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CERTIFICATE

This to certify that, **NeelKamal Bandgar**appearing **Master in Computer Application (Semester I) Application ID: 81113** has satisfactorily completed the prescribed Practical of **MCAL11- Data Structures Lab Using C/C++** as laid down by the University of Mumbai for the academic year **2023- 24**

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<u>Index</u>

Module No	Practical	Page No.	Sign.
I	1.Implement program for Bubble Sort.		
	2. Implement program for Insertion Sort.		
	3. Implement program for Selection Sort.		
II	1.Implement program for Linear Search.		
	2.Implement program for Binary Search.		
III	Implement program for Stack using array.		
IV	Implementation program for Queue.		
V	Implementation program for Linked List.		
VI	Creating Binary Search Tree.		
VII	Graph creation using adjacency matrix.		

Module: 1

1] Bubble Sort:

Aim: Implement program for Bubble Sort.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
int main()
int i, n, temp, j, arr[10];
printf("Enter the maximum elements you want to store : ");
scanf("%d", &n);
printf("Enter the elements \n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
scanf("%d", & arr[i]);
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
for(j=0;j< n-1;j++)
if(arr[j]>arr[j+1])
temp = arr[j];
arr[j] = arr[j+1];
arr[j+1] = temp;
printf("The array sorted in ascending order is :\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
printf("%d\t", arr[i]);
getch();
```

```
return 0;
```

2] Insertion Sort:

Aim: Implement program for Insertion Sort.

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<conio.h>

void main ()
{

int i, j, k,temp;

int a[10] = { 10, 9, 7, 101, 23, 44, 12, 78, 34, 23};

printf("\nprinting sorted elements...\n");

for(k=1; k<10; k++)
{

temp = a[k];

j= k-1;

while(j>=0 && temp <= a[j])
{

a[j+1] = a[j];

j = j-1;
}

a[j+1] = temp;
```

```
}
for(i=0;i<10;i++)
{
printf("\n%d\n",a[i]);
}
getch();
}</pre>
```

```
© C\TurboC++\DiskTurboC3\BiN\text{text}

printing sorted elements...

7

9

10

12

23

23

34

44

78

101
```

3] Selection Sort:

Aim: Implement program for Selection Sort.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
int smallest(int[],int,int);
void main ()
{
int a[10] = {10, 9, 7, 101, 23, 44, 12, 78, 34, 23};
int i,j,k,pos,temp;
for(i=0;i<10;i++)
```

```
pos = smallest(a, 10, i);
temp = a[i];
a[i]=a[pos];
a[pos] = temp;
printf("\nprinting sorted elements...\n");
for(i=0;i<10;i++)
printf("%d\n",a[i]);
int smallest(int a[], int n, int i)
int small,pos,j;
small = a[i];
pos = i;
 for(j=i+1;j<10;j++)
 if(a[j]{<}small)
 small = a[j];
 pos=j;
 getch();
 return pos;
```

```
printing sorted elements...

7

9

10

12

23

23

34

44

78

101

Process exited after 11.19 seconds with return value 4

Press any key to continue . . .
```

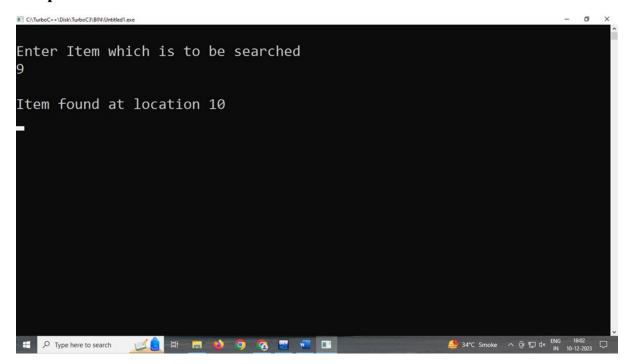
Module: - II

1] Linear Search:

Aim: Implement program for Linear Search.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main ()
{
int a[10] = \{10, 23, 40, 1, 2, 0, 14, 13, 50, 9\};
int item, i, flag;
printf("\nEnter Item which is to be searched\n");
scanf("%d",&item);
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++)
{
if(a[i] == item)
flag = i+1;
break;
else
flag = 0;
if(flag != 0)
printf("\nItem found at location %d\n",flag);
else
```

```
{
printf("\nItem not found\n");
}
getch();
}
```



2] Binary Search:

Aim: Implement program for Binary Search.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
int first, last, middle, size, i, key, list[100];
printf("Enter the size of the list: ");
scanf("%d",& size);
```

```
printf("Enter %d integer values in Ascending order\n", size);
for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
scanf("%d",&list[i]);
}
printf("Enter value to be search: ");
scanf("%d", &key);
first = 0;
last = size - 1;
middle = (first+last)/2;
while (first <= last)
if (list[middle] <key)</pre>
first = middle + 1;
else if (list[middle] == key)
printf("Element found at index %d.\n",middle);
break;
else
last = middle - 1;
middle = (first + last)/2;
}
```

```
if (first > last)
{
printf("Element Not found in the list.");
}
getch();
}
```

Module: - III

1] Stack using array:

Aim: Implement program for Stack using array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int stack[100],i,j,choice=0,n,top=-1;
void push();
void pop();
void show();
main()
printf("Enter the number of elements in the stack ");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("***Stack operations using array***");
printf("\n----\n");
while(choice != 4)
printf("Chose one from the below options...\n");
printf("\n1.Push\n2.Pop\n3.Show\n4.Exit");
printf("\n Enter your choice \n");
scanf("%d",&choice);
switch(choice)
{
case 1:
push();
break;
```

```
case 2:
pop();
break;
case 3:
{
show();
break;
case 4:
printf("Exiting....");
break;
default:
printf("Please Enter valid choice ");
void push ()
int val;
if (top == n)
```

```
printf("\n Overflow");
else
printf("Enter the value?");
scanf("%d",&val);
top = top +1;
stack[top] = val;
void pop ()
if(top == -1)
printf("Underflow");
else
top = top -1;
void show()
for (i=top;i>=0;i--)
printf("%d\n",stack[i]);
 }
if(top == -1)
printf("Stack is empty");
```

C:\TurboC++\Disk\TurboC3\BIN\Stack Using array.exe

```
Enter the number of elements in the stack 2
***Stack operations using array***
Chose one from the below options...
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Show
4.Exit
Enter your choice
Enter the value?12
Chose one from the below options...
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Show
4.Exit
Enter your choice
Enter the value?25
Chose one from the below options...
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Show
4.Exit
Enter your choice
Chose one from the below options...
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Show
4.Exit
Enter your choice
12
Chose one from the below options...
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Show
4.Exit
```

Module: - IV

1] Queue Array

Aim: Implementation of the queue array.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define MAX 50
int queue array[MAX];
int rear = -1;
int front = -1;
insert()
int add item;
if(rear==MAX-1)
printf("Queue Overflow\n");
else
if(front == -1)
front=0;
printf("Insert the element in queue:");
scanf("%d",&add item);
rear = rear + 1;
queue_array[rear]=add_item;
return 1;
```

```
deleteq()
if(front == -1 || front>rear)
printf("Queue Underflow\n");
return 1;
}
else
printf("Element deleted from queue is:\t");
printf("%d", queue_array[front]);
front=front+1;
return 1;
}
display()
int i;
if(front == -1 || front>rear)
printf("Queue is empty\n");
else
printf("Queue is : \n");
for(i=front;i<=rear;i++)
printf("%d",queue array[i]);
```

```
printf("\n");
return 1;
main(){
int ch;
//clrscr();
while(1){
printf("\n1. Insert\n");
printf("2. Delete\n");
printf("3. Display\n");
printf("4. Exit\n");
printf("Enter your choice:");
scanf("%d",&ch);
switch(ch)
case 1: insert();
break;
case 2: deleteq();
break;
case 3: display();
break;
case 4: exit(0);
break;
default: printf("\n Wrong choice\n");
}
```

}

Output:

C:\TurboC++\Disk\TurboC3\BIN\Odinary Queue.exe

```
1. Insert
Delete
Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Insert the element in queue:3

    Insert

Delete
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Insert the element in queue:5

    Insert

Delete
Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Insert the element in queue:2
1. Insert
Delete
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice:3
Queue is :
352

    Insert
    Delete

3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice:
```

Module: - V

1] Singly Linked List

Aim: Implementation of the Singly Linked List.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node
int data;
struct node *next;
};
struct node* create(int n);
void display(struct node* head);
main()
int n=0;
// clrscr();
struct node* head=NULL;
printf("Enter the how many nodes");
scanf("%d",&n);
head=create(n);
display(head);
getch();
struct node* create(int n)
```

```
int i=0;
struct node* head=NULL;
struct node* temp=NULL;
struct node* p=NULL;
printf("\nEnter the element of the linklist");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
temp=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node*));
scanf("%d",&temp->data);
temp->next=NULL;
if(head==NULL)
head=temp;
}
else
p=head;
while(p->next!=NULL)
p=p->next;
p->next=temp;
return head;
void display(struct node*head)
printf("linked list is ");
```

```
struct node* p=head;
while(p!=NULL)
{
printf(" %d",p->data);
printf("->");
p=p->next;
}
printf("NULL");
}
```

■ C:\TurboC++\Disk\TurboC3\BIN\Single Linkedlist.exe

Module: - VI

1] Binary search tree

<u>Aim:</u> Creating Binary search tree.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
using namespace std;
void insert(int);
struct node
int data;
struct node *left;
struct node *right;
};
struct node *root;
int main ()
int choice, item;
do
cout << "\nEnter the item which you want to insert?\n";
cin>>item;
insert(item);
cout << "\n Press 0 to insert more? \n";
cin>>choice;
```

```
}while(choice == 0);
return 0;
void insert(int item)
struct node *ptr, *parentptr , *nodeptr;
ptr = (struct node *) malloc(sizeof (struct node));
if(ptr == NULL)
cout<<"cannot insert";</pre>
}
else
ptr \rightarrow data = item;
ptr -> left = NULL;
ptr -> right = NULL;
if(root == NULL)
root = ptr;
root -> left = NULL;
root -> right = NULL;
}
else
parentptr = NULL;
nodeptr = root;
while(nodeptr != NULL)
```

```
parentptr = nodeptr;
if(item < nodeptr->data)
nodeptr = nodeptr -> left;
else
nodeptr = nodeptr -> right;
if(item < parentptr -> data)
parentptr -> left = ptr;
}
else
parentptr -> right = ptr;
cout<<"Node Inserted";</pre>
```

Enter the item which you want to insert?

12
Node Inserted
Press 0 to insert more?

0
Enter the item which you want to insert?

78
Node Inserted
Press 0 to insert more?

0
Enter the item which you want to insert?

78
Node Inserted
Press 0 to insert more?

9
Enter the item which you want to insert?

98
Node Inserted
Press 0 to insert more?

Module: -VII

1] Adjacency matrix of graph:

Aim: Graph Creation using Adjacency matrix.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int vertArr[20][20];//the adjacency matrix intially 0
int count = 0;
void displayMatrix(int v){
int i,j;
for(i=0;i< v;i++)
for(j=0;j< v;j++){
cout<<vertArr[i][j]<<" ";
}
cout << endl;
void add edge(int u, int v){ //function to add edge into the matrix
vertArr[u][v] = 1;
vertArr[v][u] = 1;
}
int main(){
int v = 5; // There are 6 vertices in the graph
add edge(0,1);
add edge(0,2);
add edge(0,4);
add edge(1,3);
```

```
add_edge(3,2);
add_edge(2,4);
displayMatrix(v);
return(0);
}
```