



Week 5 slides have reference to the numbering scheme followed here, e.g., SQL1, SQL2. Please use **chinook database** to execute these examples and try your own queries!

SQL1: LIMIT, ORDER BY and OFFSET

```
sqlite> SELECT trackid, name, bytes FROM tracks ORDER BY bytes DESC LIMIT 10;
```

```
sqlite> SELECT TrackId, Name, Composer FROM tracks ORDER BY Composer LIMIT 10;
```

```
sqlite> SELECT trackId, name FROM tracks LIMIT 10 OFFSET 10;
```

SQL2: DISTINCT

(If you use one column, SQLite uses values in that column to evaluate the duplicate. In case you use multiple columns, SQLite uses the combination of values in these columns to evaluate the duplicate)

```
sqlite> SELECT DISTINCT city FROM customers ORDER BY city;
```

```
sqlite> SELECT DISTINCT city, country FROM customers ORDER BY country;
```

SQL3: Calculated field

```
sqlite> select TrackId, Name, UnitPrice, UnitPrice*2 as "New price" from tracks limit 10;
```

SQL4: NOT

```
sqlite> select TrackId, Name, UnitPrice, UnitPrice*2 as "New price" from tracks WHERE trackid < 20  
AND NOT Name like "F%" limit 10;
```

SQL5: WHERE + AND

(Where operator and its use with comparison (=, <>, etc.) and logical operators (AND, OR, LIKE, etc.)

```
sqlite> SELECT name, milliseconds, bytes, albumid FROM tracks WHERE albumid = 1 AND  
milliseconds > 250000;
```

SQL6: BETWEEN

```
sqlite> SELECT InvoiceId, BillingAddress, Total FROM invoices WHERE Total BETWEEN 14.91 and  
18.86 ORDER BY Total;
```

SQL7: IN

```
sqlite> SELECT name, albumid, mediatypeid FROM tracks WHERE mediatypeid IN (2, 3) ORDER BY albumid LIMIT 5;
```

SQL8: LIKE

```
sqlite> SELECT name, albumid, composer FROM tracks WHERE composer LIKE '%Smith%' ORDER BY albumid LIMIT 15;
```

SQL9: NULL

```
sqlite> SELECT Name, Composer FROM tracks WHERE Composer IS NULL ORDER BY Name LIMIT 25;
```

SQL10: SQL aggregate functions

```
sqlite> SELECT COUNT(composer), COUNT (distinct composer) FROM tracks;
```

SQL11: GROUP BY

```
sqlite> SELECT albumid, COUNT(trackid) FROM tracks GROUP BY albumid ORDER BY COUNT(trackid) DESC LIMIT 10;
```

SQL12: GROUP BY with HAVING

```
sqlite> SELECT albumid, COUNT(trackid) FROM tracks GROUP BY albumid HAVING COUNT(trackid) > 25;
```

SQL13: SUBQUERIES

```
sqlite> SELECT trackid, name, albumid FROM tracks WHERE albumid = (SELECT albumid FROM albums WHERE title = 'Let There Be Rock');
```

```
sqlite> SELECT customerid, firstname, lastname FROM customers WHERE supportrepid IN (SELECT employeeid FROM employees WHERE country = 'Canada');
```

SQL14: For JOINS - First create two tables and insert records

```
sqlite> CREATE TABLE Staff (  
    staffID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,  
    staffName TEXT (50));
```

```
sqlite> CREATE TABLE Student (  
    studentID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,  
    studentName TEXT (50),  
    staffID INTEGER -- acts as student's personal tutor  
);
```

```
sqlite>  
insert into Staff values (1, "S1");  
insert into Staff values (2, "S2");  
insert into Staff values (3, "S3");  
insert into Student values (1, "Student1", 1);  
insert into Student values (2, "Student2", 3);  
insert into Student values (3, "Student3", 3);  
insert into Student values (4, "Student4", 3);  
insert into Student values (5, "Student5", 1);
```

SQL14-A: Inner Join

```
sqlite> select staff.staffID, staffName, studentID, studentName, student.staffID from staff, student  
WHERE staff.staffID=student.staffID;
```

```
sqlite> select staff.staffID, staffName, studentID, studentName, student.staffID from staff INNER JOIN  
student ON student.staffID=staff.staffID;
```

SQL14-B: Left Join

```
sqlite> select staff.staffID, staffName, studentID, studentName, student.staffID from staff LEFT JOIN  
student ON student.staffID=staff.staffID;
```

SQL14-C: Cross Join

```
sqlite> select staff.staffID, staffName, studentID, studentName, student.staffID from staff CROSS JOIN  
student;
```

SQL15: Self Join

```
sqlite> SELECT m.firstname || ' ' || m.lastname AS 'Manager', e.firstname || ' ' || e.lastname AS  
'Direct report' FROM employees e INNER JOIN employees m ON m.employeeid = e.reportsto ORDER  
BY manager;
```

/End