3/25/25, 10:58 PM ml LAB -07 - Colab

```
Name: pasala neelima
 RegNo: 24MDT1064
 Experiment: 05 & 06
 Task: confusion matrix & regression and k-means & db-scan.
 #binary classification import numpy as np from sklearn.metrics
 import confusion_matrix,classification_report import seaborn as
 sns import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
#class labels actual=np.array(['Dog','Dog','Not Dog','Not Dog','Not Dog','Not Dog','Dog','Not Dog','Dog','Not Dog','Not Dog','Dog','Not Dog','Not Dog','Dog','Not Dog','Not Dog','Dog','Not Dog','Not Dog
 #confusion matrix
 cm=confusion_matrix(actual,predicted)
 print(cm)
₹ [[7 0]
                      [0 3]]
 #heatmap of confusion matrix sns.heatmap(cm,annot=True, xticklabels=['Dog','Not Dog'] ,
 yticklabels=['Dog','Not Dog']) plt.gca().xaxis.set_label_position('top')
 plt.xlabel('prediciton',fontsize=13) plt.gca().xaxis.tick_top()
 plt.ylabel('actual',fontsize=13) plt.title('confusion matrix',fontsize=15,pad=20)
 plt.gca().figure.subplots_adjust(bottom=0.2) plt.show()
  ₹
                                                                                          confusion matrix
```

prediciton Dog Not Dog -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -1 -0

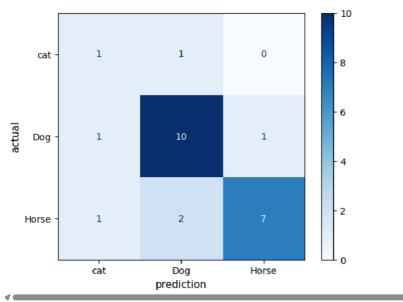
Start coding or generate with AI.

```
#classficiation report
precision
         recall f1-score
                        support
                          1.00
                                  1.00
          Dog
                  1.00
   Not Dog
              1.00
                      1.00
                                        3
       accuracy
                                  1.00
                                           10
   macro avg
                1.00
                        1.00
                               1.00
                                         10
   weighted avg
                  1.00
                          1.00
                                  1.00
```

```
#multiclass claassfication
import numpy as np
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,ConfusionMatrixDisplay,classification_report
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

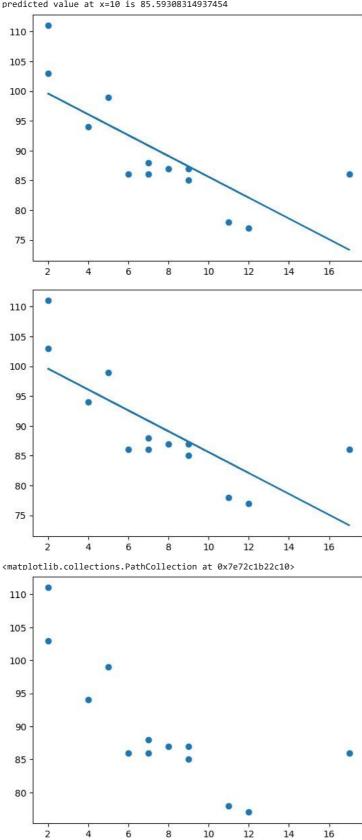
#actual lables y_true = ['cat']*10 + ['Dog']*12
+ ['Horse']*10 print(y_true)
```

```
🔁 ['cat', 'cat', 'cat', 'cat', 'cat', 'cat', 'cat', 'cat', 'cat', 'cat', 'Dog', 'Dog'
 #predicaTED TOOLS y_pred = ['Cat']*8 + ['Dog'] +
 ['cat']*2+['Dog']*10+['Horse']*8+['Dog']*2 print(y_pred)
   🖅 ['Cat', 'Cat', 'Cat', 'Cat', 'Cat', 'Cat', 'Cat', 'Cat', 'Dog', 'Dog'
#classes classes =
 ['cat','Dog','Horse']
 #generate the confusion matrix cm =
 confusion_matrix(y_true,y_pred,labels=classes)
 disp=ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm,display_labels=classes)
 disp.plot(cmap=plt.cm.Blues) plt.title('confusion
 matrix',fontsize=13,pad=20) plt.xlabel('prediction',fontsize=11)
 plt.ylabel('actual',fontsize=11)
   → Text(0, 0.5, 'actual')
                                                                                                                                                                                   confusion matrix
```



#linear regression import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import scipy.stats as stats x = [5,7,8,7,2,17,2,9,4,11,12,9,6] y =[99,86,87,88,111,86,103,87,94,78,77,85,86] slope , intercept , r , p , std_err = stats.linregress(x,y) def myfunc(x): return slope * x + intercept mymodel = list(map(myfunc,x)) print(mymodel) print('correlation coefficient:',r) yhat = myfunc(10) print('predicted value at x=10 is',yhat) plt.scatter(x,y) plt.plot(x, mymodel) plt.show() plt.scatter(x,y) plt.plot(x, mymodel) plt.show() plt.scatter(x,y)

[94.3495217071376, 90.84694628403238, 89.09565857247976, 90.84694628403238, 99.60338484179543, 73.33406916850626, 99.60338484179543, correlation coefficient: -0.758591524376155 predicted value at x=10 is 85.59308314937454

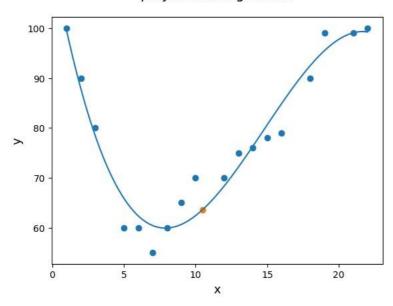


```
#polynomial regression import numpy import matplotlib.pyplot
as plt x = [1,2,3,5,6,7,8,9,10,12,13,14,15,16,18,19,21,22] y
= [100,90,80,60,60,55,60,65,70,70,75,76,78,79,90,99,99,100]
mymodel = numpy.poly1d(numpy.polyfit(x,y,3)) yhat =
mymodel(10.5) print('predicted value at x=10.5 is',yhat)
myline = numpy.linspace(1,22,100) plt.scatter(x,y)
plt.scatter(10.5,yhat)
plt.plot(myline, mymodel(myline)) plt.xlabel('x'
,fontsize=13) plt.ylabel('y',fontsize=13)
```

plt.title('polynomial regression',fontsize=15,pad=20)
plt.show()

⇒ predicted value at x=10.5 is 63.61798136290647

polynomial regression



Start coding or $\underline{\text{generate}}$ with AI.

```
Name: pasala neelima

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LO-U5+U6 LAB-8

import pandas as pd import numpy as np import
matplotlib.pyplot as plt from sklearn.cluster
import KMeans from sklearn.preprocessing import
StandardScaler

# Load the dataset df =
pd.read_csv('/content/driver-data.csv')

X = df[['mean_dist_day', 'mean_over_speed_perc']].values
# Standardize the data scaler =
StandardScaler() X_scaled =
scaler.fit_transform(X)
```

```
import pandas as pd import numpy as np import
matplotlib.pyplot as plt from sklearn.cluster
import DBSCAN from sklearn.preprocessing import
StandardScaler

# Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('/content/driver-data.csv')
X = df[['mean_dist_day', 'mean_over_speed_perc']].values

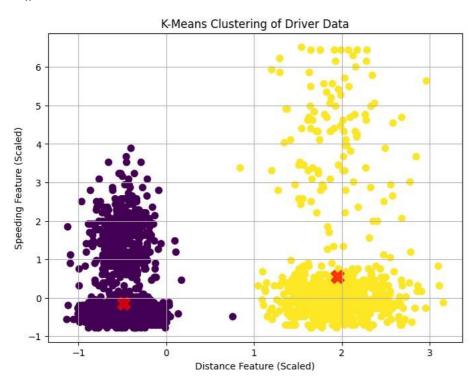
# Standardize the data
scaler = StandardScaler()
```

$\label{localize} $$ $ \begin{array}{ll} https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1nj_hZWG_TVqPSM93kElxZBHh4Ci2CoMz\#scrollTo=9PBoKxYHQrxg&printMode=true \\ \# & Apply & K-Means & EMeans(n_clusters=2, random_state=42) \\ \# & Assuming & clusters & y_kmeans & Emeans.fit_predict(X_scaled) \\ \end{array} $$$

```
# Plot the results plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6)) plt.scatter(X_scaled[:, 0],
X_scaled[:, 1], c=y_kmeans, s=50, cmap='viridis') centers =
kmeans.cluster_centers_ plt.scatter(centers[:, 0], centers[:, 1], c='red',
s=200, alpha=0.75, marker='X') plt.title('K-Means Clustering of Driver Data')
plt.xlabel('Distance Feature (Scaled)') plt.ylabel('Speeding Feature (Scaled)')
plt.grid()
```

plt.show()

₹



 $\label{eq:decomposition} \begin{tabular}{lll} \# & Apply & DBSCAN & dbscan = DBSCAN(eps=0.5, min_samples=5) & \# & Adjust & eps & and min_samples & as & needed & y_dbscan = & dbscan.fit_predict(X_scaled) \\ \end{tabular}$

Plot the results plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6)) plt.scatter(X_scaled[:, 0],
X_scaled[:, 1], c=y_dbscan, s=50, cmap='viridis') plt.title('DBSCAN
Clustering of Driver Data') plt.xlabel('Distance Feature (Scaled)')
plt.ylabel('Speeding Feature (Scaled)') plt.grid()
plt.show()



