



### JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd.

Report No: JYTSZB-R12-2100695

# SPECTRUM REPORT

Applicant: Nebra Ltd

Address of Applicant: Unit 4 Bells Yew Green Business Court, Bells Yew Green,

Tunbridge Wells TN3 9BJ

**Equipment Under Test (EUT)** 

Product Name: Nebra Smart Indoor LoRa Gateway / Nebra HNT Indoor Hotspot

Miner

Model No.: HNTIN-470-G, HNTIN-868-G, HNTIN-915-G, HNTIN-433-G,

HNTIN-470, HNTIN-868, HNTIN-915, HNTIN-433

**Applicable standards:** ETSI EN 300 220-1 V3.1.1 (2017-02)

ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 (2018-06)

Date of sample receipt: 12 Mar., 2021

**Date of Test:** 13 Mar., to 19 Apr., 2021

Date of report issue: 23 Apr., 2021

Test Result: PASS\*

\*In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

The CE mark as shown below can be used, under the responsibility of the manufacturer, after completion of an EC Declaration of Conformity and compliance with all relevant EC Directives. The protection requirements with respect to electromagnetic compatibility contained in Directive 2014/53/EU are considered.





Bruce Zhang Laboratory Manager

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample. The results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product and does not permit the use of the JYT product certification mark. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

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2 Version

Version No.	Date	Description
00	23 Apr., 2021	Original

Tested by: _	Toro Wa	Date:	23 Apr., 2021	
	Test Engineer			

Reviewed by: Date: 23 Apr., 2021

Project Engineer





### **Contents**

		Page
1	COVER PAGE	1
2	VERSION	2
3	CONTENTS	3
4	TEST SUMMARY	4
5	GENERAL INFORMATION	5
	5.1 CLIENT INFORMATION	5
	5.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF E.U.T.	
	5.3 TEST ENVIRONMENT AND MODE, AND TEST SAMPLES PLANS	
	5.4 DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS	
	5.5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	6
	5.6 LABORATORY FACILITY	6
	5.7 LABORATORY LOCATION	6
	5.8 TEST INSTRUMENTS LIST	7
6	RADIO TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS SPECIFICATION IN EN 300 220-2	8
	6.1 OPERATING FREQUENCY	
	6.2 DUTY CYCLE	
	6.3 ADJACENT CHANNEL POWER	
	6.4 ADAPTIVE POWER CONTROL	
	6.5 FHSS EQUIPMENT	
	6.6 SHORT TERM BEHAVIOUR	8
	6.7 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER	9
	6.8 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH	11
	6.9 TX OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS	12
	6.10 TRANSIENT POWER	14
	6.11 TX BEHAVIOUR UNDER LOW-VOLTAGE CONDITIONS	15
	6.12 UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE SPURIOUS DOMAIN	16
	6.13 RECEIVER REQUIREMENTS	18
	6.13.1 RX sensitivity	18
	6.13.2 Blocking	19
	6.14 POLITE SPECTRUM ACCESS REQUIREMENTS	21
	6.14.1 Clear Channel Assessment threshold	
	6.14.2 Polite spectrum access timing parameters	
	6.14.3 Adaptive Frequency Agility	21
7	TEST SETUP PHOTO	22
8	EUT CONSTRUCTIONAL DETAILS	23





### 4 Test Summary

Test Items	Test Requirement	Test method	Result	
	Transmitter Par	t		
	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	DA 00*	
Operating frequency	Clause 4.2.1	Clause 5.1.2	PASS*	
Effective Radiated Power	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	DA CC*	
Effective Radiated Power	Clause 4.3.1	Clause 5.2.2	PASS*	
Maximum or p. apoetral density	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	PASS*	
Maximum e.r.p. spectral density	Clause 4.3.2	Clause 5.3.2		
Duty Cycle	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	DACC+	
Duty Cycle	Clause 4.3.3	Clause 5.4.2	PASS*	
Ossumind Bandwidth	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	PASS*	
Occupied Bandwidth	Clause 4.3.4	Clause 5.6.3	PASS	
Ty Out of Pand Emissions	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	DASC*	
Tx Out of Band Emissions	Clause 4.3.5	Clause 5.8.3	PASS*	
Transient newer	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	DA 90*	
Transient power	Clause 4.3.6	Clause 5.10.3	PASS*	
Adiacont Channel Dawer	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	NI/A	
Adjacent Channel Power	Clause 4.3.7	Clause 5.11.3	N/A	
TX behaviour under Low Voltage	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	DACC*	
Conditions	Clause 4.3.8	Clause 5.12.3	PASS*	
Adapti a Davia Cartal	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	N1/A	
Adaptive Power Control	Clause 4.3.9	Clause 5.13.3	N/A	
FLICC a suria sa ant	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-2	NI/A	
FHSS equipment	Clause 4.3.10	Clause 4.3.10.3	N/A	
Charttanna babariana	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	<b>.</b>	
Short term behaviour	Clause 4.3.11	Clause 5.5.2	N/A	
Unwanted emissions in the	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	D400*	
spurious domain	Clause 4.2.2	Clause 5.9.3	PASS*	
	Receiver Part			
DV	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	N1/A	
RX sensitivity	Clause 4.4.1	Clause 5.14.3	N/A	
	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1		
Blocking	Clause 4.4.2	Clause 5.18.6	PASS	
Polite sr	pectrum access conform			
Clear Channel Assessment	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1		
threshold	Clause 4.5.2	Clause 5.21.2.3	N/A	
	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	+	
Polite spectrum access timing parameters	Clause 4.5.3	Clause 5.21.2.3	N/A	
parameters				
Adaptive Frequency Agility	EN 300 220-2	EN 300 220-1	N/A	
. , , , ,	Clause 4.5.4	Clause 5.21.4.2		

#### Remark:

- 1. Pass: Meet the requirement.
- 2. N/A: Not Applicable for Non-adaptive equipment.
- 3. The cable insertion loss used by "RF Output Power" and other conduction measurement items is 0.5dB (provided by the customer).
- 4. Pass\*: refer to the Report No.: SZAWW180830005-04W

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## 5 General Information

### **5.1 Client Information**

Applicant:	Nebra Ltd
Address:	Unit 4 Bells Yew Green Business Court, Bells Yew Green, Tunbridge Wells TN3 9BJ
Manufacturer:	Nebra Ltd
Address:	Unit 4 Bells Yew Green Business Court, Bells Yew Green, Tunbridge Wells TN3 9BJ
Factory:	SUNSOAR TECH CO., LIMITED
Address:	4/F, Block E, Fengze Building, Huafeng No.2 Industrial Park, Hangkong Road, XiXiang Town, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, China

# 5.2 General Description of E.U.T.

_		
Product Name:	Nebra Smart Indoor LoRa Gateway / Nebra HNT Indoor Hotspot Miner	
Model No.:	HNTIN-470-G, HNTIN-868-G, HNTIN-915-G,HNTIN-433-G, HNTIN-470,HNTIN-868, HNTIN-915,HNTIN-433	
Operation Frequency:	868.1MHz~868.5MHz	
Hardware version:	V12-15-2020-1614	
Software version:	a98bfc8	
Modulation:	ООК	
Antenna type:	Cylindrical Antenna	
Antenna Gain:	3 dBi	
Power supply:	DC 12V	
Adapter:	Model: TM-K018VP-01201500PE-Z	
	Input: 100-240V~50/60Hz 0.45A	
	Output: 12.0V , 1.5A	
Remark:	Model No.: HNTIN-470-G, HNTIN-868-G, HNTIN-915-G,HNTIN-433-G, HNTIN-470,HNTIN-868, HNTIN-915,HNTIN-433 has the same internal circuit design, layout, components and internal wiring. The difference is that the ones with the -G suffix have GPS function, while those without the suffix do not. Each model has two appearances, except for the appearance, the interior is exactly the same. In addition, the corresponding frequency of each model of LoRa module is different, as follows:  The Nebra HNT Indoor Hotspot is available in 4 variants to support multiple region.	
	It is available in the following frequency variants:  • 433 MHz (HNTIN-433)  • 470 Mhz (HNTIN-470)  • 868 Mhz (HNTIN-868)  • 915 Mhz (HNTIN-915)	

Page 5 of 23





5.3 Test environment and mode, and test samples plans

Transmitting mode:	Keep the TX unit in transmitting mode with modulation.	
Receiving mode:	Keep the RX unit in receiving mode.	
Operating Environment:		
Temperature:	Normal: 15°C ~ 35°C, Extreme: -20°C ~ +55°C	
Humidity:	20 % ~ 75 % RH	
Atmospheric Pressure:	1008 mbar	
Voltage:	Normal: 12.0Vdc, Extreme: Low 10.8Vdc, High 13.2Vdc	

### 5.4 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit.

#### 5.5 Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty (Confidence of 95%)
Radio frequency	±0.5 ppm
RF output power, conducted	±1.5 dB
Conducted spurious emission of transmitter, valid up to 6 GHz	±3.0 dB
Conducted emission of receivers	±3.0 dB
RF level uncertainty for a given BER	±1.5 dB
Occupied BandWidth	±5 %
Temperature	±3 °C
Humidity	±10 %
Radiated Emission (30MHz ~ 1000MHz)	±4.32 dB
Radiated Emission (1GHz ~ 18GHz)	±5.16 dB

### 5.6 Laboratory Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

#### • FCC - Designation No.: CN1211

JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd. has been accredited as a testing laboratory by FCC(Federal Communications Commission). The test firm Registration No. is 727551.

#### • ISED - CAB identifier.: CN0021

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd. has been Registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 10106A-1.

#### A2LA - Registration No.: 4346.01

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories. The test scope can be found as below link: <a href="https://portal.a2la.org/scopepdf/4346-01.pdf">https://portal.a2la.org/scopepdf/4346-01.pdf</a>

### 5.7 Laboratory Location

JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd.

Address: No.101, Building 8, Innovation Wisdom Port, No.155 Hongtian Road, Huangpu Community, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, People's Republic of China.

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### 5.8 Test Instruments list

Radiated Emission:					
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal.Date	Cal. Due date
rest Equipment	Manufacturer	wiodei No.	Serial No.	(mm-dd-yy)	(mm-dd-yy)
3m SAC	SAEMC	9m*6m*6m	966	01-19-2021	01-18-2024
BiConiLog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	497	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Biconical Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VUBA9117	359	06-18-2020	06-17-2021
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	916	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	1805	06-18-2020	06-17-2021
EMI Test Software	AUDIX	E3	\	/ersion: 6.110919	b
Pre-amplifier	HP	8447D	2944A09358	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Pre-amplifier	CD	PAP-1G18	11804	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Spectrum analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP30	101454	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESRP7	101070	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMX	835454/016	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR20	1008100050	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Cable	ZDECL	Z108-NJ-NJ-81	1608458	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Cable	MICRO-COAX	MFR64639	K10742-5	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
Cable	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX100	58193/4PE	03-03-2021	03-02-2022
RF Switch Unit	MWRFTEST	MW200	N/A	N/A	N/A
Test Software	MWRFTEST	MTS8200	Version: 2.0.0.0		

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### 6 Radio Technical Requirements Specification in EN 300 220-2

### **6.1 Operating Frequency**

Declared by the manufacturer operarting frequency for 433.92MHz and OCW for 100kHz.

#### 6.2 Duty Cycle

The manufacturer has declared that due to the time between transmissions by the devices, the duty cycle is less than 10%.

#### 6.3 Adjacent Channel Power

Not applicable, only applies to transmitters with OCW  $\leq$  25 kHz.

#### 6.4 Adaptive Power Control

Not applicable, only applies to EUT with adaptive power control using annex C band AF.

#### 6.5 FHSS equipment

Not applicable, since the test applies to FHSS equipment.

#### 6.6 Short term behaviour

Not applicable, only applies to EUT using annex C bands AD, AE, AF, AG, AH, or AI.

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### **6.7 Effective Radiated Power**

Test Requirement:	ETSI EN300 220-2 clause 4.3.1		
Test Method:	ETSI EN300 220-1 clause 5.2.2.2		
Receiver Setup:	RBW=100 kHz, VBW=300 kHz, Detector= peak		
Limit:	10dBm (Refer to ETSI EN300 220-2 Annex B)		
Test Setup:	1.50m Antenna Tower  Tost Receiver Anglier  Controller		
Test Procedure:	<ol> <li>Substitution method was performed to determine the actual ERP emission levels of the EUT.         The following test procedure as below:         </li> <li>On the test site as test setup graph above, the EUT shall be placed at the 1.5m support on the turntable and in the position closest to normal use as declared by the provider.</li> <li>The test antenna shall be oriented initially for vertical polarization and shall be chosen to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter. The output of the test antenna shall be connected to the measuring receiver.</li> <li>The transmitter shall be switched on, if possible, without modulation and the measuring receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test.</li> <li>The test antenna shall be raised and lowered from 1m to 4m until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver. Then the turntable should be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.</li> <li>Repeat step 4 for test frequency with the test antenna polarized horizontally.</li> <li>Remove the transmitter and replace it with a substitution antenna (the antenna should be half-wavelength for each frequency involved). The center of the substitution antenna should be approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter. At the lower frequencies, where the substitution antenna is polarized vertically. In such case the lower end of the antenna is polarized vertically. In such case the lower end of the antenna should be 0.3 m above the ground.</li> <li>Feed the substitution antenna at the transmitter end with a signal generator connected to the antenna by means of a nonradiating cable. With the antennas at both ends vertically polarized, and with the signal generator tuned to a particular test frequency, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading at the spectrum</li> </ol>		
	previously recorded maximum reading for this set of conditions is obtained. This should be done carefully repeating the adjustment of the test antenna and generator output.  8. Repeat step 7 with both antennas horizontally polarized for each test		





	frequency.	
	9. Calculate power in dBm into a reference ideal half-wave dipole antenna by reducing the readings obtained in steps 7 and 8 by the power loss in the cable between the generator and the antenna, and further corrected for the gain of the substitution antenna used relative to an ideal half-wave dipole antenna by the following formula:	
	ERP(dBm) = Pg(dBm) - cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBd)	
	where: Pg is the generator output power into the substitution antenna.	
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details	
Test Mode:	Refer to section 5.3 for details	
Test Results:	Refer to the Report No.: SZAWW180830005-04W	





# 6.8 Occupied Bandwidth

Test Requirement:	EN300 220-2 Clause 4.3.4				
Test Method:	EN 300 220-1 Clause 5.6.3				
Limit:	Within of 433.05	MHz to 434.79MI	Hz		
Test Procedure:	The spectrum analyser shall be configured as appropriate for the parameters shown in Table 12.      Table 12: Test Parameters for Max Occupied Bandwidth Measurement				
	Setting	Value	Notes		
	Centre frequency	The nominal Operating Frequency 1 % to 3 % of OCW without being below	The highest or lowest Operating Frequency as declared by the manufacturer		
	VBW Span	At least 2 x Operating Span should be large enough to include all major			
	Channel width   components of the signal and its side bands				
	2. Step 1: Operation of the EUT shall be started, on the highest operating frequency as declared by the manufacturer, with the appropriate test signal.				
	The signal attenuation shall be adjusted to ensure that the signal power envelope is sufficiently above the noise floor of the analyser to avoid the noise signals on either side of the power envelope being included in the measurement.				
	Step 2: When the trace is completed the peak value of the trace shall be located and the analyser marker placed on this peak.				
	Step 3: The 99 % occupied bandwidth function of the spectrum analyser shall be used to measure the occupied bandwidth of the signal.				
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details				
Test Mode:	Refer to section 5.3 for details				
Test Results:	Refer to the Report No.: SZAWW180830005-04W				

Page 11 of 23



#### 6.9 Tx Out of Band Emissions

Test Requirement:	EN300 220-2 Clause 4.3.5
Test Method:	EN 300 220-1 Clause 5.8.3
Limit:	Refer to ETSI EN300 220-1 Clause 5.8.2

#### Test Procedure:

Table 16: Test Parameters for Out Of Band for Operating Channel Measurement

Spectrum Analyser Setting	Value	Notes
Centre frequency	Operating Frequency	
Span	6 x Operating Channel width	
RBW	1 kHz (see note)	Resolution bandwidth for Out Of Band domain measurements
Detector Function	RMS	
Trace Mode	Linear AVG	Applies only for EUT generating D-M2 test signal. An appropriate number of samples should be averaged to give a stable reading
	Max Hold	Applies only for EUT generating D-M2a or D-M3 test signal.
NOTE: If the value of RE	W used is different fr	om RBW <sub>RFF</sub> in clause 5.8.2, use the bandwidth
correction in clau	se 4.3.10.1.	

The test equipment shall be configured as appropriate for the parameters shown in Table 16.

#### Step 1:

Operation of the EUT shall be started, on the highest operating frequency as declared by the manufacturer, with the appropriate test signal.

The signal shape is recorded when stable and shall be below the spectrum mask Out Of Band for operating channel.

#### Step 2:

The test equipment shall be reconfigured as appropriate for the parameter shown in Table 17.

Table 17: Test Parameter Setting for Lower Out Of Band Measurement

Spectrum Analyser Setting	Value	Notes
Centre frequency		The lowest Operating Frequency in the band
Span	( IOW -IOW_OFB)	Ensures that the left most mask specification remains within the span
NOTE: f <sub>low OFB</sub> is the lower edge of the Operational Frequency Band.		

Operation of the EUT is restarted, with the appropriate test signal, on the lowest operating frequency as declared by the manufacturer.

If the equipment is using only one operating Frequency in the operational Frequency Band, measurement shall be performed the nominal operating frequency.

The signal shape is recorded when stable; and shall be below the spectrum mask for operating channel and the spectrum mask for operational frequency band.

#### Step 3:

The test equipment shall be reconfigured as appropriate for the parameter shown in Table 18.

Table 18: Test Parameter Setting for upper Out Of Band Measurement

Spectrum Analyser Setting	Value	Notes
Centre frequency	fc <sub>high</sub>	the highest Operating Frequency
		in the band
Span	2 x (500 kHz + f <sub>high OFB</sub> - fc <sub>high</sub> )	Ensures that the rightmost mask
	ingri_or b ingri	specification remains within the
		span
NOTE: f <sub>high OFB</sub> is the higher edge of the operational frequency Band.		

Operation of the EUT is restarted, with the appropriate test signal, on the highest Operating Frequency as declared by the manufacturer.

If the equipment is using only one Operating Frequency in the Operational Frequency Band, measurement shall be performed at the nominal Operating Frequency.

The signal shape is recorded when stable and shall be below the spectrum mask for Out Of Band emissions for operating channel and for operational





	Frequency Band.  Step 4: For frequency agile devices, the measurement shall be repeated in each Operational Frequency Band.  Step 5: Where required (see clause 5.8.3.1 condition 1), the measurements in step 1 to step 5 shall be repeated under extreme test conditions.
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details
Test Mode:	Refer to section 5.3 for details
Test Results:	Refer to the Report No.: SZAWW180830005-04W





# 6.10 Transient power

Test Requirement:	EN300 220-2 Clause 4.3	3.6		
Test Method:	EN 300 220-1 Clause 5.10.3			
Limit:	Table 23: Transmitter Transient Power limits			
	Absolute offset from centre frequency	RBW <sub>REF</sub>	Peak power limit ap	pplicable at measurement points
	≤ 400 kHz	1 kHz		0 dBm
	> 400 kHz	1 kHz		-27 dBm
Test Procedure:	The output of the EUT she equivalent measuring equivalent measurement shall handlyser's centre frequencentre frequency. These configurations are listed	uipment. be under ncy shall offset va in Table :	taken in <b>zero s</b> be set to an of lues and their	span mode. The ifset from the operating corresponding RBW
	Measurement points:		Aughter DDM	DDW
	offset from centre frequence -0,5 x OCW - 3 kHz 0,5 x OCW + 3 kHz		Analyser RBW  1 kHz	RBW <sub>REF</sub>
	Not applicable for OCW < 25 k ±12,5 kHz or ±OCW whichever is the greater		RBW pattern 1, 3, 10 kHz): frequency/6 (see note)	≤ Offset 1 kHz
	-0,5 x OCW - 400 kHz 0,5 x OCW + 400 kHz		100 kHz	1 kHz
	-0,5 x OCW -1 200 kHz 0,5 x OCW + 1 200 kHz		300 kHz	1 kHz
	implemented 1, 3, 10 kHz RBW filter bandwidth incremental pattern of spectrum analysers.  EXAMPLE: If OCW is 25 kHz then the RBW value corresponding to one OCW offset frequency is 3 kHz. The rest of the analyser settings are listed in Table 25, and if OCW is 250 kHz then the RBW value corresponding to one OCW offset frequency is 30 kHz.  Table 25: Parameters for Transient Measurement			
	Spectrum Analyser Setting	V	/alue	Notes
	VBW/RBW			gher RBW values VBW may be ed to its maximum value
	Sweep time		00 ms	
	RBW filter Trace Detector Function		ussian RMS	
	Trace Mode	Ma	x hold	
	Sweep points Measurement mode		501 lous sweep	
		number of sweep	points and the sweep time	e shall be the same ratio as above if
	The used modulation sha settings of Table 25 and frequency. The EUT sha peak value shall be reco each offset frequency modulated The recorded power value in RBWREF by the form	all be D-Na measu Il transmi rded and entioned les shall ula in clai	M3. The analys rement shall be it at least five I the measuren in Table 24. be converted t	e started for each offset
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for d	etails		
Test Mode:	Refer to section 5.3 for details			
Test Results:	Refer to the Report No.:	SZAWW	180830005-04	łW

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# 6.11 TX behaviour under Low-voltage Conditions

B	
Test Requirement:	EN 300 220-2 Clause 4.3.8
Test Method:	EN 300 220-1 Clause 5.12.3
Limit:	The equipment shall either:  a) remain in the Operating Channel OC without exceeding any applicable limits (e.g. Duty Cycle); or b) reduce its effective radiated power below the Spurious Emission limits without exceeding any applicable limits (e.g. Duty Cycle); or c) shut down, (ceasing function); as the voltage falls below the manufacturers declared operating voltage.
Test Procedure:	Step 1: Operation of the EUT shall be started, on Operating Frequency as declared by the manufacturer, with the appropriate test signal and with the EUT operating at nominal operating voltage. The centre frequency of the transmitted signal shall be measured and noted. Step 2: The operating voltage shall be reduced by appropriate steps until the voltage reaches zero. The centre frequency of the transmitted signal shall be measured and noted. Any abnormal behaviour shall be noted.
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details
Test Mode:	Refer to section 5.3 for details
Test Results:	Refer to the Report No.: SZAWW180830005-04W

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### 6.12 Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain

Test Requirement:	EN 300 220-2 Clause 4.2.2			
Test Method:	EN 300 220-1 Clause 5.9.3			
Receiver Setup:	Table 20: Parameters for TX Spurious Radiations Measurement			
	Operating I	Mode	Frequency Range	RBW <sub>REF</sub> (see note 2)
	Transmit m	node	9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	1 kHz
			150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz 30 MHz ≤ f < f <sub>c</sub> - m	10 kHz 100 kHz
			f <sub>c</sub> -m≤f <f<sub>c-n</f<sub>	10 kHz
			$f_c - n \le f \le f_c - p$ $f_c + p \le f \le f_c + n$	1 kHz 1 kHz
			$f_c + n < f \le f_c + m$	10 kHz
			f <sub>c</sub> + m < f ≤ 1 GHz 1 GHz < f ≤ 6 GHz	100 kHz 1 MHz
	m is 10 x OCV n is 4 x OCW p is 2,5 x OCV	ting Frequency.  I or 500 kHz, whichever is the or 100 kHz, whichever is the g  KBW used for measurement i		andwidth correction from
Limit:		Table 19: Spurious d	omain emission limits	
	Frequency	47 MHz to 74 MHz 87,5 MHz to 118 MHz 174 MHz to 230 MHz 470 MHz to 790 MHz	Other frequencies below 1 000 MHz	Frequencies above 1 000 MHz
	TX mode RX and all other modes	-54 dBm -57 dBm	-36 dBm -57 dBm	-30 dBm -47 dBm
Test Frequency Range:	25MHz to 4GHz	01 <b>db</b> iii	0.00	
Test Setup:	Below 1GHz			
	Above 1GHz	Test Receive	Antenna To  Antenna To	
Test Procedure:	of the EUT. The following test pr Below 1GHz test pr 1. On the test site	ocedure as below: cocedure: e as test setup gra n the turntable and	ph above,the EUT s	ERP emission levels shall be placed at the sest to normal use as





3. 4. 5. 6.	The test antenna shall be oriented initially for vertical polarization and shall be chosen to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter. The output of the test antenna shall be connected to the measuring receiver.  The transmitter shall be switched on, if possible, without modulation and the measuring receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test.  The test antenna shall be raised and lowered from 1m to 4m until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver. Then the turntable should be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.  Repeat step 4 for test frequency with the test antenna polarized horizontally. Remove the transmitter and replace it with a substitution antenna (the antenna should be half-wavelength for each frequency involved). The center of the substitution antenna should be approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter. At the lower frequencies, where the substitution antenna is very long, this will be impossible to achieve when the antenna is polarized vertically. In such case the lower end of the antenna should be 0.3
4. 5. 6.	The transmitter shall be switched on, if possible, without modulation and the measuring receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test.  The test antenna shall be raised and lowered from 1m to 4m until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver. Then the turntable should be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.  Repeat step 4 for test frequency with the test antenna polarized horizontally. Remove the transmitter and replace it with a substitution antenna (the antenna should be half-wavelength for each frequency involved). The center of the substitution antenna should be approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter. At the lower frequencies, where the substitution antenna is very long, this will be impossible to achieve when the antenna is polarized vertically. In such case the lower end of the antenna should be 0.3
5. 6.	signal level is detected by the measuring receiver. Then the turntable should be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.  Repeat step 4 for test frequency with the test antenna polarized horizontally. Remove the transmitter and replace it with a substitution antenna (the antenna should be half-wavelength for each frequency involved). The center of the substitution antenna should be approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter. At the lower frequencies, where the substitution antenna is very long, this will be impossible to achieve when the antenna is polarized vertically. In such case the lower end of the antenna should be 0.3
7.	Remove the transmitter and replace it with a substitution antenna (the antenna should be half-wavelength for each frequency involved). The center of the substitution antenna should be approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter. At the lower frequencies, where the substitution antenna is very long, this will be impossible to achieve when the antenna is polarized vertically. In such case the lower end of the antenna should be 0.3
	m above the ground.
8.	Feed the substitution antenna at the transmitter end with a signal generator connected to the antenna by means of a nonradiating cable. With the antennas at both ends vertically polarized, and with the signal generator tuned to a particular test frequency, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading at the spectrum analyzer. Adjust the level of the signal generator output until the previously recorded maximum reading for this set of conditions is obtained. This should be done carefully repeating the adjustment of the test antenna and generator output.
	Repeat step 7 with both antennas horizontally polarized for each test frequency.
9.	Calculate power in dBm into a reference ideal half-wave dipole antenna by reducing the readings obtained in steps 7 and 8 by the power loss in the cable between the generator and the antenna, and further corrected for the gain of the substitution antenna used relative to an ideal half-wave dipole antenna by the following formula: $ERP(dBm) = Pg(dBm) - cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBd)$ where: Pg is the generator output power into the substitution antenna.
Abo	ove 1GHz test procedure:
7	Different between above is the test site, change from Semi- Anechoic
	Chamber to fully Anechoic Chamber, and the test antenna do not need to
	raise from 1 to 4m, just test in 1.5m height.
Test Instruments: Refe	er to section 5.8 for details
Test Mode: Refe	or to occurr ore for actuals
Test Results: Ref	er to section 5.3 for details

Page 17 of 23





### 6.13 Receiver Requirements

Receiver Classification, Table 1 of EN 300 220-1. Table 1: Receiver categories		
Receiver category	Description	
1	Category 1 is a high performance level of receiver. In particular to be used where the operation of a SRD may have inherent safety of human life implications.	
1.5	Category 1.5 is an improved performance level of receiver category 2.	
2	Category 2 is standard performance level of receiver.	

#### 6.13.1 RX sensitivity

Not applicable, since the test applied to with polite spectrum access facility only.



#### 6.13.2 Blocking

To at Math a di	EN 300 220-2 Clause 4.4.2		
Test Method:	EN 300 220-1 Clause 5.18.6		
Limit:	Table 40: Blocking level parameters for RX category 3		
	Requirement	Limits	
	Blocking at ±2 MHz from OC edge f <sub>high</sub> and f <sub>low</sub>	Receiver category 3 ≥ -80 dBm	
	Blocking at ±10 MHz from OC edge f <sub>high</sub> and f <sub>low</sub>	≥ -60 dBm	
	Blocking at ±5 % of Centre Frequency or 15 MHz, whichever is the greater	≥ -60 dBm	
——————————————————————————————————————	J. Company of the Com		
Test Setup:	Signal Generator A C	ombiner EUT	
	Generator B	neasurement arrangement	
Test Procedure:	to the minimum level which gives to EUT or the reference level in Table output level of generator A shall the otherwise specified in technical resistep 2:  Signal generator B is powered on operating frequency - offset frequency is given adjusted to the minimum level at we is not achieved.  With signal generator B settings up replaced with a suitable RF power the measuring equipment shall be	en be increased by 3 dB unless quirement.  and set to operate at the nominal ency. d on and the signal amplitude is which the wanted performance criterion enchanged, the receiver shall be measuring equipment. The power into	

than in the measurements in clause 5.18.6.4.

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Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details
Test Mode:	Refer to section 5.3 for details
Test Results:	Pass

#### **Measurement Data:**

measurement bata.			
Requirement	blocking level (dBm)	Limits	Test Result
		Receiver category 2	
Blocking at ±2 MHz from OC edge fhigh and flow	-65	≥ -69 dBm	Pass
Blocking at ±10 MHz from OC edge fhigh and flow	-46	≥ -44 dBm	Pass
Blocking at ±5 % of Centre Frequency or 15 MHz, whichever is the greater	-45	≥ -44 dBm	Pass





### 6.14 Polite spectrum access requirements

#### 6.14.1 Clear Channel Assessment threshold

Not applicable, since the test applied to with polite spectrum access facility only.

#### 6.14.2 Polite spectrum access timing parameters

Not applicable, since the test applied to with polite spectrum access facility only.

#### 6.14.3 Adaptive Frequency Agility

Not applicable, since the test applied to with polite spectrum access facility only.





**Test Setup Photo** 



Radiated Emission Above 1GHz



Page 22 of 23





### 8 EUT Constructional Details

Reference to the test report No. JYTSZB-R01-2100219.

-----End of report-----