

Image

Black & white \rightarrow 2D \rightarrow (,)

Coloured image \rightarrow 3D \rightarrow (, ,)

opencv

It is a library of python designed to solve computer vision problems.

\rightarrow Developed by Intel, 1999

\rightarrow released at 2000.

\rightarrow Supports most all programming languages.

\rightarrow In opencv all images are converted to Numpy arrays.

> ! pip install opencv-python

> import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

c_img = cv2.imread('cricket.jpg', 1) \rightarrow For coloured

g_img = cv2.imread('cricket.jpg', 0) \rightarrow For gray

Resizing image

~~• a~~ `resize_img = cv2.resize(c_img, c_img, (600, 600))`

`c_img = cv2.cvtColor(c_img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)`

`plt.imshow(c_img)`

✓
BGR to RGB

`gray_img = cv2.cvtColor(c_img, cv2.COLOR_RGB2GRAY)`

face cascade

`face_cascade = cv2.CascadeClassifier(cv2.data.`

`haarcascades + 'haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml')`

`faces = face_cascade.detectMultiScale(gray_img,
1.1, 4)`

`for x, y, w, h in faces:`

`img = cv2.rectangle(img, (x, y), (x+w, y+h),
(0, 255, 0), 2)`

`img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)`

import cv2, imshow

> cv2.imshow('img')