

Write a function that reverses a string. The input string is given as an array of characters s.

In [12]:

```
1 def reverse(s):
2     n=len(s)
3     j=n-1
4     i=0
5     while(i<=j):
6         temp=s[i]
7         s[i]=s[j]
8         s[j]=temp
9         i+=1
10        j-=1
11    print("Output:",s)
12
13
14 s = ["h","e","l","l","o"]
15 print("Input:",s);
16 reverse(s)
17
18
19 """Expected Time Complexity : O(n)
20 Expected Space Complexity : O(1)"""
21
```

Input: ['h', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o']

Output: ['o', 'l', 'l', 'e', 'h']

Out[12]:

'Expected Time Complexity : O(n) \nExpected Space Complexity : O(1)'

Return the index of the first occurrence of needle in haystack, or -1 if needle is not part of haystack.

In [39]:

```
1 def occurrence(haystack,needle):
2     for i in range(len(needle)-1):
3         for j in range(len(haystack)):
4             if(needle[i]==haystack[j] and needle[i+1]==haystack[j+1]):
5                 flag=1;
6
7                 break;
8     return flag
9
10 haystack = "hello"
11 needle = "ll"
12 flag=0
13 flag=occurrence(haystack,needle)
14
15 if(flag==1):
16     print("Output",j)
17 else:print("output",-1);
18
19 '''Expected Time Complexity : O(n2)
20 Expected Space Complexity : O(1)
21 '''
22
```

Output 2

Out[39]:

```
'Expected Time Complexity : O(n2) \nExpected Space Complexity : O(1) \n'
```

Given an array of string words. Return all strings in words which are substrings of another word in any order.

In [4]:

```
1 def substring(string, substr):
2     sublen=len(substr)
3     for i in range(len(string)-sublen):
4         k=i
5         for j in range(sublen):
6             if(string[k]!=substr[j]):
7                 break;
8             k+=1
9         if(j==sublen-1):
10            return i;
11    return -1
12
13
14 words = ["mass", "as", "hero", "superhero"]
15 for i in range(len(words)):
16     for j in range(i, len(words)):
17         print(substring(string[i], substr[j]))
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
```

```
-1
-1
-1
-1
-1
-1
-1
-1
-1
-1
-1
```

Given a string s and an integer k, reverse the first k characters for every 2k characters counting from the start of the string.

In [56]:

```
1 def reverse(s,k):
2     i=0
3     n=len(s)
4     while(i<k and k<n):
5         temp=s[i]
6         s[i]=s[i+1]
7         s[i+1]=temp
8         k=k+2
9         i=k
10        k=k+2
11    return s
12
13 s ="abcdefg"
14 print("Input:",s)
15 reverseStr=""
16 s=list(s)
17 k = 2
18 reverseCh=reverse(s,k)
19 for i in range(len(reversech)):
20     reverseStr=reverseStr+reverseCh[i]
21 print("Output:",reverseStr)
22
```

Input abcdefg

Output bacdfeg

In []:

1