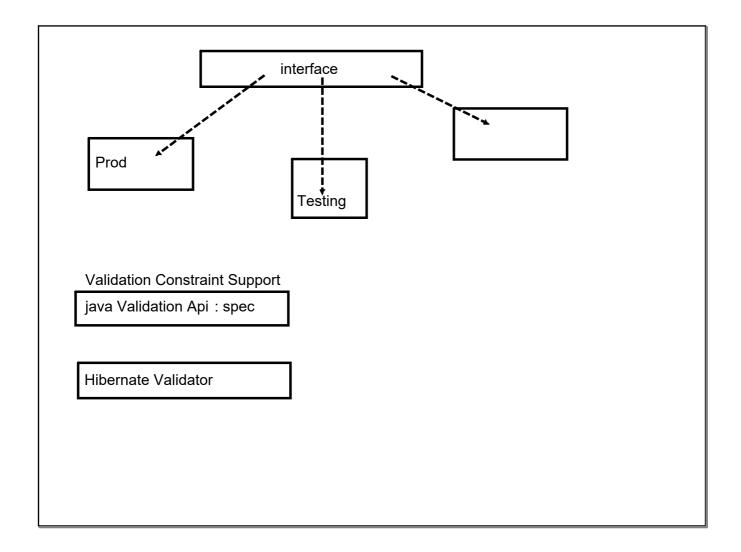












Client Expecting : UserDetailDto (Success status)						
Exception : UserExceptionDto (Failed status): throw an exception on client end of type mismatch						
# Server shall respond with appropriate status code						
# REst Client have provisions to check the status code						

Adding a new data: instance/info about newly added data

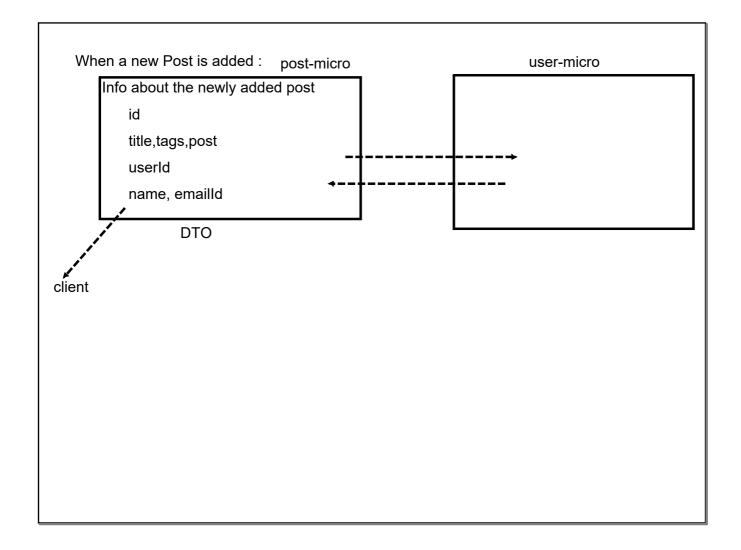
Updating the data: instance/info about update data

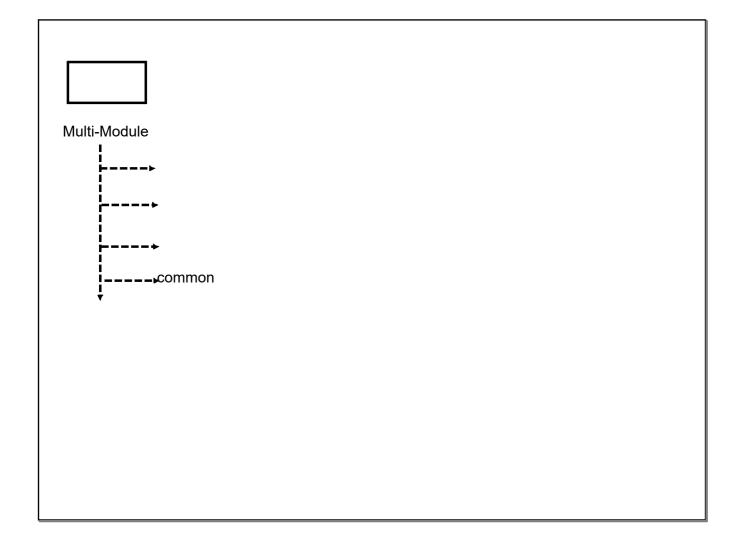
Deleting the record: instance/info about deleted data

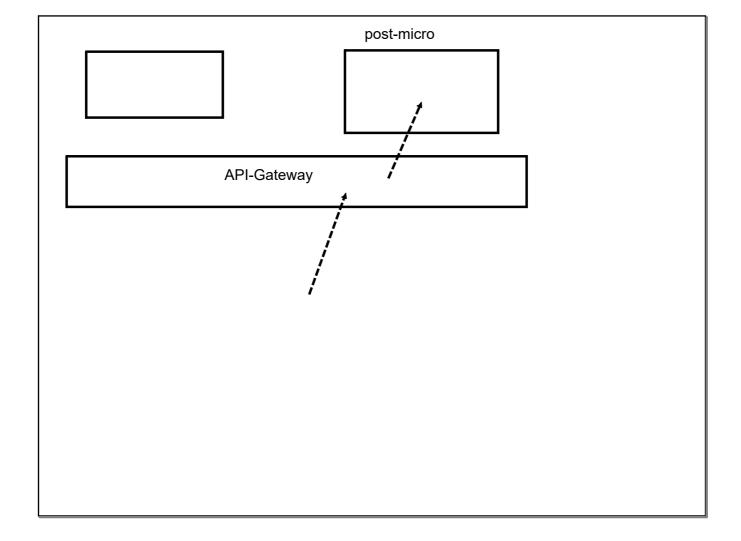
DTO - entity DTO ->

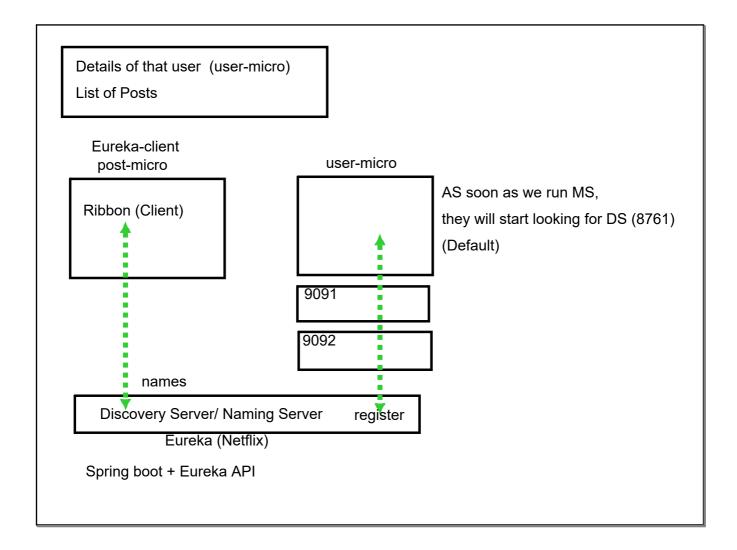
4 + 3 ---> DB

Client: 7 fld (primary









Two tables

1. User credential

2. Roles

User-Credentials

table ("users")

username : String

password : String

enabled : boolean

Roles

table ("authorities")

username : String

authority : String

password: encrypted form

Spring security supports multiple encryption

eg:

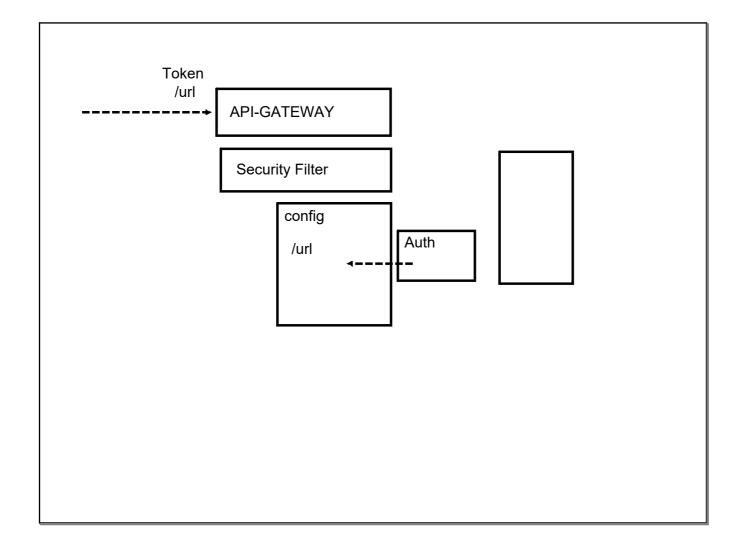
Plain-Text Bcrypt (one way)

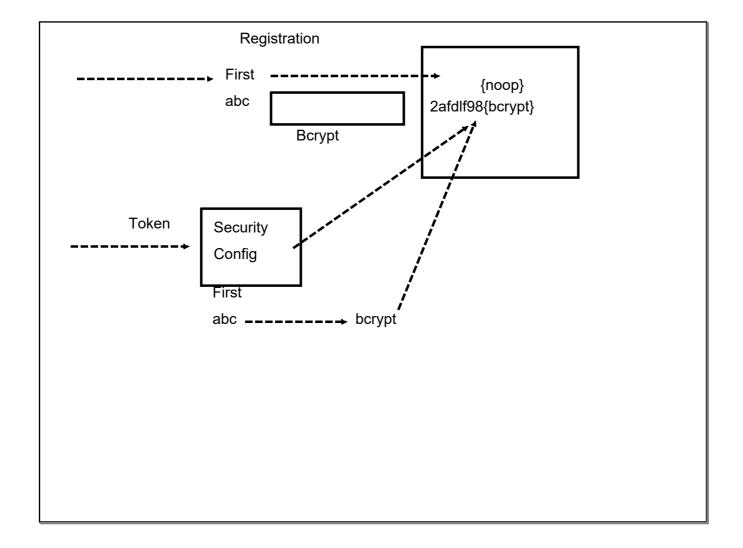
{bcrypt}2afdhfldron98

abc{noop}

Roles:

Manager ~ Role_Manager





3 core elements

HTML : Structure
CSS : Presentation
JavaScript : Behavior

HTML-5

Validations

Drag n Drop

Semantic Tags

Web Workers

Offline functionlity

Geolocation

New Semantic Tag (Backward Compatible)

purpose full (specific to req)

=> container

=> attributes -- Form based extention

Smooth Renderring (outline algo)

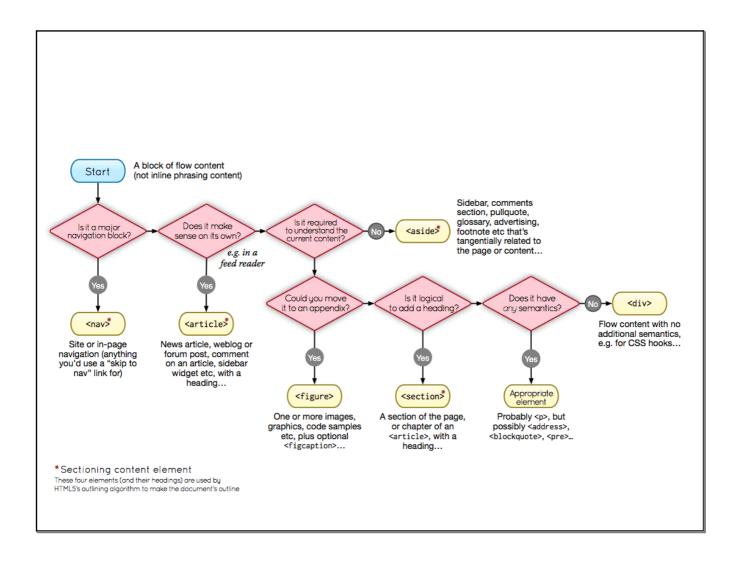
more compatible to search algo

in sync with Assisstive Tech

```
# Standardized Error handling algo : Developers (Debug)
# images/audio/videos : third party plugins : HTML5 tags + API (control)
# Built-in APIs
```

traditional:
 , , <div>
article
section
aside
header

footer



# specialized form inpu # validation : required/			
# special att : custom t	ehavior of form		
<form></form>			
	s	1	
		1	
-			

Canvas API

DOM Tree managed by the browser

Html component(Tag) : JS - object

User Interaction : presentation : CSS

Cascade style sheet

Stylesheet:: set of rules 'presented'

Cascade: set of rules: resolve the conflict of multiple ss applied on a element

```
Specificity
controlling over where to apply the style

CSS rule:
CSS Selector
CSS declaration

selector {
property: value
}

selector: css rule would be applied to which HTML elem
```

Selector	
Type (most varied :	wide spectrum : which type HTML element)
ID	
class	
eg:	1
p{	class
	.mclass{
}	
	}
ID : very specific	
#canvastest{	
}	
	I

Bootstrap : CSS - library:		
Javascript : Typescript : variant		

