Introduction to Computer Science and Programming in Python (MIT)

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April 27, 2019

1 Lecture 1: What is Computation?

- int İntegers
- float Real numbers
- bool Boolean
- NoneType Special none value
- type() can use type() to see type of an object.

2 Branching and Iteration

3 String Manipulation, Guess and Check, Approximations, Bisection

- $\bullet >>> s = "abc"$
- $\bullet >>> len(s)$
- >>> 3

4 Decomposition, Abstraction, and Functions

in programming, divide code into modules:

- are self-contained
- used to break up code
- intended to be reusable

- keep code organized
- keep code coherent

5 Tuples, Lists, Aliasing, Mutability, and Cloning

5.1 Tuples

- Immutable
- >>> tuple = ()

5.2 List

hot is an alias for warm - changing one changes another. append() has a side effect.

- >>> a = 1
- >>> b = a
- >>> print(a)
- >>> print(b)
- >>>
- $\bullet >>> \text{ warm} = [\text{"red"}, \text{"yellow"}, \text{"orange"}]$
- $\bullet >>>$ hot = warm
- $\bullet >>> \ \, \mathrm{hot.append}(\mathrm{"pink"})$
- $\bullet >>>$ print(hot)
- $\bullet >>>$ print(warm)
- >>> ["red", "yellow", "orange", "pink"]
- $\bullet >>> ["red", "yellow", "orange", "pink"]$

6 Recursion and Dictionaries