GRDNS: A DNS caching/resolving server written in golang with redis DB

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Abstract of project

The aim was to build a very fast and hyper stable multithreaded DNS server. We achieved the following during the project :

- Resolving from other known DNS server
- Caching in redis database
- Maintaining in-memory indexes of redis records for hyper fast resolve times
- A moderately resiliant implementation of multi threading.

We surely wanted to do more on this project such as :

- recursive resolving from root and TLD server.
- Handle CNAME, NS records
- More better multithreading database operations

But given the time frame for this project, all of the following could not be done.

Output screenshots:

Server and DIG:

1. When resolving for the first time :

```
navin@usermachine:~/github/GRDNS(main ≠) » sudo systemctl start r
edis
navin@usermachine:~/github/GRDNS(main ≠) » sudo ./run.sh
Make sure go toolchains are installed properly
also make sure you have redis server installed
ОК
Listening to port 53
Connection from : 192.168.1.11:38820
Size of Recieved packet: 51
Questions Recieved:
Question 1 : google.com
New Auth records :
New Answer records :
Record : 1
google.com. A IN 247 142.250.183.14
Record inserted to Database!
```

```
[serveruser@serveruser-machine etc]$ dig google.com
; <<>> DiG 9.18.1 <<>> google.com
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 52535
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL
: 0
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;google.com.
                               IN
                                       Α
;; ANSWER SECTION:
google.com.
                       247
                               IN
                                       Α
                                            142.250.183.14
;; Query time: 23 msec
;; SERVER: 192.168.1.10#53(192.168.1.10) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Sun May 01 07:14:48 IST 2022
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 54
```

2. When resolving for the second time :

```
Connection from : 192.168.1.11:42317
Size of Recieved packet: 51
Questions Recieved:
Question 1 : google.com
Resolving from Cache! google.com
            164
                                   142.250.192.78
qoogle.com.
                  IN
                           Α
Connection from : 192.168.1.11:47186
Size of Recieved packet: 51
Questions Recieved:
Question 1 : google.com
Resolving from Cache! google.com
google.com.
               164
                                     142.250.192.78
                      ΙN
                              Α
```

```
[serveruser@serveruser-machine etc]$ dig google.com
; <<>> DiG 9.18.1 <<>> google.com
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 19752
;; flags: qr rd; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 0
;; WARNING: recursion requested but not available
;; QUESTION SECTION:
                                IN
                                         Α
;google.com.
;; ANSWER SECTION:
                        164
                                ΙN
                                         Α
                                                 142.250.192.78
google.com.
;; Query time: 3 msec
;; SERVER: 192.168.1.10#53(192.168.1.10) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Sun May 01 07:16:10 IST 2022
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: <u>54</u>
```

The Project/Code :

We have this project up on github and open for contributions at all times : here

As for this submission, I have included only significant parts of the code as the code base is large and can not be fit in a pdf file (ZIP file attached instead).

Few significant parts of the code :

handle_request :

```
func handle_request (buffer []byte, Caddr *net.UDPAddr, Conn *net.UDPCon
packetlayers := gopacket.NewPacket (buffer, layers.LayerTypeDNS, gop
    //Above gives a set of layer of the packet revieved
    //Where the DNS layer is filled with our Recieved bits
    DNSlayer := packetlayers.Layer(layers.LayerTypeDNS)
    //Above only extracts the DNS layer from set of layers
    //with above layer we can create an object :)
    DNSpacketObi := DNSlaver (*layers DNS)
```

```
DINOPACIACEON . DINOTAYOT. ( TAYOTO.DINO,
    fmt.Println("Questions Recieved: ")
   for i,it:=range DNSpacketObj.Questions{
        fmt.Println("Question", i+1, ":", string(it.Name))
        req_id := DNSpacketObj.ID; //Used by All DNS systems to ensur
        var response = new(dns.Msq);
        if EntryExists(string(it.Name)){
            response.MsgHdr.Response = true;
            response.MsgHdr.Rcode = 0; //No error handling :(
            response.MsgHdr.RecursionDesired = true;
            l := new(dns.Msq)
            1.Unpack(buffer)
            response.Question = 1.Question;
            ReturnWithAnswers(string(it.Name), response)
        }else{
           response = resolve(string(it.Name))
        }
        if response!=nil{
            response.MsgHdr.Id = req_id;
            resbuf,_ := response.Pack()
            //Writing back to client
            _, err := Conn.WriteToUDP(resbuf, Caddr)
           checkError(err)
        }
   }
}
```

database function :

```
func FlushToDB(Record ResponseStruct) bool {
   var pool = newPool()
   var c = pool.Get()

   _,err := c.Do("HSET", record_number, "name", Record.Name, "ttl", Rec
   Record.Rawclass, "type", Record.Rawrrtype, "reply", Record.Rawstr
   if err != nil {
        checkError(err)
        return false
```

```
domain_map[Record.Name] = append(domain_map[Record.Name], record_n
record_number++;
fmt.Println("Record inserted to Database!")
return true
}
```