

CSS ASSIGNMENT

Q-1 What are the benefits of using CSS?

Ans: There are a number of benefits of CSS, including:

- 1) Faster Page Speed. More code means slower page speed. ...
- 2) Better User Experience. CSS not only makes web pages easy on the eye, it also allows for user-friendly formatting. ...
- 3) Quicker Development Time. ...
- 4) Easy Formatting Changes. ...
- 5) Compatibility Across Devices.

Q-2 What are the disadvantages of CSS?

Ans: CSS, what works with one browser might not always work with another.

There exists a scarcity of security.

After making the changes we need to confirm the compatibility if they appear.

Q-3 What is the difference between CSS2 and CSS3?

Ans: CSS3 has compatibility with external font styles through google fonts and typecast. It was not possible with earlier CSS1 and CSS2. The selectors in CSS3 has increased while CSS1 and CSS2 only had simple selectors. CSS1 AND CSS2 didn't have provision to specifically design the web layout.

Q-4 Name a few CSS style components

Ans: The components of css style are:

Selector: class name, id name or element name that is target.

Attribute: name of the attribute you want to style for example border,

color, background, position etc.

Value of Property: value that will be assigned to attribute.

Q-5 What do you understand by CSS opacity?

Ans:

ncy or opacity of an element and its contents on a web page. It specifies the degree to which an element is see-through, with values ranging from fully opaque (completely visible) to fully transparent

Q-6 How can the background color of an element be changed?

Ans: To add background color in HTML, use the CSS background-color property. CSS opacity is a property that allows you to control the transparenSet it to the color name or code you want and place it inside a style attribute. Then add this style attribute to an HTML element, like a table, heading, div, or span tag.

Q-7 How can image repetition of the backup be controlled?

Ans: This task can be achieved by using the background-repeat property that will help us to control the repetition of the image. The background-repeat property in CSS is used to repeat the background image both horizontally and vertically. It also decides whether the background image will be repeated or not.

Q-8 What is the use of the background-position property?

Ans: The background-position property sets the starting position of a background image. Tip: By default, a background-image is placed at the top-left corner of an element, and repeated both vertically and horizontally.

Q-9 Which property controls the image scroll in the background?

Ans: background-attachment property.

The background-attachment property sets whether a background image scrolls with the rest of the page, or is fixed.

Q-10 Why should background and color be used as separate properties?

Ans: There are two reasons behind this: It enhances the legibility of style sheets. The background property is a complex property in CSS, and if it is combined with color, the complexity will further increase.

Q-11 How to center block elements using CSS1?

Ans: To centrally align the block elements, we can simply make use of the <center> tag. All the elements within the <center> tag will be centrally aligned.

Q-12 How to maintain the CSS specifications?

Ans: The CSS specifications are maintained by the World Wide Web Consortium (W3C).

The Specification defines how CSS properties should be implemented by browser vendors along with detailed algorithms, code samples and tabular information.

Q-13 What are the ways to integrate CSS as a web page?

Ans: CSS may be added to HTML in three different ways. To style a single HTML element on the page, use Inline CSS in a style attribute. By adding CSS to the head section of our HTML document, we can embed an internal stylesheet. We can also connect to an external stylesheet that separates our CSS from our HTML.

Q-15 What is embedded style sheets?

Ans: Embedded Stylesheet: It allows you to define styles for a particular HTML document as a whole in one place. This is done by embedding the <style></style> tags containing the CSS properties in the head of your document.

Q-16 What are the external style sheets?

Ans: An external style sheet is a separate CSS file that can be accessed by creating a link within the head section of the webpage. Multiple webpages can use the same link to access the stylesheet. The link to an external style sheet is placed within the head section of the page.

Q-17 What are the advantages and disadvantages of using external style sheets?

Ans: The use of external style sheets has advantages. There is no restriction to the number of web pages that can use the external style sheet. The look can be instantly applied to every single web page using an external style sheet. They can also assist in giving each page to which they have linked a consistent format.

The execution of the file may be deferred till the external style sheet is loaded. While implementing style sheets, we need to test Web pages with multiple browsers in order to check compatibility issues.

Q-18: What is the meaning of the CSS selector?

Ans: A CSS selector is the first part of a CSS Rule. It is a pattern of elements and other terms that tell the browser which HTML elements should be selected to have the CSS property values inside the rule applied to them.

Q-19 What are the media types allowed by CSS?

Ans:

all Suitable for all devices.
2aural Intended for speech synthesizers.
3braille Intended for braille tactile feedback devices.
4embossed Intended for paged braille printers.

Q-20 What is the rule set?

Ans: meanings of set and rule an accepted principle or instruction that states the way things are or should be done, and tells you what you are allowed or are not allowed ...