Customer Segmentation Report

Number of Clusters Formed:

The optimal number of clusters was determined based on multiple clustering evaluation metrics. Using the Davies-Bouldin (DB) Index and Silhouette Index (SI), the best number of clusters was found to be 2. This configuration provided the most distinct and well-separated clusters while minimizing the DB index value.

DB Index Value:

The DB Index measures the average similarity ratio of each cluster to its most similar cluster. A lower DB Index indicates better-defined and distinct clusters.

• The optimal number of clusters, K=2, resulted in a DB Index value of 0.7327.

Clustering Metrics:

- Davies-Bouldin Index (DB Index):
 - o For K=2: 0.7327
 - o For K=3: 0.7636
 - o For K=4: 0.8152
 - For K=5: 0.8449
 - o For K=6: 0.8547
 - o For K=7: 0.8094
 - o For K=8: 0.8659
- As seen from the DB Index values, the value starts to stabilize at K=2, indicating that this is the optimal number of clusters with the lowest DB Index.
- Silhouette Index (SI):
 - o For K=2: 0.4859
 - For K=3: 0.4323
 - o For K=4: 0.3744
 - o For K=5: 0.3847
 - o For K=6: 0.3937
 - o For K=7: 0.3879
 - o For K=8: 0.3738
- The Silhouette Index (SI) for K=2 is the highest among all values, indicating that the clusters are relatively well-separated.

Visual Representation of Clusters:

The clusters were visualized using Principal Component Analysis (PCA) to reduce dimensionality, allowing us to plot the clusters in a 2D space. The visual representation

clearly shows the separation of the clusters, where each cluster represents a group of customers with similar profiles and transaction behaviors.

Conclusion:

The optimal number of clusters for customer segmentation is 2, based on the clustering metrics and visual separation. The Davies-Bouldin Index (DBI) and Silhouette Index (SI) both suggest that K=2 provides the most meaningful and distinct separation. These clusters can help in tailoring marketing strategies, personalized product recommendations, and targeted customer engagement initiatives.