Assignment Submission-3 | ID3 Algorithm

Details:

• SRN: PES2UG20CS237

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· Section: D

Note: Python file has been attached in the same submission as this PDF

Code:

```
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Assume df is a pandas dataframe object of the dataset given
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import random
import math
'''Calculate the entropy of the enitre dataset'''
# input:pandas_dataframe
# output:int/float
def get_entropy_of_dataset(df):
    # TODO
    label = df.iloc[:,-1]
    p = 0
    n = 0
    for i in label:
        if i=="yes":
            p += 1
        else:
```

```
n += 1
   if p == 0 or n == 0: # Corner case
        return 0
   p_positive = p/(p+n)
   p_negative = n/(p+n)
   entropy_of_sample = -(p_positive*math.log(p_positive, 2))-(p_negative*math
   entropy = entropy_of_sample
    return entropy
'''Return avg_info of the attribute provided as parameter'''
# input:pandas_dataframe,str {i.e the column name ,ex: Temperature in the Pl
# output:int/float
def get_avg_info_of_attribute(df, attribute):
    attr_vec = list(df[attribute])
    label = df.iloc[:,-1]
   domain = []
    # entropy_of_attr_domains = [] # Debug
   for i in attr_vec:
        if i not in domain:
            domain.append(i)
   ## Domain and looping on domain is solely a space optimisation and coding
   ## This inactuality dunks time performance
   avg\_info\_temp = 0
   for i in domain:
        temp_vec = []
        for j in range(0, len(attr_vec)):
            if attr_vec[j] == i:
                temp_vec.append(label[j])
        temp = get_entropy_of_dataset(pd.DataFrame(temp_vec, columns = ["label
        # entropy_of_attr_domains.append(temp) #Debug
        avg_info_temp+=((len(temp_vec)/len(attr_vec))*temp)
        # Reusing above function, reuse go stonksss!
   # print(entropy_of_attr_domains) #Debug
    avg_info = avg_info_temp
    return avg_info
'''Return Information Gain of the attribute provided as parameter'''
# input:pandas_dataframe,str
# output:int/float
def get_information_gain(df, attribute):
   # TODO
    information_gain = get_entropy_of_dataset(df) - get_avg_info_of_attribute(
    return information_gain
```

```
#input: pandas_dataframe
#output: ({dict}, 'str')
def get_selected_attribute(df):
    Return a tuple with the first element as a dictionary which has IG of all
    and the second element as a string with the name of the column selected
    example : ({'A':0.123, 'B':0.768, 'C':1.23} , 'C')
    1.1.1
    # TODO
    max_gain = ""
    map_struct = {}
    for i in list(df.columns)[:-1]: ## Excluding label
        i_a = get_information_gain(df, i)
        map\_struct[i] = i\_a
        if max_gain != "" and i_a > map_struct[max_gain] : ## Short hand eval
            \max_{gain} = i
        elif max_gain == "": # To cover a crash
            max_gain = i
    return (map_struct, max_gain)
```

Screenshots:

```
[19:52:27] [~/github/UE20CS30X-Submissions/MILAB/SUBMISSION3] git:(main*)>>> python SampleTest.py --SRN PES2UG20CS237
Test Case 1 for the function get_entropy_of_dataset PASSED
Test Case 2 for the function get_avg_info_of_attribute PASSED
Test Case 3 for the function get_avg_info_of_attribute PASSED
Test Case 4 for the function get_selected_attribute PASSED
[19:52:36] [cost 0.788s] python SampleTest.py --SRN PES2UG20CS237
```