Java 8

Classical: Imperative

How

Object mutability

Java 8 : Declarative Style

What we want

Object immutability

Interface:

default method (definition)

static method (definition)

collection api

interface (10 functionalities + 2) stream

Object Oriented approach : interface

Functional Interface:

Contain only one abstract method might have static, default method in any count

Lambda:

anonymous function
no method param type, return type
not be encapsulated in any class
can be assigned to a variable of functional interface

the method signature of the only abstract method of Functional interface must match with method signature of lambda expression

java.util.function

functional interface containing some very common prototype method

4 categories

Consumer

Predicate

Function

Supplier

Consumer:

void accept(<T>)

Predicate

boolean test(<T>)

Function

<R> apply(<T>);

Supplier

<T> get()

Variants

Consumer : BiConsumer (Generic)
void accept(<T>,<M>)

Primitive type implementation IntConsumer()

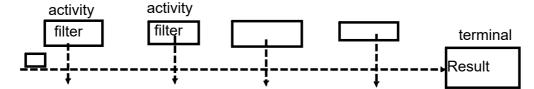
Predicate:

BiPredicate, Primitive type implementation

Function: BiFunction

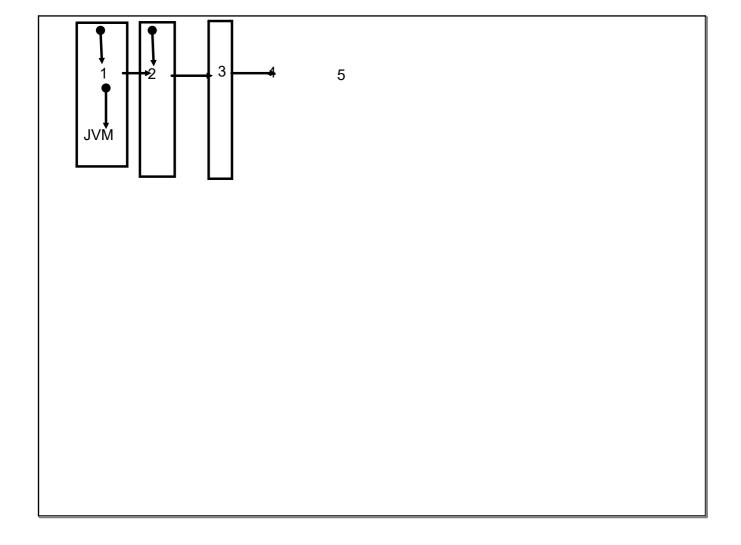
Functional programming remove overhead of creating objects and loading class files

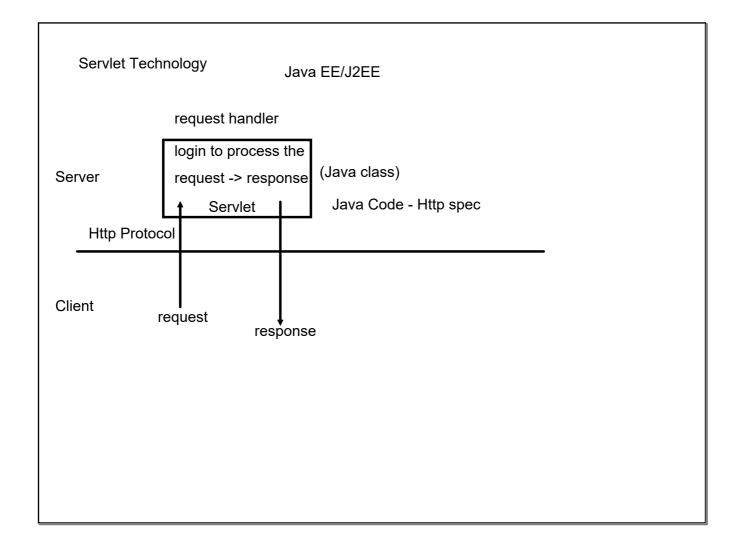
Conveyer belt



Parallel Processing not to be preferred

- 1. when an external mutable object is involved
- 2. when the stream activities involve some inherent complexity





```
Java EE
Servlet
Java Class
class MyServ extends GenericServlet/HttpServlet{
}

GenericServlet: Support only generic Http Verb (Form verbs) get/post
HttpServlet: identifies HTTP Verbs (get,post,put,delete)
identifies intention of http verb
```

Named Core Datatypes of TS

number -1/5.3/200 5~5.0

string 'Hello',"Hello",`Hello`

boolean true/false

Spring

Spring Core

Spring MVC (maven)

Spring Boot

Spring Framework : Servlet technology

CORE

IoC : Outsourcing the creation and management of object

Bean Factory

loC

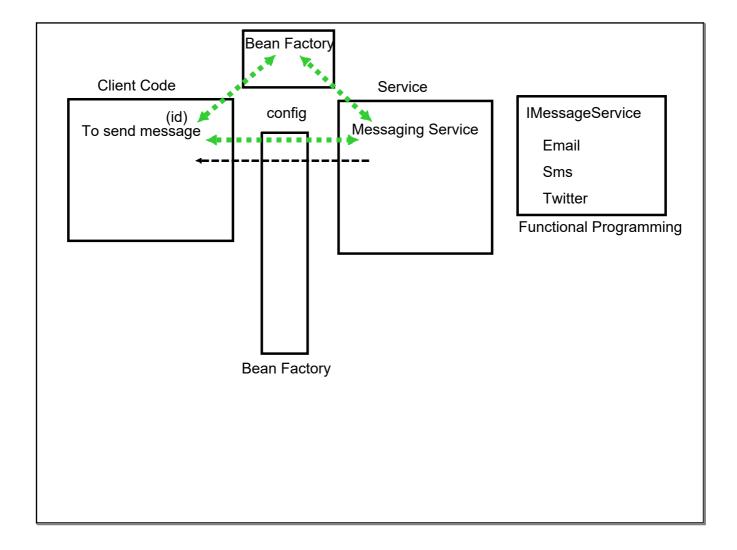
DI

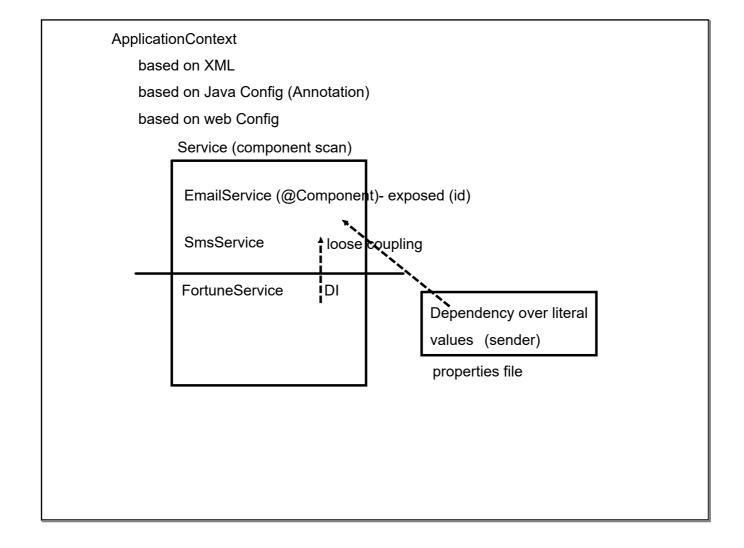
AOP

AOP : Aspect Oriented Programming (Proxy)

Bean: Java Object managed by container

Clean, Loosly Coupled, reusable JAva Code





Scope : Singleton (Default)	re
Prototype	S

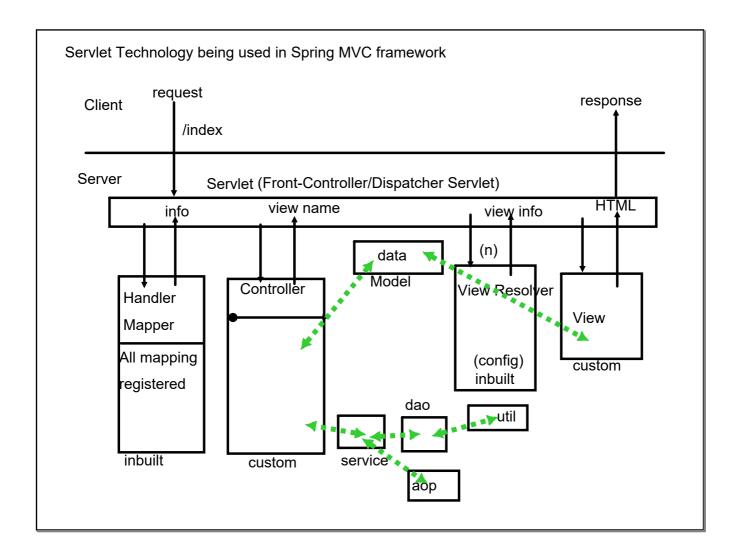
request: single request-response cycle

session : all request-response cycle for a particular user

global: all request-response cycle for all user(web

context)

Spring Context does not maintains complete lifecycle of Prototype bean



Maven:

Dependency Management

Standard folder/file system

build

test

documentation

pom : project object model

all config related to maven activity

web.xml : a must file for servlet config

web.xml : Servlet config

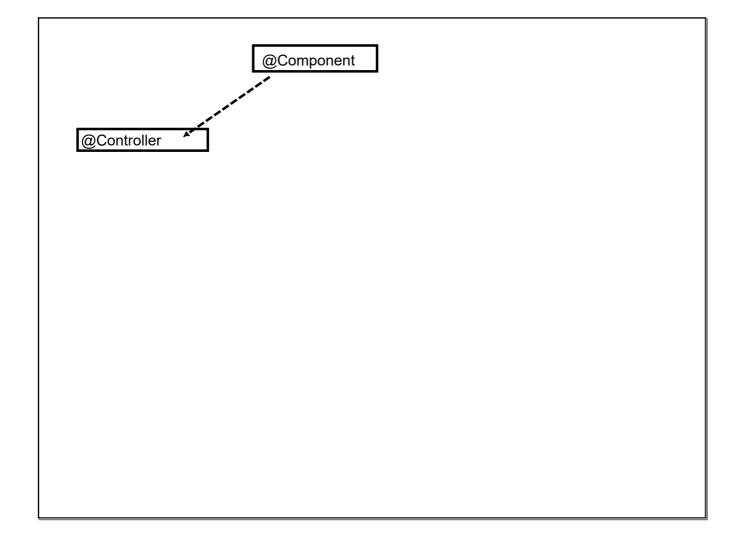
Custom spring servlet config (java):

inbuilt servlet : register that servlet (DispatcherServlet : config)

config code: as per more requirement controller code (multiple support layers)

model: data structure

views: presentation purpose



View	Reso	lver:

Single View File (jsp)

Modular View File (Tiles)

Multipart response (as downloadable file)

- =>What type of responses you want
- =>What type of responses your view templates

Spring Boot 1. Depe	endency mana	rter project	-	package t AutoConfiç nd support	3	
web library clubbed up group of libraries	security	jpa		cloud		

Configuration:

Auto/Easy

- => Curated clubbed up Annotation
- =>Added new annotation for custom config
- => property files : add correct key-values pair
- => adding dependency : will activate that feature and auto configure

some default behavior

spring-security (

spring-actuator

spring-devtool

web application

spring boot web application packaged as jar

standalone: executed like a simple java

Tomcat is embedded

Spring boot is self-sufficient for maven tool

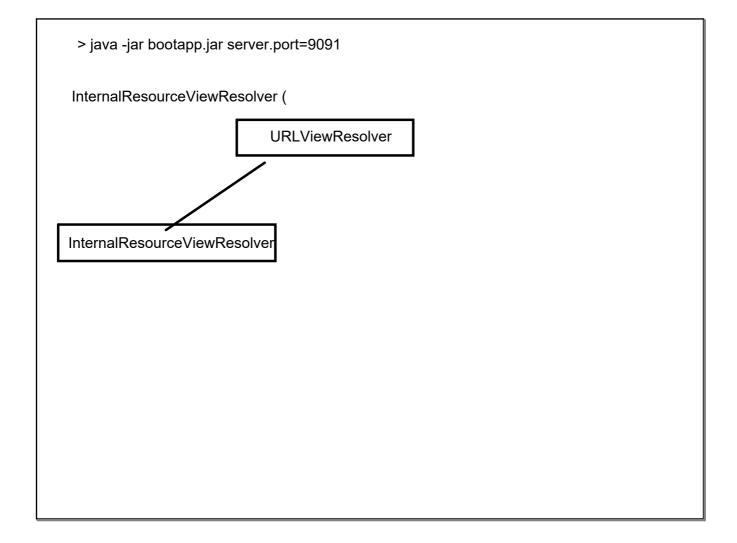
eg: mvn package/test/clean/install

spring boot tool:

eg: mvnw package/test/clean/install

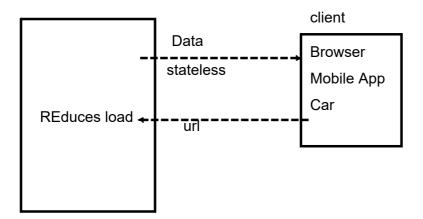
Spring boot application are by default not configured to use jsp-jstl view templates

Spring boot is by default configured to use : thymeleaf



REST-WS

REpresentational State Transfer



- 1. how to generate a request?
- 2. what is format in which data will arrive?

Request, REST:

=>purely the URL

=>Conventions for URL

=>ALL HTTP VERBS (intention)

eg:POST: add some

PUT : edit

SOAP / WSDL : programmatic request

REceiving data:

standard, simple as possible

JSON,XML,HTML,TEXT

Allowed to explore the concept of micro-service architecture

JAX-RS (specification)

Jersey

Restlet

RESTEasy

Apache CXF

Spring:

not a JAX-RS impelementation

@RestController 1. does auto : interco	nversion of JSON<->JAVA (jackson-databind project)	
2. DEALS with Reque		
REquest Object	Response Object	
	header	
	content	
	status code	

Jackson - databind project :

uses the getter/setter method for interconversion

lombok project

Convention:

Employee

/api/employees GET : asking for all employee records (/api/get-all-records)

/api/employees/{id} GET: asking for a single emp record with id: {id}

/api/employees POST : a record is submitted (add)

/api/employees PUT : a record is submitted (update)

/api/employees/{id} DELETE : delete a record with id : {id}

/api/employess DELETE : a array of id is submitted

/api/employees/{id1}/{id2} DELETE

spring-data-rest

Actuators

Microservice architecture monolith :

Interdependency

Fragile in nature

deployment:

usage of resources

bound to specific technology

team division / management

new team member inclusion

- 1. does not easily integrate/comply agile
- 2. CI/CD implementation is a challenge

easy to maintain different technology isolated DB
SOA ->
50% (microservice)(service)(SOA) 50% managment Challenge : Relationship : Tools/Support

Discovery Server

Config Server

Monitoring

Container Management

Log

API Gateway

DevOps

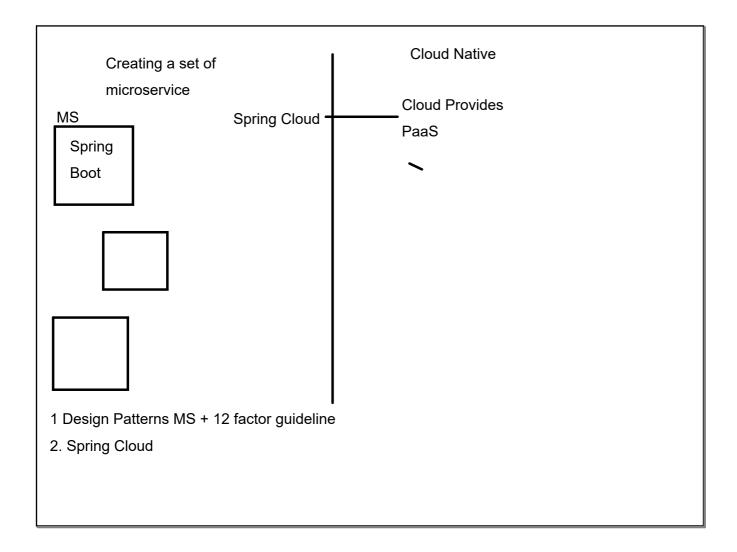
Cloud Native

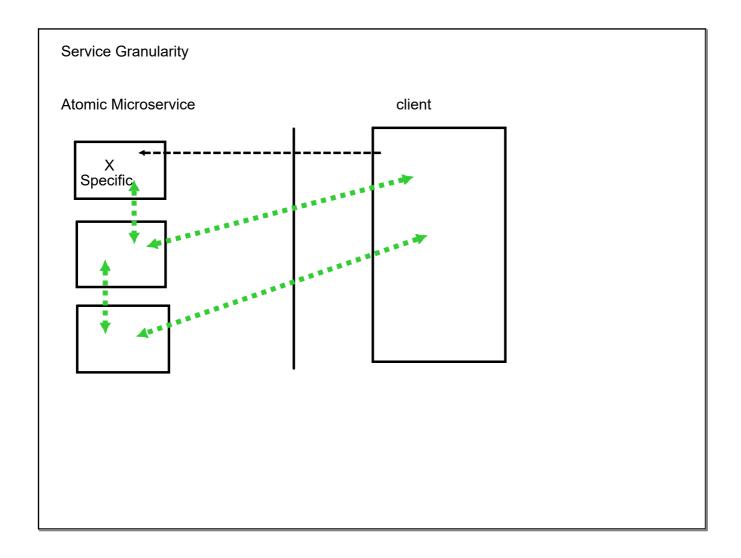
laaS

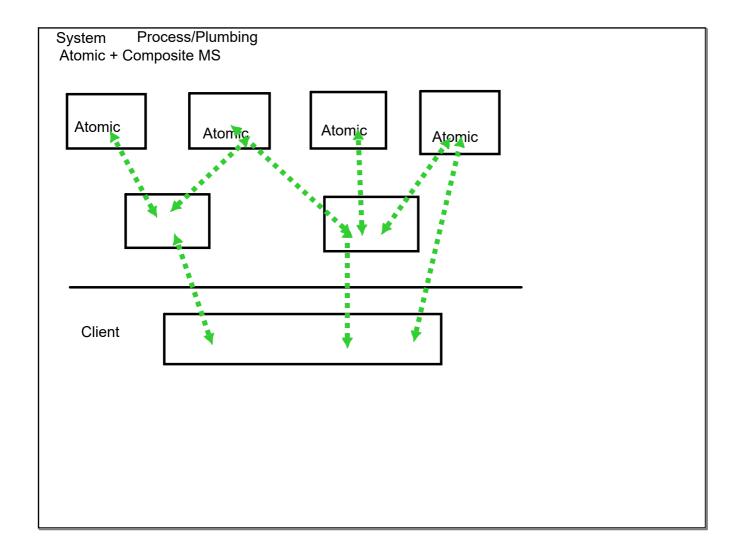
CLOUD

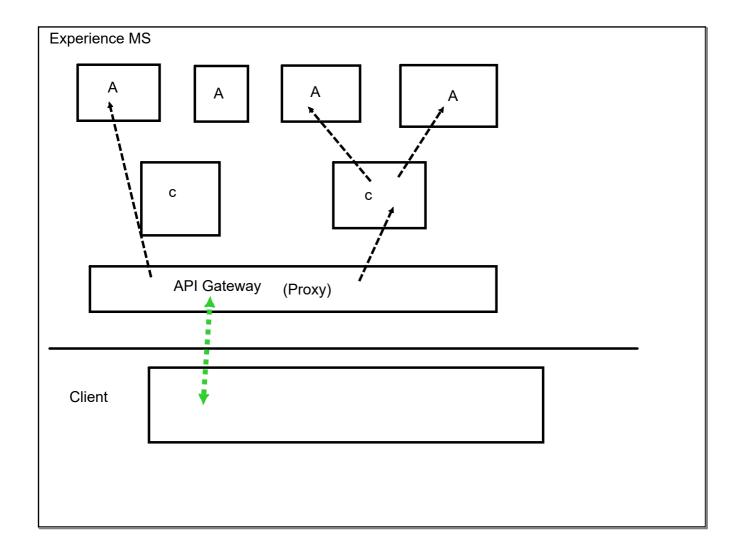
PaaS

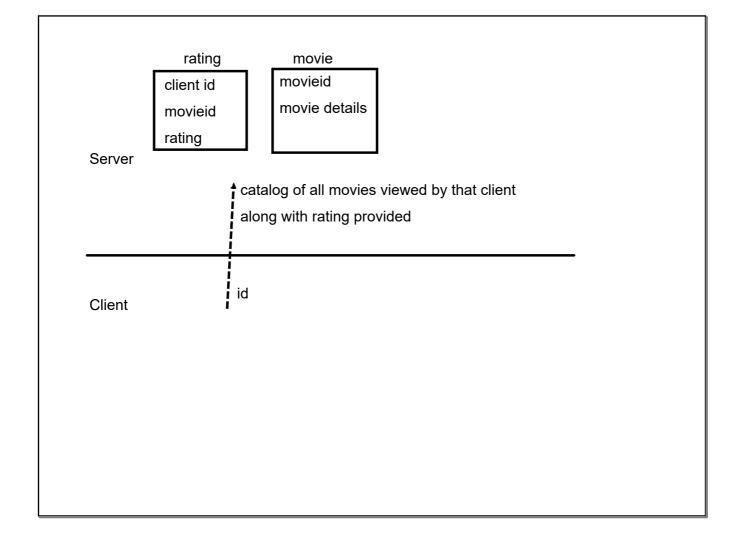
Spring boot :
Spring / Spring MVC
Most resonable default
Integrates Spring cloud out of the box

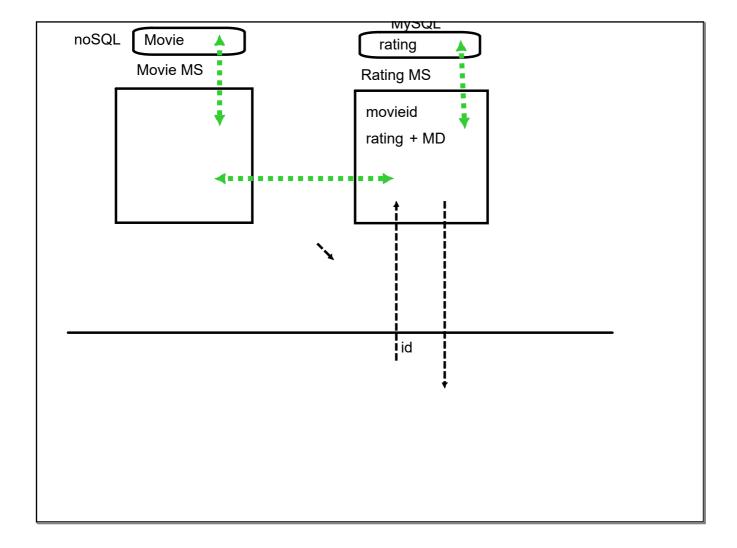


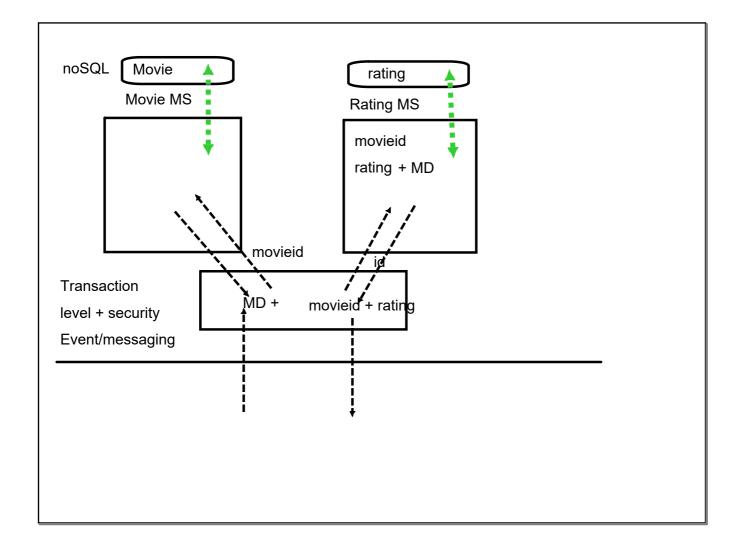




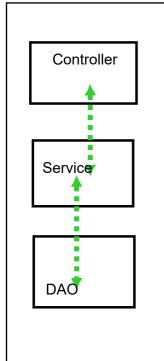








12-factor guildeline
Lightweight
Reactive
Stateless
Atomic
Externalized
Consistent
Resilient
Good Citizens
Versioned x.x.x



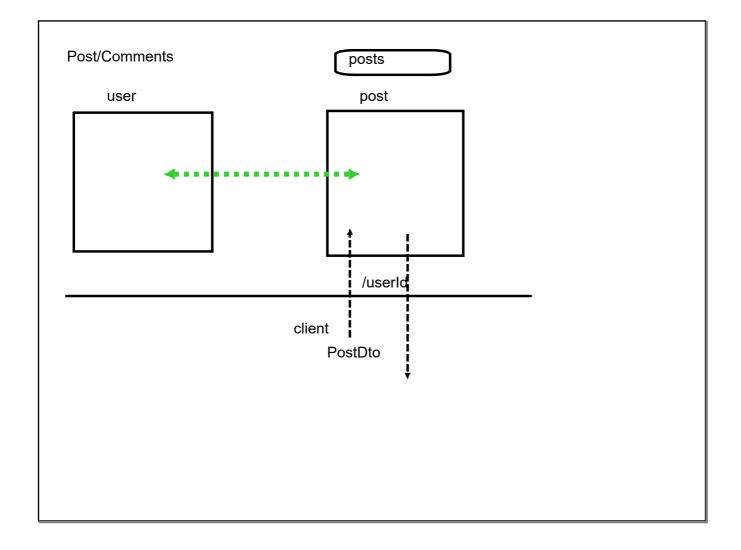
Spring-Data (persistent API)

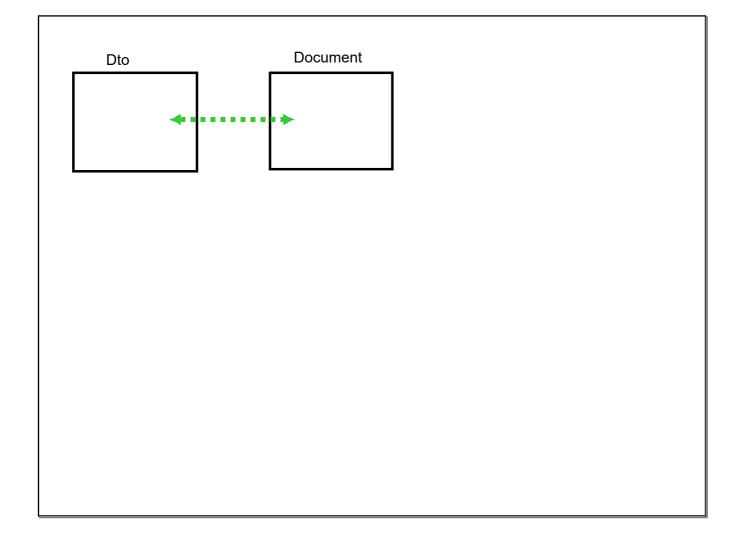
: Mysql : JPA

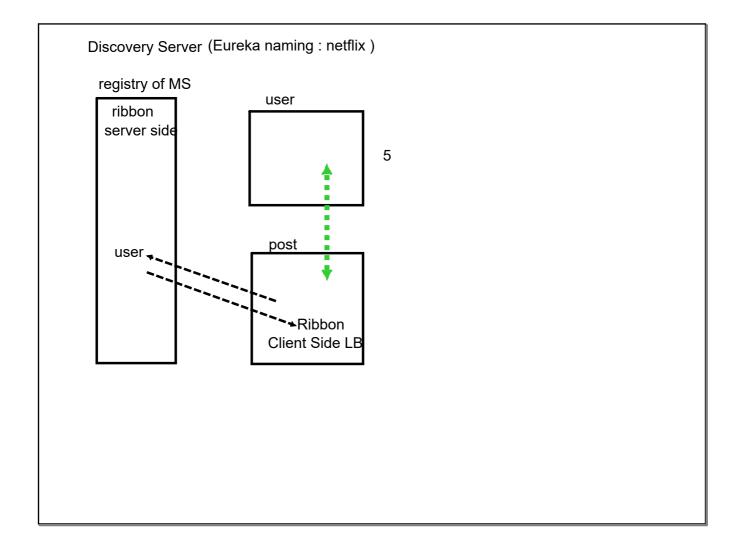
: Mongo-DB impl

=> Lots of pre-built DB interaction

=> Add custom method : implementation provided on the fly proper naming convention







HTML: STRUCTURE
CSS: PRESENTATION
Javascript: BEHAVIOR

HTML-5

backward compatibility

Standardized the error handing

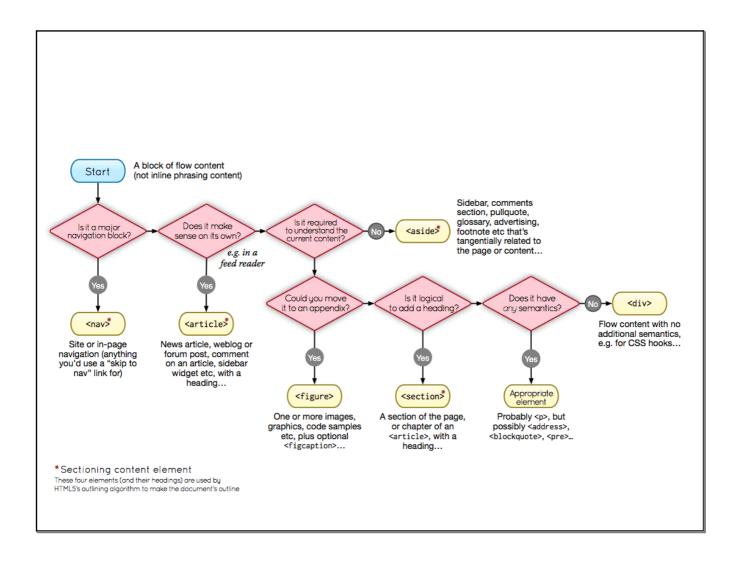
New Semantics Elements

Built-in API

audio/video

Semantically correct Structural elements
traditional: ,,<div>
article,
section
aside,
header,
footer

OUTLINE ALGORITHM:
Smooth renderring
Assisstive technology
Search EO



Categorization

Metadata

Metadata

Interactive

HEading

Phrasing

Sectioning

API

DOM spec is part of HTML5

Built in APIs (internal activities)

A/V Api

Offline Application API

History API

WEb Protocol API

Drag n Drop API

Geolocation

2D Canvas

Local Storage

Session Storage

Messaging API

Local DB API

CSS

Cascade Style Sheet

SS: presentation rul

Cascading: rule for resolving conflicts with multiple SS applied on same elements

Browser SS

Location of style

external

Heirarchy of HTML

internal

Assembly of properties

inline

selector { property : value}
p{color: #FFFFF}

element
(ID)
. Class

Cascading rule
Specificity

Bootstrap + JS

BootStrap : mobile first CSS library (device independent)

Grid System : use 5 grid breakpoint

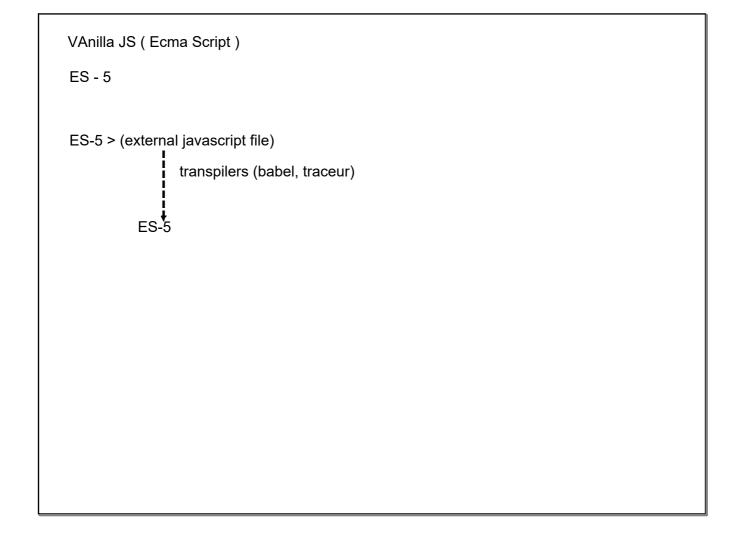
extra small : <567 px : col (auto layout)

small 567-768 col-sm

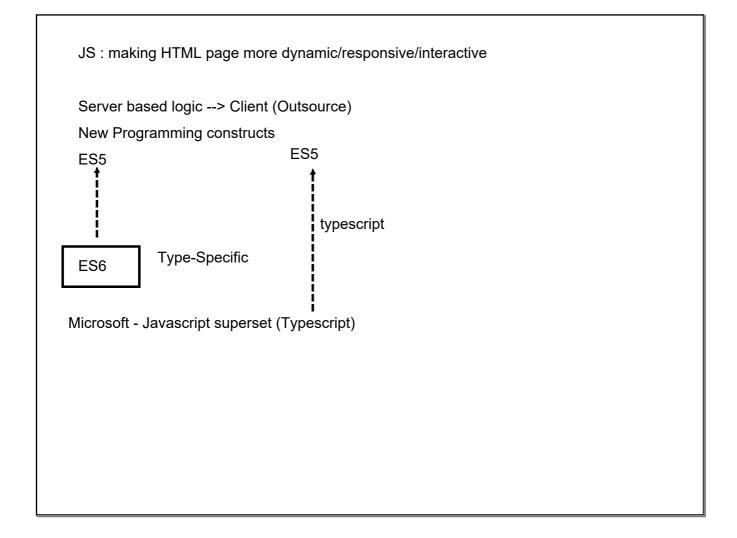
medium 768-992 col-md

large 992-1200 col-lg

xl > 1200 col-xl



JAvascript (rich set of library allowed to integrate)			
Objects			
=> HTML/CSS code (DOM Tree)			
=> Browser window			
=> history			
=> navigation			
ES6			



```
function add(num1, num2){

named Type
interface/generic

return num1 + num2;
}

add(20,30); 50

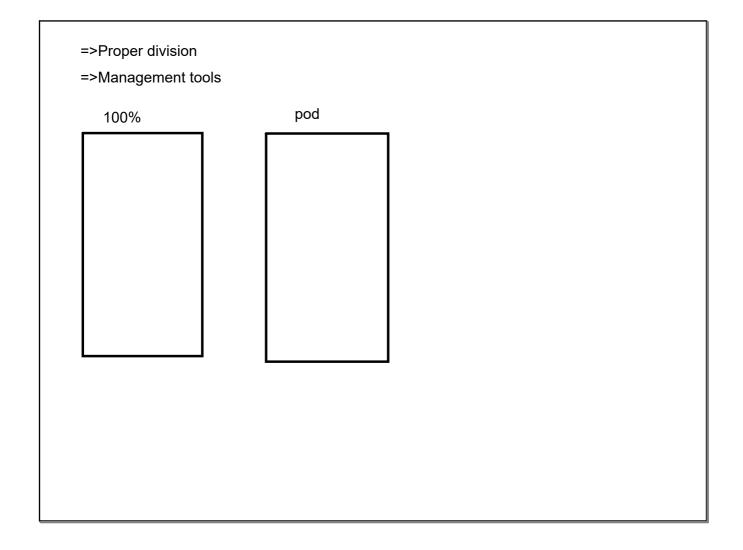
add('20','30'); 2030
```

```
npm
npm install -g typescript

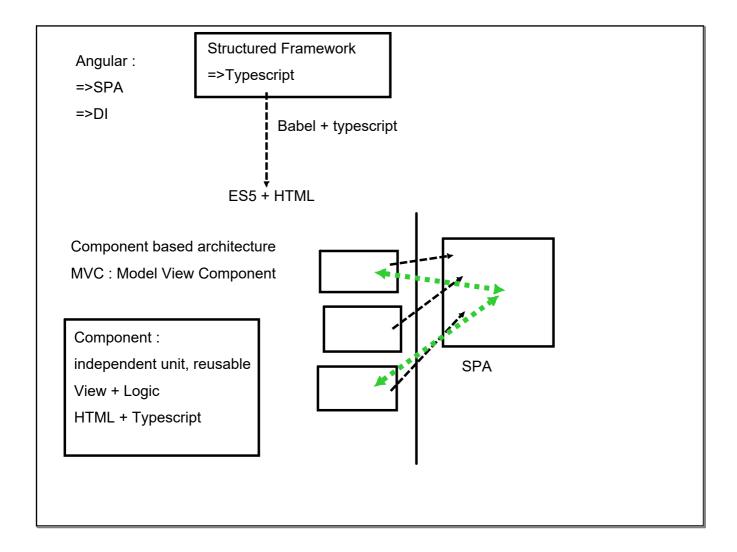
var button = document.querySelector("button");
var input1 = document.getElementByld("num1");
var input2 = document.getElementByld("num2");

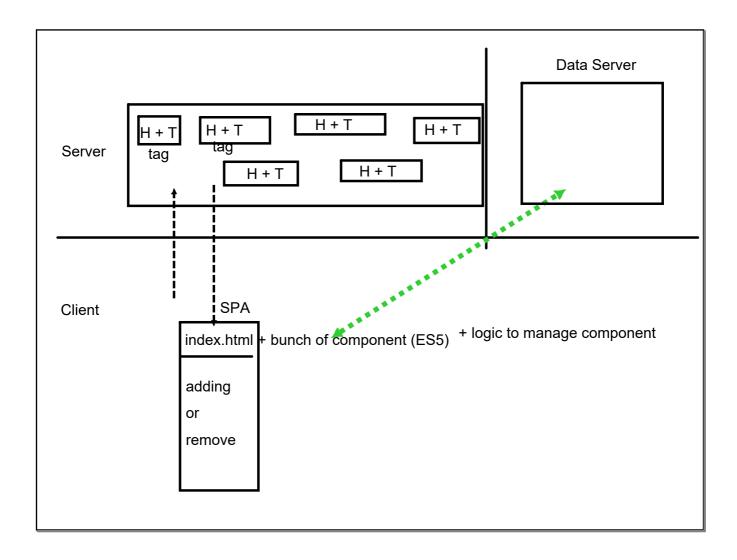
function add(num1, num2){
    return num1 + num2;
}

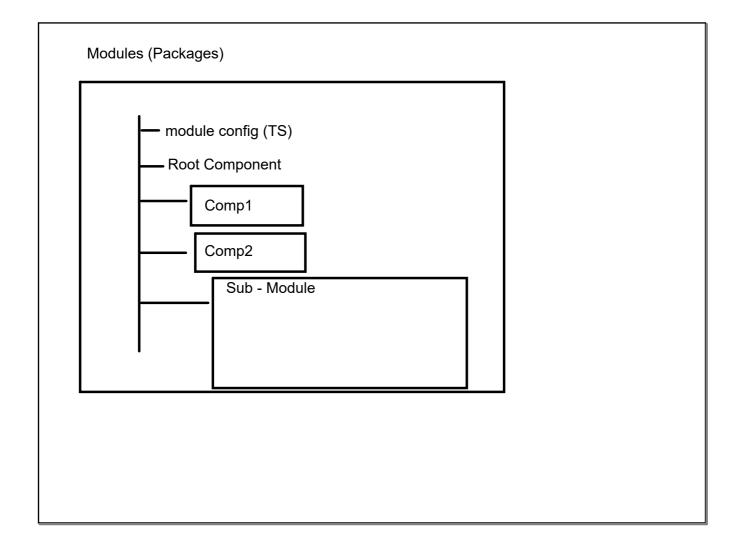
button.addEventListener("click", function(){
    console.log(add(+input1.value, +input2.value));
});
```



Inter-microservice :		
Discovery Server/Client		
feign-client		
load balancing		
externalization :		
config		
security		
single point access		
CQRS : Transaction		
Event Driven - Messaging API		
Fault Tolerance		
Tracing		
Documentation Swagger		
ault Tolerance		
Kubernetes		
Kupernetes		







NodeJS (npm)
to download and install angular CLI
=>npm install -g @angular/cli
Create a new Angular Application
=>ng new <app-name>

All npm:
 package.json
 npm install

Component:

=> TS class : config

=> presentation : HTML

=> CSS

=> TS class : unit test code

Creating new component

ng generate component < component>

Entry Form : (Add New Product)	
<collection></collection>	
List of Product	

- 1.. Single Component (New Data Entry, holding the collection, show the list)
- 2. Two Component (New Data Entry, holding the collection | show the list)
- 3. Three Component (New Data Entry | holding the collection | show the list)

show the list

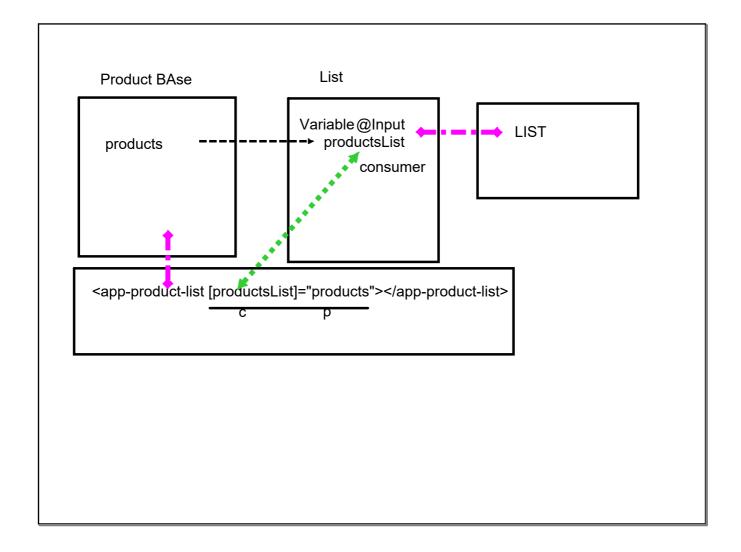
show the detail of one product

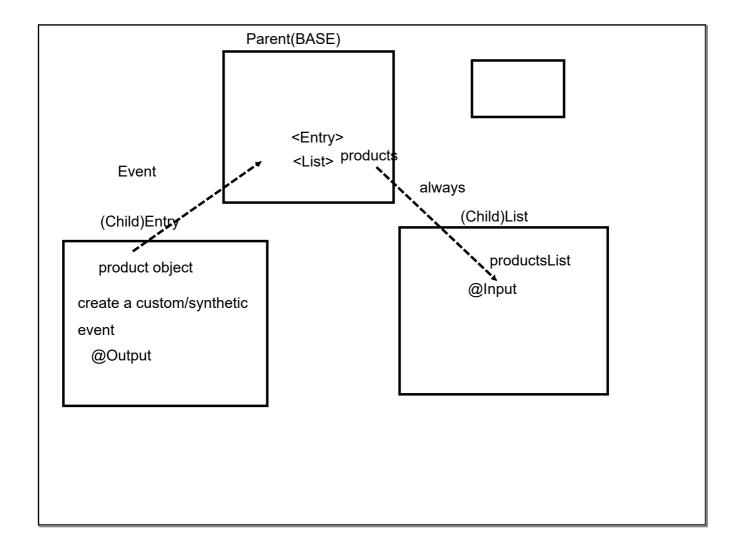
- -> show only image
- -> show reviews
- -> show purchase (cost + add to cart)

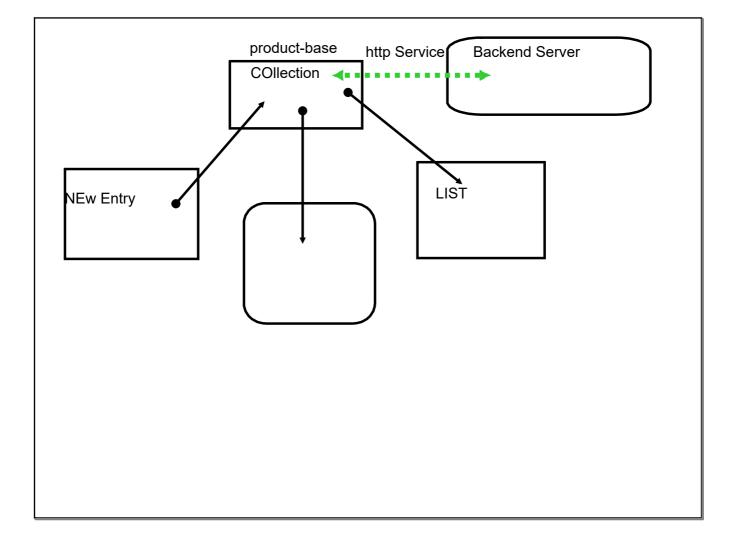
Directives : ngFor
Services : shared resources (functionality/algo/data)
Pipes Customize/Transform the output

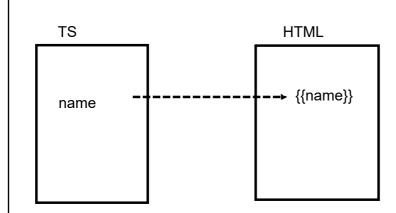
helps to add simple programmatic constructs directly into HTML majorly as attributes of existing HTML Components eg:FOR LOOP Directive {{<var>}} Form <form></form>

Angular directive :









events: NO HTML EVENTS

events: synthetic events (custom events provided by ANGULAR)

event handling compatible to platform + TS

<div *nglf="false"> nglf Something.... <div *nglf="<condition>"> </div> not be displayed Something.... </div> <div *nglf="a > b"> condition: Something.... true: div will be visible </div> false: div will not be visible <div *nglf="fun()"> Something.... </div>

ngSwitch : controls the visibility

*ngFor

ngStyle

Single CSS property at a time

[style.<css property>] = "value"

Multiple CSS

[ngStyle] = "{font : 'Arial', background-color : bgColor}"

ngClass

Manage the forms:

Specialized Modules

FormsModules

ReactiveFormsModule

Two fundamental Object

FormControl: represents single input field

value, state, error

FormsGroup: represents complete form

(collection of form controls)

FormsModules (template driven directives)

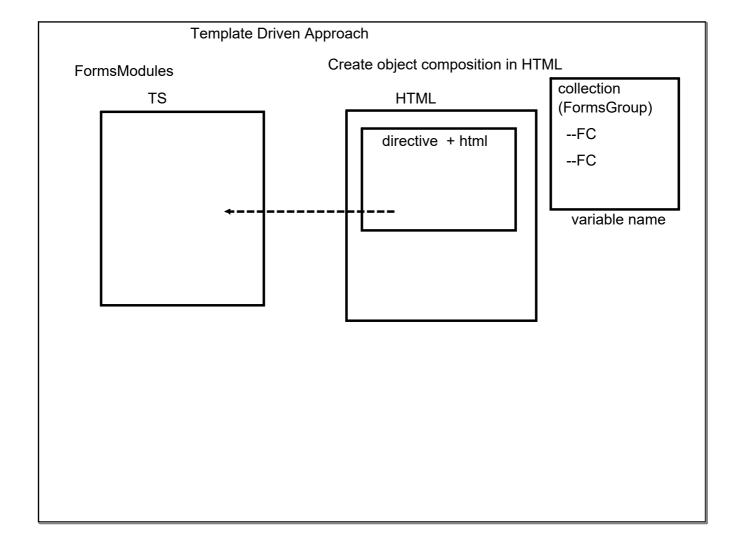
ngModel ~ FormControl

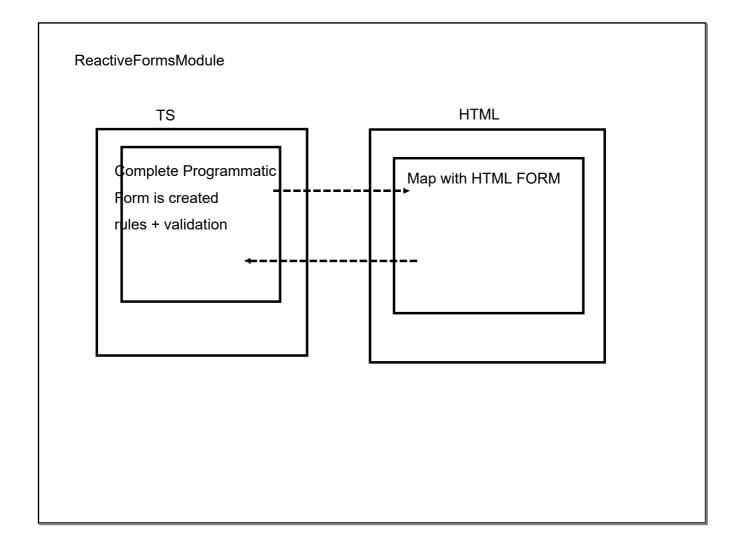
ngForm ~ FormsGroup

ReactiveFormsModule (model driven directive)

formControl ~ FormControl

ngFormGroup ~ FormsGroup





Soon as Form dependency
1. auto exposed to directive
2. auto exposed to services
Object of these service are already exposed :
Object are AW/injected in constructors
_

Angular
HOME CONTACT ABOUT Search

Angular components have each phase	e life cycle : multiple phases	
=> Interface : method (life	ecycle hook method)	
interiace : metrica (inc	oyole hook method)	
OnInit() : as soon as comp	onent is loaded	
Securing the route: Auth-0	Guard Service	
TS	HTML	
public		
public		

json-server : dummy backend server

json file

install: npm install-g json-server

URL: Base url

http://localhost:3000/products

1. GET: http://localhost:3000/products (fetch all records)

2. GET: http://localhost:3000/products/1 (fetch by id)

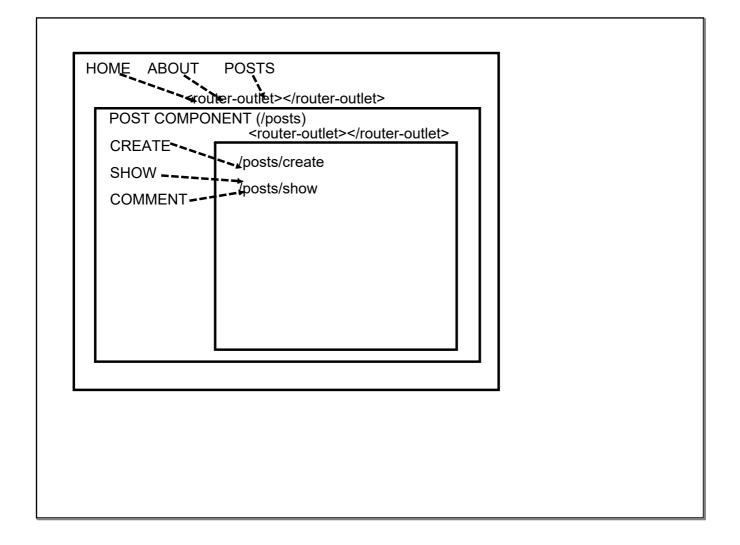
3. POST: http://localhost:3000/products (add new records)

4. PUT : http://localhost:3000/products/1 (id of record to update)

5. DELETE: http://localhost:3000/products/1 (id of record to delete)

http://localhost:3000/post

http://localhost:3000/comment



ReactJS: Javascript Lib:

View part : frequently changing data : Modern ES ---> ES5

Component based architecture : syntax approach : HTML + JS (JSX)

: slow rendering

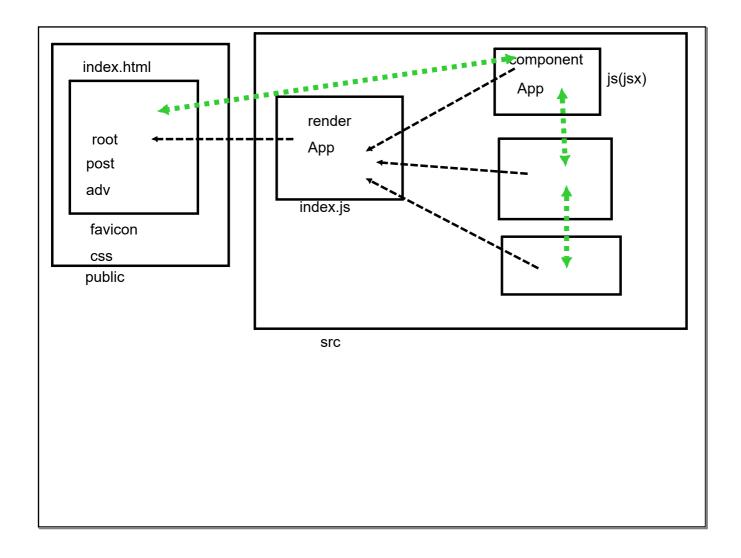
Problem: whenever a new info: DOM heirarchy changes:

Browser has to re-render the DOM

Solution: Virtual DOM:

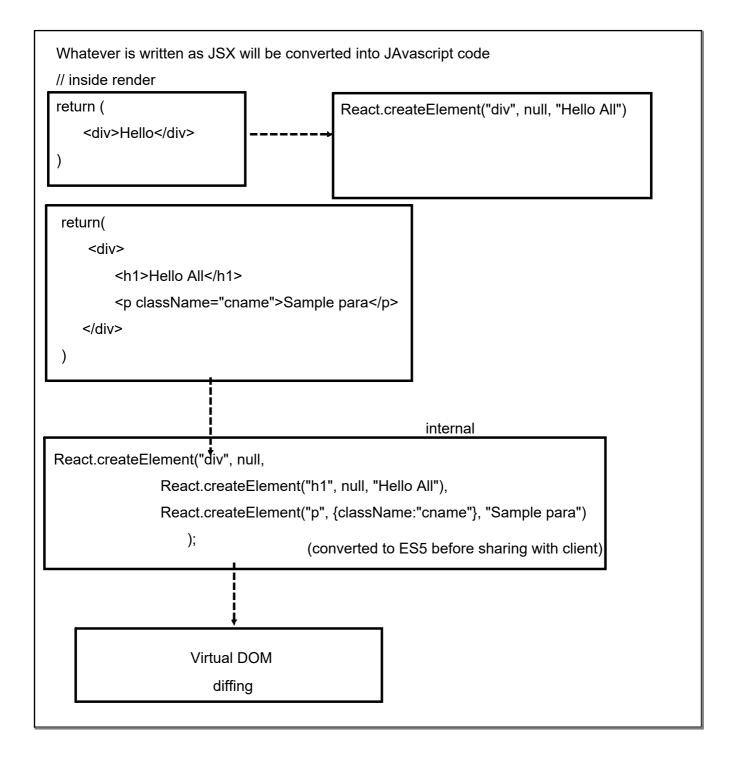
js create a in memory DOM Tree,

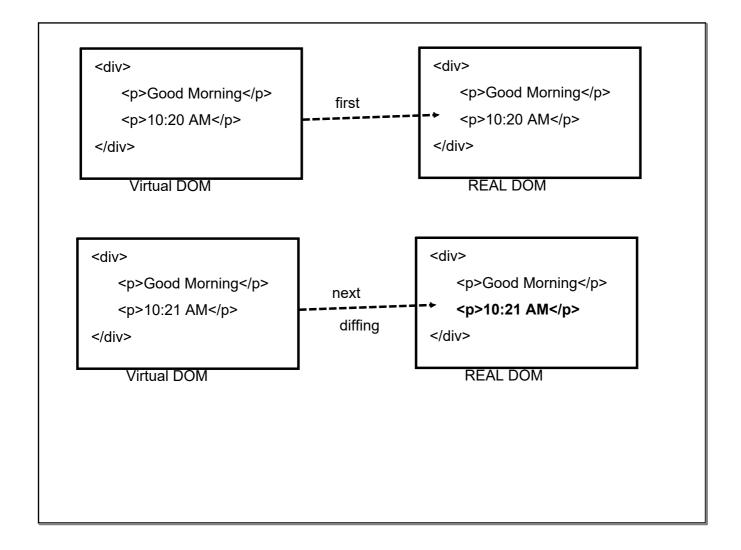
any changes is done in Virtual DOM: diffing engine



react: Main ReactJS lib

react-dom : Virtual DOM
1. Component (class) : must inherit Component (react)
2. must define (override) render method
3. must return a HTML template (JSX) from render method





Post	Post Component Post Box Component	

Props: Transfer data one component to another
Created on the fly
all props passed to a component
automatically gets stored into an inbuilt object of component: props

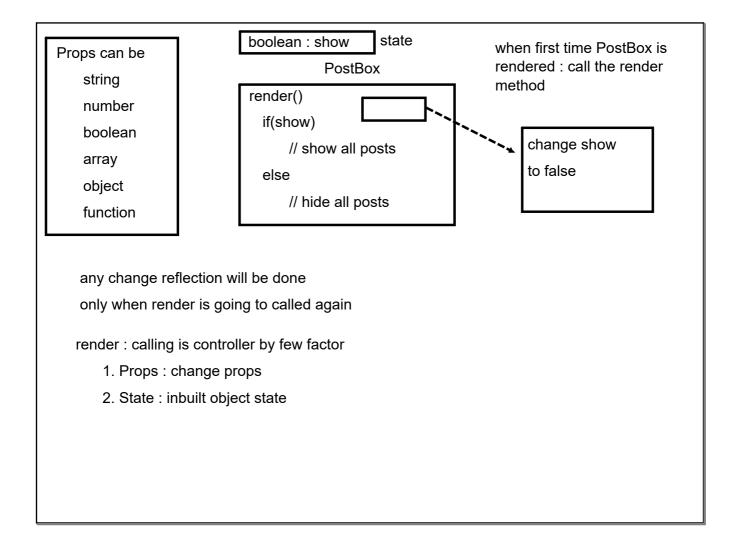
PostBox

Post

props

attribute

props

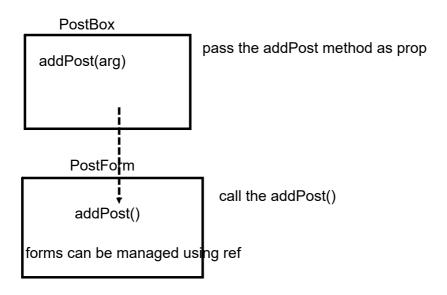


	PostBox	_	
	single <postform> multiple <post></post></postform>		
		Post	_
PostForm			
	_		

1. The new post info will req to be added into collection

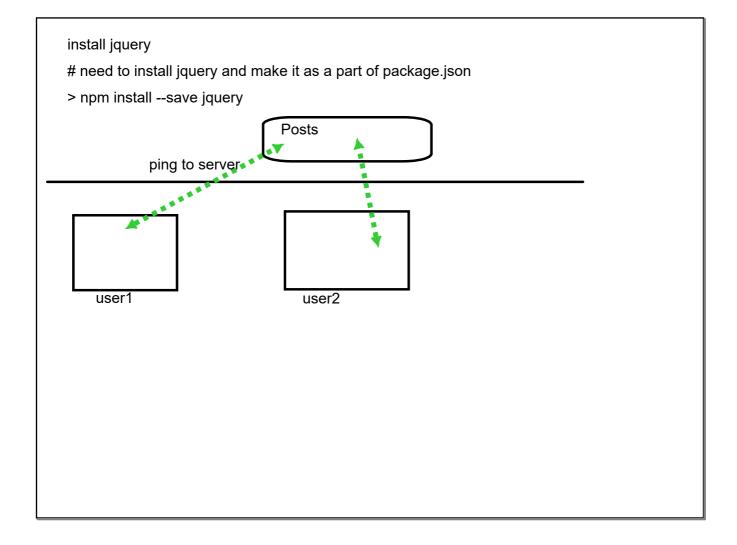
2. Rerenderring to take place

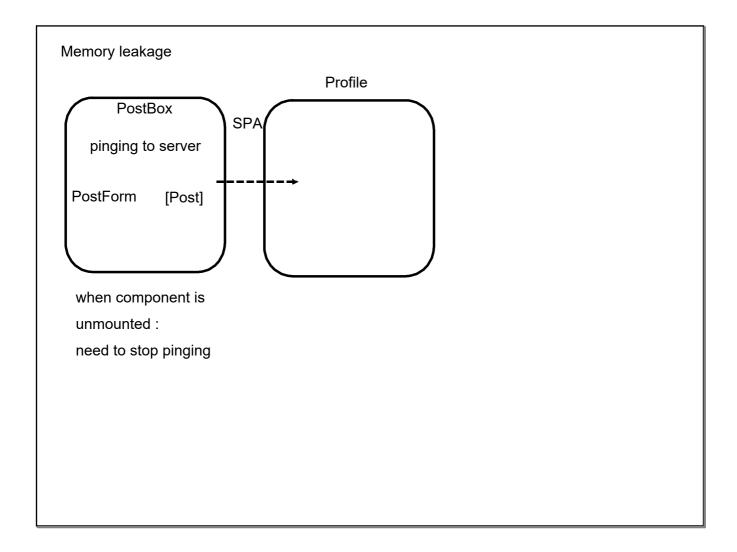
need to transfer collection into state object

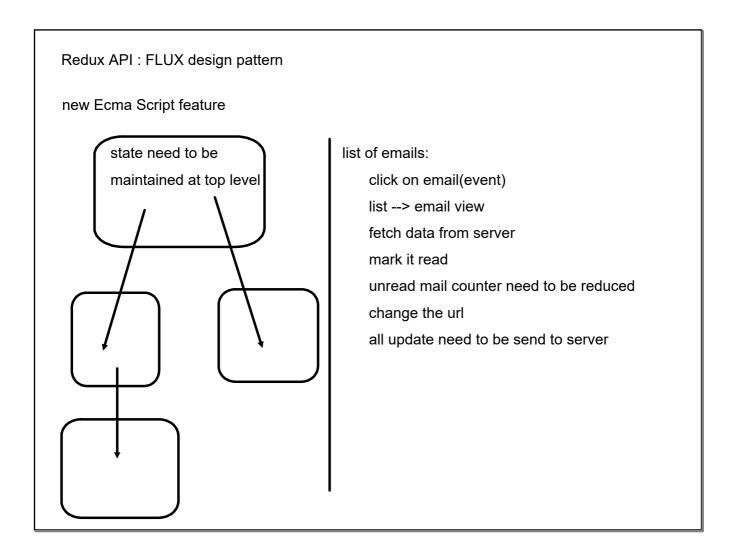


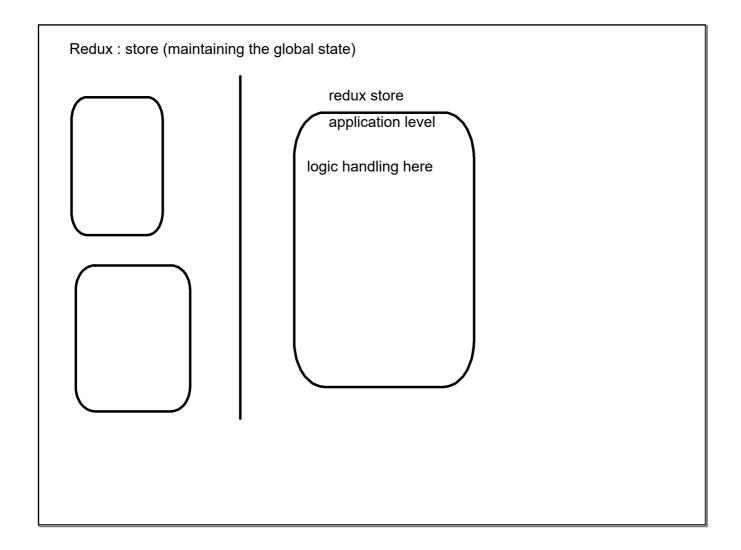
Backend Server : json-server
No service support
plain JS/jquery to be used
SPA : need to talk with server (async)

```
React lifecycle hook method:
when component is loaded
1. Constructor
2. componentWillMount(): before renderring: if every thing is fine
    (only once : first time when component is loaded : not with every re-renderring)
3. render() method is called
4. componentDidMount(): just after renderring (once: first renderring)
5. componentWillReceiveProps():
    invoked just before next renderring takes place:
   whenever prop/state changes
props: immutable
state: mutable
6. shouldComponentUpdate():
this can customized to control the flow
: returns a boolean
   :true : re-renderring
    :false: no re-renderring
7. componentWillUpdate(): only if true is returned
8: render(): re-renderring
9. componentDidUpdate(): just after re-renderring
10. componentWillUnmount(): component is removed from Virtual DOM
```

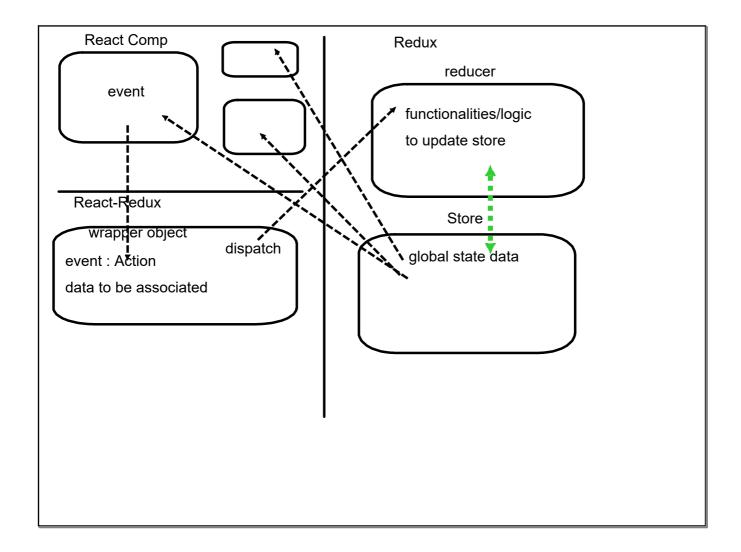


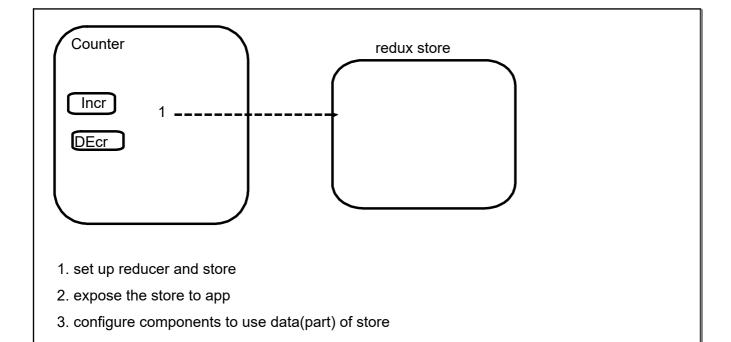


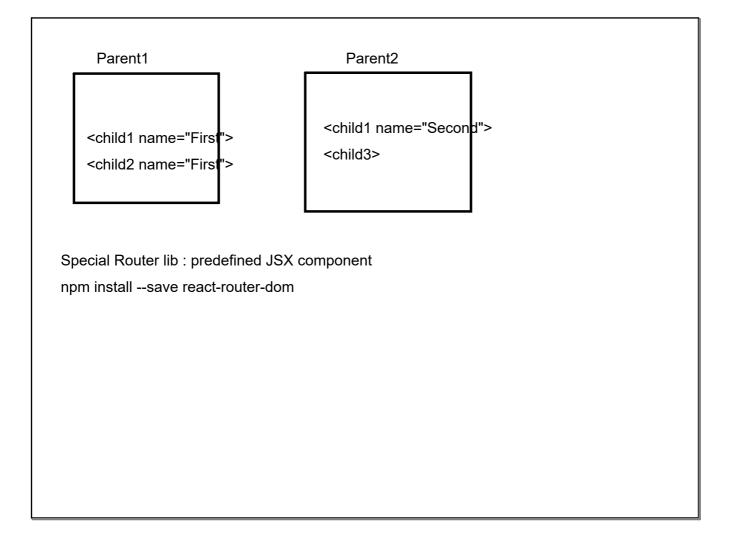




install redux lib	
install plumbing (react-redux)	
npm installsave redux react-redux	
npm matan save redux react-redux	







HOME	CONTACT	ABOUT

MongoDB:

=> cross-platform

=> document oriented

specific instance : embedded local DB Cloud Mongo DB

Mongo DB

Database

Collection (collection of multiple record)(Tables)

Document (record): JSON

schema less

different document in same collection can have different structure : scalable

Mongo DB: Community Server

1. Installed Community Server

2. Define the location : (preferred) c:/data

mongod : connect with repo location : >mongod --dbpath "<db location>" | mongod --dbpath "C:\data"

mongo: launch the mongo db terminal

URI: spring.data.mongodb.uri=mongodb://[username]:[password]@[ip]:[port]/<dbname>

java class to configure MongoTemplate

Spring Data:

ALL DB will have common approach

change : Repository

Query syntax

Inherit a repository

all standard CRUD functionality (by default)

method declared with proper naming convention (implementation provided internally)

method declared , associate a query @Query

Custom: if need to add detailed business logic

Custom:

- 1. Create custom interface
- 2. declare custom method
- 3. Create a implementation class (inherting the interface)
- 4. inherit the custom interface into repository

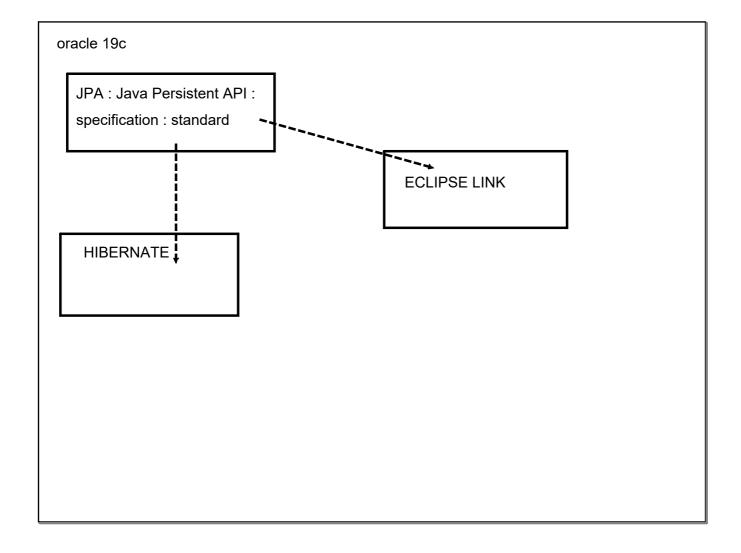
```
db.<collection>.find({
    "author" : "First",
    "author" : {$in : ["First","Second"]}
    "likes" : {$gte : 50}
})
```

LTI Contents	July 13, 2	020
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

creating a security credentials for DB	
Create a user for DB	

Hadoop : DB

- => query based as well
- => programmatic control
- => document | RDBMS
- => index : normalization
- => complex relationship among tables
- => algorithm (hashing equation)
- => distributed DB



JPQL :> ORACLE Dialect
PL/SQL : PAscal based
Reusable programmatic unit (Procedure/Function) Programmatic construct
Integration with SQL
structural

Structure

Declaration (optional)

Executable Commands (mandatory)

Exception Handling(optional)

Procedure/Function

Procedure: cannot return value explicitly

Function: have to return a value explicitly

Maintained as Objects in Oracle

Procedure

<IS|AS>

[declaration]

BEGIN

<execution code/commands>

EXCEPTION

<exception handling code>

END;

T	Fhree different types:
	IN : read-only variable
	OUT : write value in it (data out of procedure)
	INOUT : read-write

Procedure		
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION <function name=""> ([arguments]) RETURN <return type=""></return></function>		
<is as></is as>		
[declaration]		
BEGIN		
<execution code="" commands=""></execution>		
EXCEPTION		
<exception code="" handling=""></exception>		
END;		

Procedure: process, cant use queries, out

Function : some calculation, queries (no DML stmt), out|RETURN

PL/SQL: inbuilt

Conversion : one type into another type

String Date

TDD : Test driven development

Agile : Testing : Manual

Automation

Unit-Tests : testing a specific logic in isolation

Integration : Component class(unit) + HTML Template + service(unit)

End-to-End:

Backend:

JUnit: java test cases

Spring test api

Mockito

Frontend

Jasmine (JS)

Karma

JUnit:

Javascript:

Jasmine (independent): does not require DOM

Karma: test-runner: run test cases over angular app

Jasmine

1. Karma : spec.ts : test files

wrap test case in test suite : describe() function

every test will be defined under: it()

matcher : expect() ~ assert()

beforeAll(<function>) once

beforeEach(<function>): before each it

afterAll(<function>): once

afterEach(<function>): after each it

Fragile	
spyOn(<service>, <method>).and.callFake(<fake function="">); spyOn(<service>, <method>).and.returnValue(<value>);</value></method></service></fake></method></service>	

```
{{filesize | size : "MB" }}

arr | slice : 1 : 4

{{ <value> | <pippe-name : {options}>}}
```