## **Tutorial – Stack and Queues**

**Information:** Program templates for questions 1-3 are given as separated files. You must use them to implement your functions.

1. (reverseStack) Write a c function reverseStack() that reverses a stack using a queue. Note that the reverseStack() function only uses push() and pop() when adding or removing integers from the stack, and only uses enqueue() and dequeue() when adding or removing integers from the queue.

## The function prototypes are given as follows:

```
void reverseStack(Stack *s);
```

For example: if the stack is <5, 4, 3, 2, 1>, the resulting stack will be <1, 2, 3, 4, 5>

Sample test cases are given below:

```
1: Insert an integer into the stack;
2: Reverse the stack;
0: Quit;
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the stack: 1
The resulting stack is: 1
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the stack: 2
The resulting stack is: 2 1
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the stack: 3
The resulting stack is: 3 2 1
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the stack: 4
The resulting stack is: 4 3 2 1
Please input your choice(1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the stack: 5
The resulting stack is: 5 4 3 2 1
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 2
The resulting stack after reversing its elements is: 1 2 3 4
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 0
```

2. (reverseFirstKItems) Write a c function reverseFirstKItems() that reverses the order of the first k elements of the queue using a stack, leaving the other elements in the same relative order for given an integer k and a queue of integers. Note that the reverseFirstKItems() function only uses push() and pop() when adding or removing integers from the stack and only uses enqueue() and dequeue() when adding or removing integers from the queue.

```
The function prototypes are given as follows:
```

```
void reverseFirstKItems(Queue *q, int k);
```

For example: if the queue is <1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6> and k =3, the resulting queue will be <3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6>

Sample test cases are given below:

- 1: Insert an integer into the queue;
- 2: Reverse the elements of the queue until the given number;
- 0: Quit;

```
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the queue: 1
The resulting queue is: 1
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the queue: 2
The resulting queue is: 1 2
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the queue: 3
The resulting queue is: 1 2 3
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the queue: 4
The resulting queue is: 1 2 3 4
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the queue: 5
The resulting queue is: 1 2 3 4 5
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the queue: 6
The resulting queue is: 1 2 3 4 5 6
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 2
Enter an integer to reverse the queue until that number: 3
The resulting queue after reversing first 3 elements is: 3 2
1 4 5 6
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 0
```

3. (sortStack) Write a c function <code>sortStack()</code> that sorts a given stack in ascending order using another temporary stack. Note that the <code>sortStack()</code> function only uses <code>push()</code> and <code>pop()</code> when adding or removing integers from the stack.

## The function prototype is given as follows:

```
void sortStack(Stack *s);
```

For example, if the stack is <6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1>, the resulting stack will be <1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6>

Sample test cases are given below:

```
1: Insert an integer into the stack;
2: Sort the stack in ascending order;
0: Quit;
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the stack: 1
The resulting stack is: 1
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the stack: 2
The resulting stack is: 2 1
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the stack: 3
The resulting stack is: 3 2 1
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the stack: 4
The resulting stack is: 4 3 2 1
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the stack: 5
The resulting stack is: 5 4 3 2 1
Please input your choice (1/2/0): 1
Input an integer that you want to insert into the stack: 6
The resulting stack is: 6 5 4 3 2 1
```

Please input your choice(1/2/0): 2 The resulting stack after sorting it in ascending order is: 1 2 3 4 5 6 Please input your choice(1/2/0): 0