

# Question Paper

Exam Date & Time: 01-Mar-2023 (09:30 AM - 12:30 PM)



## MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

FIRST SEMESTER B.TECH. EXAMINATIONS - FEBRUARY/MARCH 2023

SUBJECT: PHY 1071 / PHY-1071 - ENGINEERING PHYSICS

(MAKEUP)

Marks: 50

Duration: 180 mins.

Answer all the questions.

- 1A) State and explain the Maxwell's equations. Mention its significance. (5)
- 1B) A ruby laser emits light at a wavelength of 694.4 nm. If a laser pulse is emitted for  $12 \times 10^{-12}$  second and the energy release per pulse is 150 mJ, (a) what is the length of the pulse, and (b) how many photons are there in each pulse? (3)
- 1C) What are superconductors? Draw a representative graph of Resistance Vs Temperature for a superconductor. (2)
- 2A) Explain the numerical aperture of an optical fiber. With necessary diagram, derive an expression for angle of acceptance and numerical aperture for an optical fiber placed in air. (5)
- 2B) Solar cells are often coated with a transparent, thin film of silicon monoxide ( $\text{SiO}_2$ ,  $n = 1.45$ ) to minimize reflective losses from the surface. Suppose a silicon solar cell ( $n = 3.5$ ) is coated with a thin film of silicon monoxide for this purpose. Determine the minimum film thickness that produces the least reflection at a wavelength of 550 nm, near the center of the visible spectrum. (3)
- 2C) An electron with kinetic energy  $E = 5.0$  eV is incident on a barrier with thickness  $L = 0.20$  nm and height  $U = 10$  eV. Calculate the probability that the electron will tunnel through the barrier. (2)
- 3A) Explain photoelectric effect. List experimental observations in the experiment on photoelectric effect. Sketch schematically the following graphs with reference to the photoelectric effect: (a) photoelectric current vs applied voltage (b) kinetic energy of most-energetic electron vs frequency of incident light. (5)
- 3B) The radius of our Sun is  $6.96 \times 10^8$  m, and its total power output is  $3.77 \times 10^{26}$  W. (a) Assuming that the Sun's surface emits as a black body, calculate its surface temperature. (b) Using the result, find  $\lambda_{\text{max}}$  for the Sun. (3)
- 3C) Explain the term phase velocity and group velocity of a quantum particle. (2)
- 4A) Apply the Schrödinger equation to a particle in a one-dimensional "box" (infinite potential well) of length  $L$  and derive the expression for energy values of the particle. (5)
- 4B) A  $\text{K}^+$  ion and a  $\text{Cl}^-$  ion is separated by  $5.00 \times 10^{-10}$  m. Assuming the two ions act like point charges, determine (a) the force each ion exerts on the other and (b) the potential energy of the two-ion system in electron volts. Given: Charge of an electron is  $1.6 \times 10^{-19}$  C. (3)
- 4C) Explain the term ionic bonding and covalent molecular bonding. (2)
- 5A) Distinguish between conductors, insulators and semiconductors on the basis of band theory. (5)
- 5B) Sodium is a monovalent metal having a density of  $971 \text{ kg/m}^3$  and a molar mass of  $0.023 \text{ kg/mol}$ . Use this information to calculate (a) the density of charge carriers and (b) the Fermi energy. Given: Avogadro Number =  $6.023 \times 10^{23}$ . (3)

5C)

Write a note on surface to volume ratio. Mention its significance in nanoscience.

(2)

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