



Case Study:

Addressing social
issues by Clustering
the Countries for
HELP International

Background

- HELP International is an international humanitarian NGO that is committed to fighting poverty and providing the people of developing countries with basic amenities and relief during the time of disasters and natural calamities.
- Also The NGO Aims to Improve The Health and Wealth Of Marginalized Nations all around the Globe As communicated in their Mission statement

LOAN
ADMINISTRATION

Mission Statement

- The Organizations Problem Statements are outlined as follows:
 - a. Fast Tracking Access to Health care For Vulnerable Persons in Developing Countries
 - b. Addressing Prejudice Against Women And Children Welfare Especially in Developing Nations
 - c. Improving The Income Capacity for Lower Income Individuals
 - d. Addressing And Empowering Individuals to be goods and Service Providers As Opposed to being only Consumers in a bid to improve National Output

Problem Statement

- Help Has Been Collecting Data relevant to its problem statement in recent times.
- It Has been Decided by the CEO to Leverage Insights from data to identify nations that Embody the Problems We Are Trying to Address
- For this cycle, Donations Amounted up to \$30M, The CEO wants you, the Partner Data scientist to look at the data and provide him with a group of countries that are at the epicenter of the problems We are trying to Address.
- Also the Benefactors, this time, want Countries with low output(gdpp) and lower life expectancy to be prioritized when Distributing AID to these countries.

Dataset

- Help International collected data contains columns relevant to the problems it is trying to address:
- **General:**
 - country: Name of Country
- **Socio-Economic Metrics:**
 - exports: Exports of goods and services per capita. Given as %age of the GDP per capita
 - Imports: Imports of goods and services per capita. Given as %age of the GDP per capita
 - Income: Net income per person
 - Inflation: The measurement of the annual growth rate of the Total GDP
 - gdpp: The GDP per capita. Calculated as the Total GDP divided by the total population.
- **Health Metrics**
 - life_expec: The average number of years a newborn child would live if the current mortality patterns are to remain the same
 - child_mort: Death of children under 5 years of age per 1000 live births
 - health: Total health spending per capita. Given as %age of GDP per capita
 - total_fer: The number of children that would be born to each woman if the current age-fertility rates remain the same.

Task

- The Case Study Problem is in 2 folds therefore:
 - a. First group the country dataset optimally so we can successfully group and identify countries in critical conditions
 - b. Then explore countries in the groups to identify the countries to prioritize when allocating resources