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Information Retrieval Practical 6

Aim: Implement Page Rank Algorithm (Python / Java)

Write-ups:

Page Rank (PR) is an algorithm used by Google Search to rank websites in their search engine results. Page Rank algorithm outputs a probability distribution used to represent the likelihood that a person randomly clicking on links will arrive at any particular page.

$$PR(A) = (1-d) + d \left(\frac{PR(C_1)}{C(C_1)} + \dots + \frac{PR(I_n)}{C(I_n)} \right)$$

```
def pagerank(G, alpha=0.85, personalization=None,
             max_iter=100, tol=1.0e-6, nstart=None, weight='weight',
             dangling=None):
    """Return the PageRank of the nodes in the graph.

    PageRank computes a ranking of the nodes in the graph G based on
    the structure of the incoming links. It was originally designed as
    an algorithm to rank web pages.

    Parameters
    -----
    G : graph
        A NetworkX graph. Undirected graphs will be converted to a directed
        graph with two directed edges for each undirected edge.

    alpha : float, optional
        Damping parameter for PageRank, default=0.85.

    personalization: dict, optional
        The "personalization vector" consisting of a dictionary with a
        key for every graph node and nonzero personalization value for each node.
        By default, a uniform distribution is used.

    max_iter : integer, optional
        Maximum number of iterations in power method eigenvalue solver.

    tol : float, optional
        Error tolerance used to check convergence in power method solver.

    nstart : dictionary, optional
        Starting value of PageRank iteration for each node.
```

```
if len(G) == 0:
    return {}

if not G.is_directed():
    D = G.to_directed()
else:
    D = G

# Create a copy in (right) stochastic form
W = nx.stochastic_graph(D, weight=weight)
N = W.number_of_nodes()

# Choose fixed starting vector if not given
if nstart is None:
    x = dict.fromkeys(W, 1.0 / N)
else:
    # Normalized nstart vector
    s = float(sum(nstart.values()))
    x = dict((k, v / s) for k, v in nstart.items())

if personalization is None:
    # Assign uniform personalization vector if not given
    p = dict.fromkeys(W, 1.0 / N)
else:
    missing = set(G) - set(personalization)
    if missing:
        raise NetworkXError('Personalization dictionary '
                              'must have a value for every node. '
                              'Missing nodes %s' % missing)
    s = float(sum(personalization.values()))
```

```

# use personalization vector if dangling vector not specified
dangling_weights = p
else:
    missing = set(G) - set(dangling)
    if missing:
        raise NetworkXError('Dangling node dictionary '
                              'must have a value for every node. '
                              'Missing nodes %s' % missing)
    s = float(sum(dangling.values()))
    dangling_weights = dict((k, v/s) for k, v in dangling.items())
dangling_nodes = [n for n in W if W.out_degree(n, weight=weight) == 0.0]

# power iteration: make up to max_iter iterations
for _ in range(max_iter):
    xlast = x
    x = dict.fromkeys(xlast.keys(), 0)
    danglesum = alpha * sum(xlast[n] for n in dangling_nodes)
    for n in x:
        # this matrix multiply looks odd because it is
        # doing a left multiply  $x^T = xlast^T W$ 
        for nbr in W[n]:
            x[nbr] += alpha * xlast[n] * W[n][nbr][weight]
        x[n] += danglesum * dangling_weights[n] + (1.0 - alpha) * p[n]

    # check convergence, l1 norm
    err = sum([abs(x[n] - xlast[n]) for n in x])
    if err < N*tol:
        return x
raise NetworkXError('pagerank: power iteration failed to converge '
                    'in %d iterations.' % max_iter)

```



```
IDLE Shell 3.9.6
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.9.6 (tags/v3.9.6:db3ff76, Jun 28 2021, 15:26:21) [MSC v.1929 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
= RESTART: E:/fffiiles/college pracs and projects/IR/Information Retrieval Pratical-6.py
>>> import networkx as nx
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<pyshell#0>", line 1, in <module>
    import networkx as nx
ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'networkx'
>>> import networkx as nx
>>> G=nx.barabasi_albert_graph(60,41)
>>> pr=nx.pagerank(G,0.4)
>>> pr
{0: 0.028610501946263196, 1: 0.012574206003328516, 2: 0.013370792636413435, 3: 0.012963666308028966, 4: 0.01235994624
0072382, 5: 0.012559376632008425, 6: 0.012160840687233505, 7: 0.012351489727922084, 8: 0.012562114554829269, 9: 0.013
168406815135538, 10: 0.013167273569798521, 11: 0.013168356756333561, 12: 0.013365425394756042, 13: 0.0133640582719143
85, 14: 0.013376110987936727, 15: 0.01278761253233485, 16: 0.012765290681910214, 17: 0.012355389581602, 18: 0.0129684
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.0246327801881877, 51: 0.024326830296622224, 52: 0.023761255398667643, 53: 0.023467105828842753, 54: 0.02294268628430
6388, 55: 0.022578554583372937, 56: 0.0231962108568846, 57: 0.021693047216502538, 58: 0.021730489375088518, 59: 0.021
408590645172476}
>>>
```