

## Reflection – 2

### Array Query problems:

#### 1. Look-Up table technique:

- A key-value pair approach
- Keeps track of index of minimum value present in the array
- Application: sum array, max element, min element, array query problem
- Memory Usage:  $O(n^2)$
- Processing Time:  $O(n^2)$
- Fetch Time:  $O(1)$

#### 2. Square root decomposition:

- It decomposes given array into small blocks
- processing time for scanning n array is  $O(n)$
- whereas, processing or searching time for decomposed array is  $O(\text{Sqrt}(n))$

#### 3. Segment Tree:

- It is strictly binary tree
- Follows bottom up binary tree approach for populating the tree
- Creates query paths that limits the amount of processing required
- Useful when frequently working with ranges of numerical data
- Time complexity for tree construction:  $O(n)$
- Time complexity for no. of comparisons:  $O(\text{Log}(n))$