FOOTWEAR PRODUCTS



CIS - 5430 SPRING 2023

GROUP 1:

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INTRODUCTION

Footwear stores offer a variety of shoes and other items for all ages, genders, and styles, both in physical retail locations and online. A comprehensive database system is being developed for an online footwear store to manage product, customer, order, and inventory information using ORACLE SQL. The project aims to provide a scalable and optimized database system that streamlines e-store operations, increases data integrity and security, and supports reporting and analysis applications. The team has designed and built the database structure and developed SQL and PL/SQL statements to meet the store's requirements.

PURPOSE

The project's major goal is to ensure effective and reliable data management for the e-store. Creating tables with proper constraints to contain product information, customer data, and order details, as well as assuring data quality and security. Inventory management will also be handled by the database, which will keep track of available stock and update it in real-time as orders are placed and fulfilled.

Another critical goal of the project is to improve data retrieval and reporting for the e-store. Defining views that provide meaningful and relevant information to store management, such as sales reporting, order tracking, and customer analytics, is part of this. To extract important insights from the data, the project may also require the creation of complicated SQL queries that include joins, subqueries, group by, and having clauses.

FUNCTIONALITIES

The documentation for the Footwear products online shop database contains thorough information about the database's entity types, relationships, and properties. This data assists users in understanding how data is arranged and kept in the database.

The documentation also describes data validation rules and constraints to ensure that the data in the database is accurate and consistent. Defining data types, allowable values, and business rules to validate incoming data are all part of this.

DDL (Data Definition Language) and DML (Data Manipulation Language) statements are also provided in the documentation for performing Create, Read, Update, and Delete operations on the database. These instructions show users how to interact with the database in an effective and safe manner.

Additionally, the documentation provides support for Object-Relational Database Management System (ORDBMS) features such as PL/SQL data processing blocks, which can enhance performance and reduce data transfer. It also has Object Types for data and logic encapsulation, improving code organization, reusability, and security while interfacing with database capabilities.

USERS

Marketing and sales personnel can use the database to evaluate customer data, track sales, and generate marketing reports for planning and strategy.

IT Administrators: These people may oversee maintaining and administering the database's technical features, such as database performance, security, backups, and troubleshooting.

Customers that visit the e-store to buy footwear may interact with the database indirectly via the front-end interface. They can create accounts, place orders, track order status, and check their purchasing history.

Customer Service Representatives: These users can access the database to help customers with enquiries, order management, returns, and refunds. They may also use the database to obtain consumer information to give customized customer support.

Suppliers: Suppliers who supply footwear to the e-commerce site may interface with the database to update product availability, manage inventory, and process purchase orders.

ROLES

All the team members worked effectively together and contributed significantly to the project. In both Project 1 and Project 2, each team member plays a distinct role. The project's team leader did an excellent job, and the developers were quite helpful. All the team members worked well together and communicated effectively.

GROUP PROJECT 1

Conceptual and Logical Design

The online store database needs to keep track of orders for its inventory. When a customer places orders, the system must record that the order and order items. The system must update the available quantity on hand to reflect that the by product(s) has been sold. When an employee processes orders, the system must confirm that the ordered items are in stock. The online store needs to keep track of customers and employees, too. The system must update the available quantity on hand to reflect that the by product(s) has been sold. Each team create your store, database and sell your own products.

Business Rules

One customer may or may not place many orders.

One order must be placed by one and only one customer.

One order must contain one or more product.

One product may or may not be in many orders.

One employee may process one or more orders.

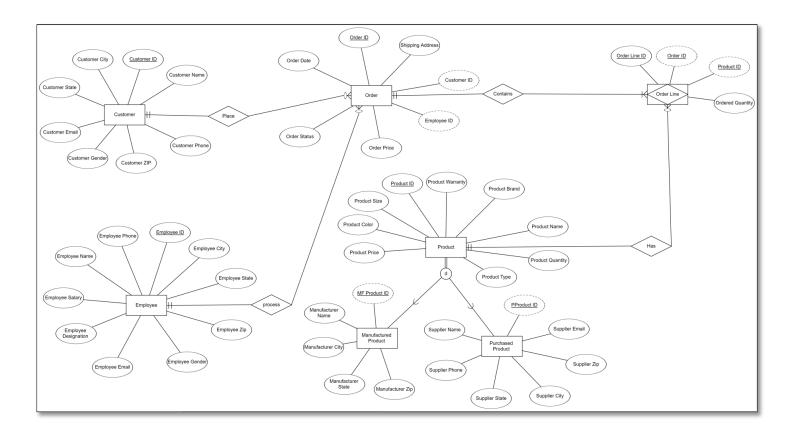
One order must be processed by one and only one employee.

One product must be either manufactured or purchased.

Identify entity types and relationship types. Fill out the following relationship matrix.

	Customer	Order	product	employee
Customer		Places		
Order	Is Placed		Contains	Is Processed
Product		Has	Manufactured/purchased	
Employee		Processes		

Draw an ER/EER diagram using software tools includes 1) entity types, 2) relationship types, 3) keys, 4) attributes, and cardinality constraints (must show participation).



Database Logical Design

Map the ER diagram to a relational database schema indicating the relation name, primary key and foreign key. Add appropriate additional attributes by yourself.

Table Name: Customer

Customer ID	Customer						
	Name	Phone	Email	Gender	City	State	Zip

Table Name: Order

Order ID	Order	Order	Order	<u>Employee</u>	Customer	Shipping
	Price	Date	status	<u>ID</u>	<u>ID</u>	Address

Table Name: Order Line

Order Line ID	Order ID	Product ID	Ordered Quantity

Table Name: Employee

Employee	Employee	Employee	Employee	Employee	Employee	Employee	Employee	Employee	Employee
<u>ID</u>	Name	Phone	Email	Designation	Gender	Salary	City	State	Zip

Table Name: Product

Product	Product	Product	Product	Product	Product	Product	Product	Product
<u>ID</u>	Name	Quantity	Type	Price	Color	Size	Warranty	Brand

Table Name: Purchased Product

PProduct ID	Supplier	Supplier	Supplier	Supplier	Supplier	Supplier
	Name	Email	Phone	State	City	Zip

Table Name: Manufactured Product

MFProduct ID	Manufacturer	Manufacturer	Manufacturer	Manufacturer
	Name	State	City	Zip

Establish join paths for the above relational database using the referential integrity by drawing arrow lines between the above tables. Indicate all the foreign keys (FK).

F.K. -> P.K. (Foreign Key refers to Primary Key)

F.K.Order.EmployeeID-->P.K.Employee.EmployeeID

F.K.Order.CustomerID-->P.K.Customer.CustomerID

F.K.OrderLine.OrderID-->P.K.Order.OrderID

F.K.OrderLine.ProductID-->P.K.Product.ProductID

F.K.PurchasedProduct.PProductID--> P.K.Product.ProductID

F.K.ManufacturedProduct.MFProductID--> P.K.Product.ProductID

Do function analysis for each of your tables Attribute A --> Attribute B (Determinant attribute(s) Determines Dependent Attribute(s))

Transitive Dependencies

Customer Zip-->Customer City, Customer State

Employee Zip-->Employee City, Employee State

Supplier Zip-->Supplier City, Supplier State

Manufacturer Zip-->Manufacturer City, Manufacturer State

Full Dependencies

Customer ID-->Customer Name, Customer Phone, Customer Email, Customer Gender, Customer City, Customer State, Customer Zip

Order ID-->Order Price, Order Date, Order status, Shipping Address

Order Line-->Order Quantity

Employee ID-->Employee ID, Employee Name, Employee Phone, Employee Email, Employee Designation, Employee Gender, Employee Salary, Employee City, Employee State, Employee Zip, Employee Salary

Product ID--> Product Name, Product Quantity, Product Type, Product Price, Product Color, Product Size, Product Warranty, Product Brand

PProduct ID--> Supplier Name, Supplier Phone, Supplier Email, Supplier State, Supplier City, Supplier Zip

MFProduct ID--> Manufacturer Name, Manufacturing State, Manufacturing City, Manufacturer Zip

Show all the normalized tables and indicate the normalization form for each of your tables.

Table Name	1NF	2NF	3NF
Customer	✓	✓	
Order	✓	✓	✓
Order Line	✓	✓	✓
Employee	✓	✓	
Product	✓	✓	✓
Purchased Product	✓	✓	
Manufactured Product	✓	✓	
Customer Address	✓	✓	✓
Supplier Address	✓	✓	✓
Employee Address	✓	✓	✓
Manufacturer Address	✓	✓	✓

Tables in 2NF and 3NF:

Customer (2NF)

Customer ID	Customer						
	Name	Phone	Gender	Email	Zip	City	State

Customer Address(3NF)

Customer ID	Customer Zip	Customer City	Customer State

Order (3NF)

Order ID	Order Price	Order Date	Order Status	Shipping Address	Employee ID	Customer
						<u>ID</u>

Order Line(3NF)

Order Line ID Order ID Product ID Ordered Quantity
--

Employee (2NF)

Employee	Employ	Employ	Employ	Employee	Employ	Employ	Employ	Employee	Employee	l
<u>ID</u>	ee	ee	ee	Designati	ee	ee	ee	Ctata	7:n	l
	Name	Phone	Email	on	gender	Salary	City	State	Zip	ĺ
			Elliali				City			

Employee Address (3NF)

Employee ID	Employee State	Employee City	Employee
			Zip

Product (3NF)

Product ID	Product	Product	Product	Product	Product	Product	Product	Product
	Name	Quantity	Type	Price	Color	Size	Warranty	Brand

Purchased Product (2NF)

<u>PProduct</u>	Supplier	Supplier	Supplier	Supplier	Supplier	Supplier
<u>ID</u>	Name	Email	Phone	City	State	Zip

Supplier Address(3NF)

Product ID Supplier City Supplier State Supplier Zip	PProduct ID	Supplier City	Supplier State	Supplier Zip
--	-------------	---------------	----------------	--------------

Manufactured Product(2NF)

MFProduct ID	Manufacturer Name	Manufacturer State	Manufacturer City	Manufacturer Zip

Manufacturer Address(3NF)

MFProduct ID	Manufacturer City	Manufacturer State	Manufacturer Zip

GROUP PROJECT 2

Database Creation Script (Tables, Constraints and Inserting data)

<u>Table Name: Customer (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)</u>

DROP TABLE Customer CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;

```
CREATE TABLE Customer
(
Customer_Id VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
Customer_Name VARCHAR2(25),
Customer_Phone CHAR(10),
Customer_Gender CHAR(20),
Customer_Email VARCHAR(100),
Customer_Zip VARCHAR(5),
Customer_City VARCHAR(50),
Customer_State CHAR(2),
CONSTRAINT CustomerPK PRIMARY KEY(Customer_Id),
CONSTRAINT Customer_UK_Customer_Phone UNIQUE (Customer_Phone),
CONSTRAINT Customer_NN_Customer_Name CHECK (Customer_Name IS NOT NULL)
);
```

Inserting values into Customer Table (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)

INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(1,'John Smith','1234567890','M','john@gmail.com','32601','New York','NY');

INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(2,'Jane Johnson','9876543210','F','jane@gmail.com','75094','Los Angeles','CA');

INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(3,'Micheal

Lee', '4567890123', 'M', 'micheal@gmail.com', '12209', 'Chicago', 'IL');

INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(4,'Sarah

Brown', '7890123456', 'F', 'sarah@gmail.com', '07008', 'Houston', 'TX');

INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(5,'David Kim','3456789012','M','david@gmail.com','94206','San Francisco','CA');

```
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(6, 'Jessica
Chen','9012345678','F','jessica@gmail.com','80514','Miami','FL');
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(7, 'Brian
Johnson', '6789012345', 'M', 'brian@gmail.com', '97954', 'Seattle', 'WA');
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(8, 'Emily
Davis','2345678901','F','emily@gmail.com','96915','Atlanta','GA');
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(9, 'Matthew
Wilson', '5678901234', 'M', 'matthew@gmail.com', '34620', 'Dallas', 'TX');
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(10, 'Olivia
Anderson', '8901234567', 'F', 'olivia@gmail.com', '34646', 'Boston', 'MA');
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(11, 'James Taylor', '1232345644', 'M', 'james @gmail.com', '07508', 'San
Diego', 'CA');
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(12,'Ava
Martinez','1238799032','F','ava@gmail.com','49015','Philadelphia','PA');
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(13, 'Benjamin
Lee','2512346788','M','benjamin@gmail.com','17013','Phoenix','AZ');
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(14, 'Mia Brown', '4347897689', 'F', 'mia@gmail.com', '96744', 'Denver', 'CO');
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(15, Ethan
Kim', '3467542345', 'M', 'ethan@gmail.com', '84403', 'Portland', 'OR');
Table Name: Customer Address (Sushmitha Dandu)
DROP TABLE Customer_Address CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
CREATE TABLE Customer_Address
Customer_Id VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
Customer_City VARCHAR2(20),
Customer_State VARCHAR2(30),
Customer Zip VARCHAR2(20),
CONSTRAINT Customer AddressPK PRIMARY KEY (Customer Id),
CONSTRAINT Customer AddressFK FOREIGN KEY (Customer Id) REFERENCES
Customer(Customer_Id)
);
```

<u>Inserting values into Customer Address Table (Sushmitha Dandu)</u>

```
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('1',' New York', 'NY', '91011');
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('2','Los Angeles','CA', '75094');
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('3','Chicago', 'IL', '12209');
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('4','Houston', 'TX', '07008');
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('5','San Francisco', 'CA', '94206');
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('6','Miami', 'FL', '80514');
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('6','Atlanta', 'GA', '97954');
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('8','Atlanta', 'GA', '96915');
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('9','Dallas', 'TX', '34620');
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('10','Boston','MA', '34646');
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('11','San Diego','CA', '07508');
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('12','Philadelphia','PA', '49015');
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('13','Phoenix','AZ', '91011');
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('14','Denver','CO', '96744');
INSERT INTO Customer_Address VALUES('15','Portland','OR', '84403');
```

Table Name: Employee (Navyasree Sriramoju)

DROP TABLE Employee CASCADE CONSTRAINTS:

```
CREATE TABLE Employee
(
Employee_ID NUMBER(5) NOT NULL,
Employee_Name VARCHAR(25),
Employee_Phone NUMBER(12) NOT NULL,
Employee_Email VARCHAR(25),
Employee_Designation VARCHAR(46),
Employee_gender VARCHAR(20),
Employee_Salary NUMBER(10) NOT NULL,
```

```
Employee_city VARCHAR(50),

Employee_state CHAR(2),

Employee_Zip VARCHAR(9),

CONSTRAINT Employee_PK PRIMARY KEY (Employee_ID),

CONSTRAINT Employee_NN_Employee_Name CHECK (Employee_Name IS NOT NULL)

);
```

Inserting values into Employee Table (Navyasree Sriramoju)

```
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES(101,'Joe Gellar',6557675557,'joe.g789@gmail.com','Manager','M',20000,'Pasadena','CA',91011);
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES(102,'Kat Pierce',8889990001,'Kat.p7256@gmail.com','Cashier','F',18000,'Pasadena','CA',91011);
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES(103,'Andrew Bong',6667773546,'Andrew.b6468@gmail.com','Salesman','M',15000,'Pasadena','CA',91011);
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES(104,'Neha Rao',7810002647,'Neha.r186@gmail.com','Salesman','F',12000,'Pasadena','CA',91011);
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES(201,'Harry Jones',7778537799,'Harry8647@gmail.com','Salesman','M',12000,'Pasadena','CA',91011);
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES(202,'Vera Moon',6567652577,'Vera.m1254@gmail.com','Salesman','F',14000,'Pasadena','CA',91011);
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES(203,'Yan Chang',2576547998,'Yan.C5432@gmail.com','Salesman','F',11000,'Pasadena','CA',91011);
```

Table Name: Employee Address (Sushmitha Dandu)

```
DROP TABLE Employee_Address CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;

CREATE TABLE Employee_Address

(

Employee_ID NUMBER NOT NULL,

Employee_City VARCHAR2(50),

Employee_State CHAR(2),

Employee_Zip NUMBER(9),

CONSTRAINT Employee AddressPK PRIMARY KEY (Employee ID),
```

```
CONSTRAINT Employee_AddressFK FOREIGN KEY (Employee_ID) REFERENCES Employee(Employee_ID)
);
```

Inserting values into Employee Address Table (Sushmitha Dandu)

```
INSERT INTO Employee_Address VALUES (101, 'Pasadena', 'CA', 91011);
INSERT INTO Employee_Address VALUES (102, 'Pasadena', 'CA', 91011);
INSERT INTO Employee_Address VALUES (103, 'Pasadena', 'CA', 91011);
INSERT INTO Employee_Address VALUES (104, 'Pasadena', 'CA', 91011);
INSERT INTO Employee_Address VALUES (201, 'Pasadena', 'CA', 91011);
INSERT INTO Employee_Address VALUES (202, 'Pasadena', 'CA', 91011);
INSERT INTO Employee_Address VALUES (203, 'Pasadena', 'CA', 91011);
INSERT INTO Employee_Address VALUES (204, 'Pasadena', 'CA', 91011);
```

Table Name: Product (Navyasree Sriramoju)

```
DROP TABLE Product CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
CREATE TABLE Product

(
Product_ID VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
Product_Name VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
Product_Type VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
Product_Price FLOAT,
Product_Color VARCHAR(15),
Product_Size Number(5),
Product_Size Number(5),
Product_Warranty VARCHAR(30),
Product_Brand VARCHAR(30),
Product_Quantity VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT Product_ID_pk PRIMARY KEY (Product_ID)
);
```

Inserting values into Product (Navyasree Sriramoju)

```
INSERT INTO Product VALUES('M11','Sneakers','Manufactured',100,'White',7,'24months','Nike',300);
INSERT INTO Product VALUES('P22','Heels','Purchased',150,'Black',7.5,'6months','ALDO',150);
INSERT INTO Product VALUES('P33','HikingShoes','Purchased',220,'Red',6.5,'12months','Adidas',230);
INSERT INTO Product VALUES('M33','Flipflops','Manufactured',30,'Pink',6,'6months','Splash',200);
INSERT INTO Product VALUES('M55','SportShoes','Manufactured',60,'Orange',7,'18months','abc',180);
INSERT INTO Product VALUES('P55','Loafers','Purchased',70,'Brown',7.5,'12months','SteveMadden',250);
```

<u>Table Name: Purchased Product (Navyasree Sriramoju)</u>

```
DROP TABLE Purchased_Product CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;

CREATE TABLE Purchased_Product

(

PProduct_ID VARCHAR(30),

Supplier_Name VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,

Supplier_Email VARCHAR(30),

Supplier_Phone NUMBER(10),

Supplier_City VARCHAR(20),

Supplier_State VARCHAR(2),

Supplier_Zip VARCHAR(2),

CONSTRAINT Purchased_Product_PK PRIMARY KEY (PProduct_ID),

CONSTRAINT Purchased_Product_FK FOREIGN KEY (PProduct_ID) REFERENCES Product(Product_ID));
```

Inserting values into Purchased Product Table (Navyasree Sriramoju)

```
INSERT INTO Purchased_Product VALUES('P22','New Balance','edmsupplies1242@gmail.com',6444677537,'Hartford','CT',6002);
INSERT INTO Purchased_Product VALUES('P33','NuSouce Inc','Fastenal6821@gmail.com',8566434668,'Dover','DE',19702);
INSERT INTO Purchased_Product VALUES('P55','NY Wholesale','nywhole4576@gmail.com',3797435678,'Atlanta','GA',30003);
```

Table Name: Supplier Address (Sushmitha Dandu)

```
DROP TABLE Supplier_Address CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
```

```
CREATE TABLE Supplier_Address

(

PProduct_ID VARCHAR2(30) NOT NULL,

Supplier_City VARCHAR2(30),

Supplier_State VARCHAR2(20),

Supplier_Zip NUMBER(5) NOT NULL,

CONSTRAINT Supplier_AddressPK PRIMARY KEY (PProduct_ID),

CONSTRAINT Supplier_AddressFK FOREIGN KEY (PProduct_ID) REFERENCES Product(Product_ID));
```

<u>Inserting values into Supplier Address Table (Sushmitha Dandu)</u>

```
INSERT INTO Supplier_Address VALUES ('P22', 'Hartford', 'CT', 06002); INSERT INTO Supplier_Address VALUES ('P33', 'Dover', 'DE', 19702); INSERT INTO Supplier Address VALUES ('P55', 'Atlanta', 'GA', 30003);
```

<u>Table Name: Manufactured Product (Navyasree Sriramoju)</u>

DROP TABLE Manufactured_Product CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;

```
CREATE TABLE Manufactured_Product

(
MFProduct_ID VARCHAR(30),

Manufacturer_Name VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,

Manufacturer_State VARCHAR(2),

Manufacturer_City VARCHAR(20),

Manufacturer_Zip VARCHAR(9),

CONSTRAINT Manufactured_Product_PK PRIMARY KEY (MFProduct_ID),

CONSTRAINT Manufactured_Product_FK FOREIGN KEY (MFProduct_ID) REFERENCES Product(Product_ID)

);
```

```
Inserting values into Manufactured Product Table (Navyasree Sriramoju)
INSERT INTO Manufactured Product VALUES('M11','ABCManfacturersLtd','CA','Pasadena',91011);
INSERT INTO Manufactured_Product VALUES('M33','ABCManfacturersLtd','CA','Pasadena',91011);
INSERT INTO Manufactured Product VALUES('M55', 'ABCManfacturersLtd', 'CA', 'Pasadena', 91011);
Table Name: Manufacturer Address (Sushmitha Dandu)
CREATE TABLE Manufacturer_Address
(
MFProduct_ID VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
Manufacturer City VARCHAR2(30),
Manufacturer_State VARCHAR2(20),
Manufacturer_Zip NUMBER(5) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT Manufacturer_AddressPK PRIMARY KEY (MFProduct_ID),
CONSTRAINT Manufacturer AddressFK FOREIGN KEY (MFProduct ID) REFERENCES
Product(Product_ID)
);
Inserting values into Manufacturer Address Table (Sushmitha Dandu)
INSERT INTO Manufacturer Address VALUES ('M11',' Montgomery', 'AL', 35004);
INSERT INTO Manufacturer_Address VALUES ('M33', 'Phoenix', 'AZ', 85002);
INSERT INTO Manufacturer Address VALUES ('M55', 'Sacramento', 'CA', 90002);
Table Name: Orders (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)
DROP TABLE Orders CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
CREATE TABLE Orders
(
Order_Id NUMBER NOT NULL,
Order Price DECIMAL(10, 2),
```

Order_Date DATE,

Order_Status VARCHAR(20),

Shipping_Address VARCHAR(100),

Employee_ID NUMBER NOT NULL,

Customer_ID VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,

CONSTRAINT ORDER_PK PRIMARY KEY (Order_Id),

CONSTRAINT ORDER_FK1 FOREIGN KEY (Customer_ID) REFERENCES Customer(Customer_ID),

CONSTRAINT ORDER_FK2 FOREIGN KEY (Employee_ID) REFERENCES Employee(Employee_ID));

<u>Inserting values into Orders Table (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)</u>

INSERT INTO ORDERS VALUES(1001, '150.99', '24 May 2022', 'Shipped', '1234 Elm St, NY', 101, 1);

INSERT INTO ORDERS VALUES(1002, '99.50', '25 May 2022', 'Delivered', '5678 Oak St, Los Angeles, CA',102, 2);

INSERT INTO ORDERS VALUES(1003, '200.00', '26 May 2022', 'Processing', '9101 Maple Ave, Chicago, IL',103, 3);

INSERT INTO ORDERS VALUES(1004, '75.25', '27 May 2022', 'Cancelled', '2468 Birch Rd, Houston, TX',104, 4);

INSERT INTO ORDERS VALUES(1005, '180.75', '3 June 2022', 'Shipped', '1357 Cedar Dr, Champaign, IL',103, 5);

INSERT INTO ORDERS VALUES(1006, '120.00', '15 June 2022', 'Delivered', '2468 Pine Ln, San Francisco, CA',102, 6);

INSERT INTO ORDERS VALUES(1007, '90.00', '27 June 2022', 'Processing', '7890 Willow Ct, Dallas, TX',202, 7);

INSERT INTO ORDERS VALUES(1008, '55.50', '9 July 2022', 'Shipped', '2345 Redwood Dr, Philadelphia, PA',102, 8);

INSERT INTO ORDERS VALUES(1009, '70.25', '20 July 2022', 'Delivered', '6789 Cedar Ct, Phoenix, AZ',201, 9);

INSERT INTO ORDERS VALUES(1010, '115.75', '15 August 2022', 'Shipped', '1234 Oakwood Ave, Peoria, IL',202, 10);

INSERT INTO ORDERS VALUES(1011, '200.50', '21 August 2022', 'Processing', '5678 Elmwood St, Denver, CO',203, 11);

INSERT INTO ORDERS VALUES(1012, '90.25', '28 August 2022', 'Cancelled', '9101 Maplewood Rd, Portland, OR', 204, 12);

Table Name: Order Line (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)

DROP TABLE OrderLine CASCADE CONSTRAINTS:

CREATE TABLE OrderLine

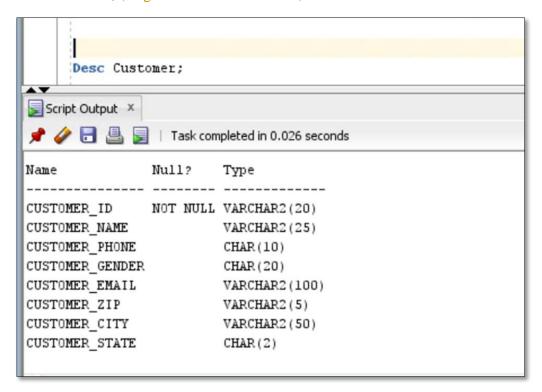
```
CIS - 5430
                                                                                      GROUP - 1
OrderLine_Id VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
Order Id number NOT NULL,
Product_Id VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
Ordered_Quantity NUMBER,
CONSTRAINT OrderLine pk PRIMARY KEY (OrderLine Id),
CONSTRAINT OrderLine Orders fk FOREIGN KEY (Order ID) REFERENCES Orders (Order ID),
CONSTRAINT Orders_Product_ID_fk FOREIGN KEY (Product_ID) REFERENCES Product (Product_ID)
);
Inserting values into Order LineTable (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)
INSERT INTO ORDERLINE VALUES('OL1', '1001', 'M11', 2);
INSERT INTO ORDERLINE VALUES('OL2', '1002', 'P22', 1);
INSERT INTO ORDERLINE VALUES('OL3', '1003', 'P33', 4);
INSERT INTO ORDERLINE VALUES('OL4', '1004', 'P55', 3);
INSERT INTO ORDERLINE VALUES ('OL5', '1005', 'M33', 1);
INSERT INTO ORDERLINE VALUES('OL6', '1006', 'M55', 3);
INSERT INTO ORDERLINE VALUES('OL7', '1007', 'M11', 1);
INSERT INTO ORDERLINE VALUES ('OL8', '1008', 'P55', 3);
INSERT INTO ORDERLINE VALUES('OL9', '1009', 'P22', 2);
INSERT INTO ORDERLINE VALUES ('OL10', '1010', 'P33', 2);
```

INSERT INTO ORDERLINE VALUES ('OL11', '1011', 'P55', 3);

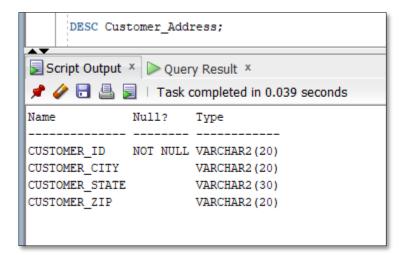
INSERT INTO ORDERLINE VALUES ('OL12', '1012', 'P22', 1);

Describing Tables

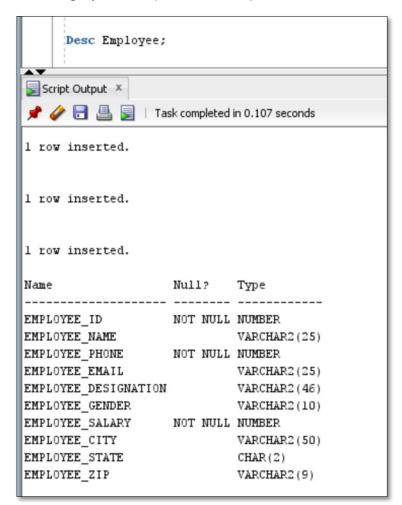
Desc Customer; (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)



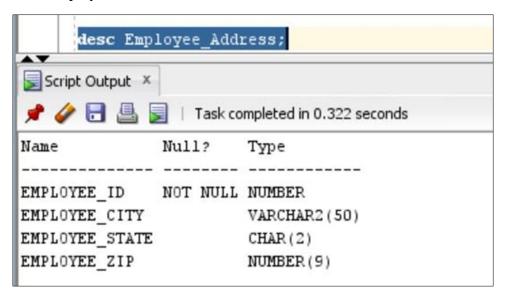
Desc Customer_Address; (Sushmitha Dandu)



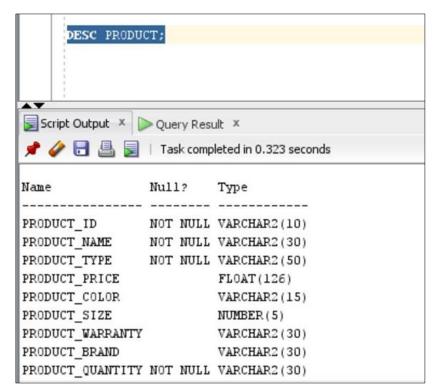
Desc Employee; (Navyasree Sriramoju)



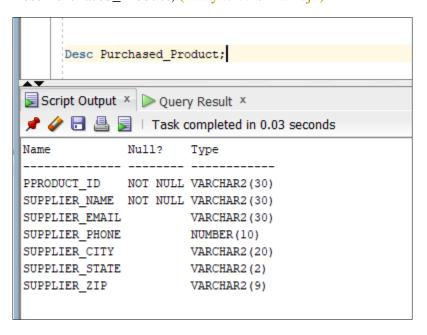
Desc Employee_Address; (Sushmitha Dandu)



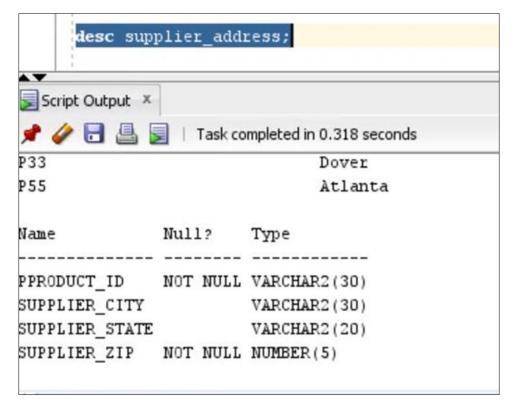
DESC PRODUCT; (Navyasree Sriramoju)



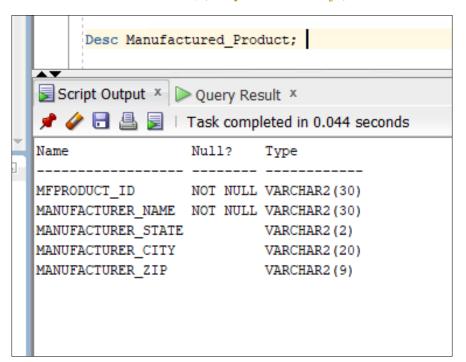
Desc Purchased_Product; (Navyasree Sriramoju)



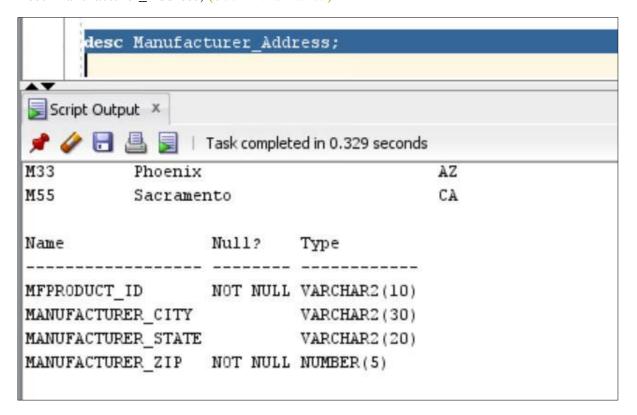
Desc Supplier_Address; (Sushmitha Dandu)



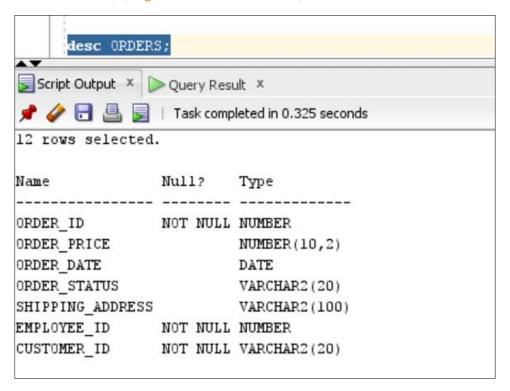
Desc Manufactured_Product; (Navyasree Sriramoju)



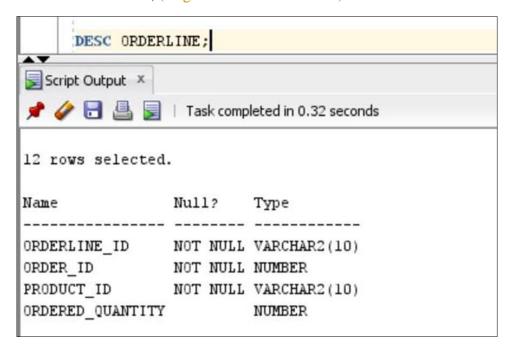
Desc Manufacturer_Address; (Sushmitha Dandu)



Desc ORDERS; (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)

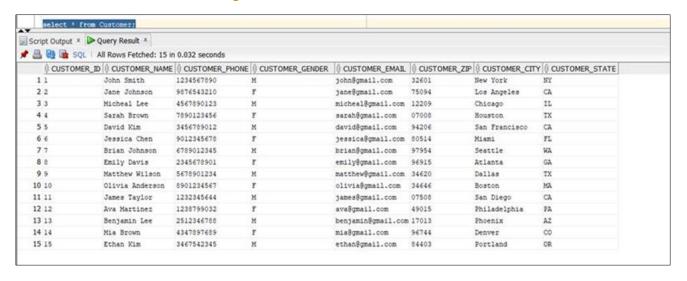


DESC ORDERLINE; (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)

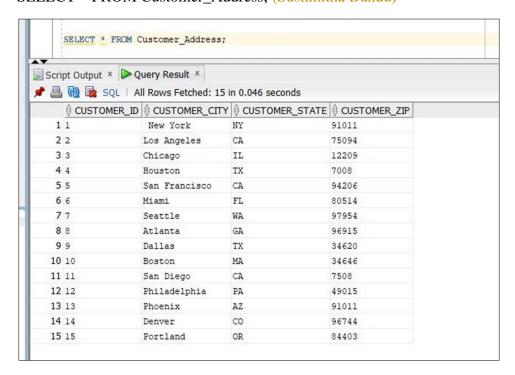


Selecting All from Tables:

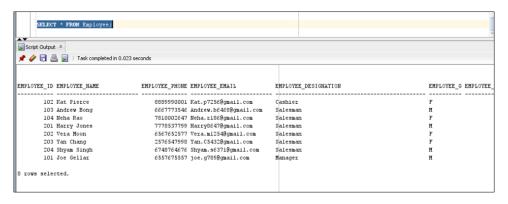
SELECT * FROM Customer; (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)



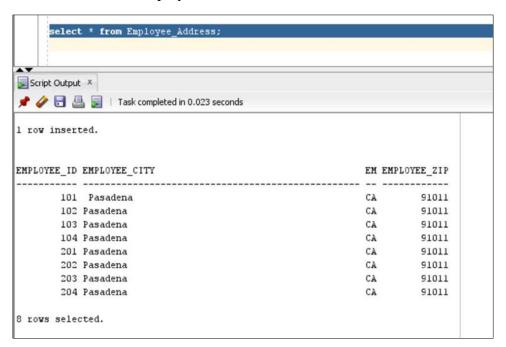
SELECT * FROM Customer_Address; (Sushmitha Dandu)



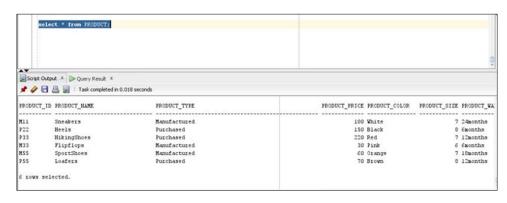
SELECT * FROM Employee; (Navyasree Sriramoju)



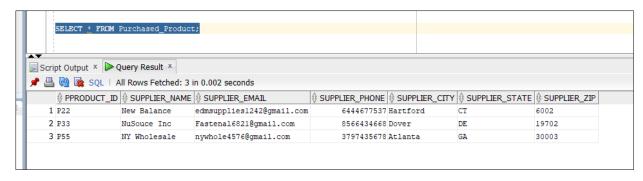
SELECT * FROM Employee_Address; (Sushmitha Dandu)



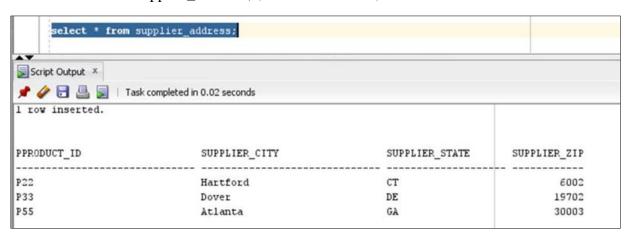
SELECT * FROM Product; (Navyasree Sriramoju)



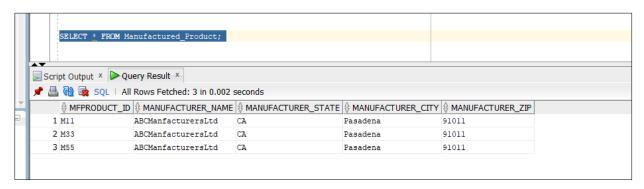
SELECT * FROM Purchased_Product; (Navyasree Sriramoju)



SELECT * FROM Supplier_Address; (Sushmitha Dandu)

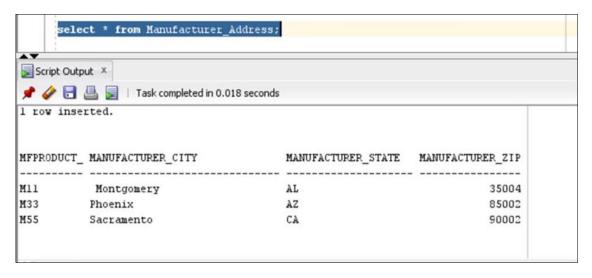


SELECT * FROM Manufactured_Product; (Navyasree Sriramoju)

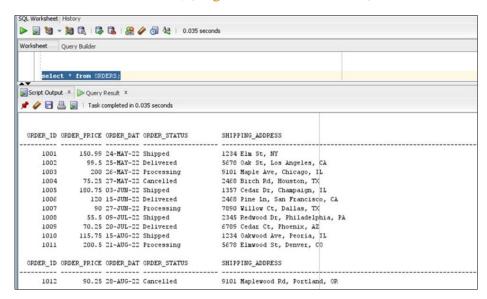


CIS - 5430 GROUP - 1

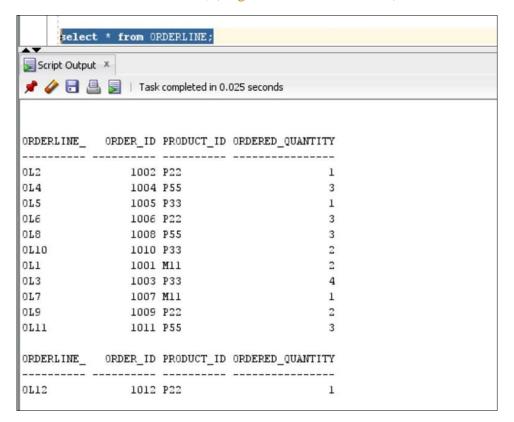
SELECT * FROM Manufacturer_Address; (Sushmitha Dandu)



SELECT * FROM Orders; (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)



SELECT * FROM OrderLine; (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)



Performing Insert, Update, Delete, Create Views

INSERT values:

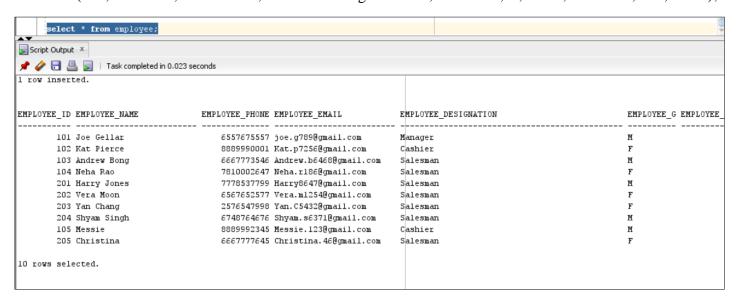
Inserting records to Employee Table (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)

INSERT INTO Employee

VALUES(105, 'Messie', 8889992345, 'Messie. 123@gmail.com', 'Cashier', 'M', 28000, 'Pasadena', 'CA', 91011);

INSERT INTO Employee

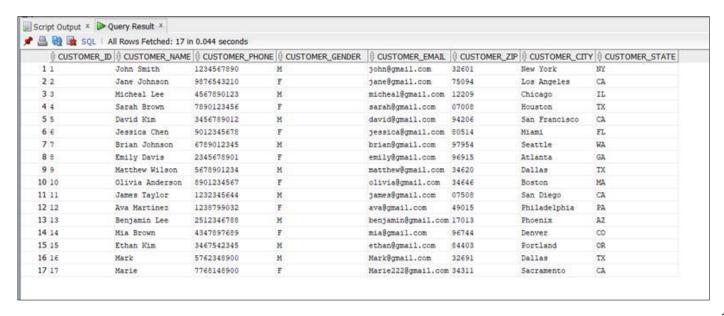
VALUES(205, 'Christina', 6667777645, 'Christina. 46@gmail.com', 'Salesman', 'F', 17000, 'Pasadena', 'CA', 91011);



Inserting records to Customer Table (Sushmitha Dandu)

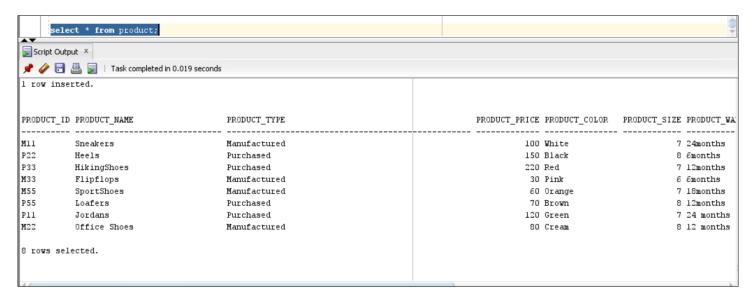
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES(16, 'Mark', '5762348900', 'M', 'Mark@gmail.com', '32691', 'Dallas', 'TX'); INSERT INTO Customer

VALUES(17, 'Marie', '7768148900', 'F', 'Marie222@gmail.com', '34311', 'Sacramento', 'CA');



Inserting records to Product Table (Navyasree Sriramoju)

INSERT INTO Product VALUES('P11','Jordans','Purchased',120,'Green',7,'24 months','Nike',100); INSERT INTO Product VALUES('M22','Office Shoes','Manufactured',80,'Cream',7.5,'12 months','xyz',80);



UPDATE values: (Navyasree Sriramoju)

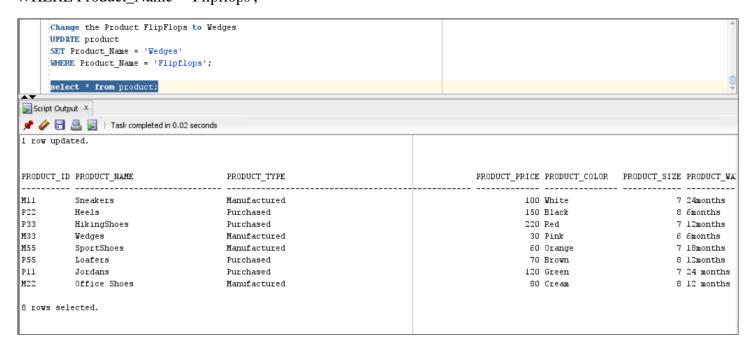
Updating Product_Name from Flipflops to Wedges in Product Table.

Change the Product FlipFlops to Wedges

UPDATE product

SET Product_Name = 'Wedges'

WHERE Product_Name = 'Flipflops';



DELETE values: (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)

Deleting OL2 values from OrderLine Table.

DELETE from OrderLine where OrderLine_ID = 'OL2';

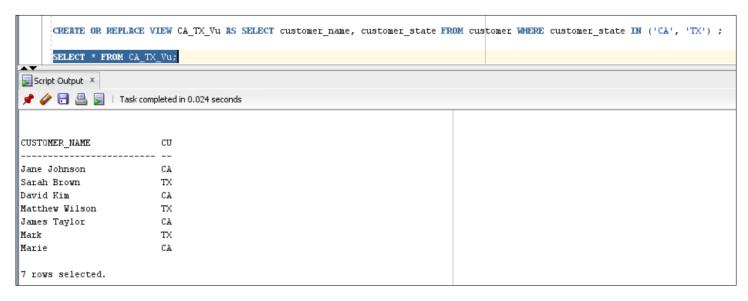
DELE	TE from Orde	erLine wher	e OrderLine_ID = 'OL2';
The second second	ct * from Or	derLine;	
Script Outp	out ×		
	A Task	completed in 0	.025 seconds
l row dele			
ORDERLINE_	ORDER_ID	PRODUCT_ID	ORDERED_QUANTITY
 0L4	1004	P55	3
0L5	1005		1
0L6	1006	No. of the Control of	3
ors	1008	P55	3
0L10	1010	P33	2
	1001	M11	2
OL1			
0L1 0L3	1003	P33	4
	1003 1007		4 1
0L3		M11	Machine and a second se
0L3 0L7	1007	M11 P22	1

CREATE VIEW: (Sushmitha Dandu)

Creating a view for Customer in states California and Texas:

CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW CA_TX_Vu AS SELECT customer_name, customer_state FROM customer WHERE customer_state IN ('CA', 'TX');

SELECT * FROM CA_TX_Vu;



Testing Database with (Select, join, where, group by, having) Queries

What are the product IDs, names, and total counts of products manufactured by Nike, based on the Manufactured_Product and Product tables? (Navyasree Sriramoju)

```
SELECT
```

Product_Id,

Product Name,

COUNT(*) as Product_count

FROM

Manufactured_Product

INNER JOIN

Product

ON

Manufactured_Product.MFProduct_ID = Product.Product_ID

GROUP BY

Product_Id,

Product_Name

HAVING

MAX(Product_Brand) = 'Nike';

```
SELECT
         Product Id,
         Product Name,
         COUNT (*) as Product count
     FROM
         Manufactured Product
     INNER JOIN
         Product
     ON
         Manufactured Product.MFProduct ID = Product.Product ID
     GROUP BY
         Product Id,
         Product Name
     HAVING
         MAX(Product Brand) = 'Nike';
Script Output X De Query Result X
📌 🧽 뒴 🖺 📕 📗 Task completed in 0.016 seconds
PRODUCT ID PRODUCT NAME
                                       PRODUCT COUNT
              -----
M11
          Sneakers
                                                   1
```

Display Product IDs with more than 1 order. (Sushmitha Dandu)

SELECT p.Product_Id, COUNT(ol.Ordered_Quantity)
FROM OrderLine ol
JOIN Product p ON ol.Product_Id = p.Product_Id
GROUP BY p.Product_Id
HAVING COUNT(ol.Ordered_Quantity) > 1;

```
SELECT p.Product Id, COUNT(ol.Ordered Quantity)
      FROM OrderLine ol
      JOIN Product p ON ol.Product Id = p.Product Id
      GROUP BY p.Product Id
      HAVING COUNT(ol.Ordered Quantity) > 1;
44
Script Output X De Query Result X
                 Task completed in 0.028 seconds
PRODUCT ID COUNT(OL.ORDERED QUANTITY)
M11
P33
                                      3
P22
                                      3
P55
                                      3
```

What is the list of male employees and their contact information along with their corresponding addresses? (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)

```
SELECT
```

E.EMPLOYEE_NAME,

E.EMPLOYEE_PHONE,

E.EMPLOYEE_DESIGNATION,

E.EMPLOYEE_STATE,

E.EMPLOYEE_CITY,

E.EMPLOYEE_ZIP

FROM

EMPLOYEE E

RIGHT JOIN

EMPLOYEE_ADDRESS EA ON E.EMPLOYEE_ID = EA.EMPLOYEE_ID

WHERE

E.EMPLOYEE_GENDER = 'M'

GROUP BY

E.EMPLOYEE_NAME,

E.EMPLOYEE_PHONE,

E.EMPLOYEE_DESIGNATION,

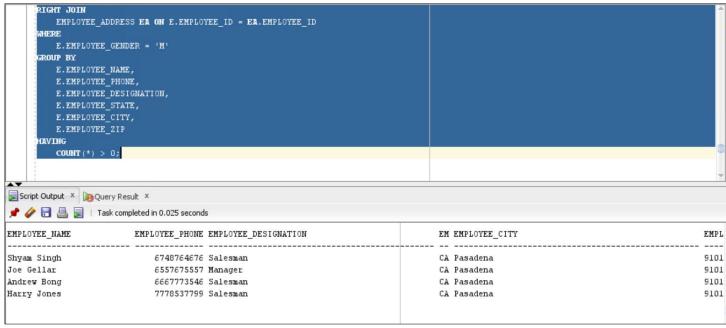
E.EMPLOYEE_STATE,

E.EMPLOYEE_CITY,

E.EMPLOYEE_ZIP

HAVING

COUNT(*) > 0;



PL/SQL - Procedural Language extension to Structured Query Language

Raise Employee Salary by 5% (Navyasree Sriramoju)

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE raise_Employee_Salary

(v_id in Employee.Employee_ID%type)

IS

BEGIN

UPDATE Employee

SET Employee_Salary = Employee_Salary*1.05

WHERE Employee_ $ID = v_id;$

END raise_Employee_Salary;

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE raise_Employee_Salary

(v_id in Employee.Employee_ID*type)

IS

BEGIN

UPDATE Employee

SET Employee_Salary = Employee_Salary*1.05

WHERE Employee_ID = v_id;

END raise_Employee_Salary;

EXECUTE raise_Employee_Salary;

EXECUTE raise_Employee

WHERE employee

WHERE employee_ID = 105;

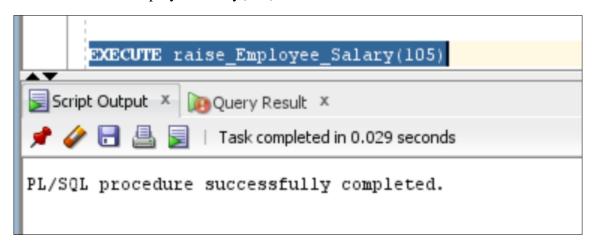
Select * from Employee

WHERE employee_ID = 105;

Script Output × Query Result ×

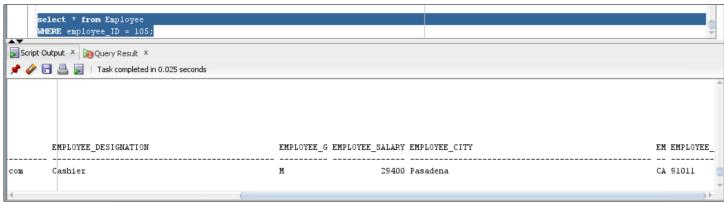
Procedure RAISE_EMPLOYEE_SALARY compiled
```

EXECUTE raise_Employee_Salary(105)



select * from Employee

WHERE employee_ID = 105;



Create a pl/sql block to find the total number of customers in New York (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE customer_count

AS

v count NUMBER;

BEGIN

SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_count

FROM Customer c JOIN Customer_Address ca ON c.Customer_Id = ca.Customer_Id

WHERE ca.Customer_City = 'Chicago';

DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('The number of customers in Chicago is: ' || v_count);

END;

```
/
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE customer_count

AS

v_count NUMBER;

BEGIN

SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_count

PROM Customer c JOIN Customer_Address ca ON c.Customer_Id = ca.Customer_Id

WHERE ca.Customer_City = 'Chicago';

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The number of customers in Chicago is: ' || v_count);

END;

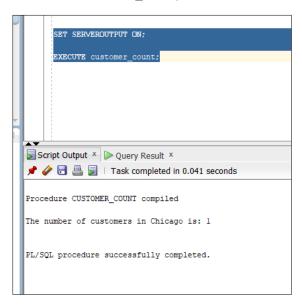
Script Output × Query Result ×

Procedure CUSTOMER_COUNT compiled
```

Calling the procedure

SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;

EXECUTE customer_count;



Display the total revenue generated by a specific order (Sushmitha Dandu)

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE order_revenue(v_order_id NUMBER)

AS

v_revenue NUMBER;

BEGIN

SELECT SUM(Product_Price * Ordered_Quantity) INTO v_revenue FROM OrderLine ol JOIN Product p ON ol.Product_Id = p.Product_Id WHERE ol.Order_Id = v_order_id;

IF v_revenue IS NULL THEN

DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('No revenue found for order ID ' || v_order_id);

ELSE

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The total revenue generated by Order ID ' || v_order_id || ' is: ' || v_revenue);

END IF;

END;

/

```
SCREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE order_revenue(v_order_id NUMBER)
AS

v_revenue NUMBER;
BBGIN

SELECT SUM(Product_Price * Ordered_Quantity) INTO v_revenue FROM OrderLine ol JOIN Product p ON ol.Product_Id = p.Product_Id where ol.Order_Id = v_order_id;

If v_revenue IS NULL THEN

DBMS_OUTFUT.FUT_LINE('No revenue found for order ID ' || v_order_id);
ELSE

DBMS_OUTFUT.FUT_LINE('The total revenue generated by Order ID ' || v_order_id || ' is: ' || v_revenue);
END IF;
END;

//

Script Output * Query Result *

Procedure ORDER_REVENUE compiled

Procedure ORDER_REVENUE compiled
```

SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;

EXECUTE order_revenue(1001);

```
-- Display the total revenue generated by a specific order
    CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE order_revenue(v_order_id NUMBER)
      v_revenue NUMBER;
     BEGIN
      SELECT SUM(Product_Price * Ordered_Quantity) INTO v_revenue FROM OrderLine ol JOIN Product p ON ol.Product_Id = p.Product_Id wHERE ol.Order_Id = v_order_id;
    ☐ IF v_revenue IS NULL THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No revenue found for order ID ' || v_order_id);
         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The total revenue generated by Order ID ' || v_order_id || ' is: ' || v_revenue);
      END IF;
     END;
     SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
      EXECUTE order_revenue(1001);
Script Output × P Query Result ×
📌 🧼 🖥 🖺 🔋 | Task completed in 0.043 seconds
Procedure ORDER_REVENUE compiled
The total revenue generated by Order ID 1001 is: 200
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

ORDBMS - Object-Relational Database Management System

Creating ORDBMS object type for Customer_Address table (Navyasree Sriramoju)

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TYPE customer_address_obj AS OBJECT (
   customer_id NUMBER,
   customer_zip VARCHAR2(10),
   customer_city VARCHAR2(50),
   customer_state VARCHAR2(50)
);
      CREATE OR REPLACE TYPE customer_address_obj AS OBJECT (
          customer_id NUMBER,
customer_zip VARCHAR2(10),
          customer_city VARCHAR2(50),
customer_state VARCHAR2(50)
   Script Output ×
   📌 🥓 🔡 📓 📓 | Task completed in 0.042 seconds
  Type CUSTOMER ADDRESS OBJ compiled
  LINE/COL ERROR
          PLS-00103: Encountered the symbol "end-of-file" when expecting one of the following:
                                                                                 := ) , not null default external character The symbol ")" was substituted for "end-of-file" to continue.
  Errors: check compiler log
   Type CUSTOMER_ADDRESS_OBJ compiled
```

Creating table for Customer_Address using customer_address_obj (Navyasree Sriramoju)

CREATE TABLE customer_address_tbl (customer_address customer_address_obj);

```
-- Create table for Customer_Address using customer_address_obj

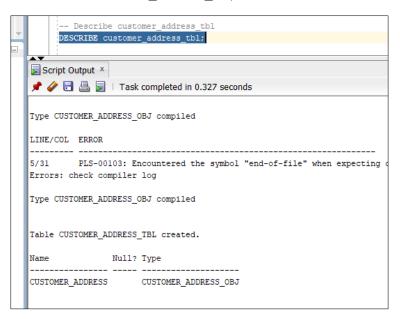
CREATE TABLE customer_address_tbl (customer_address customer_address_obj);

Script Output x

S
```

Describing customer_address_tbl (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)

DESCRIBE customer_address_tbl;



Inserting the values (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)

```
-- Describe customer_address tbl
     DESCRIBE customer_address_tbl;
     INSERT INTO customer_address_tbl VALUES (customer_address_obj(1, '12345', 'Los Angeles', 'CA'));
     SELECT * from customer_address_tbl;
Script Output ×
📌 🧼 🖥 🚇 📘 | Task completed in 0.029 seconds
Type CUSTOMER_ADDRESS_OBJ compiled
LINE/COL ERROR
5/31 PLS-00103: Encountered the symbol "end-of-file" when expecting one of the following: := ) , not
Errors: check compiler log
Type CUSTOMER_ADDRESS_OBJ compiled
Table CUSTOMER_ADDRESS_TBL created.
             Null? Type
CUSTOMER_ADDRESS CUSTOMER_ADDRESS_OBJ
no rows selected
1 row inserted.
```

Displaying the values (Navyasree Sriramoju)

SELECT * from customer_address_tbl;

```
SELECT * from customer_address_tbl;

Script Output *

Task completed in 0.032 seconds

CUSTOMER_ADDRESS(CUSTOMER_ID, CUSTOMER_ZIP, CUSTOMER_CITY, CUSTOMER_STATE)

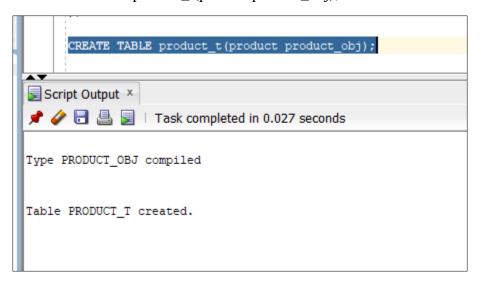
CUSTOMER_ADDRESS_OBJ(1, '12345', 'Los Angeles', 'CA')
```

Creating ORDBMS object type for Product table (Sushmitha Dandu)

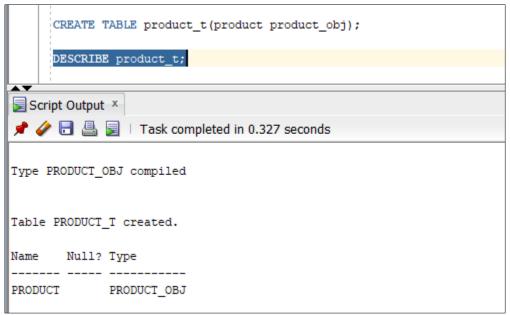
```
CREATE OR REPLACE TYPE product_obj AS OBJECT (
    product_id NUMBER,
    product_name VARCHAR2(50),
    product_quantity NUMBER,
    product_type VARCHAR2(50),
    product_price NUMBER,
    product_color VARCHAR2(50),
    product_size VARCHAR2(20),
    product_warranty VARCHAR2(50),
    product_brand VARCHAR2(50)
);
```

Creating table for Product_t using product_obj (Sushmitha Dandu)

CREATE TABLE product_t(product product_obj);



Describing product_t (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)



Inserting Values into the table (Naga Sai Lohitha Karmuru)

INSERT INTO product_t VALUES (product_obj(1, 'Widget', 10, 'Gadget', 9.99, 'Blue', 'Small', '1 year', 'ABC Corp'));



Displaying the Values (Sushmitha Dandu)

select * from product_t;

