1)declare

```
basic number;
gross number;
DA number;
HRA number;
PF number;

Begin

Basic:=4500;
DA:=Basic*(40/100);
HRA:=Basic*(20/100);
PF:=Basic*(12/100);
Gross:=Basic+DA+HRA-PF;
dbms_output.put_line(' the gross salary is '||Gross );
end;
```

```
SOL> nedha 48
SP2-0042: unknown command "nedha 48" - rest of line ignored.
SQL> declare
 2 basic number;
 3 gross number;
 4 DA number;
 5 HRA number;
 6 PF number;
 7 Begin
 8 Basic:=4500;
 9 DA:=Basic*(40/100);
 10 HRA:=Basic*(20/100);
 11 PF:=Basic*(12/100);
 12 Gross:=Basic+DA+HRA-PF;
 13 dbms output.put line(' the gross salary is '||Gross );
 14 end;
 15
16 /
the gross salary is 6660
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
2) DECLARE
              number;
        temp_sum number;
              number;
BEGIN
         n := &n;
         temp_sum := 0;
         WHILE n <> 0 LOOP
                 r := MOD(n, 10);
                 temp_sum := temp_sum + r;
                 n := trunc(n / 10);
        END LOOP;
         dbms_output.Put_line('sum of dgits=' || temp_sum);
END;
```

```
SQL> nedha 48
SP2-0042: unknown command "nedha 48" - rest of line ignored.
SQL> DECLARE
                   number;
  3
          temp_sum number;
  4
          r
                   number;
  5
     BEGIN
  6
          n := &n;
  7
          temp_sum := 0;
  8
  9
          WHILE n <> 0 LOOP
 10
               r := MOD(n, 10);
 11
               temp_sum := temp_sum + r;
 12
               n := trunc(n / 10);
 13
       END LOOP;
          dbms_output.Put_line('sum of dgits=' || temp_sum);
 14
 15 END;
 16 /
Enter value for n: 456
old 6:
          n := &n;
             n := 456;
new 6:
sum of dgits=15
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
3) Declare
        salary number;
Begin
        salary:=&salary;
        IF salary<3000 THEN
        salary:=4000;
        END IF;
dbms_output.put_line(' the salary is '||salary);
end;
```

```
SQL> nedha 48
SP2-0042: unknown command "nedha 48" - rest of line ignored.
SQL> Declare
       salary number;
 3
      Begin
 4
       salary:=&salary;
 5
       IF salary<3000 THEN
       salary:=4000;
  6
      END IF;
 7
 8 dbms_output.put_line(' the salary is '||salary);
 9 end;
 10 /
Enter value for salary: 2700
old 4: salary:=&salary;
new 4: salary:=2700;
the salary is 4000
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
4) DECLARE
         n number(3);
        s number(3):=0;
         t number(3);
    BEGIN
        n:=&n;
         t:=n;
         while t>0 loop
                 s:=s+power((t mod 10),3);
                 t:=trunc(t/10);
         endl loop;
         if(s=n) then
                 dbms_output.put_line('The Given Number' | | n | | ' is an Armstrong Number');
         else
                 dbms_output.put_line('The Given Number' | | n | | ' is Not an Armstrong Number');
         end if;
   END;
```

```
SQL> nedha 48
SP2-0042: unknown command "nedha 48" - rest of line ignored.
SQL> DECLARE
      n number(3);
 2
  3
      s number(3):=0;
  4
      t number(3);
  5 BEGIN
  6
      n:=&n;
  7
      t:=n;
  8
          while t>0 loop
  9
            s:=s+power((t mod 10),3);
            t:=trunc(t/10);
 10
 11
          end loop;
 12
 13
          if(s=n) then
 14
            dbms_output.put_line('The Given Number ' || n || ' is an Armstrong Number');
 15
 16
            dbms_output.put_line('The Given Number ' || n || ' is Not an Armstrong Number');
 17
          end if;
 18 END;
 19 /
Enter value for n: 153
old 6: n:=&n;
new 6: n:=153;
The Given Number 153 is an Armstrong Number
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
5) declare
         n number;
         fact number:=1;
        i number;
begin
         n:=&n;
         for i in 1..n
         loop
         fact:=fact*i;
         end loop;
         dbms_output.put_line('factorial='||fact);
end;
```

```
SQL> nedha 48
SP2-0042: unknown command "nedha 48" - rest of line ignored.
SQL> declare
 2 n number;
 3 fact number:=1;
 4 i number;
  6 begin
 7 n:=&n;
 9 for i in 1..n
 10 loop
 11 fact:=fact*i;
 12 end loop;
 13 dbms_output.put_line('factorial='||fact);
 14 end;
 15 /
Enter value for n: 4
old 7: n:=&n;
new 7: n:=4;
factorial=24
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
6) declare
        str1 varchar2(50):='&str';
        str2 varchar2(50);
        len number;
        i number;
begin
        len:=length(str1);
        for i in reverse 1..len
        loop
        str2:=str2 || substr(str1,i,1);
        end loop;
        dbms_output.put_line('Reverse of String is:'||str2);
end;
/
```

```
SP2-0042: unknown command "nedha 48" - rest of line ignored.
SQL> declare
 2 str1 varchar2(50):='&str';
 3 str2 varchar2(50);
 4 len number;
 5 i number;
  6 begin
 7 len:=length(str1);
 8 for i in reverse 1..len
 9 1oop
 10 str2:=str2 || substr(str1,i,1);
 11 end loop;
 12 dbms_output.put_line('Reverse of String is:'||str2);
 13 end;
 14 /
Enter value for str: abc
old 2: str1 varchar2(50):='&str';
new 2: str1 varchar2(50):='abc';
Reverse of String is:cba
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
7)DECLARE
         n number;
         m number;
         temp number:=0;
         rem number;
BEGIN
          n :=&n;
         m :=n;
         while n>0
         loop
                 rem := mod(n,10);
                  temp := (temp*10)+rem;
                 n := trunc(n/10);
         end loop;
         if m = temp
```

SQL> nedha 48

```
then
               dbms_output.put_line('Palindrome');
        else
               dbms_output.put_line('Not Palindrome');
        end if;
END;
SQL> nedha 48
SP2-0042: unknown command "nedha 48" - rest of line ignored.
SQL>
      DECLARE
SQL>
 2
        n number;
  3
        m number;
        temp number:=0;
  4
  5
        rem number;
  6
     BEGIN
        n :=&n;
        m :=n;
  9
        while n>0
 10
        loop
           rem := mod(n,10);
 11
 12
           temp := (temp*10)+rem;
           n := trunc(n/10);
 13
 14
        end loop;
 15
        if m = temp
 16
        then
 17
           dbms_output.put_line('Palindrome');
 18
 19
           dbms_output.put_line('Not Palindrome');
20
        end if;
21 END;
22 /
Enter value for n: 123321
old 7:
            n :=&n;
new
     7:
            n :=123321;
Palindrome
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
8) create table even(num number);
Declare
        N number;
Begin
        For N in 10..50 loop
               If mod(N,2)=0 then
                       Insert into even values(N);
```

21 rows selected.