SE 3XA3: Software Requirements Specification PasswordProtectionProgram

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Table 1: Revision History

Date	Version	Notes
Oct 6, 2017	1.0	section 1, 2, 5
Oct 7, 2017	1.1	section 3, 4, 6, tables, figures
Oct 27, 2017	1.2	Revision

This document describes the requirements for PasswordProtectionProgram. The template for the Software Requirements Specification (SRS) is a subset of the Volere template (2).

1 Project Drivers

1.1 The Purpose of the Project

The purpose of this project is to implement an encrypted password manager, PasswordProtectionProgram (PPP) wherein a person can safely store and access all of the passwords they use with a single master password. Through working on this project the software team also hopes to learn about encryption methods and the development process.

1.2 The Stakeholders

The stakeholders of this project are:

- Users of online services that want a place to store their passwords safely and generate stronger passwords
- Services for which the passwords are created as they have to deal with security threats and users that forget their passwords
- Identity thieves since they are able to breach users personal information due to weak passwords and weak encryption methods
- The development team, as they are the students attempting to solve the problem at hand

1.3 Mandated Constraints

1.3.1 Solution Constraints

Description: The product shall operate on all Operating Systems with python installed. (i.e. Windows, OSX, Linux) through a gui app.

Rationale: The client will use all of these operating systems

Fit criterion: The product shall be approved by testing groups of each operating system.

1.3.2 Partner or Collaborative Applications

The product does not have any direct partner or collaborative applications. This product is fully built on python and MariaDB and will be able to be executed in the desktop.

1.3.3 Off-the-Shelf Software

The off-the-shelf software required for this product to be implemented:

- Python
- MariaDB
- Tkinter (python library)

All the software that is required is open source and can be found on the internet.

1.3.4 Budgeting Constraints

The budget of our project is zero dollars so no further purchases are required.

1.3.5 Schedule Constraints

There is a deadline in December for the project to be completed.

1.4 Naming Conventions and Terminology

Table 2: Terminology

Term	Definition
AES	Abbreviation for the Advanced Encryption Standard, a
	symmetric cipher that is implemented in the cryptography
	library that we will be using
Authentication	The process of verifying the identity of the user account
	holder
Crypographic	A means of altering data from a readable form to a pro-
Algorithm	tected form (and vice-versa)
cryptography	Python library that will be used to encrypt and decrypt
	passwords
Dictionary	A hacking technique that tries to bypass internet security
Attack	by determining passwords or encryption keys using a very
	large number of likely possibilities
Encryption	The process of converting information or data into a code,
	especially to prevent unauthorized access
Hash	A value returned by a cryptographic hash function, a math-
	ematical algorithm that maps data of arbitrary size to a bit
	string of a fixed size decreasing the likelihood of a dictio-
	nary attack
Key	A piece of information that determines the output of a
	cryptographic algorithm
MariaDB	A community-developed fork of the MySQL relational
	database management system which will be used to locally
	store usernames and databases
Padlock	The original password management software
PW	Abbreviation for password
Salt	A random piece of data used to enhance the one-way func-
	tion that hashes a password, thereby decreasing the likeli-
	hood of dictionary attacks
Symmetric	The specific cipher that will be used for encryption, the key
Cipher	that it employs for going from readable form to protected
	form is the same
Tkinter	Python module that is going to be used to create a graphi-
	cal user interface, known as Pythons standard GUI package

1.5 Relevant Facts and Assumptions

Some relevant facts regarding this project are that the original program has 29850 lines of code. The program has a GNU General Public Licence v3.0 licence and can be run on Windows, Unix and Linux operating systems as well as iOS and Android mobile devices. The team will be using symmetric encryption from the cryptography library, which implements AES with a 128-bit key for encryption. AES is chosen by the U.S. government to protect classified information throughout the world to encrypt sensitive data. A relevant fact about passwords that has to do with the project is that passwords are easily hacked because humans follow similar patterns. For instance, the numbers 1 and 2 are common and capital letters are often used at the beginning of passwords. Lastly, it should be noted that the original product implemented AES and used PBKDF2, a key derivation function that reduces the chance of brute force attacks.

Some assumptions made the developers are that the cryptography library will be enough for our needs and does not need to be tested for its encryption since that would require executing brute force attacks. Also, it is assumed that there is a need for users to store their usernames and passwords safely. Lastly, it is assumed that Python code can run on Windows, Unix and Linux environments.

2 Functional Requirements

2.1 The Scope of the Work and the Product

We will be re-implementing the original open source software (Padlock) as an offline, desktop application, suitable for Windows, Macintosh or Unix environments. This is due to time constraints set by the project deadline as well as further security by not having the product online. Also, the Python cryptography library will be used for the encryption as the development team does not have experience creating secure encryption methods.

2.1.1 The Context of the Work

Almost all services provided to consumers, including banking, health records and social media, stores sensitive personal information in a password protected account. However, strong passwords are often easy to forget and therefore, people usually opt for weaker passwords or use the same one for multiple accounts. This makes them more susceptible to security threats.

2.1.2 Individual Product Use Cases

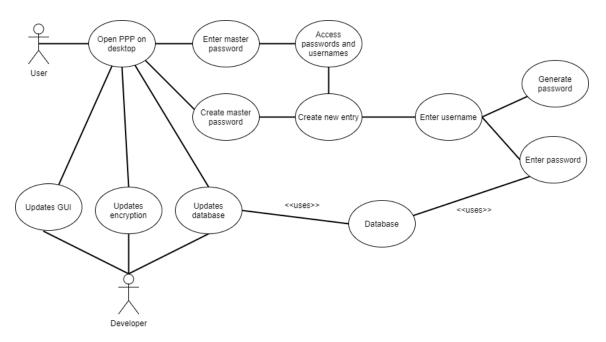


Figure 1: Use Case Diagram

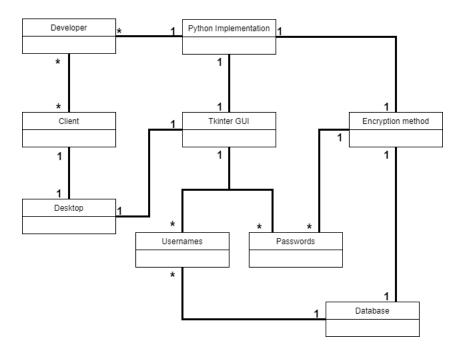


Figure 2: Business Data Model

2.2 Functional Requirements

 ${\bf Table~3:~Functional~Requirements}$

Name	Description	Rationale	Fit Criterion
FR1	The executable Python	To allow user to use the	Run application
	code will create a user	application	
	interface window		
FR2	Upon execution, the	To allow the program to	Create a new entry and
	program will have a	store usernames and en-	check if it shows up on
	connection to a local	crypted passwords	DB
	database		
FR3	The user must be able	To ensure that only the	When opening the app
	to create a master pass-	user can access the data	for the first time, create
	word		master password and
DD 4	(1)	/D 1	use it
FR4	The user must be able	To access and cre-	Enter correct PW and
	to enter a master pass- word	ate passwords and usernames	incorrect PW
FR5	The new user must be	To allow the user to	Create new entry, by
1.10	able to add a new entry	store a new username	clicking the add button,
	to the manager consist-	and password and spec-	add verify that the ap-
	ing of username, pass-	ify the kind of account	plication does not give
	word and type	it is for	an error and that entry
	word and type	10 10 101	appears
FR6	The user should be able	To allow for a stronger	Generate multiple PWs
	to generate a random	password	and verify randomness
	password by going to	•	
	the Generate button		
FR7	The user interface must	To aid the user in using	Manual link should take
	have a link to the user	the software	user to manual
	manual		
FR8	When user wants to	To protect the users	Copy existing password
	copy or view a pass-	data	and verify that it pastes
	word, the software		onto various text input-
	should decrypt it		ters, it should not be a
			long encrypted string

Name	Description	Rationale	Fit Criterion
FR9	The application should	To allow user to easily	Copy existing password
	have buttons to di-	input long usernames or	and verify that it pastes
	rectly copy username	passwords	onto various text input-
	and password		ters
FR10	The user should be able	To allow the user to reg-	Update PW from Set-
	to change their master	ularly update PW	tings and verify that
	password		new PW works and old
			one does not
FR11	When a user adds a	To protect the users in-	Create new entry by
	new entry, the software	formation and prevent	clicking the add but-
	should encrypt the in-	others from being able	ton and verify that the
	put	to see it	database has a new en-
			try with an encrypted
			string as the fields

3 Non-functional Requirements

3.1 Look and Feel Requirements

• Requirement Number: NFR1

The product shall have separate sections to hold the users account authorizations and the creation of new user account usernames and passwords.

Rationale: The Main functions of the product should be displayed to follow NFR6.

Fit Criterion: Users are able to access the main functions immediately.

Priority: HIGH

History: Created October 6, 2017

• Requirement Number: NFR2

A pop-up notification will display when user is missing a required option when trying to perform a process.

Rationale: The User must be notified on why their Application is not performing to follow requirement.

Fit Criterion: A notification is sent when a required option is not selected.

Priority: HIGH

History: Created October 6, 2017

• Requirement Number: NFR3

The product shall clearly display master password criteria that have not been met by the user before the password is processed.

Rationale: The user should understand intuitively what they can do next to follow NFR6.

Fit Criterion: Options not selected are displayed in the UI

Priority: HIGH

History: Created October 6, 2017

• Requirement Number: NFR4

The product will have a minimalistic aesthetic that is easy for users to find their way around the application.

Rationale: User should be able to understand how the product performs.

Fit Criterion: There should be no more than 5 active functions that the user can see and perform at once.

Priority: MED

History: Created October 6, 2017

• Requirement Number: NFR5

The Google Material Style of the Product will create a modern and functional feel for the product.

Rationale: The user must want to use this app.

Fit Criterion: Googles Material Design Constraints will be followed.

Priority: LOW

History: Created October 6, 2017

3.2 Usability and Humanity Requirements

• Requirement Number: NFR6

The product shall be intuitive and easy to understand and use.

Rationale: Users must be able to use this product.

Fit Criterion: Majority of Users are able to store a password onto the program

Priority: HIGH

History: Created October 6, 2017

• Requirement Number: NFR7

The product shall allow for the user to be able to categorize their passwords based on the service that it is used for.

Rationale: Intended users have multiple accounts that may span many different parts

of their lives

Fit Criterion: Users create sections in the application

Priority:LOW

History: Created October 6, 2017

• Requirement Number: NFR8

The user shall be able to navigate their computer.

Rationale: Intended users are expected to understand how to copy and paste simple text

Fit Criterion: Intended users are able to use the application that meets application requirements.

Priority: LOW

History: Created October 6, 2017

• Requirement Number: NFR9

The product shall use symbols and words that are naturally understandable by the user community.

Rationale: The user must easily understand how to use the program as per NFR6.

Fit Criterion: Majority of users who use the program are able to save their username and password and generate them too.

Priority: LOW

History: Created October 6, 2017

• Requirement Number: NFR10

The product shall hide the details of its construction to the user.

Rationale: To follow NFR6, the product shall reveal more functions as users execute

more processes.

Fit Criterion: The options for processes that have prerequisites are not shown on the

UI until they are fulfilled

Priority: HIGH

History: Created October 6, 2017

3.3 Performance Requirements

• Requirement Number: NFR11

The product shall respond to user input within PROCESSING-TIME when all require-

ments are fulfilled

Rationale: Latency disrupts User Experience

Fit Criterion: The requirements are fulfilled under PROCESSING-TIME for majority

of users.

Priority: HIGH

History: Created October 6, 2017

• Requirement Number: NFR12

The application shall be responsive and when not all requirements for a process are met, it will display a notification or error message within ERROR-TIME.

Rationale: Latency disrupts the user experience of the application and renders compromises its ease of use.

Fit Criterion: The notification or error message is displayed in under ERROR-TIME

for USER-TEST-PERCENTAGE of users.

Priority: HIGH

History: Created October 6, 2017

3.4 Operational and Environmental Requirements

• Requirement Number: NFR13

The Program shall run on Windows, OSX and Linux OS

Rationale: Users of our product will have devices on Windows, OSX and Linux.

Fit Criterion: The product will be approved by the testing groups of each OS and

coded in a cross platform language.

Priority: LOW

History: Created October 6, 2017

3.5 Maintainability and Support Requirements

• Requirement Number: NFR14

The product will be available as open source.

Rationale: As all of the code will be available publicly, it will be easy to update and

maintain.

Fit Criterion: Project will be uploaded on GitLab.

Priority: LOW

History: Created October 6, 2017

3.6 Security Requirements

• Requirement Number: NFR15

The product shall only store account types, usernames and encrypted passwords.

Rationale: Unencrypted passwords will not be stored, all passwords will be encrypted

when added to database.

Fit Criterion: The encrypted password is displayed to the user

Priority: HIGH

History: Created October 6, 2017

• Requirement Number: NFR16

The product shall be able to change their master password only if they are already logged into their accounts. The master password cannot be modified unless the user is already logged into their account.

Rationale: There will not be an email associated with the account to facilitate a reset password option on the log in page. There will not be an email associated with the account to facilitate a reset password option on the log in page, being signed in is what authenticates the user.

Fit Criterion: The change password option is only shown when the user is logged in already.

Priority: HIGH

History: Created October 6, 2017

• Requirement Number: NFR17

The product shall contain security measures in order to prevent the data from being accessed directly from the users machine by people other than the user.

Rationale: The user may unknowingly leave their computer unattended for a long period of time.

Fit Criterion: The application logs out after a certain duration of inactivity.

Priority: HIGH

History: Created October 6, 2017

• Requirement Number: NFR18

The product shall not distribute the users personal information to third parties.

Rationale: The purpose of the software is to secure the clients personal information.

Fit Criterion: The personal information will not be distributed.

Priority: HIGH

History: Created October 6, 2017

3.7 Cultural Requirements

There are none applicable to this project

3.8 Legal Requirements

There are none applicable to this, as all referenced software is open source on github and there are no plans of liscencing the project.

3.9 Health and Safety Requirements

• Requirement Number: NFR18

This application shall not contain any imagery or animation that can be harming to any human's health

Rationale: User satisfaction will be greatly decreased if the product may pose a threat to their health in any way.

Fit Criterion: Application does not contain potential visual health risks.

Priority: HIGH

History: Created October 6, 2017

4 Project Issues

4.1 Open Issues

Actions to be taken in the cases in which the user has lost access to their passwords or has lost all of their information due to hardware problems have not yet been explored. Also, the product will be implemented on a Windows operating system as that is the operating

system used by all team members. It is intended that the software will work on Linux and Unix operating systems as well so but testing on those environments has not been discussed.

4.2 Off-the-Shelf Solutions

Table 4: Off-the-Shelf Solutions

Existing Prod-	Key Features
uct	
Padlock (tem-	Template open source software upon which the product
plate software)	will be based, Chrome and mobile application available
(3)	
Encryptr (4)	Cloud-based password manager
KeePass (5)	Password database is locked with a master key or key
	file, encrypted with AES and Twofish
RatticDB (6)	Intended for tracking shared passwords among a group
	of employees, no application level encryption

4.3 New Problems

If users solely on this product to store all of their passwords, there is potential for them to lose all of their saved data due to a hashing issue, hardware issue or in the theft or loss of their computer. The product requires that the user to enter their current master password in order to change it which could cause issues in the case that they forget it.

4.4 Tasks

Deliverables as outlined by SFWRENG 3XA3 courseware:

Table 5: Deliverables

Deilverable	Deadline
Requirements Document	October 6, 2017
(Revision 0)	
Proof of Concept Demon-	October 16, 2017 (week)
stration	
Test Plan (Revision 0)	October 27, 2017
Design and Document (Re-	November 10, 2017
vision 0)	
Demonstration (Revision 0)	November 13, 2017 (week)
Final Demonstration (Revi-	November 27, 2017 (week)
sion 1)	
Final Documentation	December 6, 2017

Implementation Breakdown:

Table 6: Implementation Breakdown

Task	Intended Completion Date
System Design	October 12, 2017
User Interface	October 18, 2017
Prototype 1	October 18, 2017
Test 1	October 26, 2017
Test 1 Fixes	October 30, 2017
Encryption	November 7, 2017
Prototype 2	November 13, 2017
Test Plan Revision (Test 2)	November 16, 2017
Test 2 Fixes	November 23, 2017
User Guide	December 1, 2017

The team will be implementing and testing non-functional requirements based on their priority.

4.5 Migration to the New Product

The final product will be run and installed via an executable Python file. As MariaDB will be used to store the usernames and passwords, the database will have to be converted before the product is released. It also needs to be tested on all intended operating systems.

4.6 Risks

Security is the main concern for this project as the team is not explicitly testing the strength of the encryption method under the assumption that the cryptography library is reliable. The probability of this becoming a problem is unlikely as the product will be offline and will not be a target of many attacks. If the problem does occur, the team will look into a more complex encryption method.

4.7 Costs

Not applicable in the case that all required dependencies are open-source or free.

4.8 User Documentation and Training

There will be a concise and useful manual that provides instructions on how to use the product. To make the product easier to use, the team will be testing for the GUIs user-friendliness and receiving feedback from others.

4.9 Waiting Room

Ideally, there would be a backup data option for the user to use as a precaution in the case of hardware failure and loss of data.

To improve the user interface, it would be nice to provide support for multiple languages (other than only English).

Passwords can be organized by service in the database, so based on that there can be different levels of security provided. For example, bank passwords and library account passwords dont need the same level of security.

4.10 Ideas for Solutions

Instead of storing passwords, another solution is 2 factor authentication (2FA). This eliminates the need to download a password management software and instead the user can do a phone verification after typing their password or a fingerprint scanner for mobile devices.

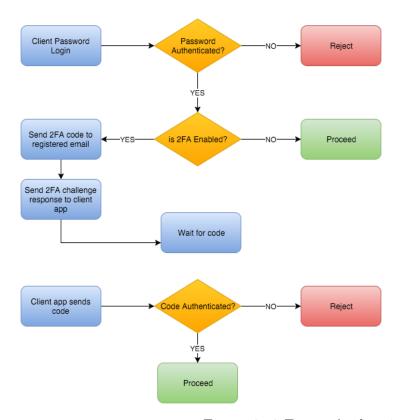


Figure 3: 2 Factor Authentication (1)

References

- [1] FileCloud, "Two factor authentication," 2016.
- [2] J. Robertson and S. Robertson, <u>Volere Requirements Specification Template</u>. Atlantic Systems Guild Limited, 16 ed., 2012.
- [3] MaKleSoft, "padlock," 2017.
- [4] SpiderOak, "Encryptr," 2017.
- [5] dreichl, "Keepass password safe," 2003-2017.
- [6] tildaslash, "Ratticweb," 2015.