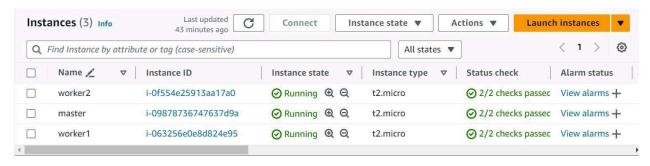
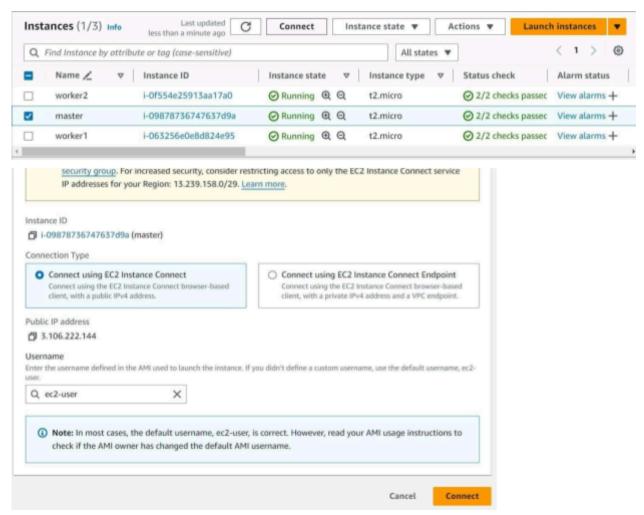
Aim: To understand the Kubernetes Cluster Architecture, install and Spin Up a Kubernetes Cluster on Linux Machines/Cloud Platforms.

## Steps:

1. We will create 3 EC2 instances. One will be the master node and the other 2 will be slave/worker nodes.



2. After the instances have been created, we will connect them one by one.



## 3. Docker installation:

This step has to be performed on all the 3 instances. The following command has to be run: yum install docker -y



After successfully docker has been installed it has to be started on all machines by using the command "systemctl start docker"

```
Complete!
[root@ip-172-31-12-97 ec2-user]# systemctl start docker
```

## 5. Kubernetes installation:

Search kubeadm installation on your browser and scroll down and select red hatbased distributions.

1. Set SELinux to permissive mode: These instructions are for Kubernetes 1.31. Linux in permissive mode (effectively disabling it) -i 's/^SELINUX=enforcing\$/SELINUX=permissive/' /etc/selinux/config # This overwrites any existing configuration in /etc/yum.repos.d/ cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/yum.repos.d/kubernetes.repo [kubernetes] name=Kubernetes baseurl=https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.31/rpm/ enabled=1 gpgkey=https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.31/rpm/repodata/repom exclude=kubelet kubeadm kubectl cri-tools kubernetes-cni 3. Install kubelet, kubeadm and kubectl: yum install -y kubelet kubeadm kubectl --disableexcludes=kubernetes 4. (Optional) Enable the kubelet service before running kubeadm: sudo systemctl enable --now kubelet

Copy the above given steps and paste in the terminal. This will create a Kubernetes repository, install kubelet, kubeadm and kubectl and also enable the services.

```
ame=Kubernetes
aseurl=https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.31/rpm/
 pqkey=https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/vl.31/rpm/repodata/repomd.xml.key
xclude=kubelet kubeadm kubectl cri-tools kubernetes-cni
  kubernetes]
  ame-Kubernetes
aseurl=https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.31/rpm/
  pgkey=https://pkgs.kUs.io/core:/stable:/vl.31/rpm/repodata/repomd.xml.key
xclude=kubelet kubeadm kubectl cri-tools kubernetes-cni
root#ip-172-31-12-97 ec2-user]# yum install -y kubelet kubeadm kubectl --disableexcludes=kubernetes
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    21 kB/s | 9.4 kB
    pendencies resolved.
                                                                                                                                                                                                          1.31.1-150500.1.1
1.31.1-150500.1.1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           kubernetes
Installing depend
conntrack-tools
cri-tools
kubernetes-cni
libnetfilter_othelper
libnetfilter_ottimeout
libnetfilter_queue
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      amazonlinux
 ransaction Summary
  nstall 9 Packages
  otal download size: 51 M
Installed size: 269 M
Cownloading Packages:
Downloading Packagen:

(1/9): libnetfilter_cthelper-1.0.0-21.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64.rpm

(2/9): libnetfilter_cttimeout-1.0.0-19.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64.rpm

(3/9): conntrack-tools-1.4.6-2.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64.rpm

(4/9): libnetfilter_queue-1.0.5-2.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64.rpm

(5/9): kubeadm-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64.rpm

(6/9): kubectl-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64.rpm

(7/9): cri-tools-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64.rpm

(8/9): kubernetes-cni-1.5.1-150500.1.1.x86_64.rpm

(9/9): kubelet-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64.rpm
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              475 KB/S | 24 KB

3.6 MB/S | 208 KB

1.4 MB/S | 30 KB

17 MB/S | 11 MB

15 MB/S | 11 MB

8.0 MB/S | 6.9 MB
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     00:00
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     00:00
  Installing : conntrack-tools-1.4.6-2.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64
Running scriptlet: conntrack-tools-1.4.6-2.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64
Installing : kubelet-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
Running scriptlet: kubelet-1.51.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
Installing : kubeads-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
Installing : kubectl-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
Running scriptlet: kubectl-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
Running scriptlet: kubectl-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
Verifying : conntrack-tools-1.4.6-2.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64
Verifying : libnetfilter_cthelper-1.0.0-21.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64
Verifying : libnetfilter_cttimecut-1.0.0-19.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64
Verifying : cri-tools-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
Verifying : kubeads-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
Verifying : kubeads-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
Verifying : kubectl-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
Verifying : kubectl-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
Verifying : kubectl-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
    conntrack-tools-1,4,6-2,amzn2023,0,2,x86 64
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             cri-tools-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86 64
   confitrack-to51s-1.4.6-2.amanav2-1.12.ke=08
kubeadm-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
kubelet-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
libnetfilter_cthelper-1.0.0-21.aman2023.0.2.x86_64
libnetfilter_queue-1.0.5-2.aman2023.0.2.x86_64
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              kubectl-1.31.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
kubernetes-cni-1.5.1-150500.1.1.x86_64
libsetfilter_cttimeout-1.0.0-19.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64
```

6. We can check if repository has been created by using yum repolist command.

7. Now we will be initializing the kubeadm. For that "kubeadm init" command has to be used. It may show errors but those can be ignored by using

--ignore-preflighterrors=all

```
erts] etcd/server serving cert is signed for DNS names [ip-172-31-14-85.ap-southeast-2.compute.internal localhost] and IPs [172.31.14
                      ₩ Services Q Search
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Sydney ▼
    certs] Generating "etcd/peer" certificate and key certs] for DNS names [ip-172-31-14-85.ap-southeast-2.compute.internal localhost] and IPs [172.31.14.8
  Services Q Search
                                                                                                                                                                             [Alt+S]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              [wait-control-plane] Maiting for the kubelet to boot up the control plane as static Fods from directory "/etc/kubernetes/manifests" [kubelet-check] Waiting for a healthy kubelet at http://127.0.0.1:10248/healthz. This can take up to 4m0s [kubelet-check] The kubelet is healthy after 518.640244ms
[api-check] Waiting for a healthy AFI server. This can take up to 4m0s [api-check] The AFI server is healthy after 10.001650622s
[upload-config] Storing the configuration used in ConfigMap "kubeadm-config" in the "kube-system" Namespace [kubelet] Creating a ConfigMap "kubelet-config" in namespace kube-system with the configuration for the kubelets in the cluster [upload-certs] Skipping phase. Please see --upload-certs
[mark-control-plane] Marking the node ip-172-31-14-05.ap-southeast-2.compute.internal as control-plane by adding the labels: [node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane mode.kubernetes.io/exclude-from-external-load-balancers]
[mark-control-plane] Marking the node ip-172-31-14-05.ap-southeast-2.compute.internal as control-plane by adding the taints [node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane NoSchedule]
[bootstrap-token] Using token: 61ysht.4Benn4gmnhof6ex8
[bootstrap-token] Using token: 61ysht.4Benn4gmnhof6ex8
[bootstrap-token] Configured RBAC rules to allow Node Bootstrap tokens to get nodes
[bootstrap-token] Configured RBAC rules to allow Node Bootstrap tokens to post CSRs in order for nodes to get long term certificate cred entials
    ntials
bootstrap-token] Configured RBAC rules to allow the csrapprover controller automatically approve CSRs from a Node Bootstrap Token
   bootstrap-token] Configured NAMAC rules to allow the carapprover confireller automatically approve CBRs from a Node Bootstrap-token] Configured RBAC rules to allow certificate rotation for all node client certificates in the cluster bootstrap-token] Creating the "cluster-info" ConfigMap in the "kube-public" namespace kubelet-finalize] Updating "/etc/kubernetes/kubelet.conf" to point to a rotatable kubelet client certificate and key addons Applied essential addon: CoroNS addons Applied essential addon: kube-proxy
```

8. On successful initialization we need to copy and paste the following commands on the master machine itself:

```
To start using your cluster, you need to run the following as a regular user:

mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config

Alternatively, if you are the root user, you can run:

export KUBECONFIG=/etc/kubernetes/admin.conf
```

9. Next copy and paste the join link in the worker nodes so that the worker nodes can join the cluster.

```
Then you can join any number of worker nodes by running the following on each as root:
kubeadm join 172.31.14.85:6443 --token 61ysht.48enn4gmnhof6ex8 \
--discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:461819c971fe032e04a78e18fde8e28755825e8468d468a2c86d88c52dba4945
```

10. After performing join commands on the worker nodes, we will get following output:

```
This node has joined the cluster:

* Certificate signing request was sent to apiserver and a response was received.

* The Kubelet was informed of the new secure connection details.

Run 'kubectl get nodes' on the control-plane to see this node join the cluster.
```

11. Once again when you run kubectl get nodes you will now see all 3 nodes have joined the cluster.

NAME	STATUS	ROLES	AGE	VERSION
ip-172-31-85-89.ec2.internal	NotReady	control-plane	119s	v1.26.0
ip-172-31-89-46.ec2.internal	NotReady	<none></none>	19s	v1.26.0
ip-172-31-94-70.ec2.internal	NotReady	<none></none>	12s	v1.26.0

## Conclusion:

This experiment successfully demonstrated the creation of a Kubernetes cluster and the successful addition of all three nodes using various commands. Errors encountered during initialization can be addressed in two ways: 1) by ignoring the errors, or 2) by

upgrading the instance type to t3.medium or t3.large if the issues are due to insufficient memory or CPU resources.