

Azure Kubernetes Service Integrated with Azure Container Registry (AKS with ACR)

1. Firstly, push an existing/ built container image into the Azure Container Registry (ACR) by logging into the ACR using the login-credentials of ACR using the command:

➤ `docker push <acr_name>.azurecr.io/<container_image_name>`

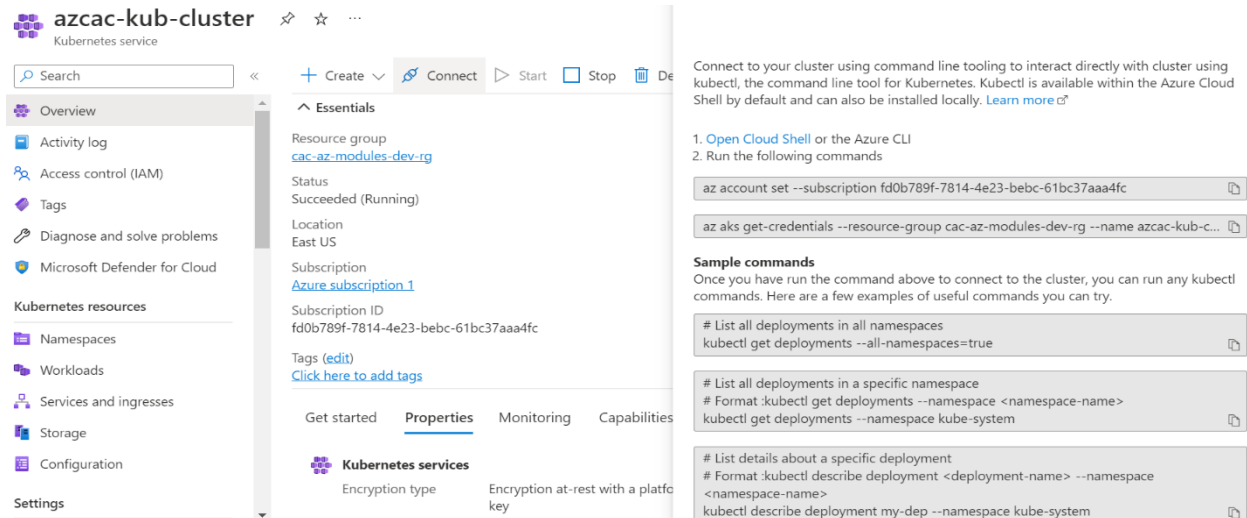
2. Azure Portal Overview - After Creation and Deployment of **Azure Kubernetes Service** through Terraform:

The screenshot displays the Azure Portal interface for an AKS cluster. The top navigation bar shows the cluster name 'azcac-kub-cluster' and the 'Kubernetes service' label. Below the navigation bar, there is a search bar and a set of action buttons: 'Create', 'Connect', 'Start', 'Stop', 'Delete', 'Refresh', and 'Give feedback'. The left sidebar contains a list of navigation options: 'Overview', 'Activity log', 'Access control (IAM)', 'Tags', 'Diagnose and solve problems', 'Microsoft Defender for Cloud', 'Kubernetes resources', 'Namespaces', 'Workloads', 'Services and ingresses', and 'Storage'. The main content area is titled 'Essentials' and provides key information about the cluster:

- Resource group:** [cac-az-modules-dev-rg](#)
- Status:** Succeeded (Running)
- Location:** East US
- Subscription:** [Azure subscription 1](#)
- Subscription ID:** fd0b789f-7814-4e23-bebc-61bc37aaa4fc
- Tags:** [\(edit\)](#) [Click here to add tags](#)
- Kubernetes version:** [1.23.12](#)
- API server address:** azcac-kub-cluster-dns-9c7c7cf3.hcp.eastus.azmk8s.io
- Network type (plugin):** [Kubenet](#)
- Node pools:** [1 node pool](#)

At the bottom of the main content area, there is a row of tabs: 'Get started', 'Properties' (which is selected), 'Monitoring', 'Capabilities (3)', 'Recommendations', and 'Tutorials'. A 'JSON View' link is located in the top right corner of the main content area.

3. In the Overview of AKS - Click on Connect and follow the initial two commands to login to subscription and to Merge the AKS



Connect to your cluster using command line tooling to interact directly with cluster using kubectl, the command line tool for Kubernetes. Kubectl is available within the Azure Cloud Shell by default and can also be installed locally. [Learn more](#)

1. [Open Cloud Shell](#) or the Azure CLI
2. Run the following commands

```
az account set --subscription fd0b789f-7814-4e23-bebc-61bc37aaa4fc
```

```
az aks get-credentials --resource-group cac-az-modules-dev-rg --name azcac-kub-c...
```

Sample commands

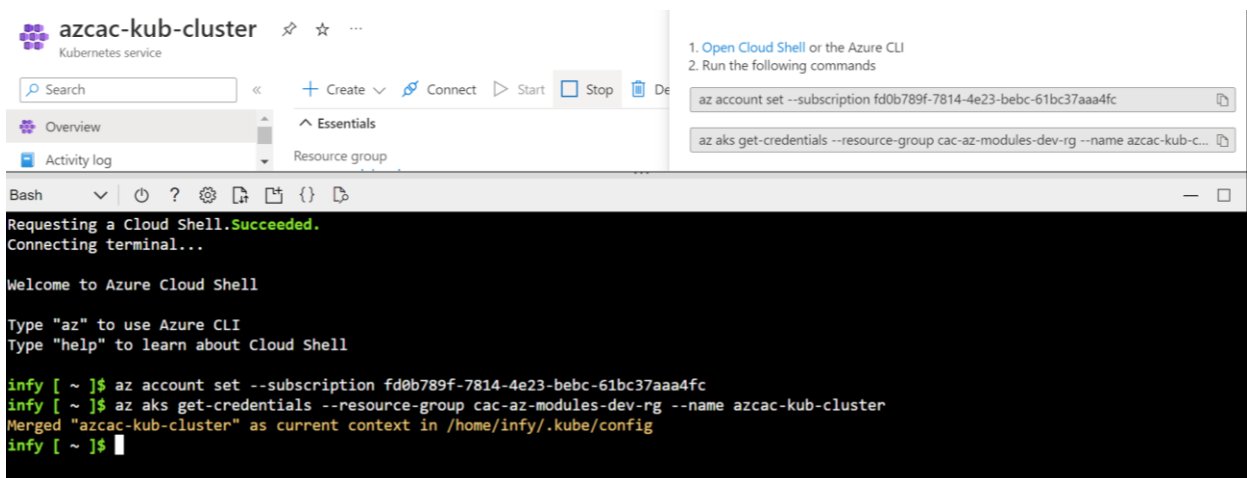
Once you have run the command above to connect to the cluster, you can run any kubectl commands. Here are a few examples of useful commands you can try.

```
# List all deployments in all namespaces
kubectl get deployments --all-namespaces=true
```

```
# List all deployments in a specific namespace
# Format :kubectl get deployments --namespace <namespace-name>
kubectl get deployments --namespace kube-system
```

```
# List details about a specific deployment
# Format :kubectl describe deployment <deployment-name> --namespace
<namespace-name>
kubectl describe deployment my-dep --namespace kube-system
```

4. Open the Azure CLI, move to Bash and apply the commands, after applying the two commands, the AKS gets Merged



```
Bash
```

```
Requesting a Cloud Shell.Succeeded.
Connecting terminal...

Welcome to Azure Cloud Shell

Type "az" to use Azure CLI
Type "help" to learn about Cloud Shell

infy [ ~ ]$ az account set --subscription fd0b789f-7814-4e23-bebc-61bc37aaa4fc
infy [ ~ ]$ az aks get-credentials --resource-group cac-az-modules-dev-rg --name azcac-kub-cluster
Merged "azcac-kub-cluster" as current context in /home/infy/.kube/config
infy [ ~ ]$
```

5. After specifying the containers and Image Details in the YAML file. Upload the updated YAML file.

Deploy the application using the command:

➤ `kubectl apply -f <filename>.yaml`

6. App is deployed successfully when you get created notifications.

```
infy [ ~ ]$ kubectl apply -f votingapp.yaml
deployment.apps/azure-vote-back created
service/azure-vote-back created
deployment.apps/azure-vote-front created
service/azure-vote-front created
infy [ ~ ]$
```

7. To test out the App, we need Public IP Address.

To check our deployment has created an external IP, run the command:

➤ `kubectl get service`

```
infy [ ~ ]$ kubectl get service
```

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
azure-vote-back	ClusterIP	10.0.67.204	<none>	6379/TCP	12m
azure-vote-front	LoadBalancer	10.0.227.112	20.241.254.28	80:31838/TCP	12m
kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.0.0.1	<none>	443/TCP	38m

8. Run the below command to check the pods status is in running state

➤ `kubectl get pods`

```
infy [ ~ ]$ kubectl get pods
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
azure-vote-back-59cb7dc555-49jlp	1/1	Running	0	14m
azure-vote-front-5f4d7db9c8-489dd	1/1	Running	0	14m

9. Copy the External Ip and paste it in the Web Browser and the application is up-end and running.

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
azure-vote-back	ClusterIP	10.0.67.204	<none>	6379/TCP	12m
azure-vote-front	LoadBalancer	10.0.227.112	20.241.254.28	80:31838/TCP	12m
kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.0.0.1	<none>	443/TCP	38m

10. After Deploying "Voting App" using Azure Kubernetes Cluster Service:

