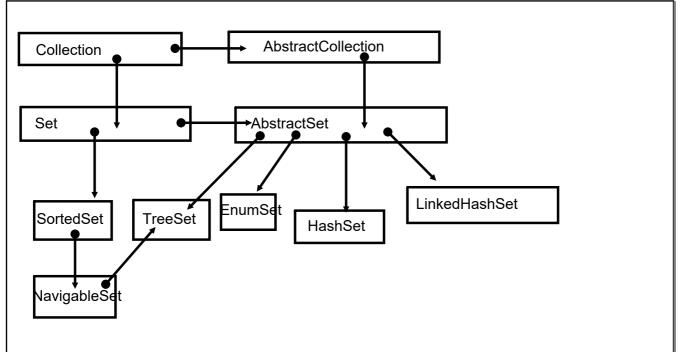


Training-Contents. August 05, 2020



Set : Unique Values

Enums: uniques

Hashing:

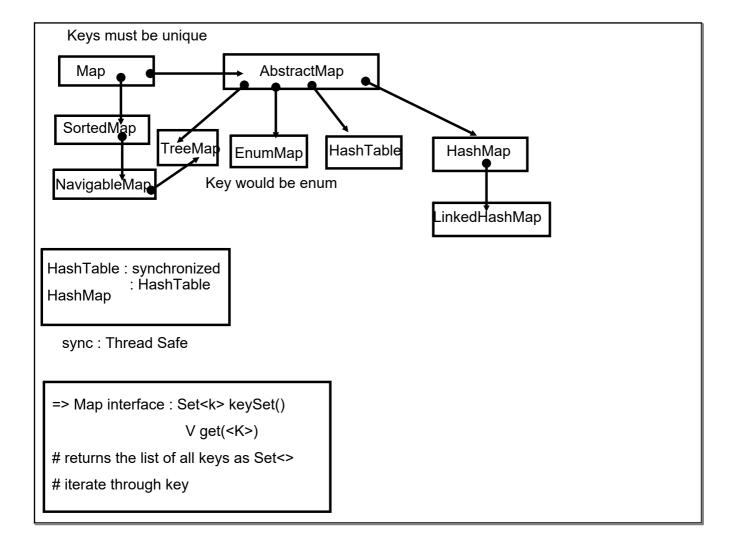
HashSet : Table Hashing

LinkedHashSet: Linked Hashing

SortedSet: maintain data in sorted

NavigableSet : Quick Navigation functionalities

Red-Black Tree



Algorithm Classes

- 1. Arrays.
- 2. Collections.
- @ Provide common functionalities can be applied on Array int [] and Collection

Collections.concurrentList(); // Thread safe equivalent

4....)

Java - 8

Functional-Programming

- # functional interface
- # default methods
- # static methods
- # lambdas
- # streams
- # methods references

DateTime API

Optional

Nashorn engine (javascript engine)

Extension in collection API

Traditional :(Pure OOPs) : Imperative

Functional: Declarative

Imperative:

How: focus
Pure OOPs

Embraces data mutability

Declarative

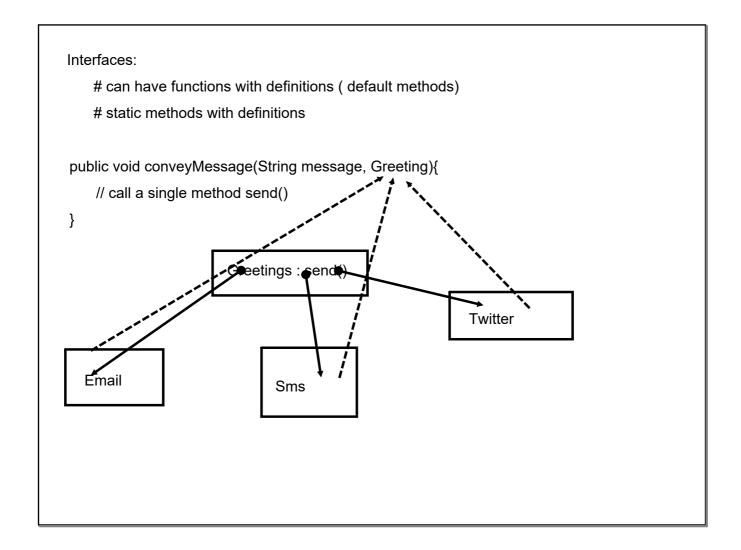
What : focus

Functional Programming (pure function)

Data immutabilty

SQL style

Training-Contents. August 05, 2020



```
LAmbda Syntax for pure function
1. not have any accessiblity modifier (nothing related to class)
2. Do not any name (anonymous function)
3. no return type
4. no param type
5. (<param>) -> { <definition>}
void fun(String str1, int n){
(str1,n) -> {
}
void fun(String str1){
}
str1 -> {
}
void fun(){
}
() -> {
}
void fun(String str1){
    // only single instruction
}
str1 -> single instruction
void fun(String str1){
    // instruction
    return a;
}
str1 -> {
    // instruction
    return a;
}
int add(int a, int b){
return a+b;
}
// for single inst not bounded in braces return is default associated
(a, b) -> a+b;
```

interface <reference> = <lambda expression>
only when interface is functional interface :
 contains only one abstract methods
 can have any number of default/static
refrence of an interface can refer to only those lambda expression whose
signature matches with the only abstract method inside the interface

Runnable:

Comparator

Comparable

few protoypes have been identified which are common in use

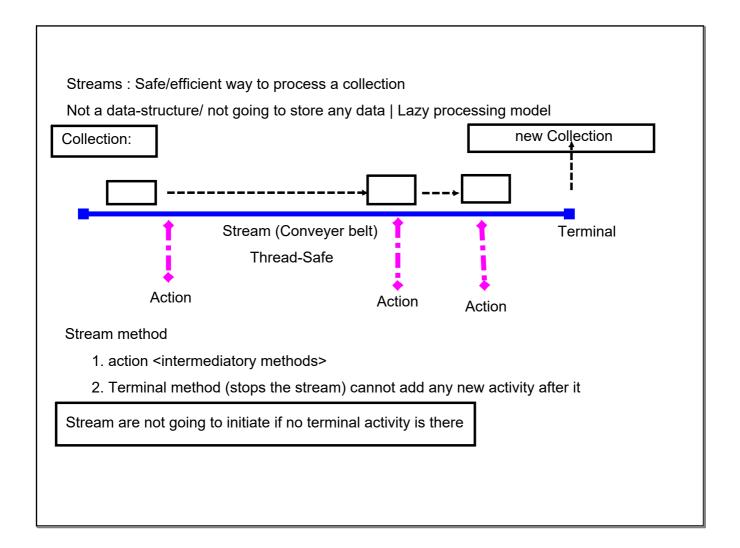
api : functional interface

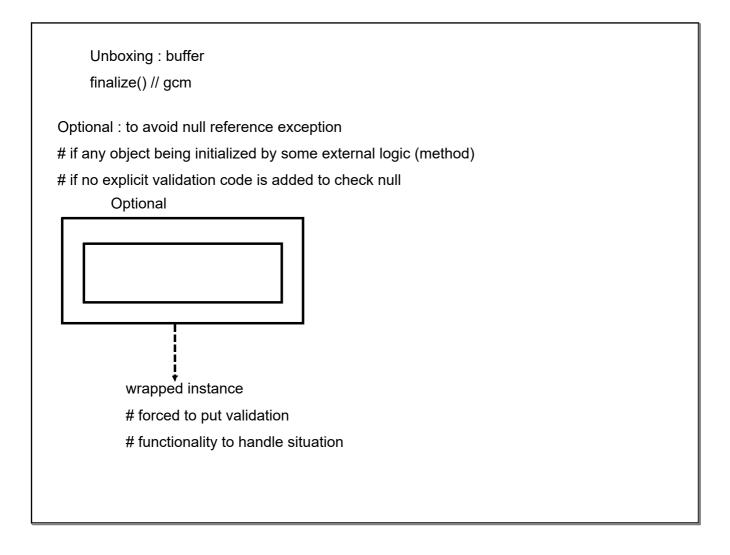
Consumer : void accept(<>), BiConsumer [two param], IntegerConsumer()

Predicate: boolean test(<>)

Function : <> apply(<>)

Supplier : <> get()





pre jak 8	_
Date	
Calander	
	_
Time API :	
java.time	
LocalDate	
LocalDate	
LocalDateTime	

Multi-Threading

Multi-Programming:

O/S to reside more than 1 exe program in memory , not necessarily executing them Multi-Tasking :

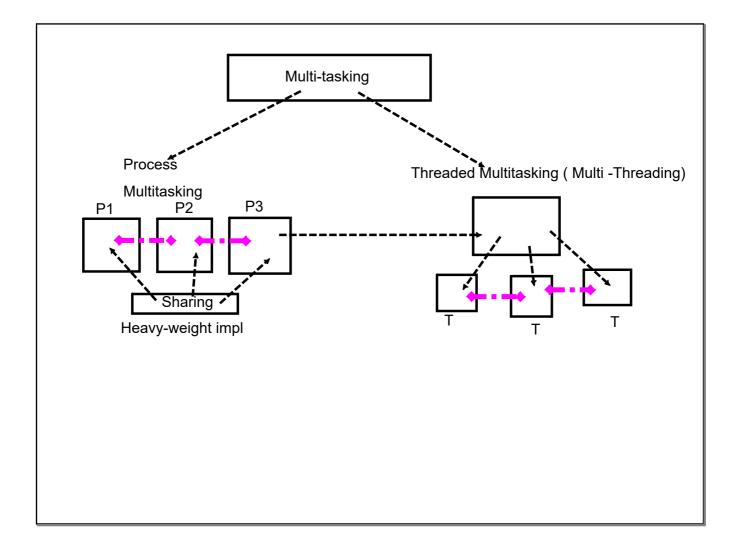
O/S execute more than 1 program simultaneously , interleaved fashion (time sharing) Multi-Processing

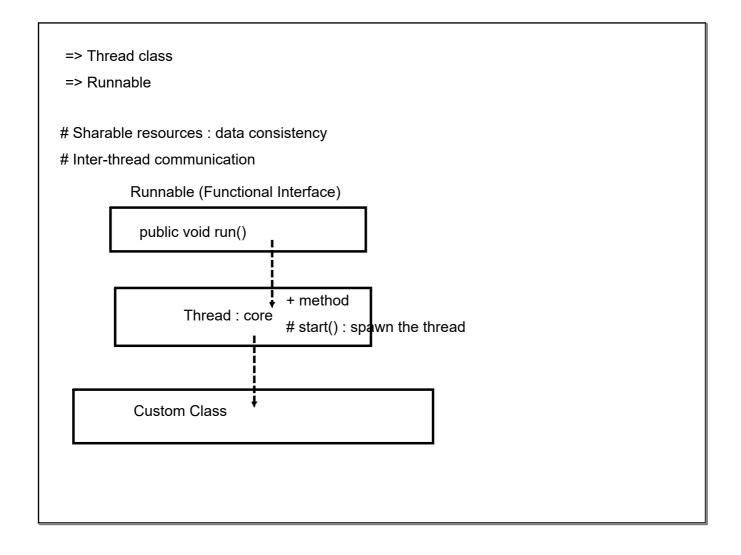
O/S to manage more than 1 processing units (parallel / array)

O/S

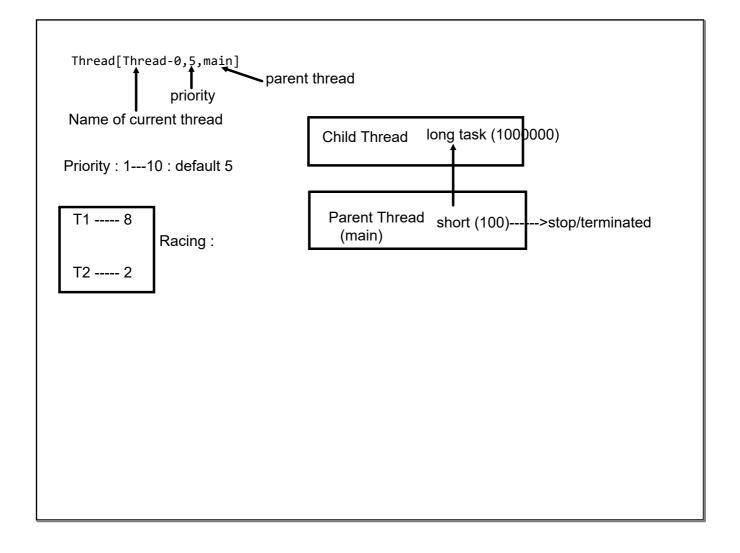
Multi-tasking:

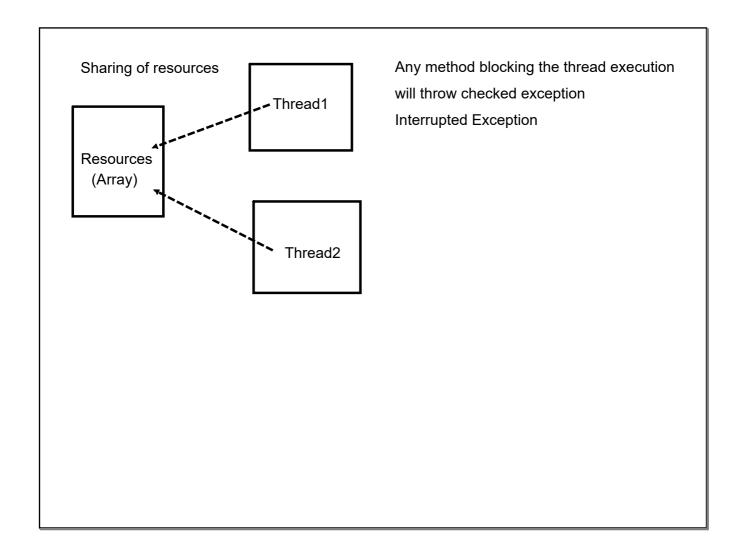
multi-core processor: multi-processing

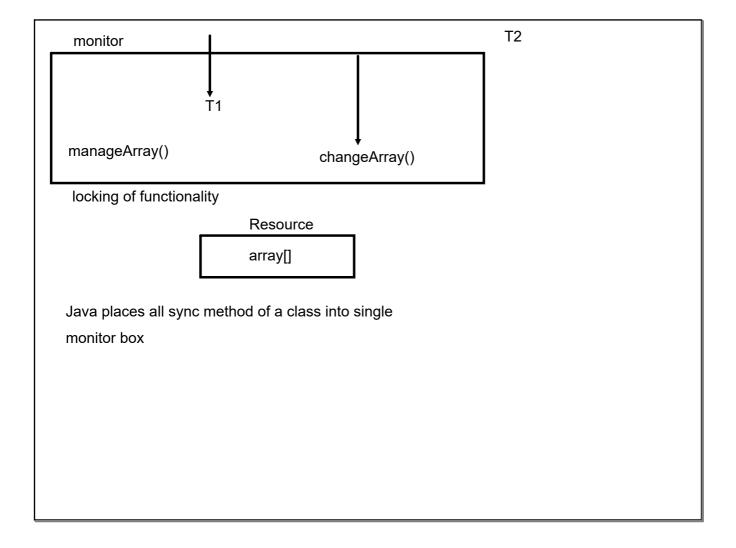




```
class Thread implements Runnable{
    public void run(){} // empty
    public final void start(){
        // low level functionality to spawn a new thread
        // native coding : C/C++
        // call the run() : assigning thread capacity
    }
}
```







locking of functionality : sync method [permanent] : Resource owner locking of objects : sync block [temp] : user

Concurrent-Collection API

High level of concurrency with Thread Safety

synchronized: method/block: Wide Spectrum of locking

granular locking : ReentrantLock();

