

Q.1) Store 2 string in an array eg. ["Car", "Truck"]

Write a statement having words Car and Truck. Count occurrence of Car and Truck in given paragraph.

Eg. Input

I have 2 Car one is Baleno Car and other is Farari Car but Truck is used for transportation.

Car occurred 3 time Truck Occurred 1 time

```
package logic;
```

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
public class WordArrayCount {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        String[] words = { "Car", "Truck" };
```

```
        System.out.println("Enter a paragraph: ");
```

```
        String para = sc.nextLine();
```

```
        String lowerpara = para.toLowerCase();
```

```
        for (String word : words) {
```

```
            String lowerword = word.toLowerCase();
```

```
            int count = 0;
```

```
            int index = 0;
```

```
            while ((index = lowerpara.indexOf(lowerword, index)) != -1) {
```

```
                count++;
```

```
index += lowerword.length();

}

System.out.println(word + " occurred " + count + " times");

}

sc.close();

}

}
```

Q.2) Accept a sentence , accept a word and count occurrence of that word.

Input: Wel come to CDAC it offers DAC in All CDAC centre.

Input DAC

O/P DAC occurred 3 time

```
package logic;

import java.util.*;

public class WordOccurrence {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.println("Enter a sentence: ");

        String str1 = sc.nextLine();

        System.out.println("To search: ");

        String str2 = sc.nextLine();
```

```
str1 = str1.toLowerCase();
str2 = str2.toLowerCase();

int count = 0;
int index = 0;

while((index = str1.indexOf(str2, index)) != -1) {
    count++;
    index = index + str2.length();
}

System.out.println(str2 + " occurred: " + count);
sc.close();
}
```

Q.3) Accept a name from user and check if it is palindrome or not

```
package logic;

import java.util.*;

public class PalindromeString {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a word: ");
        String word = sc.next();
```

```

int flag = 0;

char[] ch = word.toCharArray();

int len = word.length();

int h = len / 2;

for (int i = 0; i < h; i++) {

if (ch[i] != ch[len - 1 - i]) {

flag = 1;

break;

}

}

if (flag == 1)

System.out.println("Not a palindrome");

else

System.out.println("Is a palindrome");

sc.close();

}

}

```

Q.4) Accept a sentence from user and count total number of words.

```

package logic;

import java.util.*;

public class TotalWords {

public static int count(String a) {

```

```
if (a == null || a.isEmpty()) {  
    System.out.println("Word is empty");  
}  
  
int wordcount = 0;  
boolean isword = false;  
int endofline = a.length() - 1;  
char[] chars = a.toCharArray();  
  
for (int i = 0; i < a.length(); i++) {  
    if (Character.isLetter(chars[i]) && i != endofline) {  
        isword = true;  
        //wordcount++;  
    }  
  
    else if (Character.isLetter(chars[i]) && isword) {  
        wordcount++;  
        isword = false;  
    }  
  
    else if (Character.isLetter(chars[i]) && i == endofline) {  
        wordcount++;  
    }  
}  
return wordcount;  
}  
  
public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.println("Enter a sentence: ");

String a = sc.nextLine();

int total = count(a);

System.out.println("Total count: " + total);

sc.close();

}

}
```