

<b>CS352</b>	<b>COMPUTER NETWORKS</b>	<b>PCC</b>	<b>4 – 0 – 0</b>	<b>4 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** CS302: Operating Systems

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand OSI and TCP/IP models
CO2	Analyze MAC layer protocols and LAN technologies
CO3	Design applications using internet protocols
CO4	Implement routing and congestion control algorithms
CO5	Develop application layer protocols

**Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes**

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	<b>PO1</b>	<b>PO2</b>	<b>PO3</b>	<b>PO4</b>	<b>PO5</b>	<b>PO6</b>	<b>PO7</b>	<b>PO8</b>	<b>PO9</b>
CO1		2	2						2
CO2		2							2
CO3	2	2	2	2		2			2
CO4	2	2		2					2
CO5	3	3	3	3					2

**Detailed syllabus:**

Introduction – network architecture - protocol implementation issues - Quantitative performance metrics - network design. Reference models- The OSI Reference Model- The TCP/IP Reference Model - A Comparison of the OSI and TCP/IP Reference Models-

Low –level network technologies-Ethernet to token ring to wireless-Issues with data link protocols-Encoding framing and error detection and correction-sliding window protocol-Medium access control sub layer-Basic models of switched networks-Datagrams versus virtual circuits-Switching technologies-Switched Ethernet and ATM- The design of hardware based switches

Network layer – network layer design issues-Routing algorithms-Congestion control algorithms-Internetworking- The network layer in the internet-Internet Protocol (IP).- Unicast, multicast, and inter domain routing

Transport layer-Elements of transport protocol-Congestion control – Performance issues-The Internet's Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)- Remote Procedure Call (RPC)- – Implementation semantics of RPC -client-server applications- The Real-time Transport Protocol(RTP) - Multimedia applications- Congestion control and resource allocation.- congestion control in TCP–UDP –Quality of service in IP.

Application layer-Domain name server-World wide web-Hyper text transfer protocol-Presentation formatting and data compression- Network security- cryptographic tools- the problems of key distribution – General authentication techniques - Pretty Good Privacy (PGP)- Secure Shell (SSH),- IP Security architecture(IPSEC).-Firewalls .

Network applications and the protocols- File transfer protocol - email and the Web, multimedia applications such as IP telephony and video streaming- Overlay networks like peer-to-peer file sharing and content distribution networks- Web Services architectures for developing new application protocols.

**Reading:**

1. Larry L Peterson, Bruce S Davis, *Computer Networks*, 5th Edition, Elsevier, 2012.
2. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, David J Wetherall, *Computer Networks*, 5th Edition, Pearson Edu, 2010.