

# CRACK DETECTION OF BUILDINGS AND TOWERS

**Team Code : B22PJ03**

**UNDER THE MENTORSHIP AND GUIDANCE OF  
DR. PIYUSH JOSHI**

## MOTIVATION

Manual visual inspection is inefficient, both in terms of price and consistency, as required by the individual decision of the inspectors. Small cracks that look insignificant can also develop and can eventually lead to serious structural failure. It is therefore important to consider the varieties of cracks, crack patterns and hence their causes, as well as the preventive steps to be taken to manage cracks. This project will be helpful to detect cracks in many buildings, structures, bridges and etc and provide a scope for the engineers to repair the cracks.

# CLAHE (CONTRAST RELATED ADAPTIVE HISTOGRAM EQUALISATION)

**CLAHE** is a variant of **Adaptive histogram equalization (AHE)** which takes care of over-amplification of the contrast.



ORIGINAL IMAGE

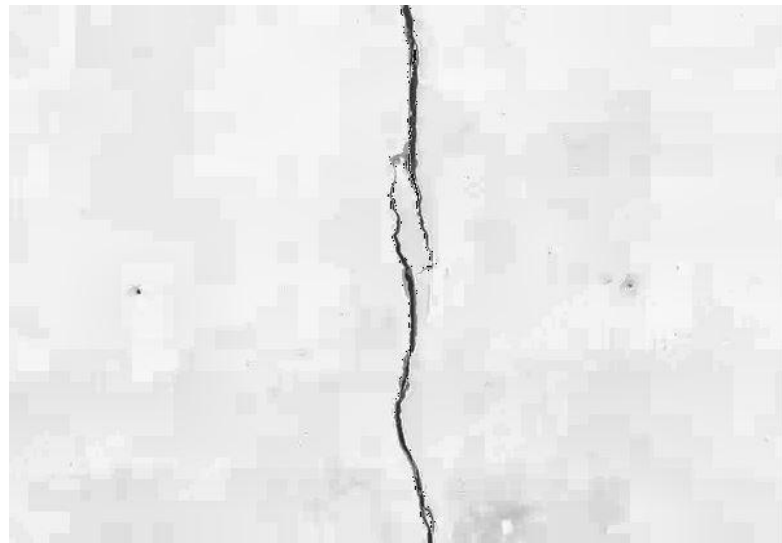
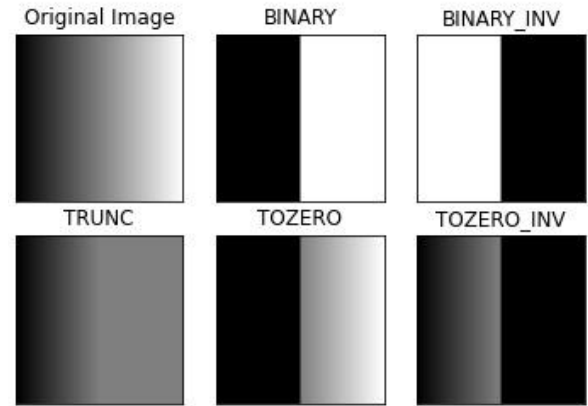


IMAGE AFTER APPLYING  
CLAHE

# THRESHOLDING



Original Image



THRESH_BINARY	THRESH_BINARY_INV	THRESH_TRUNC	THRESH_TOZERO	THRESH_TOZERO_INV
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# OTSU THRESHOLDING METHOD

Otsu returns a single intensity threshold that separate pixels into two classes, foreground and background



ORIGINAL IMAGE

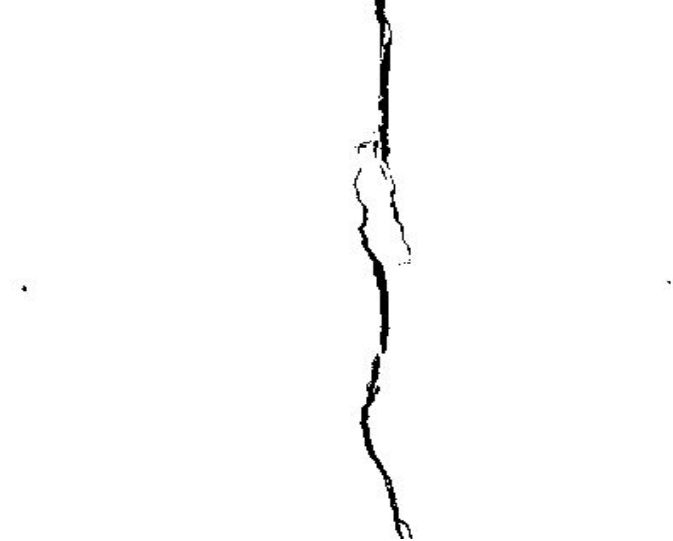


IMAGE AFTER APPLYING  
OTSU THRESHOLDING

# MEDIAN THRESHOLDING METHOD

This block performs image thresholding by taking the output median as a global threshold. If the intensity value in the input image is greater than the median value, it is set to '1'. Otherwise, the intensity value is set to '0'. The output of the model is the thresholded image.



# CANNY EDGE DETECTION

The **Canny** edge detector is an **edge detection** operator that uses a multi-stage **algorithm** to detect a wide range of edges in images.



ORIGINAL IMAGE

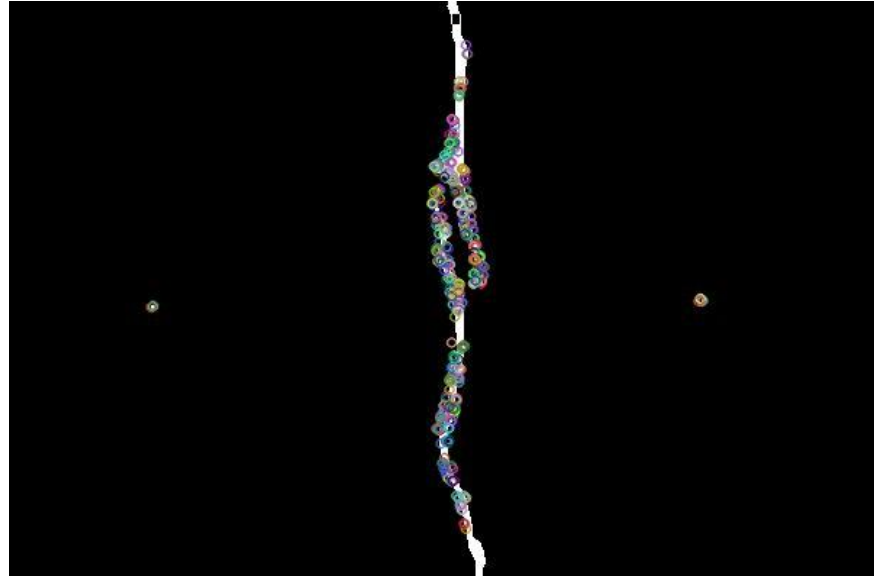


IMAGE AFTER APPLYING  
CANNY EDGE DETECTION

# RESULTS

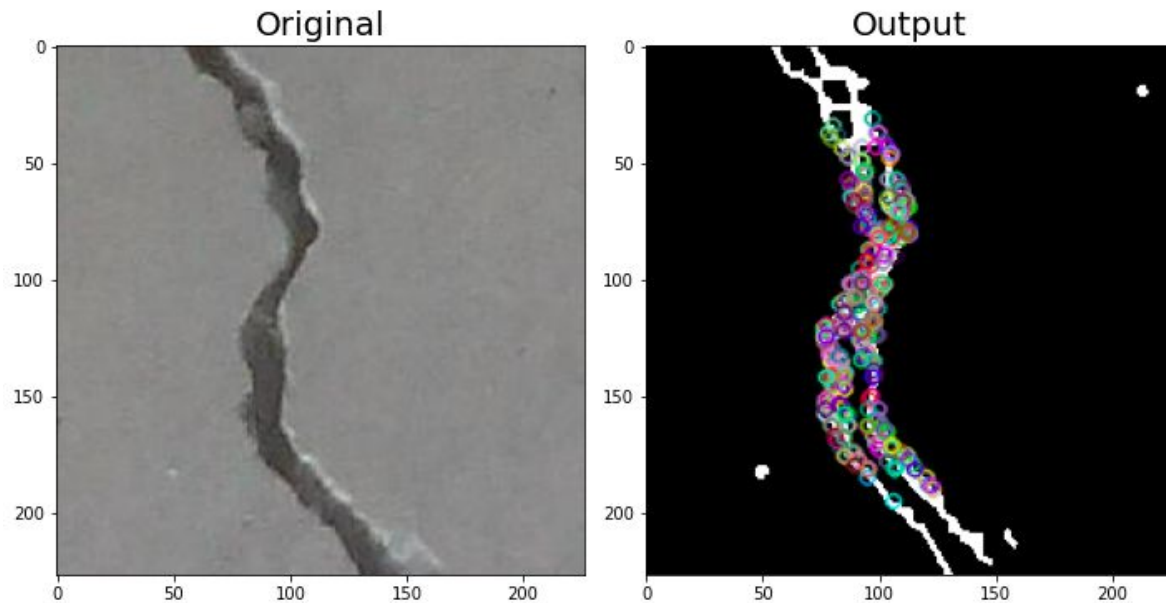
METHOD	CRACKED	NON CRACKED
THRESH_BINARY and CLAHE and Canny	63.67%	73.33%
THRESH_BINARY_INV and CLAHE and Canny	64.5%	71.83%
THRESH_TRUNC and CLAHE and Canny	98%	68.3%
THRESH_TOZERO and CLAHE and Canny	64.66%	85.33%
THRESH_TOZERO_INV and CLAHE and Canny	98.18%	73.16%
BINARIZATION AND OTSU and Canny	98%	1.33%
Median and Canny	98.5%	94%



## CHOOSING THE BEST COMBINATION

We chose Median Thresholding method with Canny edge detection because in rest of the cases the accuracy is comparatively low for uncracked images. For other combinations, we even saw many cases of cracks getting detected in uncracked images. The median thresholding with Canny edge detection gave us an accuracy close to 98% for cracked images and 94% percent for uncracked images.

# MEDIAN THRESHOLDING WITH CANNY EDGE DETECTION



**Output:**

Inverted image



Morphological gradient image



*Morphological gradient Image*

# Crack Detection

Please upload image :

Upload Image



Drag and drop files here

Limit 200MB per file • PNG, JPG, JPEG

Browse files



00447.jpg 7.2KB



00446.jpg 6.7KB

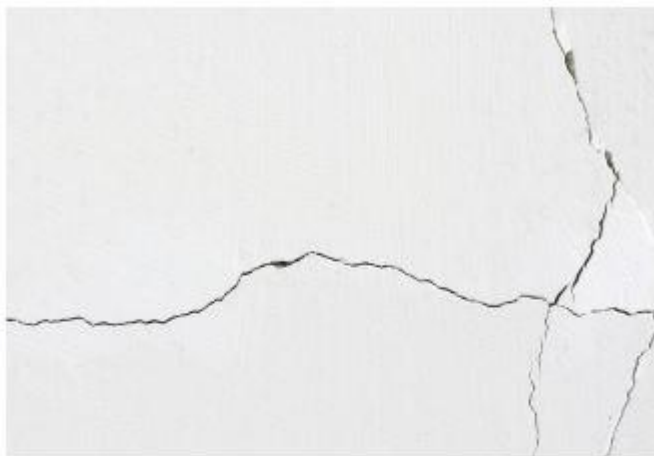


00445.jpg 7.5KB

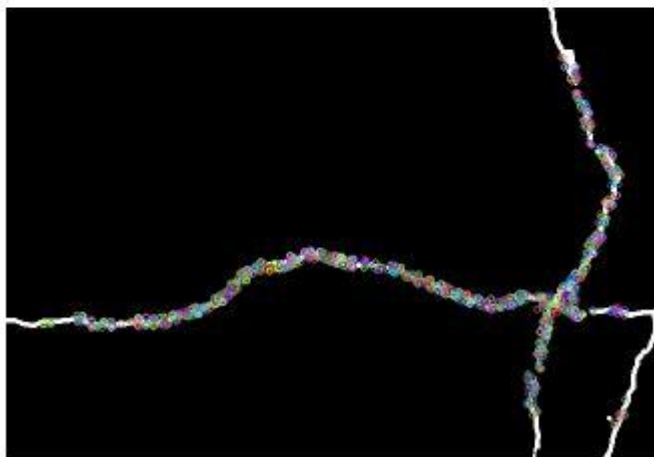


Process

WEBSITE



Uploaded image



Output

Size of image: 292500 pixels

Size of crack: 55883.33179473877 pixels

Percentage of crack on image: 19.10541257939787 %

**It has a crack!**

Percentage of crack on image: 19.10541257939787 %

# TIMELINE

1st Review	2nd Review	3rd Review	4th Review
<p>Description of our Research project in PPT presentation</p> <p>Collected some research papers</p> <p>Literature review</p>	<p>Experiment on various types of binarization, enhancement methods and used Canny edge detection for crack detection</p>	<p>We will try to analyse all the algorithms and choose the best algorithm. We will try to optimize the algorithm to provide the best output by verifying with classified dataset.</p> <p>We will also provide a analysis of the crack detected in the image</p>	<p>Deploy the algorithm on website where a user can use them for crack detection and provide the analysis of the crack</p>

# DATASET

<https://www.kaggle.com/c/crack-identification-ce784a-2020-iitk/data>



## REFERENCES

1. W. A. Mustafa and H. Yazid, "Illumination and Contrast Correction Strategy using Bilateral Filtering and Binarization Comparison," J. Telecommun. Electron. Comput. Eng., vol. 8, no. 1, pp. 67–73, 2016.
2. S. Jenifer, S. Parasuraman, and A. Kadirvelu, "Contrast enhancement and brightness preserving of digital mammograms using fuzzy clipped contrast-limited adaptive histogram equalization algorithm," Appl. Soft Comput. J., vol. 42, pp. 167–177, 2016.
3. Nhat-Duc Hoang, "Detection of Surface Crack in Building Structures Using Image Processing Technique with an Improved Otsu Method for Image Thresholding", *Advances in Civil Engineering*, vol. 2018, Article ID 3924120, 10 pages, 2018.
4. Parente, L. Falvo, E. Castagnetti, C. Grassi, F. Mancini, F. Rossi, P. Capra, A. Image-Based Monitoring of Cracks: Effectiveness Analysis of an Open-Source Machine Learning-Assisted Procedure. J.Imaging 2022
5. [https://docs.opencv.org/4.x/da/d22/tutorial\\_py\\_canny.html](https://docs.opencv.org/4.x/da/d22/tutorial_py_canny.html)



## **Group Members**

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THANK  
YOU