

Line Meeting 03 <> DYP <> AB

10.04.2025

GoldenBird Education

Sun Mill Compound, 210, Senapati Bapat Marg Lower Parel, Mumbai 400013

Ph: +91-8446025920



Rock, Paper, Scissors – Step-by-Step Logical Development

STEP 1: Define the Game Rules

- Rock beats Scissors
- Scissors beats Paper
- Paper beats Rock
- If both players choose the same, it's a tie.

Also define the structure:

• It's a **best of 3 match**: first to win **2 rounds** wins the game.

STEP 2: Setup Choices and Scores

- Define the valid choices: "rock", "paper", "scissors"
- Create variables to keep track of:
 - Player score
 - Computer score
 - Number of rounds played

STEP 3: Take Player Input

- Ask the player to type "rock", "paper", or "scissors".
- Convert input to lowercase for consistency.
- Check if the input is valid (i.e., part of the choices list).
 - o If not, ask again without increasing round count.

STEP 4: Generate Computer's Choice

• Use a random selection from the same list of choices.

STEP 5: Compare Choices

- Compare the player's choice and computer's choice:
 - o If both are same \rightarrow it's a **tie**.
 - o Otherwise, apply the rules to decide the winner of the round.
- Based on who wins:
 - o Increase either player's or computer's score by 1.

STEP 6: Display Round Results

- Print what both player and computer chose.
- Show who won that round.
- Display current score after each round.

STEP 7: Repeat Until One Wins 2 Rounds

- Use a loop that continues until either:
 - Player's score = 2, or
 - Computer's score = 2.

STEP 8: Display Final Result

- Once either side reaches 2 points:
 - o End the game loop.
 - o Announce the overall match winner.