NumPy Practical 1

Roll no 407

<U31 124

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```
In [1]: import numpy as np
```

Create the 1-dimensional array.

```
a) Name continent, consist of name of all continents. (Q3 included)
In [2]: Continent=np.array(['Asia','africa','Europe','North America','South America','Austalia/Oceania','antarctica'])
         print(Continent)
         print(Continent.ndim)
         print(Continent.shape)
         print(Continent.dtype)
         print(Continent.itemsize)
         ['Asia' 'africa' 'Europe' 'North America' 'South America'
          'Austalia/Oceania' 'antarctica']
        1
         (7,)
         <U16
         b) Named ocean, consists of name of all ocean. (Q3 included)
In [3]: ocean=np.array(['Pacific Ocean','Atlantic Ocean','Indian Ocean','Antarctic Ocean (Southern Ocean)','Arctic Ocean'])
         print(ocean)
         print(ocean.ndim)
         print(ocean.shape)
         print(ocean.dtype)
         print(ocean.itemsize)
         ['Pacific Ocean' 'Atlantic Ocean' 'Indian Ocean'
          'Antarctic Ocean (Southem Ocean)' 'Arctic Ocean']
        1
         (5,)
```

c) Named river, consists of seven prominent rivers of world. (Q3 included)

```
In [4]: river=np.array(['The Nile (North Africa)','The Amazon (South America)'
         ,'The Yangtze (China)',
         'The Congo (Central Africa)',
         'The Mississippi (North America)', 'The Volga (Russia)',
         'The Danube (Central and Eastern Europe)'])
        print(river)
        print(river.ndim)
        print(river.shape)
        print(river.dtype)
        print(river.itemsize)
        ['The Nile (North Africa)' 'The Amazon (South America)'
          'The Yangtze (China)' 'The Congo (Central Africa)'
          'The Mississippi (North America)' 'The Volga (Russia)'
          'The Danube (Central and Eastern Europe)']
        1
        (7,)
        <U39
        156
```

d) Named prime consists of first 10 prime numbers between 100 and 200. (Q3 included)

e) Named planet, consists of name of plant in the universe of earth. (Q3 included)

```
print(planet.ndim)
          print(planet.shape)
          print(planet.dtype)
          print(planet.itemsize)
          ['Mercury' 'Venus ' ' Earth' 'Mars ' 'Jupiter ' 'Saturn' 'Uranus Neptune'
           'Pluto']
          1
          (8,)
          <U14
          56
          f) Named Fibonacci, consists of first 10 Fibonacci number divided by 5. (Q3 included)
 In [7]: fibonacci_div_5=np.array([0, 1/5, 1/5, 2/5, 3/5, 5/5, 8/5, 13/5, 21/5, 34/5])
          print(fibonacci_div_5)
          print(fibonacci_div_5.ndim)
          print(fibonacci_div_5.shape)
          print(fibonacci_div_5.dtype)
          print(fibonacci_div_5.itemsize)
          [0. 0.2 0.2 0.4 0.6 1. 1.6 2.6 4.2 6.8]
          1
          (10,)
          float64
          g) Named floats, consists of any seven numbers out of which 5 are float numbers and remaining two are integers
 In [8]: floats=np.array([120.12,42.598,48.46,895.124,45.897,4,9])
          print(floats)
          print(floats.ndim)
          print(floats.shape)
          print(floats.dtype)
          print(floats.itemsize)
          [120.12 42.598 48.46 895.124 45.897 4.
                                                              9. ]
          1
          (7,)
          float64
          h) Named mixed, consists of 2 string values, 2 float numbers and 2 integers. (Q3 included)
 In [9]: mixed=np.array(['nayan','nano',23.5687,45.78,8,9])
          print(mixed)
          print(mixed.ndim)
          print(mixed.shape)
          print(mixed.dtype)
          print(mixed.itemsize)
          ['nayan' 'nano' '23.5687' '45.78' '8' '9']
          1
          (6,)
          <U32
          128
          i) Named arang, with first value 4, last value less than 100, in the step of 3. (Q3 included)
In [10]: aranging=np.arange(4,100,3)
          print(aranging)
          print(aranging.ndim)
          print(aranging.shape)
          print(aranging.dtype)
          print(aranging.itemsize)
          [ 4 7 10 13 16 19 22 25 28 31 34 37 40 43 46 49 52 55 58 61 64 67 70 73
           76 79 82 85 88 91 94 97]
          (32,)
          int32
```

Q2. Create 2 – dimensional array for the following and print them: (Q3 included)

a) Named seven, with two rows with first row consists of seven sisters of India and second row consists of their capitals. (Q3 included)

```
In [11]: seven=np.array([['Arunachal Pradesh','Assam','Nagaland','Manipur','Meghalaya','Tripura','Mizoram'],['Itanagar','Dispuprint(seven)
    print(seven.ndim)
    print(seven.shape)
    print(seven.dtype)
    print(seven.itemsize)
```

```
['Itanagar' 'Dispur' 'Kohima' 'Imphal' 'Shilong' 'Agartala' 'Aizawl']]
          2
          (2, 7)
          <U17
          68
          b) Named null, with two rows and three columns with all entries zero. (Q3 included)
In [12]: null=np.array([[0,0,0],[0,0,0]])
          print(null)
          print(null.ndim)
          print(null.shape)
          print(null.dtype)
          print(null.itemsize)
          [[0 0 0]]
          [0 0 0]]
          2
          (2, 3)
          int32
In [13]: null2=np.zeros([2,3])
          print(null2)
          print(null2.ndim)
          print(null2.shape)
          print(null2.dtype)
          print(null2.itemsize)
          [[0. 0. 0.]
           [0. 0. 0.]]
          2
          (2, 3)
          float64
          c) Named allones, with 4 rows and 5 columns with all entries 1. (Q3 included)
In [14]: allones=np.ones([4,5])
          print(allones)
          print(allones.ndim)
          print(allones.shape)
          print(allones.dtype)
          print(allones.itemsize)
          [[1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]
          [1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]
           [1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]
           [1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]]
          (4, 5)
          float64
          8
          d) Named pi, with 3 rows and 3 columns with all entries approximate value of pi up to 5 decimal places. (Q3 included)
In [15]: pi=np.array([[3.14159,3.14159],[3.14159,3.14159],[3.14159],[3.14159],[3.14159]])
          print(pi)
          print(pi.ndim)
          print(pi.shape)
          print(pi.dtype)
          print(pi.itemsize)
          [[3.14159 3.14159 3.14159]
          [3.14159 3.14159 3.14159]
           [3.14159 3.14159 3.14159]]
          (3, 3)
          float64
          e) Named data with 2 rows, where one row is name of 5 person and second name is its age. (Q3 included)
          data=np.array([['nayan','nano','prachiti','mansi','shalu'],[20,58,69,45,100]])
          print(data)
          print(data.ndim)
          print(data.shape)
          print(data.dtype)
          print(data.itemsize)
          [['nayan' 'nano' 'prachiti' 'mansi' 'shalu']
          ['20' '58' '69' '45' '100']]
          (2, 5)
          <U11
          44
```

Q3. Display the dimension, shape, size, data type and item size of all the

[['Arunachal Pradesh' 'Assam' 'Nagaland' 'Manipur' 'Meghalaya' 'Tripura'

'Mizoram']

ndarray created in 1 and 2,

Q4. Display first, second, last and second last elements of all the array created in above examples.

```
for Q1
In [17]: #for a
         print(Continent[0]) #first
         print(Continent[1]) #second
         print(Continent[-1]) #last
         print(Continent[-2]) #second Last
         Asia
         africa
         antarctica
         Austalia/Oceania
In [18]: #for b
         print(ocean[0]) #first
         print(ocean[1]) #second
         print(ocean[-1]) #last
         print(ocean[-2]) #second Last
         Pacific Ocean
         Atlantic Ocean
         Arctic Ocean
         Antarctic Ocean (Southern Ocean)
In [19]: #for c
         print(river[0]) #first
         print(river[1]) #second
         print(river[-1]) #last
         print(river[-2]) #second Last
         The Nile (North Africa)
         The Amazon (South America)
         The Danube (Central and Eastern Europe)
         The Volga (Russia)
In [20]: #for d
         print(prime[0]) #first
         print(prime[1]) #second
         print(prime[-1]) #last
         print(prime[-2]) #second Last
         101
         103
         149
         139
In [21]: #for e
         print(planet[0]) #first
         print(planet[1]) #second
         print(planet[-1]) #last
         print(planet[-2]) #second Last
         Mercury
         Venus
         Pluto
         Uranus Neptune
In [22]: #for f
         print(fibonacci_div_5[0]) #first
         print(fibonacci_div_5[1]) #second
         print(fibonacci div 5[-1]) #Last
         print(fibonacci_div_5[-2]) #second Last
         0.0
         0.2
         6.8
         4.2
In [23]: #for g
         print(floats[0]) #first
         print(floats[1]) #second
         print(floats[-1]) #last
         print(floats[-2]) #second Last
         120.12
         42.598
         9.0
         4.0
In [24]: #for h
         print(mixed[0]) #first
         print(mixed[1]) #second
         print(mixed[-1]) #last
         print(mixed[-2]) #second Last
```

```
nayan
nano
9
8

In [25]: #for i
print(aranging[0]) #first
print(aranging[-1]) #second
print(aranging[-2]) #second Last

4
7
97
94
```

Q5. Display all the elements from 2 to second last in all the array created in question 1,

```
In [26]: #for a
         print(Continent[1:-1])
         ['africa' 'Europe' 'North America' 'South America' 'Austalia/Oceania']
In [27]: #for b
         print(ocean[1:-1])
         ['Atlantic Ocean' 'Indian Ocean' 'Antarctic Ocean (Southem Ocean)']
In [28]: #for c
         print(river[1:-1])
         ['The Amazon (South America)' 'The Yangtze (China)'
           'The Congo (Central Africa)' 'The Mississippi (North America)'
          'The Volga (Russia)']
In [29]: #for d
         print(prime[1:-1])
         [103 107 109 113 127 131 137 139]
In [30]: #for e
         print(planet[1:-1])
         ['Venus ' ' Earth' 'Mars ' 'Jupiter ' 'Saturn' 'Uranus Neptune']
In [31]: #for f
         print(fibonacci_div_5[1:-1])
         [0.2 0.2 0.4 0.6 1. 1.6 2.6 4.2]
In [32]: #for g
         print(floats[1:-1])
         [ 42.598 48.46 895.124 45.897 4. ]
In [33]: #for h
         print(mixed[1:-1])
         ['nano' '23.5687' '45.78' '8']
In [34]: #for i
         print(aranging[1:-1])
         [ 7 10 13 16 19 22 25 28 31 34 37 40 43 46 49 52 55 58 61 64 67 70 73 76
          79 82 85 88 91 94]
```

Q6. Display the elements from second row, third column from the examples created in question 2.

```
In [35]: #for a
    print(seven[1,2])

Kohima

In [36]: #for b
    print(null[1,2])
    0

In [37]: #for c
    print(allones[1,2])
    1.0

In [38]: #for d
    print(pi[1,2])
    3.14159

In [39]: #for e
    print(data[1,2])
```

In []:	
In []:	