

1、存储函数

(1)创建一个存储函数，返回员工的总人数。

(2)创建一个存储函数，删除在 **Salary** 表中有但在 **Employees** 表中不存在的员工号。若在 **Employees** 表中存在则返回 **FALSE**，若不存在则删除该员工号并返回 **TRUE**。

(3)创建存储函数，判断员工是否在研发部工作，若是则返回其学历，若不是则返回字符串“NO”。

(4)创建一个存储函数，将工作时间满 4 年的员工收入增加 500 元。

use yggl;

(1)

```
drop function if exists e_num;
delimiter $$
create function e_num()
returns int
begin
    declare num int;
    select count(*) from Employees into num;
    return num;
end $$
select e_num();
```

(2)

```
drop function if exists e_xg;
delimiter $$
create function e_xg(id int)
returns char(6)
begin
    declare num int;
    declare jieguo char(6);
    select count(*) from salary where id=EmployeeID into num;
    if num=0 then
        delete from salary where id=EmployeeID;
        set jieguo='True';
    else
        set jieguo='False';
    end if;
    return jieguo ;
end $$
select e_xg(000001);
```

不带参数

```
drop function if exists delediff;
delimiter $$
create function delediff()
returns tinyint
```

```

begin
    declare cnt int;
    select count(*) from Salary where EmployeeID not in (
        select EmployeeID from Employees) into cnt;
    if cnt = 0 then
        return false;
    else
        delete from Salary where EmployeeID not in (
            select EmployeeID from Employees);
        return true;
    end if;
end $$

delimiter ;
select delediff();
(3)
drop function if exists e_judge;
delimiter $$
create function e_judge(e_name char(8))
returns char(12)
begin
    declare id int;
    declare jieguo char(12);
    select DepartmentID from employees where Name=e_name into id;
    if id=4 then select Education from employees where Name=e_name into jieguo;
    else set jieguo='NO';
    end if;
    return jieguo;
end $$
select e_judge('王林');
select e_judge('叶凡');
(4)
drop function if exists e_salary;
delimiter $$
create function e_salary()
returns int
begin
    update employees e join salary s on e.EmployeeID=s.EmployeeID
        set InCome=InCome+500 where workyear>=4 ;
    return 0;
end $$
select * from salary;
select e_salary();

```

2.

(1)

```
drop trigger if exists tri_delete;
delimiter $$
create trigger tri_delete
  after delete on employees
  for each row
  begin
    delete from salary where EmployeeID=old.EmployeeID;
  end $$
delete from employees where EmployeeID=000001;
select * from departments2;
create table departments2 as(select * from departments);
drop table departments2;
```

(2)

```
drop trigger if exists tri_updepartment;
delimiter $$
create trigger tri_updepartment
  after insert on departments
  for each row
  begin
    insert into departments2
      select * from departments where DepartmentID=new.DepartmentID;
  end $$
```

(3)

```
drop trigger if exists tri_upemployees;
delimiter $$
create trigger tri_upemployees
  after update on employees
  for each row
  begin
    declare delta int;
    select new.WorkYear-old.WorkYear from employees
      where EmployeeID=new.EmployeeID into delta;
    if delta>0 then
      update salary set income=income+500*delta
        where EmployeeID=new.EmployeeID;
    end if;
  end $$
update employees set WorkYear=4 where Name='伍容华';
select * from employees where EmployeeID='010008';
```

(4)

写法一:

```
drop trigger if exists tri_depart;
```

```

delimiter $$
create trigger tri_depart
after update on departments
for each row
begin
    update employees set DepartmentID=new.DepartmentID
    where DepartmentID=old.DepartmentID ;
end $$

delimiter ;
update departments set departmentID=11 where DepartmentName='市场部' ;

```

写法二：

```

drop trigger if exists tri_depart;
delimiter $$
create trigger tri_depart
after update on departments
for each row
begin
    declare id1,id2 char(3);
    set      id1=(select      new.departmentid      from      departments      where
DepartmentID=new.DepartmentID );
    set      id2=(select      old.departmentid      from      departments      where
DepartmentID=new.DepartmentID );
    update employees set DepartmentID=id1 where DepartmentID=id2 ;
end $$
delimiter ;
update departments set departmentID=7 where DepartmentName='市场部';
select * from employees;
select * from departments;

```

3.

(1)

```

create event t1
on schedule at now()
do
select * from employees;
show events;

```

(2)

```

create event t2
on schedule every 1 day
starts now()+interval 1 day
ends '2022-12-31'
do

```

```
select * from employees;
```

(3)

```
create event t3
  on schedule at '2022-5-1 11:00:00'
do
  select * from employees;
```

(4)

```
create event t4
  on schedule every 1 month
  starts date_format(date_add(curdate(),interval 1 month),'%Y-%m-01')
  ends '2022-12-31'
do
  select * from employees;
```