vInspector Manual

v1.1.1

Attributes

Button attribute

ButtonSize attribute

ButtonSpace attribute

Foldout attribute

Tab attribute

Variants attribute

Unity's attributes

Hidelf, Showlf, Enablelf, Disablelf attributes

Dictionaries

Resettable variables

Cleaner header

Static inspector

Disabling features

Attributes

Attributes allow you to create and group UI elements in inspector without writing custom editors

Add this line to your script to use attributes:

```
using VInspector;
```

If you want attributes to retain their state after recompilation (e.g. foldouts staying folded or expanded), add this variable to your script:

public VInspectorData vInspectorData;

Button attribute

Creates a button at the bottom of inspector

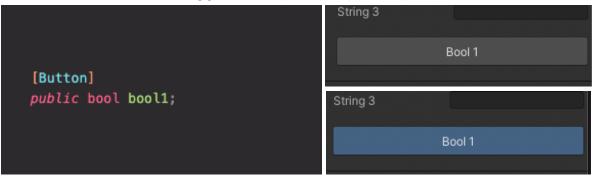
Add it before the function you want the button to invoke:

```
| Wash |
```

You can assign a custom name to the button:

```
| The string of the string of
```

Buttons can be used to toggle bools (button appears pressed when bool is true):



ButtonSize attribute

Use it to change button size:

```
# My Script
                                                                                    9 ‡ ∶
[Button]
[ButtonSize(40)]
                                                 Float 1
void BigButton()
                                                 Float 2
                                                 Float 3
                                                 Float 4
                                                 String 1
                                                 String 2
[Button]
                                                  String 3
[ButtonSize(22)]
void SmallButton()
                                                                  Big Button
                                                                 Small Button
```

ButtonSpace attribute

Use it to add space between buttons:

```
# My Script
                                                                                 9 ‡ :
[Button]
                                             Float 1
                                                                 0
void Button1()
                                                                 0
                                            Float 2
                                                                 0
                                            Float 3
                                                                 0
                                            Float 4
                                            String 1
[ButtonSpace]
                                            String 2
                                            String 3
[Button]
void Button2()
                                                               Button 1
                                                               Button 2
```

You can change amount of space by passing it as argument:

```
[ButtonSpace(123)]
```

Foldout attribute

Use it to group variables into foldouts:

```
🔻 # 🗸 My Script
                                                                        9 ⊉ :
[Foldout("Floats")]
public float float1;
                                         ▶ Floats
public float float2;
public float float3;
                                         ▶ Strings
public float float4;
[Foldout("Ints")]
                                         9 ‡ ;
public int int1;

▼ Floats

public int int2;
                                            Float 1
public int int3;
                                            Float 2
[Foldout("Strings")]
                                            Float 3
public string string1;
                                            Float 4
public string string2;
                                         Ints
public string string3;
```

Use EndFoldout attribute to prevent grouping variables into foldout:

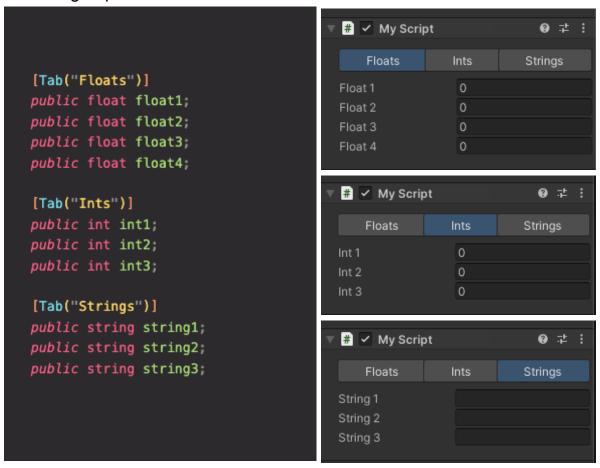
```
9 ⊉ :
[Foldout("Floats")]
public float float1;
                                        ▶ Floats
public float float2;
public float float3;
public float float4;
                                         String 4
                                         String 5
[Foldout("Ints")]
public int int1;
public int int2;
                                        9 ⊉ :
public int int3;
                                        ▶ Floats
[Foldout("Strings")]
                                        Ints
public string string1;

▼ Strings

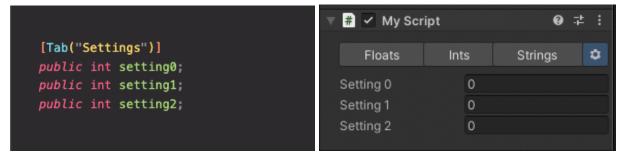
public string string2;
                                           String 1
public string string3;
                                           String 2
[EndFoldout]
                                           String 3
                                         String 4
public string string4;
                                         String 5
public string string5;
```

Tab attribute

Use it to group variables or buttons into tabs:



If the last tab is called Settings, it will appear as an icon instead of text:



Like with foldouts, you can prevent grouping into tabs by using EndTab attribute

Variants attribute

Use it to create a dropdown for setting strings to predefined variants:



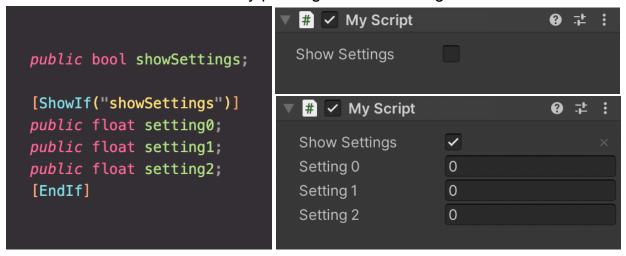
Unity's attributes

All of unity's built-in attributes are supported, feel free to mix them with vInspector If you're not familiar with them - be sure to check them out, here's a good tutorial

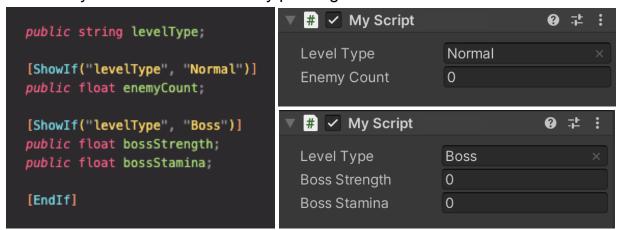
Hidelf, Showlf, Enablelf, Disablelf attributes

These attributes allow you to hide or disable variables or buttons based on value of another variable

You can use bool as condition by passing its name as argument:



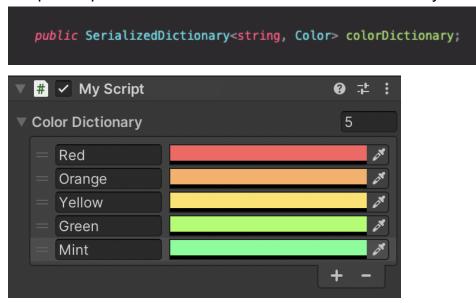
Or use any variable as condition by passing its name and desired value:



Use [EndIf] to prevent next variables getting hidden/disabled by the condition

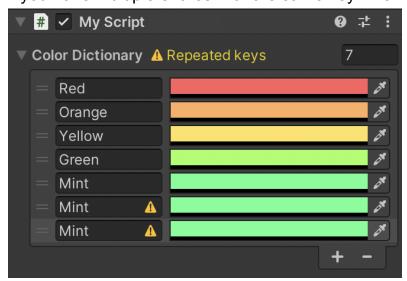
Dictionaries

vInspector provides a serializable and editable dictionary - SerializedDictionary:



It inherits from the usual dictionary class, so you can use it like any other dictionary

If you have multiple entries with the same key - warnings will be displayed:

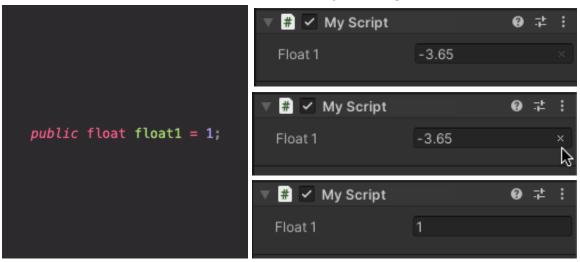


Repeated keys only appear in UI - no need to worry about them when working with the dictionary from code

Size of key and value sections can be adjusted by dragging the divider between them

Resettable variables

Variables can be resetted to default value by clicking on the cross button:



If the script is attached to a prefab instance, the value on the original prefab is considered default, otherwise default is the value you defined in script

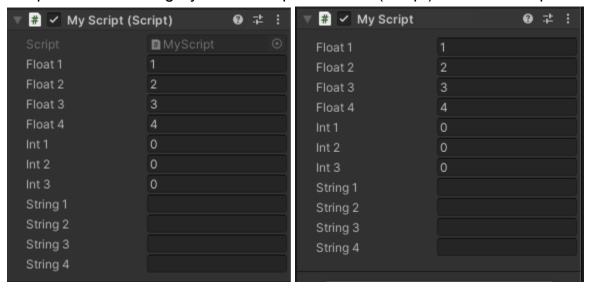
This feature works out of the box, no code needed

Except if you want it work with unity's Range attribute, use RangeResettable attribute instead:

```
[RangeResettable(0, 1)]
public float float1 = .1f;
```

Cleaner header

vInspector hides the greyed-out Script field and "(Script)" text at the top:

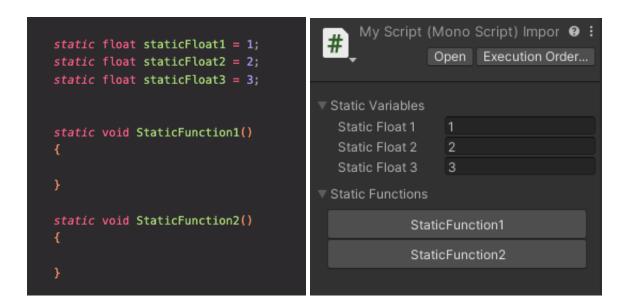


Also it allows you to open the script by double-clicking the script name or to show the script in project browser by alt-clicking the name

These features work out of the box, no code needed

Static inspector

vInspector allows you to see static variables and invoke static functions from script asset inspector:



Useful when you want to run some code without creating a GameObject and attaching a script to it

This feature works out of the box, no code needed

Disabling features

If you want to disable some features of vInspector, you can do that in Tools/vInspector menu:

