

```
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileWriter;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.net.URL;
import java.net.URLConnection;
import java.util.Scanner;

class App {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

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try {
    File inputfile = new File("./input.txt");
    String[] url_array;
    if (inputfile.exists()) {
        try {
            Scanner myReader = new
Scanner(inputfile);
            String url = "";
            while (myReader.hasNextLine()) {
                url += myReader.nextLine() + "\n";
            }
            myReader.close();
            url_array = url.split("\\r?\\n");
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.out.println(e);
            return;
        }
    } else {
        System.out.println("Input file not found,
please provide one.");
        return;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < url_array.length; i++) {
        URL url = new URL(url_array[i]);
        URLContentWriterClass ucwc = new
URLContentWriterClass(url);
        ucwc.start();
    }
} catch (Exception e) {
    System.out.println(e);
    return;
}
}

class URLContentWriterClass extends Thread {
    private URL url;
    URLContentWriterClass(URL url) {

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        this.url = url;
    }

    public void run() {
        String[] filesplits = url.getFile().split("/");
        System.out.println("./" +
filesplits[filesplits.length - 1]);
        File myObj = new File("./" +
filesplits[filesplits.length - 1]);
        StringBuilder content = new StringBuilder();
        try {
            if (myObj.createNewFile()) {
                System.out.println("File created: " +
myObj.getName());
            } else {
                System.out.println("File already exists.");
                return;
            }
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.out.println(e);
            return;
        }
        try {
            URLConnection urlconn = url.openConnection();
            BufferedReader bufferedreader = new
BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(urlconn.getInputStream()));
            String line;
            while ((line = bufferedreader.readLine()) !=
null) {
                content.append(line + "\n");
            }
            bufferedreader.close();
            FileWriter fw = new FileWriter("./" +
filesplits[filesplits.length - 1]);
            fw.write(content.toString());
            fw.close();
        } catch (Exception e) {
```

```
        System.out.println(e);  
        return;  
    }  
}  
}
```

Some points to note about multithreading :

- It is observed that the main thread is waiting for the children thread to finish without any wait class, this is not expected behaviour.
- Multithreading is achieved using a `extends` on the `Thread` class.
- This class expects a `run` method that is overriding the parent `run` method.
- Once initialized, we do a `.start()` on the object to spawn the thread, this `start` method is not overriding and is defined by the parent class.
- This in turn spawns the `run()` method by default as a new thread.
- Multithreading unlike linear execution first spawns all the threads and lets each thread execute parallelly.