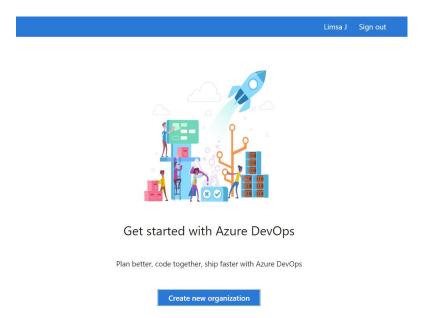
Ex No. 6 Create a Maven build pipeline in Azure

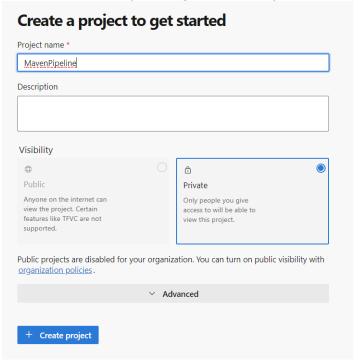
1. Sign in to Azure:

Go to Azure DevOps and create an organization.



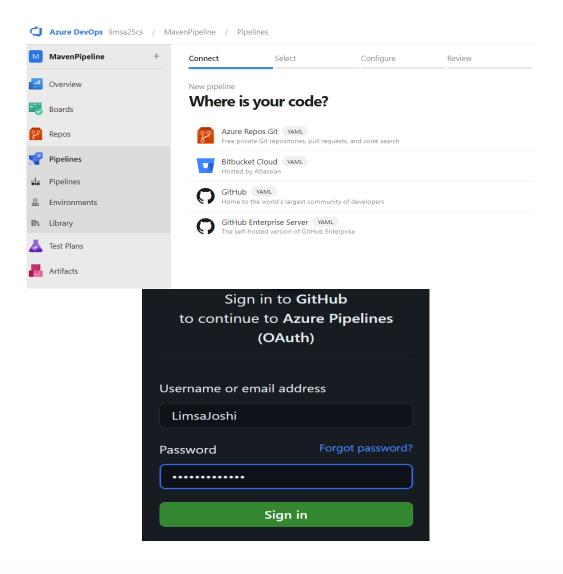
2. Create a New Project:

Create a new one by clicking on "New project" on the Azure DevOps dashboard.



3. Create Azure Pipeline:

Navigate to Pipelines > Pipelines in the Azure DevOps dashboard. Click on "New pipeline" to create a new pipeline.



Configure Azure DevOps CI pipeline:

- Use "New pipeleine" in "Pipilenes -> Builds" in Azure DevOps project.
- Connect to GitHub and select your repo. You may want to install Azure DevOps GitHub app and grant access to your GitHub repo.
- Select "Maven" in "Configure your pipeline" step.
- Create new pipeline and push azure-pipelines.yml to your repo to keep it alogn with the source code and run build.
- As the result you will get:
 - 1. CI pipeline configued in Azure DevOps
 - 2. azure-pipelines.yml config in your repo

Define the Maven goals and options, such as clean, compile, package, test, etc., based on your project's needs.

Ensure you have the necessary plugins and dependencies configured in your pom.xml file.

New pipeline

Review your pipeline YAML

```
C LimsaJoshi/maven / azure-pipelines.yml (1)
  1 #-Maven
      # Build your Java project and run tests with Apache Maven.
      #-Add-steps-that-analyze-code, save-build-artifacts, deploy, and more:
      # https://docs.microsoft.com/azure/devops/pipelines/languages/java
      pool: Test-my-computer
 10
 11
 12 steps:
      Settings
 13 - task: Maven@4
 14
      ··inputs:
        mavenPomFile: 'pom.xml'
 15
 16
       · · · goals: · 'compile'
       ----publishJUnitResults: true
-----testResultsFiles: '**/surefire-reports/TEST-*.xml'
 17
 18
       19
 20
     sonarQubeRunAnalysis: false
```

4. Save and Run Pipeline:

Once configured the pipeline, save the changes to the YAML file.

Optionally, you can run a manual build to test the pipeline's functionality and verify that the Maven build process executes successfully.

5. Review Build Results:

After the pipeline runs, review the build results, logs, and any errors or warnings. Azure DevOps provides detailed reports and insights into the build process, including test results if you've configured testing tasks in your pipeline.

6. Add Additional Tasks (Optional):

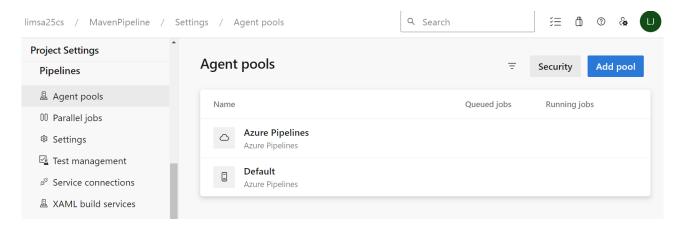
Depending on your project's requirements, add additional tasks to the pipeline, such as deploying artifacts to Azure services, running integration tests, or generating build artifacts.

7. Configure Deployment (Optional):

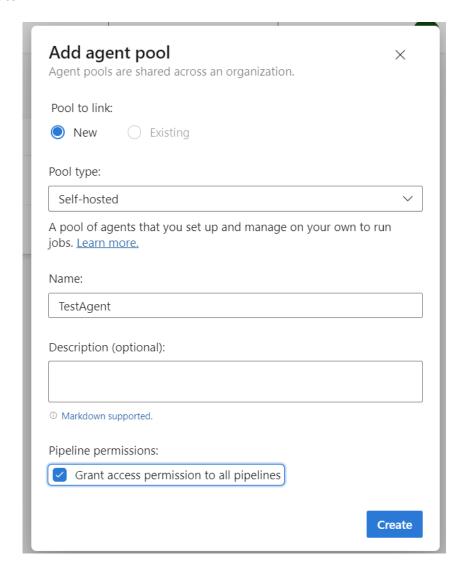
If the pipeline includes deployment tasks, configure the deployment targets and settings accordingly. Deploy Maven artifacts to Azure App Service, Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS), Azure Functions, or any other Azure resources.

Steps to create a Self-Hosted Agent

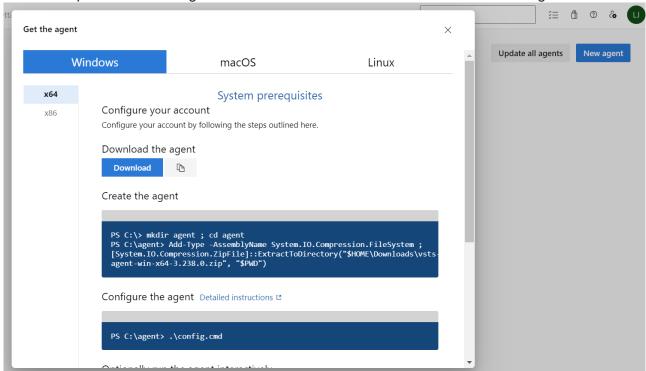
- 1. Open your web browser and log in to your Azure DevOps account.
- 2. Navigate to your Azure DevOps project and click on Project settings in the left side of the page.
- 3. Click on Agent Pools under Pipelines and click on Add pool.



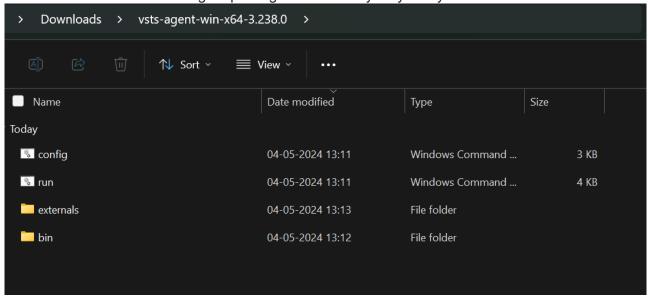
 Select Pool-type as Self-hosted, give it a name, grant access to all pipellines and click on Create.



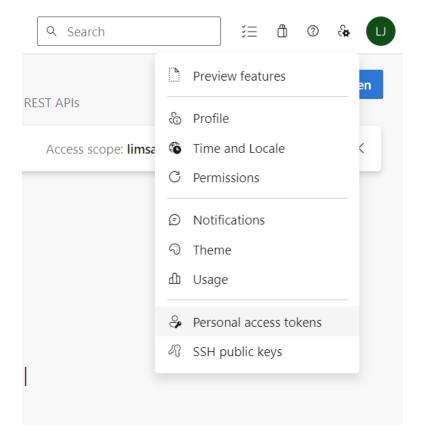
2. Click on the created agent → Click on **New agent**. It will show the below screen. Just follow the steps to create the agent. Click on the **Download** button to download the agent.



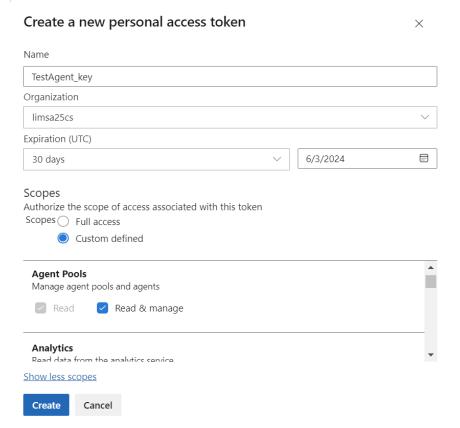
3. Extract the downloaded agent package to a directory on your system.



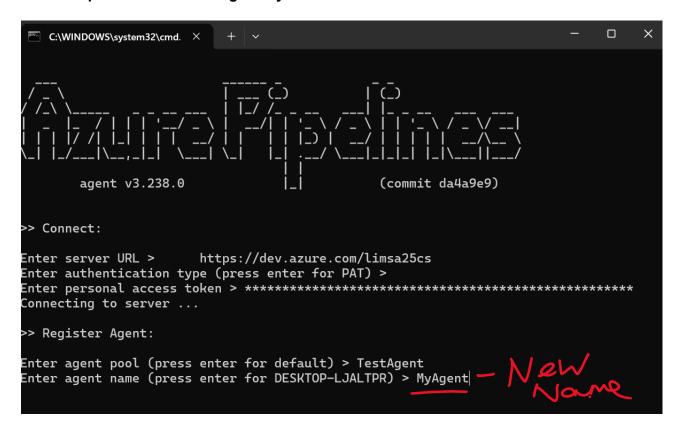
- 4. Run the configuration script. The configuration script will prompt for your Azure Organization account URL and a personal access token (PAT).
- 5. To generate a PAT, go to Azure DevOps account, click on the small icon on the left side of the profile picture in the top-right corner, and select **Personal access tokens** from the dropdown menu.



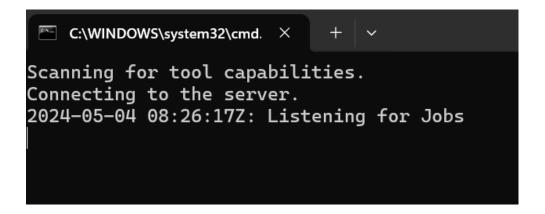
6. Generate a new token with appropriate permissions for the agent.



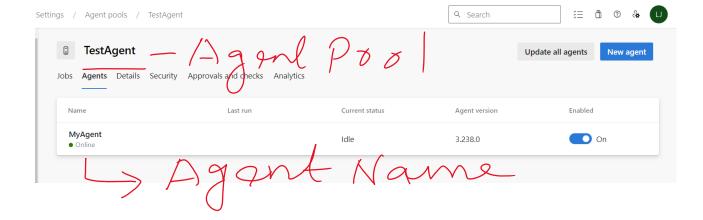
7. Run the configuration file "config.cmd". Enter the Organization URL, PAT created in the previous step, Agent pool name created in step 4 and enter a new name for the agent or press enter for taking the system name as default.



8. Execute "run.cmd" to run the agent



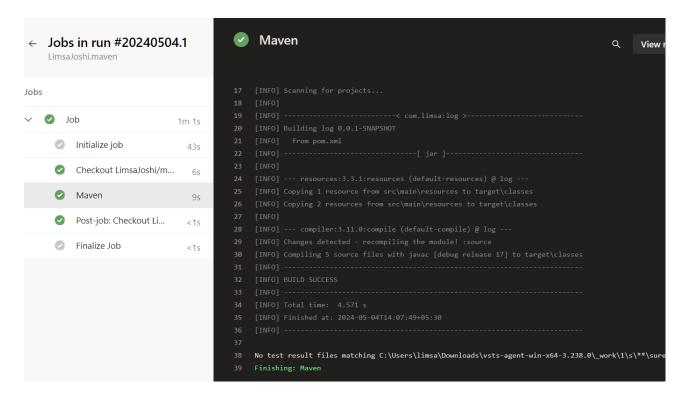
9. After completing the configuration, the agent will register itself with the specified agent pool in Azure DevOps. Now, go back to agent pool → Select the created Agent Pool (TestAgent), you will see the agent (MyAgent) online.



10. Now use the self-hosted agent in the pipeline

← LimsaJoshi.maven

```
main
                 C LimsaJoshi/maven / azure-pipelines.yml
 1
     #-Maven
     #-Build-your-Java-project-and-run-tests-with-Apache-Maven.
 3
     # Add steps that analyze code, save build artifacts, deploy, and more:
 4
     # https://docs.microsoft.com/azure/devops/pipelines/languages/java
 5
 6
     trigger:
 7
     -∙main
 8
     pool: TestAgent
 9
10
11
12
     steps:
     Settings
     - task: Maven@4
13
14
     ··inputs:
      mavenPomFile: 'pom.xml'
15
      goals: 'compile'
16
17
         publishJUnitResults: true
         testResultsFiles: '**/surefire-reports/TEST-*.xml'
18
         javaHomeOption: 'JDKVersion'
19
20
         mavenVersionOption: 'Default'
21
      mavenAuthenticateFeed: false
      effectivePomSkip: false
22
23
     sonarQubeRunAnalysis: false
```



Result: