Experiment 2:- Use of appropriate command to determine your shell, available shells, using 'who' command and redirect the to any text file, 'more' to view content in files.

- (a) Use of appropriate command to determine your logic shell.
- → To find your current shell type following command -\$ echo \$SHELL

$$E.g. = OS_2.1$$

- (b) To find all available shells in your system type which command.
- → To find all available shells type command: -\$ cat /etc/shells

$$E.g. = OS_2.2$$

- (c) Which command is use to verify the result of part (b).
- To verify the result of step(b) use the following command:
 -\$ cat /etc/passwd

$$E.g. = 2.3.0$$

- (d) Use the "who" command and redirect the result to a file called myfile1. Use the more command to see the contents of myfile1.
- Command typed is: \$ who -H > myfile1.txt \$ more -d myfile1.txt

$$E.g. = OS_2.4$$

- (e) Use the date and who commands in sequence (in one line) such that the output date will display on the screen and the output of who will be redirected to a file called myfile2. Use the more command to check the contents of myfile2.
- → Command typed is: -\$ date; who -H > myfile2.txt -\$ more -d myfile2.txt.

$$E.g. = OS_2.5$$

(f) Write a sed command that swaps the first and second words in each line in a file.

 \rightarrow Command typed is :\$ sed -s "s/\([^]*\) *\([^]*\)/\2 \1 /g" text.txt

 $E.g. = OS_2.6.2$