ER_Diagram for Case Study_1 using Mysql Workbench

1. Users Table

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CaseStudy ErDiagram
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                                         Limit to 1000 rows
         Create database CaseStudy;
        use CaseStudy;
         -- User Table
  4 ● ⊖ CREATE TABLE Users (
             user id INT PRIMARY KEY,
             username VARCHAR(50),
             password VARCHAR(100),
             email VARCHAR(100),
             phone VARCHAR(15)
 10
        );
         INSERT INTO Users (user_id, username, password, email, phone)
 11 •
        VALUES (1, 'user1', 'password123', 'user1@example.com', '+1234567890'),
 12
                (2, 'user2', 'securepass', 'user2@example.com', '+2345678901');
 13
         INSERT INTO Users (user_id, username, password, email, phone)
 14 •
        VALUES (3, 'user3', 'pass123', 'user3@example.com', '+5678901234'),
 15
                (4, 'admin', 'adminpass', 'admin@example.com', '+6789012345');
        select* from Users:
 17 •
```

	user_id username		password	email	phone		
•	1 user1		password123	user1@example.com	+1234567890		
	2	user2	securepass	user2@example.com	+2345678901		
	3	user3	pass 123	user3@example.com	+5678901234		
	4	admin	adminpass	admin@example.com	+6789012345		
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL		

2. Passengers Table

```
-- Passengers Table
19
20 • ⊖ CREATE TABLE Passengers (
           passenger_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
           first_name VARCHAR(50),
22
           last_name VARCHAR(50),
23
           email VARCHAR(100),
24
25
           phone VARCHAR(15)
26
       );
       INSERT INTO Passengers (passenger_id, first_name, last_name, email, phone)
27 •
       VALUES (1, 'John', 'Doe', 'john.doe@example.com', '+3456789012'),
28
              (2, 'Alice', 'Johnson', 'alice@example.com', '+4567890123');
29
       INSERT INTO Passengers (passenger_id, first_name, last_name, email, phone)
30 •
       VALUES (3, 'Emma', 'Smith', 'emma@example.com', '+7890123456'),
31
              (4, 'Michael', 'Johnson', 'michael@example.com', '+8901234567');
32
33 •
       select * from Passengers;
```

	passenger_id	first_name	last_name	email	phone
•	1	John	Doe	john.doe@example.com	+3456789012
	2	Alice	Johnson	alice@example.com	+4567890123
	3	Emma	Smith	emma@example.com	+7890123456
	4	Michael	Johnson	michael@example.com	+8901234567
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

3. Trains Table

```
-- Trains Table
36  \bigcirc  CREATE TABLE Trains (
         train id INT PRIMARY KEY,
37
38
           train_name VARCHAR(50),
39
           departure_station VARCHAR(50),
40
           arrival_station VARCHAR(50),
           departure_time TIME,
41
           arrival_time TIME
42
43
44 •
       INSERT INTO Trains (train_id, train_name, departure_station, arrival_station, departure_time, arrival_time)
       VALUES (101, 'Express 101', 'Station A', 'Station B', '08:00:00', '10:00:00'),
45
             (102, 'Swift Travel', 'Station C', 'Station D', '09:30:00', '12:00:00');
46
47 •
       INSERT INTO Trains (train_id, train_name, departure_station, arrival_station, departure_time, arrival_time)
48
       VALUES (103, 'Rapid Express', 'Station E', 'Station F', '11:00:00', '13:00:00'),
             (104, 'Swift Voyager', 'Station G', 'Station H', '14:30:00', '16:30:00');
49
50 •
      select * from Trains;
```

	train_id	train_name	departure_station	arrival_station	departure_time	arrival_time
•	101	Express 101	Station A	Station B	08:00:00	10:00:00
	102	Swift Travel	Station C	Station D	09:30:00	12:00:00
	103	Rapid Express	Station E	Station F	11:00:00	13:00:00
	104	Swift Voyager	Station G	Station H	14:30:00	16:30:00
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

4. Reservations Table

```
-- Reservations Table
53 • \ominus CREATE TABLE Reservations (
          reservation_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
54
          user_id INT,
55
56
         train id INT,
57
         passenger_id INT,
          seat_number VARCHAR(10),
58
          status VARCHAR(20),
59
         check_in_date DATE,
         check_out_date DATE,
         FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES Users(user_id),
         FOREIGN KEY (train_id) REFERENCES Trains(train_id),
         FOREIGN KEY (passenger_id) REFERENCES Passengers(passenger_id)
65
66 • INSERT INTO Reservations (reservation_id, user_id, train_id, passenger_id, seat_number, status, check_in_date, check_out_date)
      VALUES (1, 1, 101, 1, 'A23', 'Confirmed', '2023-11-01', '2023-11-03'),
67
             (2, 2, 102, 2, 'B15', 'Confirmed', '2023-11-02', '2023-11-04');
69 • INSERT INTO Reservations (reservation_id, user_id, train_id, passenger_id, seat_number, status, check_in_date, check_out_date)
      VALUES (3, 3, 103, 3, 'C12', 'Confirmed', '2023-11-05', '2023-11-07'),
             (4, 4, 104, 4, 'D07', 'Pending', '2023-11-06', '2023-11-08');
71
72 • select * from Reservations;
```

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	reservation_id	user_id	train_id	passenger_id	seat_number	status	check_in_date	check_out_date
•	1	1	101	1	A23	Confirmed	2023-11-01	2023-11-03
	2	2	102	2	B15	Confirmed	2023-11-02	2023-11-04
	3	3	103	3	C12	Confirmed	2023-11-05	2023-11-07
	4	4	104	4	D07	Pending	2023-11-06	2023-11-08
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

5. Payments Table

```
-- Payments Table
75 ● ⊖ CREATE TABLE Payments (
          payment_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
          reservation id INT,
77
          payment_amount DECIMAL(10,2),
78
79
          payment_status VARCHAR(20),
80
           payment_method VARCHAR(50),
81
           transaction_date DATETIME,
           FOREIGN KEY (reservation_id) REFERENCES Reservations(reservation_id)
82
83
84 • INSERT INTO Payments (payment_id, reservation_id, payment_amount, payment_status, payment_method, transaction_date)
       VALUES (1, 1, 100.00, 'Paid', 'Credit Card', '2023-11-01 10:30:00'),
85
             (2, 2, 120.50, 'Paid', 'PayPal', '2023-11-02 11:45:00');
      INSERT INTO Payments (payment_id, reservation_id, payment_amount, payment_status, payment_method, transaction_date)
       VALUES (3, 3, 85.75, 'Paid', 'Credit Card', '2023-11-05 12:15:00'),
88
            (4, 4, 92.20, 'Pending', 'PayPal', '2023-11-06 14:30:00');
89
90 • select * from Payments;
```

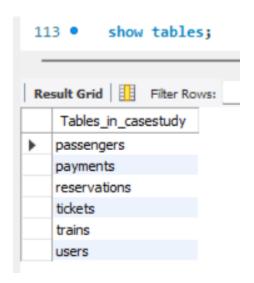
	payment_id	reservation_id	payment_amount	payment_status	payment_method	transaction_date
•	1	1	100.00	Paid	Credit Card	2023-11-01 10:30:00
	2	2	120.50	Paid	PayPal	2023-11-02 11:45:00
	3	3	85.75	Paid	Credit Card	2023-11-05 12:15:00
	4	4	92.20	Pending	PayPal	2023-11-06 14:30:00
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

6. Tickets Table

```
-- Tickets Table
lackbox{ } \ominus CREATE TABLE Tickets (
       ticket_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
       reservation_id INT,
       seat_number VARCHAR(10),
       ticket_status VARCHAR(20),
       departure_date DATE,
       departure_time TIME,
       arrival_date DATE,
       arrival_time TIME,
       boarding_gate VARCHAR(10),
       FOREIGN KEY (reservation_id) REFERENCES Reservations(reservation_id)
  INSERT INTO Tickets (ticket_id, reservation_id, seat_number, ticket_status, departure_date, departure_time, arrival_date, arrival_time, boarding_gate)
   VALUES (1, 1, 'A23', 'Confirmed', '2023-11-01', '08:00:00', '2023-11-03', '10:00:00', 'Gate A'),
          (2, 2, 'B15', 'Confirmed', '2023-11-02', '09:30:00', '2023-11-04', '12:00:00', 'Gate B');
  INSERT INTO Tickets (ticket_id, reservation_id, seat_number, ticket_status, departure_date, departure_time, arrival_date, arrival_time, boarding_gate)
   VALUES (3, 3, 'C12', 'Confirmed', '2023-11-05', '11:00:00', '2023-11-07', '13:00:00', 'Gate C'),
          (4, 4, 'D07', 'Pending', '2023-11-06', '14:30:00', '2023-11-08', '16:30:00', 'Gate D');
select * from Tickets;
```

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	ticket_id	reservation_id	seat_number	ticket_status	departure_date	departure_time	arrival_date	arrival_time	boarding_gate
•	1	1	A23	Confirmed	2023-11-01	08:00:00	2023-11-03	10:00:00	Gate A
	2	2	B15	Confirmed	2023-11-02	09:30:00	2023-11-04	12:00:00	Gate B
	3	3	C12	Confirmed	2023-11-05	11:00:00	2023-11-07	13:00:00	Gate C
	4	4	D07	Pending	2023-11-06	14:30:00	2023-11-08	16:30:00	Gate D
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

All tables in the database:



ER Diagram using MySql WorkBench

