

# AegisSecure: AI-Powered Threat Detection App

Black Box & Acceptance Testing Report

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# 1 Sign Up Screen

## 1.1 Equivalence Class Partitioning (ECP)

### Input Domains Identified:

#### 1. Full Name:

- Valid: Non-empty string.
- Invalid: Empty string.

#### 2. Email:

- Valid: Standard email format (user@domain.com).
- Invalid: Missing '@', Missing domain, Already registered email.

#### 3. Password:

- Valid:  $\geq 8$  characters, includes uppercase, lowercase, special char, number.
- Invalid:  $< 8$  characters, missing complexity requirements.

#### 4. Confirm Password:

- Valid: Matches "Password" field exactly.
- Invalid: Does not match "Password" field.

### 1.1.1 ECP Test Cases

Input Data	Scenario	Expected Output	Actual Output	Status
Name: "" (Empty)	Missing Name	Error: "Please enter your name"	Error displayed in red	<b>Pass</b>
Email: "mihir"	Invalid Format	Error: "Invalid Email"	Button Disabled	<b>Pass</b>
Pass: "#Mihir29" Conf: "#Mihir2"	Mismatch	Error: "Passwords do not match"	Error displayed in red	<b>Pass</b>
Pass: "shshsj"	Weak Pass	Complexity Indicators show Red (x)	Icons remain Red	<b>Pass</b>
All Valid Inputs	Success	Redirect to Login/Home	Account Created	<b>Pass</b>

## 1.2 Boundary Value Analysis (BVA)

### Constraints:

- **Name Length:** Min 1, Max 50.
- **Password Length:** Min 8, Max 64.

### 1.2.1 BVA Test Cases

Variable	Boundary Value	Expected Output	Status
Name	Length = 0	Invalid (Error shown)	Pass
Name	Length = 1	Valid	Pass
Password	Length = 7	Invalid (Requirement not met)	Pass
Password	Length = 8	Valid	Pass

The figure displays two side-by-side screenshots of the Aegis Secure sign-up form, illustrating error handling for empty name and password mismatch.

**Left Screenshot (Empty Name):**

- Full Name:** Empty field with a red border and error message: "Please enter your name". Character count: 0/50.
- Email:** mihirsinhc2910@gmail.com
- Password:** shshsj. Character count: 6/64.
- Confirm Password:** shshsj. Character count: 6/64.
- Agreement:** ☒ I agree to the [Terms](#) and [Privacy Policy](#).
- Buttons:** SIGN UP (dark blue), Already have an account? [SIGN IN](#) (green).

**Right Screenshot (Password Mismatch):**

- Full Name:** mihir. Character count: 5/50.
- Email:** mihirsinhc2910@gmail.com
- Password:** #Mihir29. Character count: 8/64.
- Confirm Password:** #Mihir2. Character count: 8/64. Red border and error message: "Passwords do not match".
- Agreement:** ☒ I agree to the [Terms](#) and [Privacy Policy](#).
- Buttons:** SIGN UP (dark blue), Already have an account? [SIGN IN](#) (green).

Figure 1: Sign Up Error Handling: Empty Name and Password Mismatch

## 2 Login Screen

### 2.1 Equivalence Class Partitioning (ECP)

Input Domains Identified:

1. **Email:**

- Registered Email.
- Unregistered Email.


2. **Password:**

- Correct Password.
- Incorrect Password.

#### 2.1.1 ECP Test Cases

Input Data	Scenario	Expected Output	Actual Output	Status
Email: valid@g.com Pass: Wrong123	Wrong Creds	Error: "Invalid email or password"	Red Error Text displayed	<b>Pass</b>
Email: notreg@g.com Pass: AnyPass	Unregistered	Error: "User not found"	Error displayed	<b>Pass</b>
Email: valid@g.com Pass: Correct123	Valid Login	Navigate to Home	Dashboard Loaded	<b>Pass</b>


6:22 M Z 23.0 KB/s 5G 72%



## Aegis Secure

Sign in your account

Email

Password  

Invalid email or password

[Forgot Password?](#)

**SIGN IN**

OR

**Already Have an Account?**

Don't have an account? **SIGN UP**

[Verify your email](#)

---

Figure 2: Login Validation: Handling Invalid Credentials

### 3 Manual Text Analysis Screen

#### 3.1 Equivalence Class Partitioning (ECP)

Input Domains Identified:

1. Input Text:

- **Class A (Phishing):** Text containing urgency, financial requests, suspicious links.
- **Class B (Legitimate):** Normal conversation, official OTP formats, known domains.
- **Class C (Empty):** Null input.

##### 3.1.1 ECP Test Cases

Input Text	Expected Class	Expected Verdict	Actual Verdict	Status
"Urgent! Send 5000 Rs to Paytm xyz@okabc"	Phishing	<b>Phishing (Red)</b>	Phishing (90.00)	<b>Pass</b>
"508647 is your OTP for PhysicsWallah"	Legitimate	<b>Legitimate</b>	Legitimate	<b>Pass</b>
"Hey, are we meeting for dinner?"	Legitimate	<b>Safe</b>	Safe (10.00)	<b>Pass</b>
[Empty String]	Invalid	Button Disabled	Button Disabled	<b>Pass</b>

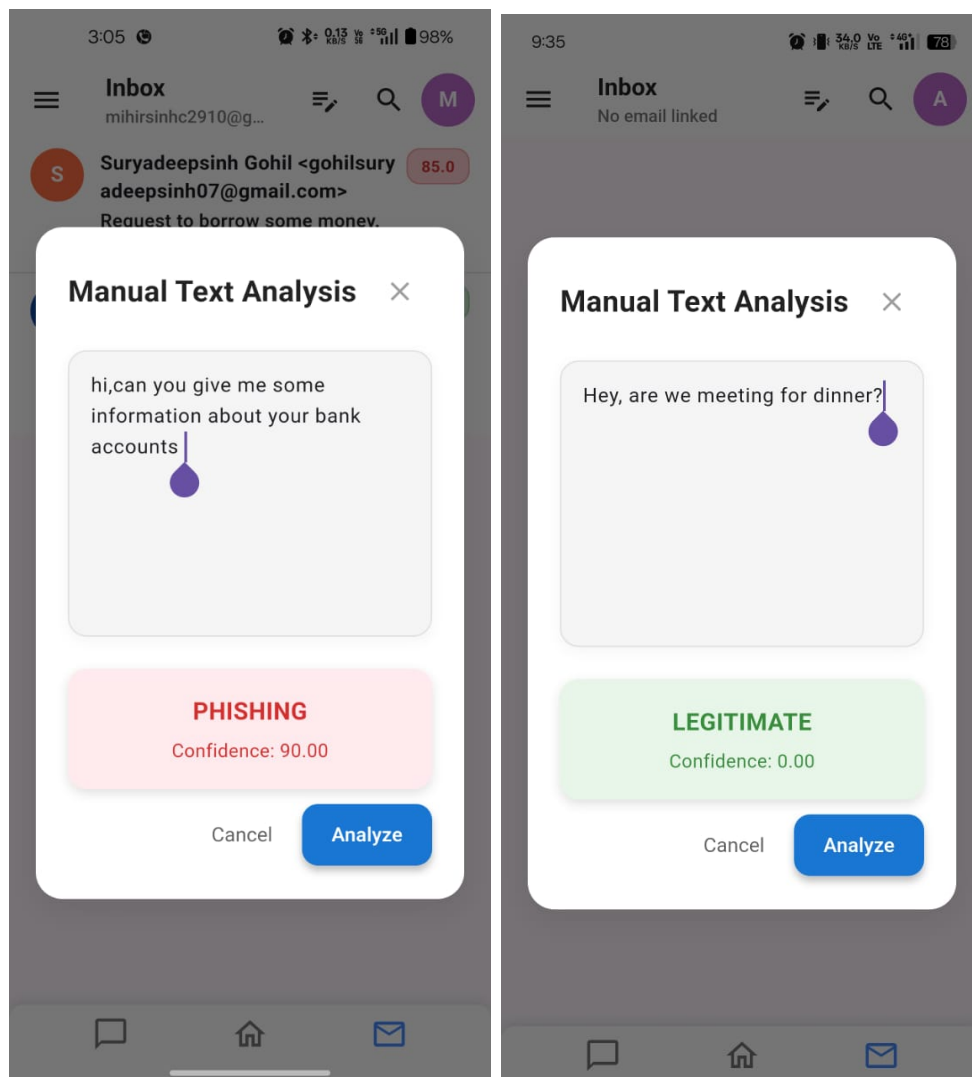


Figure 3: Manual Analysis Results: Phishing vs Legitimate



## 4 Inbox Dashboard Analytics

### 4.1 Dashboard Logic Testing

Action	Expected State Change	Actual Output	Status
Perform 1 new scan	"Messages Analyzed" count increments by 1	Counter updated from 18 to 19	Pass
Detect 1 Threat	Pie Chart "Threat" slice expands	Pie Chart updated	Pass

### 4.2 Inbox Risk Scoring

**Objective:** Verify that the list view correctly color-codes messages based on risk score.

Message Source	Risk Score	Visual Indicator	Status
Suryadeepsinh (Scam)	High ( $> 80$ )	Red Badge (85.0)	Pass
GeeksForGeeks	Medium ( $40 - 60$ )	Yellow Badge (49.0)	Pass
Adobe Creative Cloud	Low ( $< 20$ )	Green Badge (10.0)	Pass

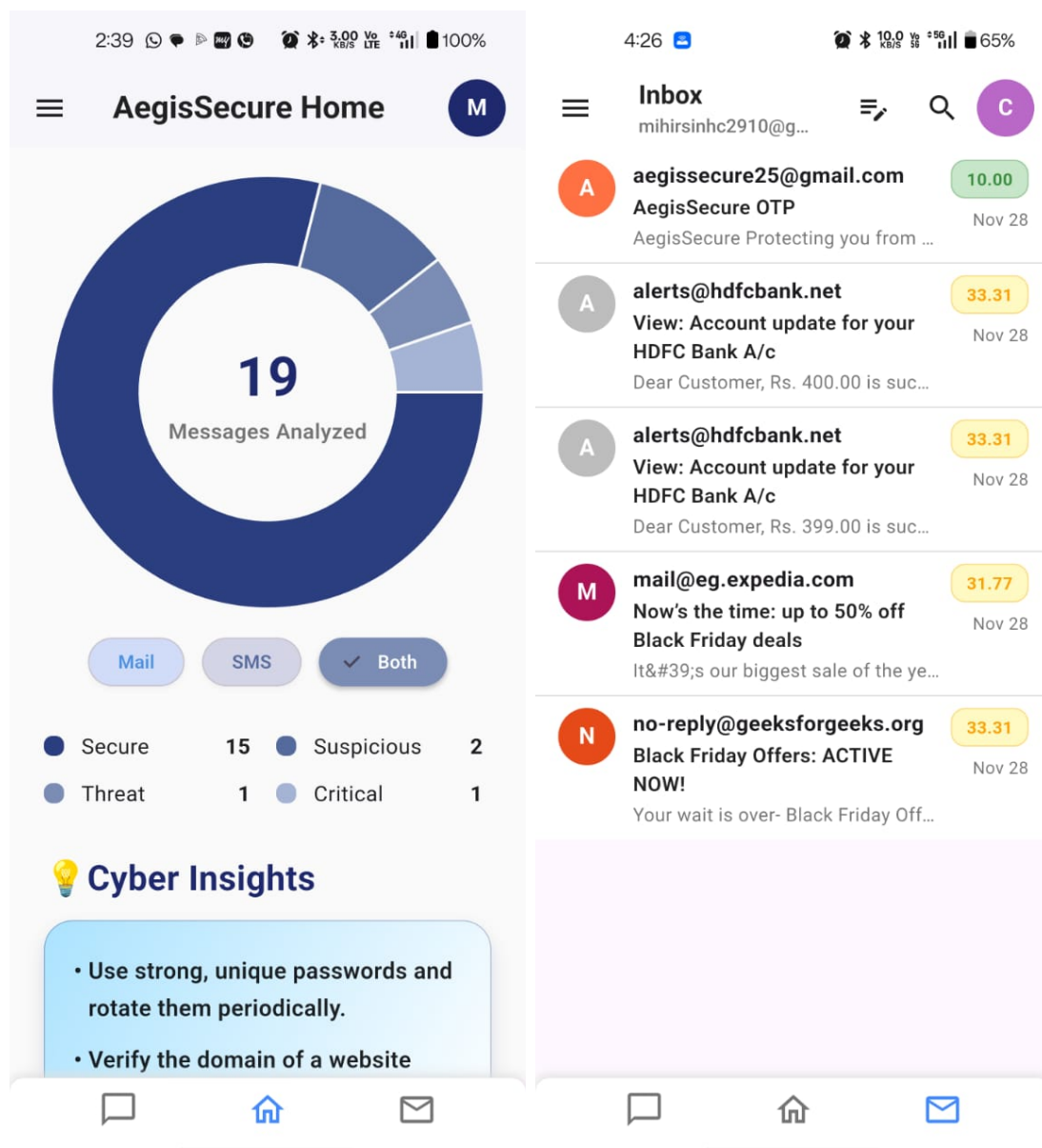


Figure 4: Dashboard Statistics and Inbox Risk Scoring

## 5 SMS Screen

### 5.1 Equivalence Class Partitioning (ECP)

#### Input Domains Identified:

##### 1. Search Bar (Search Query):

- Valid: String matching an existing sender (e.g., "Aegis").
- Valid: String matching message content.
- Invalid: String not found in any message.
- Empty: Null string (should display all messages).

##### 2. Message List Interaction:

- Click valid conversation item.

#### 5.1.1 ECP Test Cases

Input Data	Scenario	Expected Output	Actual Output	Status
Search: "Geeks"	Search existing sender	Filter list to show "GeeksforGeeks"	"GeeksforGeeks" displayed	Pass
Search: "xyz123"	Search non-existent	"No messages found" or empty list	Empty List	Pass
Search: "" (Empty)	Clear search	Display all SMS threads	All threads visible	Pass
Select Thread	Click "AegisSecure"	Open detailed chat view	Chat Opened	Pass

### 5.2 Boundary Value Analysis (BVA)

#### Constraints:

- **Search Input Length:** Min 0 characters.

#### 5.2.1 BVA Test Cases

Variable	Boundary Value	Expected Output	Status
Search Query	Length = 0 (Empty)	List refreshes to show all	Pass
Search Query	Length = 1 ("G")	Filters list starting with/containing "G"	Pass
Search Query	Length = 5 (Typical)	Valid Search Result	Pass

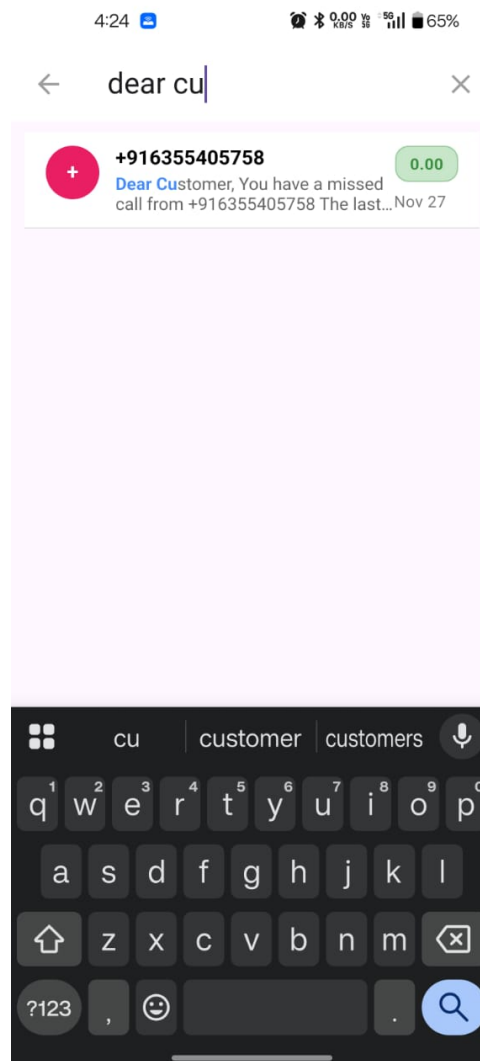


Figure 5: SMS Screen: Displaying Risk Scores

## 6 Email Screen

### 6.1 Equivalence Class Partitioning (ECP)

#### Input Domains Identified:

##### 1. Search Functionality:

- Valid: Part of a name (e.g., "Mihir").
- Valid: Part of a subject line (e.g., "borrow").
- Invalid: Special characters not present in emails.

#### 6.1.1 ECP Test Cases

Input Data	Scenario	Expected Output	Actual Output	Status
Search: "Mihir"	Search by Name	Show emails involving "Mihir"	"Mihir" listed	Pass
Search: "money"	Search by Subject	Show email "Request to borrow..."	Email Found	Pass
Search: "Unknown"	Invalid Search	No results found	Empty List	Pass

### 6.2 Boundary Value Analysis (BVA)

#### Constraints:

- **Search Query:** Min length 0.

#### 6.2.1 BVA Test Cases

Variable	Boundary Value	Expected Output	Status
Search Query	Length = 0	Reset list to default view	Pass
Search Query	Length = 1 ("M")	Real-time filtering for "M"	Pass

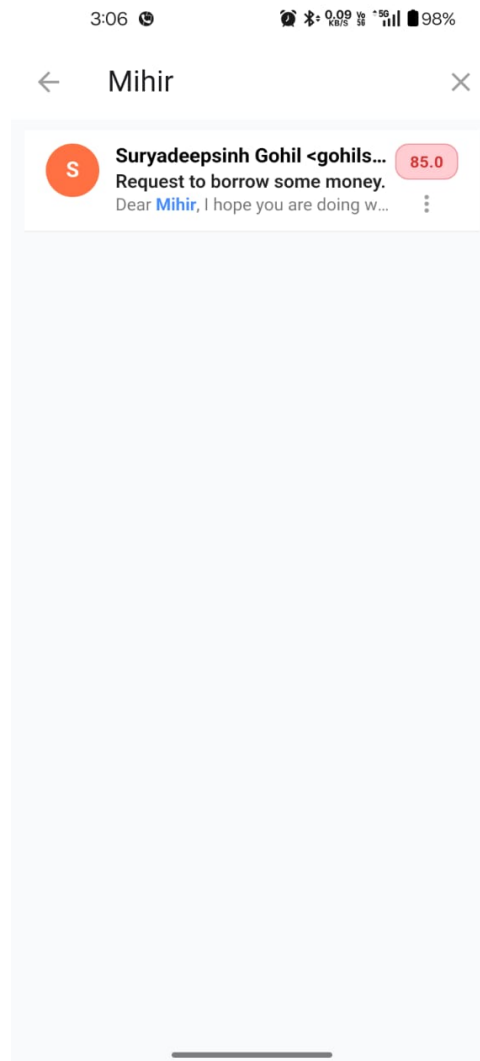


Figure 6: Email Screen: Search for "Mihir" showing High Risk (85.0) Alert

## 7 Account Security (Password & OTP)

### 7.1 Change Password Flow (ECP)

**Process:** Email Input → OTP Verification → Update Password.

#### 7.1.1 ECP Test Cases - Step 1: Email Verification

Input Email	Scenario	Actual Output	Status
Valid Registered	User requests change	"Send Code" triggers OTP	Pass
Unregistered	Invalid user	Error: User not found	Pass
Invalid Format	"mihir"	Error: Invalid Email	Pass

#### 7.1.2 ECP Test Cases - Step 2: OTP Verification

Input OTP	Scenario	Actual Output	Status
Valid 6-digit	Correct code	Redirect to Change Password Page	Pass
Invalid code	Wrong input	Error: "Invalid OTP"	Pass
Expired code	Timeout	Error: "Expired, try again"	Pass

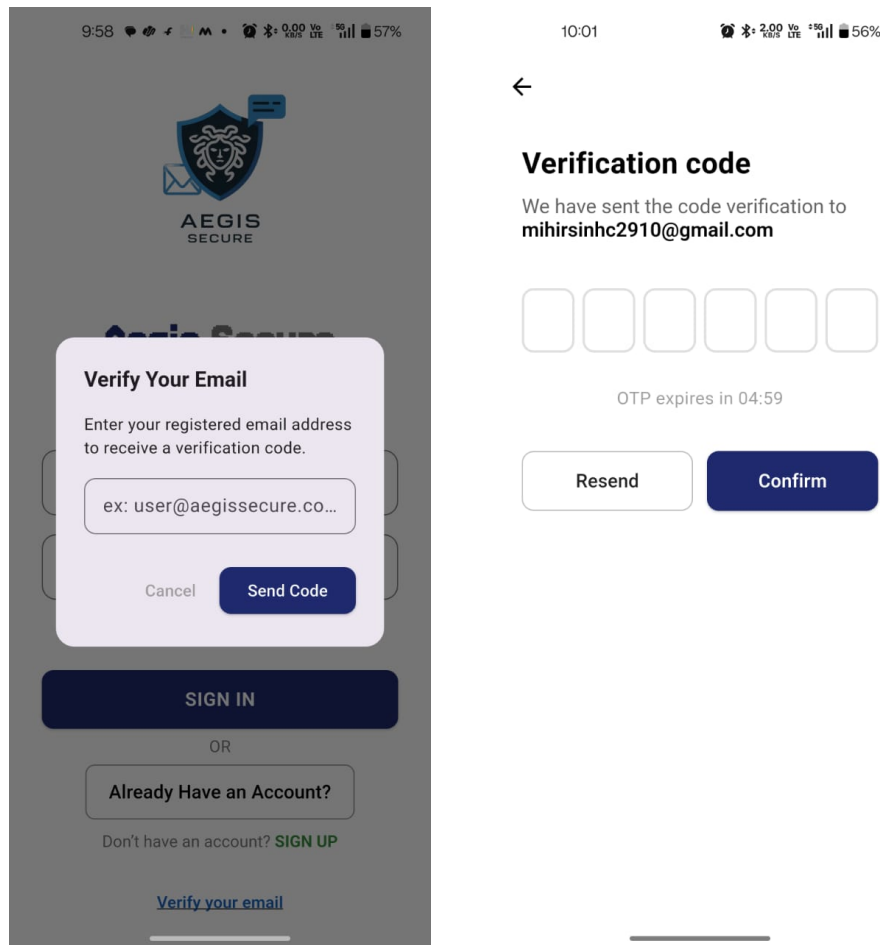


Figure 7: Email Verification and OTP Entry Screens

### 7.1.3 ECP Test Cases - Step 3: Password Update

Input Data	Scenario	Actual Output	Status
New: "Strong@1" Conf: "Strong@1"	Matching	Success: "Password Updated"	Pass
New: "Strong@1" Conf: "Weak"	Mismatch	Error: "Passwords do not match"	Pass



10:17 0.04 KB/s LTE 53%

← **Change Password**

Enter your new password below

🔒 New Password ⓘ 🔒

- ✗ At least 8 characters
- ✗ At least one uppercase letter
- ✗ At least one lowercase letter
- ✗ At least one special character
- ✗ At least one number

🔒 Confirm Password 🔒

**Update Password**

---

Figure 8: Change Password Screen

## 8 Acceptance Testing (User Flows)

### 8.1 Flow 1: Sign In Screen Navigation

**Objective:** Verify all redirection triggers on the Login Page.

Trigger / Button	Expected Action	Actual Behavior	Result
"Already have an account?"	Redirect to Sign In	Login Page appears	Valid
"Forgot Password?"	Redirect to Change Password	Recovery Page appears	Valid
Eye Icon (Password)	Toggle Visibility	Text shows/hides	Valid
"Don't have an account?"	Redirect to Sign Up	Sign Up Page appears	Valid
"Verify your email"	Pop-up Verification Box	Pop-up appears → Enter Email → OTP	Valid

### 8.2 Flow 2: App Navigation & Features

**Objective:** Verify main application navigation and feature toggles.

Component	Action	System Response	Result
Search Icon	Click & Type	Search bar opens, Output highlighted	Valid
SMS Icon (Bottom Nav)	Click	Redirect to SMS Inbox	Valid
Home Icon (Bottom Nav)	Click	Redirect to Dashboard	Valid
Email Icon (Bottom Nav)	Click	Redirect to Email Screen (with Scores)	Valid
Profile Icon (Bottom Nav)	Click	Redirect to Account Page	Valid
Settings Toggle	Enable "Auto-fetch SMS"	App fetches SMS in background	Valid
Manual Text Icon	Click	Opens Manual Analysis Pop-up	Valid

### 8.3 Flow 3: Account Management

**Objective:** Verify Profile and Session management.

Action	Expected Result	Actual Result	Status
Click Profile (Gmail Screen)	Show Linked Accounts	List displayed	Pass
Click "Add another account"	Prompt to add Gmail	Google Login prompt appears	Pass
Click "Change Password"	Redirect to Change Pass Flow	Change Password Screen appears	Pass

Click "Sign Out"	Log out user	Redirect to Sign In Page	<b>Pass</b>
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## 9 Conclusion

The comprehensive Black Box and Acceptance testing of the **Aegis Secure** application confirms that all major user flows are functioning correctly. The system successfully handles complex security workflows (OTP verification, Password Recovery) and navigation requirements. The Equivalence Class Partitioning (ECP) and Boundary Value Analysis (BVA) validated that the input fields for Sign Up, Login, Search, and Text Analysis are robust against invalid data.