

JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd.

Report No:

SPECTRUM REPORT

Applicant: Nebra Ltd

Address of Applicant: Unit 4 Bells Yew Green Business Court, Bells Yew Green,

Tunbridge Wells TN3 9BJ

Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Name: Nebra Smart Indoor LoRa Gateway / Nebra HNT Indoor Hotspot

Miner

Model No.: HNTIN-470-G, HNTIN-868-G, HNTIN-915-G, HNTIN-433-G,

HNTIN-470, HNTIN-868, HNTIN-915, HNTIN-433

Applicable standards: ETSI EN 300 220-1 V3.1.1 (2017-02)

ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 (2018-06)

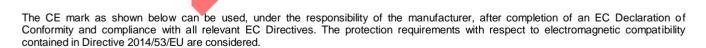
Date of sample receipt: 12 Mar., 2021

Date of Test: 13 Mar., to 19 Apr., 2021

Date of report issue: 23 Apr., 2021

Test Result: PASS*

*In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.



Bruce Zhang

Laboratory Manager

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample. The results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product and does not permit the use of the JYT product certification mark. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

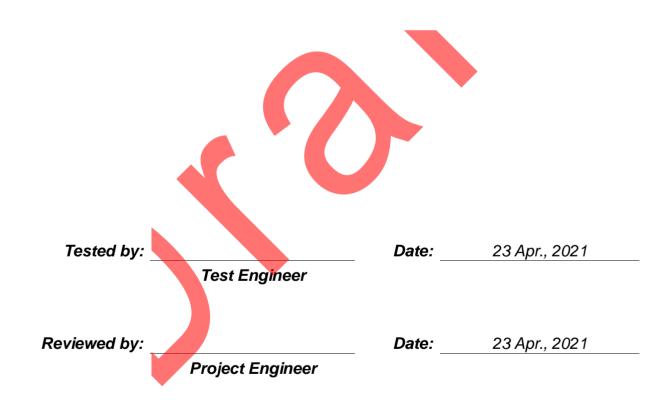
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2 Version

Version No.	Date	Description
00	23 Apr., 2021	Original





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4 Test Summary

Test Items	Test Requirement Test method		Result
i est items	Transmitter Par		Nesuit
	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	
Operating frequency	Clause 4.2.1	Clause 5.1.2	PASS*
	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	
Effective Radiated Power	Clause 4.3.1	Clause 5.2.2	PASS*
	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	
Maximum e.r.p. spectral density	Clause 4.3.2	Clause 5.3.2	PASS*
	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	
Duty Cycle	Clause 4.3.3	Clause 5.4.2	PASS*
0	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	D.1.00+
Occupied Bandwidth	Clause 4.3.4	Clause 5.6.3	PASS*
T. O. C. (Day I Farining	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	DA 00*
Tx Out of Band Emissions	Clause 4.3.5	Clause 5.8.3	PASS*
Transient newer	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	DACC*
Transient power	Clause 4.3.6	Clause 5.10.3	PASS*
Adjacent Channel Bower	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	N/A
Adjacent Channel Power	Clause 4.3.7	Clause 5.11.3	IN/A
TX behaviour under Low Voltage	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	PASS*
Conditions	Clause 4.3.8	Clause 5.12.3	F A00
Adaptive Power Control	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	N/A
Adaptive Fower Control	Clause 4.3.9 Clause 5.13.3		11/71
FHSS equipment	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-2	N/A
- Trice equipment	Clause 4.3.10	Clause 4.3.10.3	14/71
Short term behaviour	EN <mark>300</mark> 220-2	EN 300 220-1	N/A
	Clause 4.3.11	Clause 5.5.2	14/71
Unwanted emissions in the	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	PASS*
spurious domain	Clause 4.2.2	Clause 5.9.3	
	Receiver Part		
RX sensitivity	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	N/A
	Clause 4.4.1	Clause 5.14.3	
Blocking	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	PASS
		Clause 4.4.2 Clause 5.18.6	
Polite spectrum access conformance requirement			
Clear Channel Assessment	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	N/A
threshold	Clause 4.5.2	Clause 5.21.2.3	IN/A
Polite spectrum access timing	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	N1/A
parameters	Clause 4.5.3	Clause 5.21.2.3	N/A
Adaptiva Francisco Addit	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	NI/A
Adaptive Frequency Ag <mark>ility</mark>	Clause 4.5.4	Clause 5.21.4.2	N/A
			•

Remark:

- 1. Pass: Meet the requirement.
- 2. N/A: Not Applicable for Non-adaptive equipment.
- 3. The cable insertion loss used by "RF Output Power" and other conduction measurement items is 0.5dB (provided by the customer).
- 4. Pass*: refer to the Report No.: SZAWW180830005-04W



5 General Information

5.1 Client Information

Applicant:	Nebra Ltd
Address:	Unit 4 Bells Yew Green Business Court, Bells Yew Green, Tunbridge Wells TN3 9BJ
Manufacturer:	Nebra Ltd
Address:	Unit 4 Bells Yew Green Business Court, Bells Yew Green, Tunbridge Wells TN3 9BJ
Factory:	SUNSOAR TECH CO., LIMITED
Address:	4/F, Block E, Fengze Building, Huafeng No.2 Industrial Park, Hangkong Road, XiXiang Town, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, China

5.2 General Description of E.U.T.

Product Name:	Nebra Smart Indoor LoRa Gateway / Nebra HNT Indoor Hotspot Miner
Model No.:	HNTIN-470-G, HNTIN-868-G, HNTIN-915-G,HNTIN-433-G, HNTIN-470,HNTIN-868, HNTIN-915,HNTIN-433
Operation Frequency:	868.1MHz~868.5MHz
Hardware version:	V12-15-2020-1614
Software version:	a98bfc8
Modulation:	ООК
Antenna type:	Cylindrical Antenna
Antenna Gain:	3 dBi
Power supply:	DC 12V
Adapter:	Model: TM-K018VP-01201500PE-Z Input: 100-240V~50/60Hz 0.45A Output: 12.0V , 1.5A
Remark:	Model No.: HNTIN-470-G, HNTIN-868-G, HNTIN-915-G,HNTIN-433-G, HNTIN-470,HNTIN-868, HNTIN-915,HNTIN-433 has the same internal circuit design, layout, components and internal wiring. The difference is that the ones with the -G suffix have GPS function, while those without the suffix do not. Each model has two appearances, except for the appearance, the interior is exactly the same. In addition, the corresponding frequency of each model of LoRa module is different, as follows: The Nebra HNT Indoor Hotspot is available in 4 variants to support multiple region. It is available in the following frequency variants: 433 MHz (HNTIN-433) 470 Mhz (HNTIN-470) 868 Mhz (HNTIN-868) 915 Mhz (HNTIN-915)



5.3 Test environment and mode, and test samples plans

Transmitting mode:	Keep the TX unit in transmitting mode with modulation.	
Receiving mode:	Keep the RX unit in receiving mode.	
Operating Environment:		
Temperature:	Normal: 15 °C ~ 35 °C, Extreme: -20 °C ~ +55 °C	
Humidity:	20 % ~ 75 % RH	
Atmospheric Pressure:	1008 mbar	
Voltage:	Normal: 12.0Vdc, Extreme: Low 10.8Vdc, High 13.2Vdc	

5.4 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit.

5.5 Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty (Confidence of 95%)
Radio frequency	±0.5 ppm
RF output power, conducted	±1.5 dB
Conducted spurious emission of transmitter, valid up to 6 GHz	±3.0 dB
Conducted emission of receivers	±3.0 dB
RF level uncertainty for a given BER	±1.5 dB
Occupied BandWidth	±5 %
Temperature	±3 °C
Humidity	±10 %
Radiated Emission (30MHz ~ 1000MHz)	±4.32 dB
Radiated Emission (1GHz ~ 18GHz)	±5.16 dB

5.6 Laboratory Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

• FCC - Designation No.: CN1211

Jian Yan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd. has been accredited as a testing laboratory by FCC(Federal Communications Commission). The test firm Registration No. is 727551.

• ISED - CAB identifier.; CN0021

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd. has been Registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 10106A-1.

A2LA - Registration No.: 4346.01

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories. The test scope can be found as below link: https://portal.a2la.org/scopepdf/4346-01.pdf

5.7 Laboratory Location

JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd.

Address: No.101, Building 8, Innovation Wisdom Port, No.155 Hongtian Road, Huangpu Community, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, People's Republic of China.

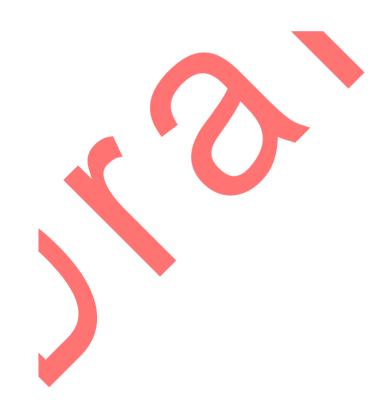
Tel: +86-755-23118282. Fax:+86-755-23116366

Email: info@ccis-cb.com, Website: http://www.ccis-cb.com



5.8 Test Instruments list

Radiated Emission:					
Toot Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No. Serial No.		Cal.Date	Cal. Due date
Test Equipment	wanuracturer	woder No.	Serial No.	(mm-dd-yy)	(mm-dd-yy)
3m SAC	SAEMC	9m*6m*6m	966	01-19-2021	01-18-2024
BiConiLog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	497	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Biconical Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VUBA9117	359	06-18-2020	06-17-2021
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	916	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	1805	06-18-2020	06-17-2021
EMI Test Software	AUDIX	E3	\	/ersion: 6.110919	b
Pre-amplifier	HP	8447D	2944A09358	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Pre-amplifier	CD	PAP-1G18	11804	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Spectrum analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP30	101454	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESRP7	101070	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMX	835454/016	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR20	1008100050	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Cable	ZDECL	Z108-NJ-NJ-81	1608458	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Cable	MICRO-COAX	MFR64639	K10742-5	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Cable	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX100	58193/4PE	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
RF Switch Unit	MWRFTEST	MW200	N/A	N/A	N/A
Test Software	MWRFTEST	MTS8200	Version: 2.0.0.0		





Radio Technical Requirements Specification in EN 300 220-2

6.1 Operating Frequency

Declared by the manufacturer operarting frequency for 433.92MHz and OCW for 100kHz.

6.2 Duty Cycle

The manufacturer has declared that due to the time between transmissions by the devices, the duty cycle is less than 10%.

6.3 Adjacent Channel Power

Not applicable, only applies to transmitters with OCW \leq 25 kHz.

6.4 Adaptive Power Control

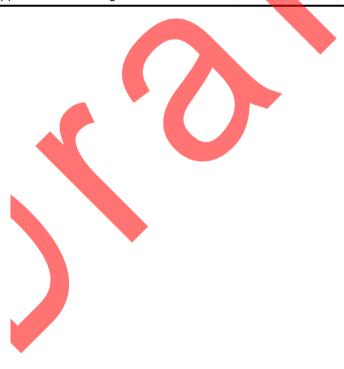
Not applicable, only applies to EUT with adaptive power control using annex C band AF.

6.5 FHSS equipment

Not applicable, since the test applies to FHSS equipment.

6.6 Short term behaviour

Not applicable, only applies to EUT using annex C bands AD, AE, AF, AG, AH, or Al.





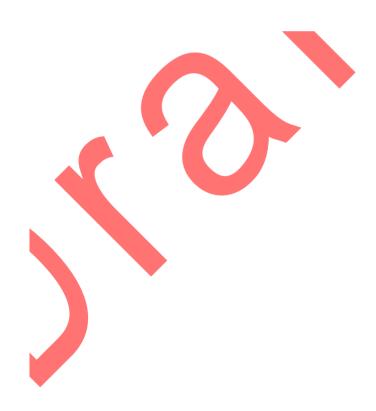
6.7 Effective Radiated Power

Test Requirement:	ETSI EN300 220-2 clause 4.3.1	
Test Method:	ETSI EN300 220-1 clause 5.2.2.2	
Receiver Setup:	RBW=100 kHz, VBW=300 kHz, Detector= peak	
Limit:	10dBm (Refer to ETSI EN300 220-2 Annex B)	
Test Setup:	Total Recovery Course C	
	 Substitution method was performed to determine the actual ERP emission levels of the EUT. The following test procedure as below: On the test site as test setup graph above, the EUT shall be placed at the 1.5m support on the turntable and in the position closest to normal use as declared by the provider. The test antenna shall be oriented initially for vertical polarization and shall be chosen to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter. The output of the test antenna shall be connected to the measuring receiver. The transmitter shall be switched on, if possible, without modulation and the measuring receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test. The test antenna shall be raised and lowered from 1m to 4m until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver. Then the turntable should be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver. Repeat step 4 for test frequency with the test antenna polarized horizontally. Remove the transmitter and replace it with a substitution antenna (the antenna should be half-wavelength for each frequency involved). The center of the substitution antenna should be approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter. At the lower frequencies, where the substitution antenna is very long, this will be impossible to achieve when the antenna is polarized vertically. In such case the lower end of the antenna is polarized vertically. In such case the lower end of the antenna should be 0.3 m above the ground. Feed the substitution antenna at the transmitter end with a signal generator connected to the antenna by means of a nonradiating cable. With the antennas at both ends vertically polarized, and with the signal generator tuned to a particular test frequency, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum readi	





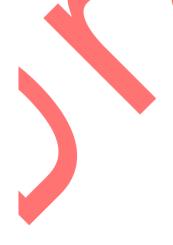
	frequency. 9. Calculate power in dBm into a reference ideal half-wave dipole antenna by reducing the readings obtained in steps 7 and 8 by the power loss in the cable between the generator and the antenna, and further corrected for the gain of the substitution antenna used relative to an ideal half-wave dipole antenna by the following formula: ERP(dBm) = Pg(dBm) - cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBd) where: Pg is the generator output power into the substitution antenna	
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details	
Test Mode:	Refer to section 5.3 for details	
Test Results:	Refer to the Report No.: SZAWW180830005-04W	





6.8 Occupied Bandwidth

Test Requirement:	EN300 220-2 Clause 4.3.4				
Test Method:	EN 300 220-1 Clause 5.6.3				
Limit:	Within of 433.05MHz to 434.79MHz				
Test Procedure:	The spectrum analyser shall be configured as appropriate for the parameters shown in Table 12. Table 12: Test Parameters for Max Occupied Bandwidth Measurement				
	1	Setting	Value	Notes	
	Cen	tre frequency	The nominal Operating Frequency	The highest or lowest Operating Frequency as declared by the manufacturer	
	RBV	v	1 % to 3 % of OCW without being below 100 Hz	one that removae of	
	VBV	W.	3 x RBW	Nearest available analyser setting to 3 x RBW	
	Spa	n	At least 2 x Operating Channel width	Span should be large enough to include all major components of the signal and its side bands	
	No. of Contractions	ector Mode	RMS		
	Trac	Trace Max hold			
	operating frequency as declared by the manufacturer, with the appropriate test signal. The signal attenuation shall be adjusted to ensure that the signal power envelope is sufficiently above the noise floor of the analyser to avoid the noise signals on either side of the power envelope being included in the measurement. Step 2: When the trace is completed the peak value of the trace shall be located and the analyser marker placed on this peak.				
	Step 3: The 99 % occupied bandwidth function of the spectrum analyser shall be used to measure the occupied bandwidth of the signal.				
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details				
Test Mode:	Refer to section 5.3 for details				
Test Results:	Refer to	the Rep	ort No.: SZAWW1	180830005-04W	





6.9 Tx Out of Band Emissions

Test Requirement:		EN300 220-2 Clause 4.3.5
	Test Method:	EN 300 220-1 Clause 5.8.3
	Limit:	Refer to ETSI EN300 220-1 Clause 5.8.2

Test Procedure:

Table 16: Test Parameters for Out Of Band for Operating Channel Measurement

Spectrum Analyser Setting	Value	Notes
Centre frequency	Operating Frequency	
Span	6 x Operating Channel width	
RBW	1 kHz (see note)	Resolution bandwidth for Out Of Band domain measurements
Detector Function	RMS	
Trace Mode	Linear AVG	Applies only for EUT generating D-M2 test signal An appropriate number of samples should be averaged to give a stable reading
	Max Hold	Applies only for EUT generating D-M2a or D-M3 test signal.

The test equipment shall be configured as appropriate for the parameters shown in Table 16.

Step 1:

Operation of the EUT shall be started, on the highest operating frequency as declared by the manufacturer, with the appropriate test signal.

The signal shape is recorded when stable and shall be below the spectrum mask Out Of Band for operating channel.

Step 2:

The test equipment shall be reconfigured as appropriate for the parameter shown in Table 17.

Table 17: Test Parameter Setting for Lower Out Of Band Measurement

Spectrum Analyser Setting	Value	Notes
Centre frequency	(Citim	The lowest Operating Frequency in the band
Span	2 x (500 kHz + fr _{low} - f _{low_OFB})	Ensures that the left most mask specification remains within the span

Operation of the EUT is restarted, with the appropriate test signal, on the lowest operating frequency as declared by the manufacturer.

If the equipment is using only one operating Frequency in the operational Frequency Band, measurement shall be performed the nominal operating frequency.

The signal shape is recorded when stable; and shall be below the spectrum mask for operating channel and the spectrum mask for operational frequency band.

Step 3:

The test equipment shall be reconfigured as appropriate for the parameter shown in Table 18.

Table 18: Test Parameter Setting for upper Out Of Band Measurement

Spectrum Analyser Setting	Value	Notes
Centre frequency	fc _{high}	the highest Operating Frequency in the band
Span	2 x (500 kHz + f _{high_OFB} - fc _{high})	Ensures that the rightmost mask specification remains within the span
NOTE: fhigh OFB is the higher	edge of the operational frequency Bo	and.

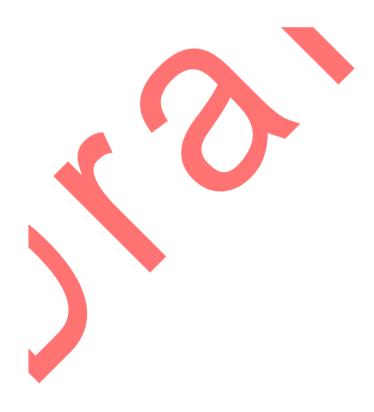
Operation of the EUT is restarted, with the appropriate test signal, on the highest Operating Frequency as declared by the manufacturer.

If the equipment is using only one Operating Frequency in the Operational Frequency Band, measurement shall be performed at the nominal Operating Frequency.

The signal shape is recorded when stable and shall be below the spectrum mask for Out Of Band emissions for operating channel and for operational



	Frequency Band. Step 4: For frequency agile devices, the measurement shall be repeated in each Operational Frequency Band. Step 5: Where required (see clause 5.8.3.1 condition 1), the measurements in step 1 to step 5 shall be repeated under extreme test conditions.
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details
Test Mode:	Refer to section 5.3 for details
Test Results:	Refer to the Report No.: SZAWW180830005-04W





6.10 Transient power

Test Requirement:	EN300 220-2 Clause 4.3.6			
Test Method:	EN 300 220-1 Clause 5.10.3			
Limit:	Table 23: Transmitter Transient Power limits Absolute offset from centre RBW _{REF} Peak power limit applicable at measurement points frequency			its
				cable at measurement points
	s 400 kHz > 400 kHz	1 kHz 1 kHz	12	0 dBm 27 dBm
Test Procedure:	The output of the EUT shall be connected to a spectrum analyser or equivalent measuring equipment. The measurement shall be undertaken in zero span mode. The analyser's centre frequency shall be set to an offset from the operation centre frequency. These offset values and their corresponding RBW configurations are listed in Table 24.			an mode. The et from the operating orresponding RBW
	Measurement points: offset from centre frequency		Analyser RBW	RBW _{REE}
	-0.5 x OCW -3 kHz 0.5 x OCW +3 kHz 0.5 x OCW +3 kHz Not applicable for OCW < 25 kHz		1 kHz	TkHz
	±12,5 kHz or ±OCW whichever is the greater		RBW pattern 1, 3, 10 kHz) s Ot frequency/6 (see note)	fset 1 kHz
	-0,5 x OCW + 400 kHz 0,5 x OCW + 400 kHz		100-kHz	1 kHz
	-0.5 x OCW -1 200 kHz 0.5 x OCW +1 200 kHz NOTE Max (RBW patiern 1,		300 kHz	1 kHz
	3 kHz. The rest of the analyser settings are 8sted in Table 25, and if OCW is 250 kHz then the RBW value corresponding to one OCW offset friequency is 30 kHz. Table 25: Parameters for Transient Measurement			
	Spectrum Analyser Setting		/alue	Notes
	VBW/RBW		otpped to	RBW values VBW may be ofts maximum value
	Sweep time RBW filter	Ge	00 ms ussian	
	Trace Detector Function Trace Myde	1.56	RMS ix hold	
	Sweep points Measurement mode		501 ious sweep	
	NOTE The ratio between the hundred of weep		points and the sweep time shi	all be the same ratio as above if
	The used modulation shall settings of Table 25 and a frequency. The EUT shall peak value shall be recorded power value in RBWREF by the formulation setting.	measu transm ded and ntioned es shall	rement shall be it at least five D- the measureme in Table 24. be converted to	started for each offset M3 test signal. The nt shall be repeated at
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for de			
Test Mode:	Refer to section 5.3 for de	etails		
Test Results:	Refer to the Report No.: S	SZAWW	180830005-04W	I
Test Mode:	The used modulation shall settings of Table 25 and a frequency. The EUT shall peak value shall be recorded power value in RBWREF by the formul Refer to section 5.8 for determined to the section 5.3 for determin	Il be D-II a measu transm ded and ntioned es shall la in cla etails	M3. The analyse rement shall be it at least five D-the measureme in Table 24. be converted to use 4.3.10.1.	r shall be set to the started for each offse M3 test signal. The nt shall be repeated a power values measu



6.11 TX behaviour under Low-voltage Conditions

Test Requirement:	EN 300 220-2 Clause 4.3.8
Test Method:	EN 300 220-1 Clause 5.12.3
Limit:	The equipment shall either: a) remain in the Operating Channel OC without exceeding any applicable limits (e.g. Duty Cycle); or b) reduce its effective radiated power below the Spurious Emission limits without exceeding any applicable limits (e.g. Duty Cycle); or c) shut down, (ceasing function); as the voltage falls below the manufacturers declared operating voltage.
Test Procedure:	Step 1: Operation of the EUT shall be started, on Operating Frequency as declared by the manufacturer, with the appropriate test signal and with the EUT operating at nominal operating voltage. The centre frequency of the transmitted signal shall be measured and noted. Step 2: The operating voltage shall be reduced by appropriate steps until the voltage reaches zero. The centre frequency of the transmitted signal shall be measured and noted. Any abnormal behaviour shall be noted.
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details
Test Mode:	Refer to section 5.3 for details
Test Results:	Refer to the Report No.: SZAWW180830005-04W





6.12 Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain

	EN 300 220-2 Clause 4.2.2				
Test Method:	EN 300 220-1 Clause 5.9.3				
Receiver Setup:	Tal	Table 20: Parameters for TX Spurious Radiations Measurement			
	Operating	Operating Mode Frequency Range RBW _{REF}			
	Transmit n	node	9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	(see note 2)	
			150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz 30 MHz ≤ f < f _e - m	10 kHz	
			f _e -m≤f <f<sub>e-n</f<sub>	100 kHz 10 kHz	
			f _c · n ≤ f < f _c - p	1 kHz	
			t _c +p<1st _c +n	1 kHz	
			f _c +n <fsf<sub>c+m f_c+m<fs1ghz< td=""><td>10 kHz</td></fs1ghz<></fsf<sub>	10 kHz	
			1 GHz < 1 × 6 GHz	100 kHz 1 MHz	
	m is 10 x OCV n is 4 x OCV p is 2.5 x OCV	RBW used for measurement		andwidth correction from	
Limit:		Table 19: Spurious	domain emission limits		
	Frequency	47 MHz to 74 MHz 87,5 MHz to 118 MHz 174 MHz to 230 MHz 470 MHz to 790 MHz	Other frequencies below 1 000 MHz	Frequencies above 1 000 MHz	
	TX mode RX and all other modes	-54 dBm	-36 dBm -57 dBm	-30 dBm -47 dBm	
Toot Fraguency Banga	25MHz to 4GHz	- or 14811	1 Stradell	71.5620	
Test Frequency Range: Test Setup:	Below 1GHz				
		(Tarmedile) - Great	of Patienter Phone		
	Above 1GHz	100	Hom Arterna To		
Test Procedure:		(Turnidae) Test Receive	Hom Arterna To		
Test Procedure:	Substitution method	was performed to	determine the actual		



	2. The test antenna shall be oriented initially for vertical polarization and shall be
	chosen to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter. The output of the
	test antenna shall be connected to the measuring receiver.
	The transmitter shall be switched on, if possible, without modulation and the measuring receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test.
	4. The test antenna shall be raised and lowered from 1m to 4m until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver. Then the turntable should be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
	5. Repeat step 4 for test frequency with the test antenna polarized horizontally.
	6. Remove the transmitter and replace it with a substitution antenna (the antenna should be half-wavelength for each frequency involved). The center of the substitution antenna should be approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter. At the lower frequencies, where the substitution antenna is very long, this will be impossible to achieve when the antenna is polarized vertically. In such case the lower end of the antenna should be 0.3 m above the ground.
	 Feed the substitution antenna at the transmitter end with a signal generator connected to the antenna by means of a nonradiating cable. With the antennas at both ends vertically polarized, and with the signal generator tuned to a particular test frequency, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading at the spectrum analyzer. Adjust the level of the signal generator output until the previously recorded maximum reading for this set of conditions is obtained. This should be done carefully repeating the adjustment of the test antenna and generator output. Repeat step 7 with both antennas horizontally polarized for each test frequency. Calculate power in dBm into a reference ideal half-wave dipole antenna by reducing the readings obtained in steps 7 and 8 by the power loss in the cable between the generator and the antenna, and further corrected for the
	gain of the substitution antenna used relative to an ideal half-wave dipole antenna by the following formula:
	ERP(dBm) = Pg(dBm) - cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBd)
	where: Pg is the generator output power into the substitution antenna.
	Above 1GHz test procedure:
	Different between above is the test site, change from Semi- Anechoic
	Chamber to fully Anechoic Chamber, and the test antenna do not need to
_	raise from 1 to 4m, just test in 1.5m height.
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details
Test Mode:	Refer to section 5.3 for details
Test Results:	Refer to the Report No.: SZAWW180830005-04W

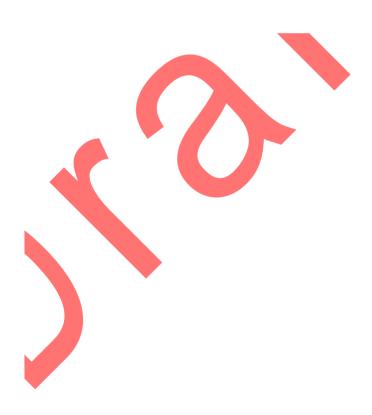


6.13 Receiver Requirements

Receiver Classification, Table 1 of EN 300 220-1.			
Table 1: Receiver categories			
Receiver category	Description		
	Category 1 is a high performance level of receiver.		
1	In particular to be used where the operation of a SRD may have		
	inherent safety of human life implications.		
1.5	Category 1.5 is an improved performance level of receiver		
1.5	category 2.		
2	Category 2 is standard performance level of receiver.		

6.13.1 RX sensitivity

Not applicable, since the test applied to with polite spectrum access facility only.





6.13.2 Blocking

Test Requirement:	EN 300 220-2 Clause 4.4.2			
Test Method:	EN 300 220-1 Clause 5.18.6			
Limit:	Table 40: Blocking level parameters for RX category 3			
	Requirement	Limits Receiver category 3		
	Blocking at ±2 MHz from OC edge fhigh and flow	≥ -80 d8m		
	Blocking at ±10 MHz from OC edge f _{high} and f _{low} Blocking at ±5 % of Centre Frequency or 15 MHz.	≥ -60 dBm		
	whichever is the greater	2 -60 dBm		
Test Setup:	Signal Generator A C Signal Generator B	ombiner EUT		
	Figure 10: Blocking r	neasurement arrangement		
Test Procedure:	to the minimum level which gives the EUT or the reference level in Table output level of generator A shall the otherwise specified in technical red Step 2: Signal generator B is powered on operating frequency - offset frequency is given by the adjusted to the minimum level at which is not achieved. With signal generator B settings un replaced with a suitable RF power the measuring equipment shall be the blocking level is then the conductor. This can either be measured on the or be calculated for radiated test (so The blocking level shall be higher requested in the technical requirer Step 3: The measurement in steps 1 to 3 strequired frequencies. Step 4: The information shown in Table 44.	nen be increased by 3 dB unless quirement. and set to operate at the nominal ency. d on and the signal amplitude is which the wanted performance criterion inchanged, the receiver shall be measuring equipment. The power into measured and noted. Inducted power received from generator are antenna connector for conducted test see clause C.5.4). or equal to the blocking power levelment clause. Shall be repeated with signal offsets at		
		Recorded in the Test Report		
	each measured signal level and un Table 44: Information Value Operating Frequency	Recorded in the Test Report Notes Nominal centre frequency of the receiver		

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For equipment using CCA whatever is the receiver category, steps 1 to 4 shall be repeated with signal generator A level adjusted +13 dB higher

than in the measurements in clause 5.18.6.4.

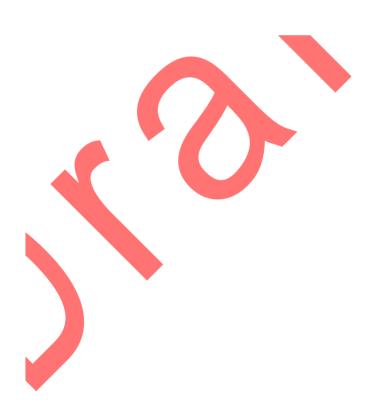




Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details
Test Mode:	Refer to section 5.3 for details
Test Results:	Pass

Measurement Data:

Requirement	blocking level (dBm)	Limits Receiver category 2	Test Result
Blocking at ±2 MHz from OC edge fhigh and flow	-65	≥ -69 dBm	Pass
Blocking at ±10 MHz from OC edge fhigh and flow	-46	≥ -44 dBm	Pass
Blocking at ±5 % of Centre Frequency or 15 MHz, whichever is the greater	-45	≥ -44 dBm	Pass





6.14 Polite spectrum access requirements

6.14.1 Clear Channel Assessment threshold

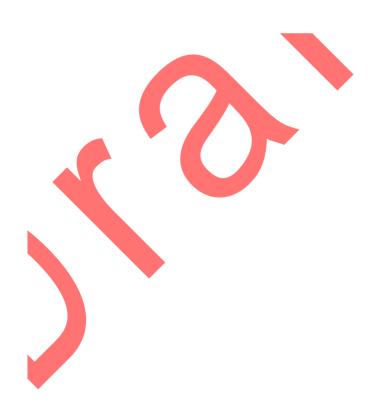
Not applicable, since the test applied to with polite spectrum access facility only.

6.14.2 Polite spectrum access timing parameters

Not applicable, since the test applied to with polite spectrum access facility only.

6.14.3 Adaptive Frequency Agility

Not applicable, since the test applied to with polite spectrum access facility only.





Test Setup Photo







8 EUT Constructional Details

Reference to the test report No.

-----End of report-----

