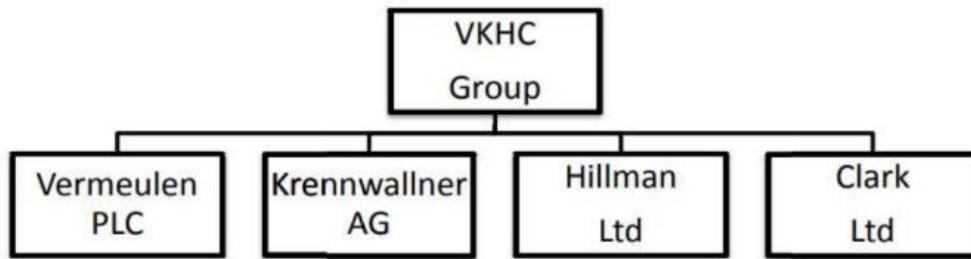


Practical NO :- 01

Aim:- Overview of Practical and Installation.

Vermeulen-Krennwallner-Hillman-Clark Group (VKHCG) is a hypothetical medium-size international company. It consists of four subcompanies: Vermeulen PLC, Krennwallner AG, Hillman Ltd, and Clark Ltd.

Software requirements:



Vermeulen PLC is a data processing company that processes all the data within the group companies. The company handles all the information technology aspects of the business.	Krennwallner AG is an advertising and media company that prepares advertising and media content for the customers of the group.	The Hillman company is a supply chain and logistics company.	The Clark company is a venture capitalist and accounting company .
<i>The company supplies</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data science • Networks, servers, and communication systems • Internal and external web sites • Data analysis business activities • Decision science • Process automation • Management reporting 	<i>The company supplies</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Advertising on billboards • Advertising and content management for online delivery • Event management for key customers 	<i>The Company provisions a worldwide supply chain solution to the businesses, including</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Third-party warehousing • International shipping • Door-to-door logistics 	<i>The Company processes the following financial responsibilities of the group:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Financial insights • Venture capital management • Investments planning • Forex (foreign exchange) trading

- R-Console 3.XXX or Above
- R Studio 1.XXX or above
- Python 2.7 for Cassandra and 3.XXX or above

o While installing Python check the option to Add Python to PATH Variable



o Open CMD in Administrative Mode



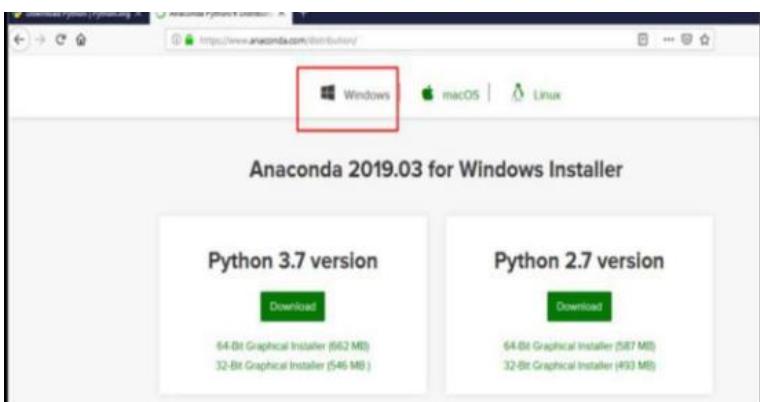
o Similarly install the following packages using pip

1. matplotlib	8. datetime	15. sqlalchemy
2. numpy	9. json	16. sql.connector
3. opencv-python	10. msgpack	17. geopandas
4. networkx	11. scipy	18. quandl
5. sys	12. geopy	19. mlxtend
6. uuid	13. pysqlite3	20. folium
7. pyspark	14. openpyxl	

Packages can also be installed using Anaconda

Download Anaconda from <https://www.anaconda.com> and visit downloads tab.

In the downloads page, scroll down until you see the download options for windows. Click on the download button for python 3.7. This will initiate a download for the anaconda installer.



Follow through the instructions for installing as shown in the next few images. Choose any destination folder according to your liking and uncheck “Add anaconda to my PATH environment variable.”

Apache Cassandra <https://downloads.datastax.com/#ddacs>

There is a dependency on the Visual C++ 2008 runtime (32bit), but Windows 7 and Windows 2008 Server R2 has it already installed. Download it from:

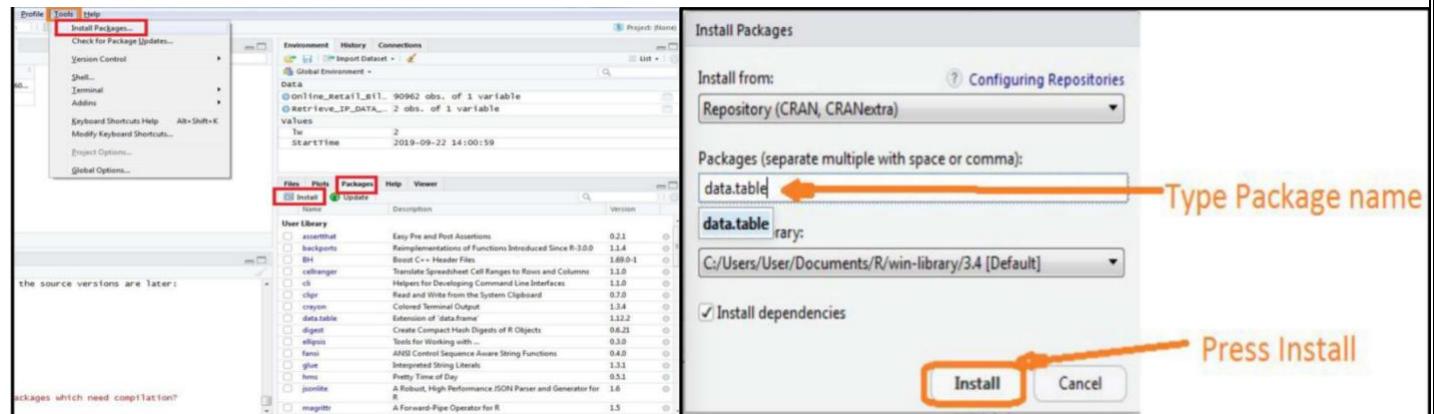
<http://www.microsoft.com/download/en/details.aspx?displaylang=en&id=29>

JDK 1.8 - Sypder

If Working on Windows OS, create a Directory C:/VKHCG.

R Packages :-R- Studio

R – Studio: Go to Tools → Install Packages OR Select Install tab from Package Tab



Then type the package name in package text field

Install following package

- Data.Table Package
- ReadR Package
- JSONLite Package
- Ggplot2 Package
- Sparklyr Package
- Tibble package

R - Console

Use the following command:

- install.packages ("data.table")
- install.packages("readr")
- install.packages ("jsonlite")
- install.packages("ggplot2")
- install.packages("sparklyr")
- install.packages("tibble")

Practical NO :- 02

Aim:- Creating database using Cassandra

Creating and using database in Cassandra

```
cqlsh> CREATE KEYSPACE mydb WITH REPLICATION = { 'class' : 'SimpleStrategy', 'replica
tion_factor':1}
...
cqlsh> use mydb
...
```

Create Database mydb and table books to store and retrieve records. Also update and delete records

```
cqlsh> CREATE KEYSPACE mydb WITH REPLICATION = { 'class' : 'SimpleStrategy', 'replica
tion_factor':1}
...
cqlsh> use mydb
...
cqlsh:mydb> CREATE TABLE books (id int PRIMARY KEY, title text, year text);
cqlsh:mydb> DESC books;

CREATE TABLE mydb.books (
    id int PRIMARY KEY,
    title text,
    year text
) WITH bloom_filter_fp_chance = 0.01
    AND caching = {'keys': 'ALL', 'rows_per_partition': 'NONE'}
    AND comment = ''
    AND compaction = {'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.db.compaction.SizeTieredCompacti
onStrategy', 'max_threshold': '32', 'min_threshold': '4'}
    AND compression = {'chunk_length_in_kb': '64', 'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.io.
compress.LZ4Compressor'}
    AND crc_check_chance = 1.0
    AND dclocal_read_repair_chance = 0.1
    AND default_time_to_live = 0
    AND gc_grace_seconds = 864000
    AND max_index_interval = 2048
    AND memtable_flush_period_in_ms = 0
    AND min_index_interval = 128
    AND read_repair_chance = 0.0
    AND speculative_retry = '99PERCENTILE';
```

```
cqlsh:mydb> Insert into books(id,title,year) values (1,'Data Science','2020');
cqlsh:mydb> Insert into books(id,title,year) values (2,'Machine Learning','2020');
cqlsh:mydb> Insert into books(id,title,year) values (3,'Artifical Intelligence','2020');
cqlsh:mydb> Select * from books;

id | title           | year
---+-----+-----+
 1 | Data Science | 2020
 2 | Machine Learning | 2020
 3 | Artifical Intelligence | 2020

(3 rows)
cqlsh:mydb> delete from books where id=3;
cqlsh:mydb> Select * from books;

id | title           | year
---+-----+-----+
 1 | Data Science | 2020
 2 | Machine Learning | 2020

(2 rows)
cqlsh:mydb> update books set year='2021' where id=1;
cqlsh:mydb> Select * from books;

id | title           | year
---+-----+-----+
 1 | Data Science | 2021
 2 | Machine Learning | 2020

(2 rows)
cqlsh:mydb>
```

Create Database mydb1 and table employee to store and retrieve records.

```
cqlsh> CREATE KEYSPACE mydb1 WITH REPLICATION = {<!-- class : SimpleStrategy , replication_factor :1-->};
cqlsh> use mydb1;
cqlsh:mydb1> CREATE TABLE emp (emp_id int PRIMARY KEY, emp_name text, dept_id int,email text,phone text);
cqlsh:mydb1> Insert into emp ( emp_id, emp_name, dept_id, email, phone ) values (1001, 'ABCD', 1001, 'abcd@company.com', '1122334455');
cqlsh:mydb1> Insert into emp ( emp_id, emp_name, dept_id, email, phone ) values (1002, 'DEFG', 1001, 'defg@company.com', '2233445566');
cqlsh:mydb1> Insert into emp ( emp_id, emp_name, dept_id, email, phone ) values (1003, 'GHIJ', 1002, 'ghij@company.com', '3344556677');
cqlsh:mydb1> Select *from emp
... ;

emp_id | dept_id | email           | emp_name | phone
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 1001 |    1001 | abcd@company.com |    ABCD | 1122334455
 1003 |    1002 | ghij@company.com |    GHIJ | 3344556677
 1002 |    1001 | defg@company.com |    DEFG | 2233445566

(3 rows)
cqlsh:mydb1>
```

Use Database mydb1 and table student to store and retrieve records.

```
cqlsh:mydb1> CREATE TABLE student (stu_id int PRIMARY KEY, name text,course text,duration text);
cqlsh:mydb1> Insert into student ( stu_id, name, course, duration ) values (100, 'khushi', 'MSC.IT', '2 Years');
cqlsh:mydb1> Insert into student ( stu_id, name, course, duration ) values (101, 'jeni', 'MSC.DS', '2 Years');
cqlsh:mydb1> Insert into student ( stu_id, name, course, duration ) values (102, 'soni', 'BSC.DS', '3 Years');
cqlsh:mydb1> select *from student
... ;

stu_id | course | duration | name
-----+-----+-----+
 100 | MSC.IT | 2 Years | khushi
 102 | BSC.DS | 3 Years | soni
 101 | MSC.DS | 2 Years | jeni

(3 rows)
```

Practical NO :- 03

Aim:- Write the programs to convert Text Delimited CSV to HORUS format.

Code:-

```
import pandas as pd
sInputFileName='C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/Country_Code.csv'
InputData=pd.read_csv(sInputFileName,encoding="latin-1")
print('Input Data Values =====')
print(InputData)
print('=====')
ProcessData=InputData
ProcessData.drop('ISO-2-CODE', axis=1,inplace=True)
ProcessData.drop('ISO-3-Code', axis=1,inplace=True)
ProcessData.rename(columns={'Country': 'CountryName'}, inplace=True)
ProcessData.rename(columns={'ISO-M49': 'CountryNumber'}, inplace=True)
ProcessData.set_index('CountryNumber', inplace=True)
ProcessData.sort_values('CountryName', axis=0, ascending=False, inplace=True)
print('Process Data Values =====')
print(ProcessData)
print('=====')
OutputData=ProcessData
sOutputFileName='C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/HORUS-CSV-Country.csv'
OutputData.to_csv(sOutputFileName, index = False)
print('CSV to HORUS - Done')
```

Output:- Before

Input Data Values =====				
	Country	ISO-2-CODE	ISO-3-Code	ISO-M49
0	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	4
1	Aland Islands	AX	ALA	248
2	Albania	AL	ALB	8
3	Algeria	DZ	DZA	12
4	American Samoa	AS	ASM	16
5	Andorra	AD	AND	20
6	Angola	AO	AGO	24
7	Anguilla	AI	AIA	660
8	Antarctica	AQ	ATA	10
9	Antigua and Barbuda	AG	ATG	28
10	Argentina	AR	ARG	32
11	Armenia	AM	ARM	51
12	Aruba	AW	ABW	533
13	Australia	AU	AUS	36
14	Austria	AT	AUT	40
15	Azerbaijan	AZ	AZE	31
16	Bahamas	BS	BHS	44
17	Cabo Verde	CV	CIV	10

After:

In [4]:	
245	NaN
246	NaN
[247 rows x 5 columns]	
=====	
Process Data Values =====	
	CountryName Unnamed: 4
CountryNumber	
716	Zimbabwe
894	Zambia
887	Yemen
732	Western Sahara
876	Wallis and Futuna Islands
VIR	Virgin Islands
704	Viet Nam
862	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic)
548	Vanuatu
860	Uzbekistan
858	Uruguay
840	United States of America

HORUS-CSV-Country - Excel (Product Activation Failed)										
File Home Insert Page Layout Formulas Data Review View Team Tell me what you want to do...										
Clipboard Font Alignment Number Styles										
E4										
1	CountryName	Unnamed: 4								
2	Zimbabwe									
3	Zambia									
4	Yemen									
5	Western Sahara									
6	Wallis and Futuna Islands									
7	Virgin Islands	850.0								
8	Viet Nam									
9	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic)									
10	Vanuatu									
11	Uzbekistan									
12	Uruguay									
13	United States of America									
14	United Kingdom									
15	United Arab Emirates									
16	Ukraine									
17	Uganda									
18	US Minor Outlying Islands									
19	Tuvalu									
20	Turks and Caicos Islands									
21	Turkmenistan									
22	Turkey									
23	Tunisia									

Practical NO :- 04

Aim:- Write the programs to convert XML to HORUS format.

Code:-

```
import pandas as pd
import xml.etree.ElementTree as ET
def df2xml(data):
    header = data.columns
    root = ET.Element('root')
    for row in range(data.shape[0]):
        entry = ET.SubElement(root,'entry')
        for index in range(data.shape[1]):
            schild=str(header[index])
            child = ET.SubElement(entry, schild)
            if str(data[schild][row]) != 'nan':
                child.text = str(data[schild][row])
            else:
                child.text = 'n/a'
        entry.append(child)
    result = ET.tostring(root)
    return result
def xml2df(xml_data):
    root = ET.XML(xml_data)
    all_records = []
    for i, child in enumerate(root):
        record = {}
        for subchild in child:
            record[subchild.tag] = subchild.text
        all_records.append(record)
```

```
return pd.DataFrame(all_records)

sInputFileName='C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/Country_Code.xml'

InputData = open(sInputFileName).read()

print('=====')  
print('Input Data Values =====')  
print('=====')  
print(InputData)  
print('=====')  
ProcessDataXML=InputData  
ProcessData=xml2df(ProcessDataXML)  
ProcessData.drop('ISO-2-CODE', axis=1,inplace=True)  
ProcessData.drop('ISO-3-Code', axis=1,inplace=True)  
ProcessData.rename(columns={'Country': 'CountryName'}, inplace=True)  
ProcessData.rename(columns={'ISO-M49': 'CountryNumber'}, inplace=True)  
ProcessData.set_index('CountryNumber', inplace=True)  
ProcessData.sort_values('CountryName', axis=0, ascending=False, inplace=True)
print('=====')  
print('Process Data Values =====')  
print('=====')  
print(ProcessData)  
print('=====')  
OutputData=ProcessData  
sOutputFileName='C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/HORUS-XML-Country.csv'  
OutputData.to_csv(sOutputFileName, index = False)
print('=====')  
print('XML to HORUS - Done')
print('=====')
```

Output:- Before

```
=====
Input Data Values =====
=====
<root><entry><Country>Afghanistan</Country><Country>Afghanistan</Country><ISO-2-CODE>AF</ISO-2-CODE><ISO-2-CODE>AF</ISO-2-COD
E><ISO-3-Code>AFG</ISO-3-Code><ISO-3-Code>AFG</ISO-3-Code><ISO-M49>4</ISO-M49><ISO-M49>4</ISO-M49></entry><entry><Country>Ala
nd Islands</Country><Country>Aland Islands</Country><ISO-2-CODE>AX</ISO-2-CODE><ISO-2-CODE>AX</ISO-2-CODE><ISO-3-Code>ALA</IS
O-3-Code><ISO-3-Code>ALA</ISO-3-Code><ISO-M49>248</ISO-M49><ISO-M49>248</ISO-M49></entry><entry><Country>Albania</Country><Co
untry>Albania</Country><ISO-2-CODE>AL</ISO-2-CODE><ISO-2-CODE>ALB</ISO-3-Code><ISO-3-Code>ALB</ISO-3-Code><ISO-M49>8</ISO-M49>
8</ISO-M49><ISO-M49>8</ISO-M49></entry><entry><Country>Algeria</Country><Country>Algeria</Country><ISO-2-COD
E>DZ</ISO-2-CODE><ISO-2-CODE>DZ</ISO-2-CODE><ISO-3-Code>DZA</ISO-3-Code><ISO-M49>12</ISO-M49><ISO
-M49>12</ISO-M49></entry><entry><Country>American Samoa</Country><Country>American Samoa</Country><ISO-2-CODE>AS</ISO-2-CODE>
<ISO-2-CODE>AS</ISO-2-CODE><ISO-3-Code>ASM</ISO-3-Code><ISO-M49>16</ISO-M49><ISO-M49>16</ISO-M49>
</entry><entry><Country>Andorra</Country><Country>Andorra</Country><ISO-2-CODE>AD</ISO-2-CODE><ISO-2-CODE>AD</ISO-2-CODE><ISO
-3-Code>AND</ISO-3-Code><ISO-3-Code>AND</ISO-M49>20</ISO-M49><ISO-M49>20</ISO-M49></entry><entry><Country>Angola
</Country><Country>Angola</Country><ISO-2-CODE>AO</ISO-2-CODE><ISO-2-CODE>AO</ISO-2-CODE><ISO-3-Code>AGO</ISO-3-Code><ISO-3-C
ode>AGO</ISO-3-Code><ISO-M49>24</ISO-M49><ISO-M49>24</ISO-M49></entry><entry><Country>Anguilla</Country><Country>Anguilla</Co
untry><ISO-2-CODE>AI</ISO-2-CODE><ISO-2-CODE>AI</ISO-2-CODE><ISO-3-Code>AIA</ISO-3-Code><ISO-3-Code>AIA</ISO-3-Code><ISO-M49>
660</ISO-M49><ISO-M49>660</ISO-M49></entry><entry><Country>Antarctica</Country><Country>Antarctica</Country><ISO-2-CODE>AQ</I
SO-2-CODE><ISO-2-CODE>AQ</ISO-2-CODE><ISO-3-Code>ATA</ISO-3-Code><ISO-3-Code>ATA</ISO-3-Code><ISO-M49>10</ISO-M49><ISO-M49>10
</entry>
```

After:-

CountryNumber	CountryName
716	Zimbabwe
894	Zambia
887	Yemen
732	Western Sahara
876	Wallis and Futuna Islands
850	Virgin Islands, US
704	Viet Nam
862	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic)
548	Vanuatu
860	Uzbekistan
858	Uruguay
840	United States of America
826	United Kingdom
784	United Arab Emirates
804	Ukraine
800	Uganda
581	US Minor Outlying Islands

Practical NO :- 05

Aim:- Write the programs to convert JSON to HORUS format.

Code:-

```
import pandas as pd
sInputFileName='/content/Country_Code.json'
InputData=pd.read_json(sInputFileName, orient='index', encoding="latin-1")
print('Input Data Values =====')
print(InputData)
print('=====')
ProcessData=InputData
# Remove columns ISO-2-Code and ISO-3-CODE
ProcessData.drop('ISO-2-CODE', axis=1,inplace=True)
ProcessData.drop('ISO-3-Code', axis=1,inplace=True)
# Rename Country and ISO-M49
ProcessData.rename(columns={'Country': 'CountryName'}, inplace=True)
ProcessData.rename(columns={'ISO-M49': 'CountryNumber'}, inplace=True)
# Set new Index
ProcessData.set_index('CountryNumber', inplace=True)
# Sort data by CurrencyNumber
ProcessData.sort_values('CountryName', axis=0, ascending=False, inplace=True)
print('Process Data Values =====')
print(ProcessData)
print('=====')
OutputData=ProcessData
sOutputFileName='/content/Country_Code.json.csv'
OutputData.to_csv(sOutputFileName, index = False)
print('JSON to HORUS - Done')
```

Output:-

```
Input Data Values =====
Country ISO-2-CODE ISO-3-Code ISO-M49
0      Afghanistan      AF      AFG      4
1      Aland Islands    AX      ALA     248
2      Albania          AL      ALB      8
3      Algeria          DZ      DZA     12
4      American Samoa   AS      ASM     16
..      ...
242    Wallis and Futuna Islands WF      WLF     876
243    Western Sahara   EH      ESH     732
244    Yemen             YE      YEM     887
245    Zambia            ZM      ZMB     894
246    Zimbabwe          ZW      ZWE     716

[247 rows x 4 columns]
=====
Process Data Values =====
CountryName
CountryNumber
716           Zimbabwe
894           Zambia
887           Yemen
732           Western Sahara
876           Wallis and Futuna Islands
...           ...
16            American Samoa
12            Algeria
8             Albania
248           Aland Islands
4             Afghanistan

[247 rows x 1 columns]
=====
JSON to HORUS - Done
```

Practical NO :- 06

Aim:- Write the programs to convert MySQL to HORUS format.

Code:-

```

import pandas as pd
import sqlite3 as sq
# Input Agreement =====
sInputFileName='/content/utility (1).db'
sInputTable='Country_Code'
conn = sq.connect(sInputFileName)
sSQL='select * FROM ' + sInputTable + ';'
InputData= pd.read_sql_query(sSQL, conn)
print('Input Data Values =====')
print(InputData)
print('=====')
# Processing Rules =====
ProcessData=InputData
# Remove columns ISO-2-Code and ISO-3-CODE
ProcessData.drop('ISO-2-CODE', axis=1,inplace=True)
ProcessData.drop('ISO-3-Code', axis=1,inplace=True)
# Rename Country and ISO-M49
ProcessData.rename(columns={'Country': 'CountryName'}, inplace=True)
ProcessData.rename(columns={'ISO-M49': 'CountryNumber'}, inplace=True)
# Set new Index
ProcessData.set_index('CountryNumber', inplace=True)
# Sort data by CurrencyNumber
ProcessData.sort_values('CountryName', axis=0, ascending=False, inplace=True)
print('Process Data Values =====')
print(ProcessData)
print('=====')
# Output Agreement =====
OutputData=ProcessData
sOutputFileName='/content/utility (1).csv'

```

```
OutputData.to_csv(sOutputFileName, index = False)
print('Database to HORUS - Done')
```

Output:-

```
Input Data Values =====
      index          Country ISO-2-CODE ISO-3-Code ISO-M49
0        0       Afghanistan      AF       AFG        4
1        1      Aland Islands     AX       ALA      248
2        2         Albania       AL       ALB        8
3        3         Algeria      DZ       DZA      12
4        4   American Samoa     AS       ASM      16
...
242     242 Wallis and Futuna Islands    WF       WLF      876
243     243      Western Sahara     EH       ESH      732
244     244           Yemen       YE       YEM      887
245     245          Zambia      ZM       ZMB      894
246     246        Zimbabwe     ZW       ZWE      716

[247 rows x 5 columns]
=====
Process Data Values =====
      index          CountryName
CountryNumber
716          246        Zimbabwe
894          245          Zambia
887          244           Yemen
732          243      Western Sahara
876          242 Wallis and Futuna Islands
...
16            4      American Samoa
12            3           Algeria
8             2           Albania
248          1      Aland Islands
4             0       Afghanistan

[247 rows x 2 columns]
=====
Database to HORUS - Done
```

Practical NO :- 07

Aim:- Write the programs to convert Picture (JPEG) to HORUS format.

Code:-

```
from scipy.misc import imread
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
# Input Agreement =====
sInputFileName='C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/Ang.jpg'
InputData = imread(sInputFileName, flatten=False, mode='RGBA')
print('Input Data Values =====')
print('X: ',InputData.shape[0])
print('Y: ',InputData.shape[1])
print('RGBA: ', InputData.shape[2])
print('=====')
# Processing Rules =====
ProcessRawData=InputData.flatten()
y=InputData.shape[2] + 2
x=int(ProcessRawData.shape[0]/y)
ProcessData=pd.DataFrame(np.reshape(ProcessRawData, (x, y)))
sColumns= ['XAxis','YAxis','Red', 'Green', 'Blue','Alpha']
ProcessData.columns=sColumns
ProcessData.index.names =['ID']
print('Rows: ',ProcessData.shape[0])
print('Columns :',ProcessData.shape[1])
print('=====')
print('Process Data Values =====')
print('=====')
plt.imshow(InputData)
plt.show()
```

```
print('=====')  
# Output Agreement =====  
OutputData=ProcessData  
print('Storing File')  
sOutputFileName='C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/HORUS-Picture.csv'  
OutputData.to_csv(sOutputFileName, index = False)  
print('=====')  
print('Picture to HORUS - Done')  
print('=====')  
# Utility done =====
```

Output:-

```
Input Data Values =====  
X: 800  
Y: 1200  
RGBA: 4  
=====  
Rows: 640000  
Columns : 6  
=====  
Process Data Values =====  
=====
```



```
=====  
Storing File  
=====  
Picture to HORUS - Done  
=====
```

Practical NO :- 08

Aim:- Write the programs to convert Video to HORUS format.

Code:-

```

from __future__ import with_statement
from PIL import Image # pip install Pillow
import cv2 # pip install opencv-python
vidcap = cv2.VideoCapture('C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/dog.mp4')
success,image = vidcap.read()
count = 0
while success:
    cv2.imwrite("C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/temp/frame%d.jpg" % count, image)
    # save frame as JPEG file
    success,image = vidcap.read()
    print('Read a new frame: ', success)
    count += 1

```

#Part 2: Frames to Horus

```

num = 0
with open('Video-to-HORUS-output_fileF.csv', 'a+') as f:
    f.write('R,G,B,FrameNumber\n')
for c in range(count):
    #print('C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/temp/frame%d.jpg'%num)
    im = Image.open('C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/temp/frame%d.jpg'%num)
    pix = im.load()
    width, height = im.size
    with open('Video-to-HORUS-output_fileF.csv', 'a+') as f:
        for x in range(width-300):
            for y in range(height-300):
                r = pix[x,y][0]
                g = pix[x,x][1]

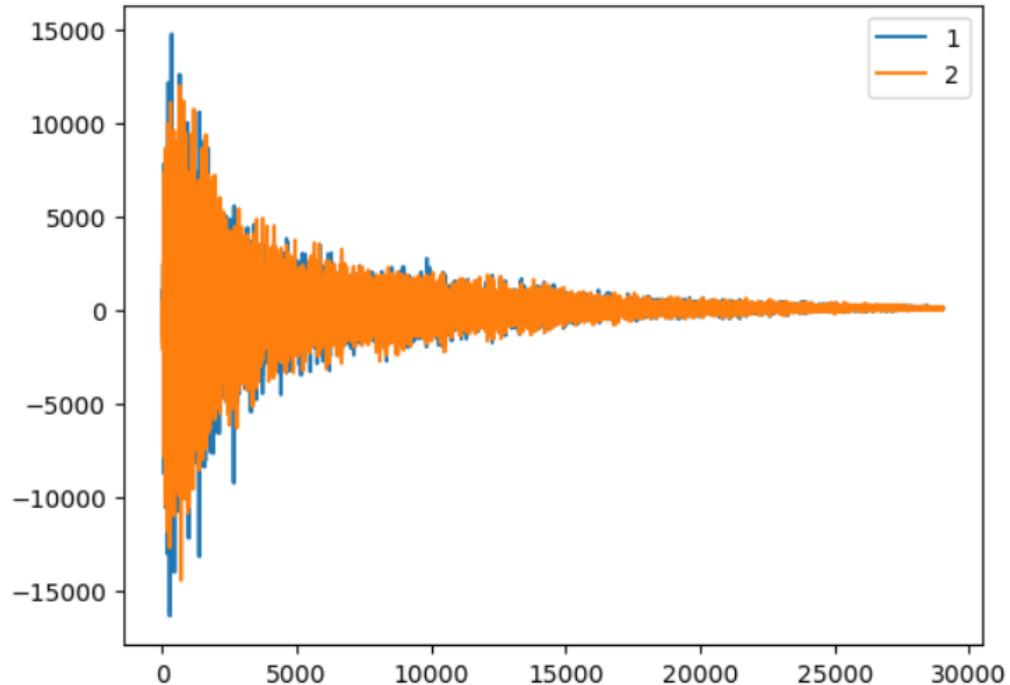
```

```
b = pix[x,x][2]
f.write('{0},{1},{2},{3}\n'.format(r,g,b,num))
num = num + 1
print('Movie to Frames HORUS - Done')
```

Output:-

```
=====
Processing : C:/VKHCG/2ch-sound.wav
=====
-----
Audio: 2 channel
-----
Rate: 22050
-----
shape: (29016, 2)
dtype: int16
min, max: -16384 14767
-----
```

Signal Wave - 2 channel at 22050hz



Practical NO :- 09

Aim:- Write the programs to convert Audio to HORUS format.

Code:-

```

from scipy.io import wavfile
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
# =====
def show_info(aname, a, r):
    print("-----")
    print("Audio:", aname)
    print("-----")
    print("Rate:", r)
    print("-----")
    print("shape:", a.shape)
    print("dtype:", a.dtype)
    print("min, max:", a.min(), a.max())
    print("-----")
    plot_info(aname, a, r)
def plot_info(aname, a, r):
    sTitle = "Signal Wave - " + aname + " at " + str(r) + "hz"
    plt.title(sTitle)
    sLegend = []
    for c in range(a.shape[1]):
        sLabel = "Ch" + str(c + 1)
        sLegend = sLegend + [str(c + 1)]
        plt.plot(a[:, c], label=sLabel)
    plt.legend(sLegend)
    plt.show()
sInputFileName = "C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/2ch-sound.wav"
print("Processing : ", sInputFileName)
InputRate, InputData = wavfile.read(sInputFileName)
show_info("2 channel", InputData, InputRate)
ProcessData = pd.DataFrame(InputData)

```

```
sColumns = ["Ch1", "Ch2"]
ProcessData.columns = sColumns
OutputData = ProcessData
sOutputFileName = "Audio-to-HORUS-outputG-2ch.csv"
OutputData.to_csv(sOutputFileName, index=False)
sInputFileName = "C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/4ch-sound.wav"
print("=====")
print("Processing : ", sInputFileName)
print("=====")
InputRate, InputData = wavfile.read(sInputFileName)
show_info("4 channel", InputData, InputRate)
ProcessData = pd.DataFrame(InputData)
sColumns = ["Ch1", "Ch2", "Ch3", "Ch4"]
ProcessData.columns = sColumns
OutputData = ProcessData
sOutputFileName = "Audio-to-HORUS-outputG-4ch.csv"
OutputData.to_csv(sOutputFileName, index=False)
sInputFileName = "C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/6ch-sound.wav"
print("=====")
print("Processing : ", sInputFileName)
print("=====")
InputRate, InputData = wavfile.read(sInputFileName)
show_info("6 channel", InputData, InputRate)
ProcessData = pd.DataFrame(InputData)
sColumns = ["Ch1", "Ch2", "Ch3", "Ch4", "Ch5", "Ch6"]
ProcessData.columns = sColumns
OutputData = ProcessData
sOutputFileName = "Audio-to-HORUS-outputG-6ch.csv"
OutputData.to_csv(sOutputFileName, index=False)
sInputFileName = "C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/8ch-sound.wav"
print("Processing : ", sInputFileName)
InputRate, InputData = wavfile.read(sInputFileName)
show_info("8 channel", InputData, InputRate)
ProcessData = pd.DataFrame(InputData)
```

```
sColumns = ["Ch1", "Ch2", "Ch3", "Ch4", "Ch5", "Ch6", "Ch7", "Ch8"]
ProcessData.columns = sColumns
OutputData = ProcessData
sOutputFileName = "Audio-to-HORUS-outputG-8ch.csv"
print("=====")
print("Audio to HORUS - Done")
OutputData.to_csv(sOutputFileName, index=False)
```

Output:-

```
=====
Processing : C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/2ch-sound.wav
=====

-----
Audio: 2 channel
-----
Rate: 22050
-----
shape: (29016, 2)
dtype: int16
min, max: -16384 14767
-----

<Figure size 640x480 with 1 Axes>
=====

Processing : C:/VKHCG/05-DS/9999-Data/4ch-sound.wav
=====

-----
Audio: 4 channel
-----
Rate: 44100
-----
shape: (169031, 4)
dtype: int16
min, max: -31783 26018
-----

<Figure size 640x480 with 1 Axes>
```

Practical NO :- 10

Aim:- Write the program to use fixers utilities to solve quality issues.

Code:-

```
import string
import datetime as dt

# 1 Removing leading or lagging spaces from a data entry
print('#1 Removing leading or lagging spaces from a data entry');
baddata = " Hello My name is abc khushi kunti "
print('>',baddata,'<')
cleandata=baddata.strip()
print('>',cleandata,'<')
print("*****")
# 2 Removing nonprintable characters from a data entry
print('#2 Removing nonprintable characters from a data entry')
printable = set(string.printable)
baddata = "Data\x00Science with\x02 funny characters is \x10bad!!!"
cleandata=".join(filter(lambda x: x in string.printable,baddata))
print('Bad Data : ',baddata);
print('Clean Data : ',cleandata)
print("*****")
# 3 Reformatting data entry to match specific formatting criteria.

# Convert YYYY/MM/DD to DD Month YYYY
print('# 3 Reformatting data entry to match specific formatting criteria.')
baddate = dt.date(2001, 1, 1)
baddata=format(baddate,"%Y-%m-%d")
gooddate = dt.datetime.strptime(baddata,"%Y-%m-%d")
gooddata=format(gooddate,"%d %B %Y")
print('Bad Data : ',baddata)
```

```
print('Good Data : ',goooddata)
```

Output:-**4A. Fixers Utilities:**

```
#1 Removing leading or lagging spaces from a data entry
```

```
> Hello My name is abc khushi kunti <
```

```
> Hello My name is abc khushi kunti <
```

```
*****
```

```
#2 Removing nonprintable characters from a data entry
```

```
Bad Data :  DataScience with@ funny characters is @bad!!!
```

```
Clean Data :  DataScience with funny characters is bad!!!
```

```
*****
```

```
# 3 Reformatting data entry to match specific formatting criteria.
```

```
Bad Data :  2001-01-01
```

```
Good Data :  01 January 2001
```

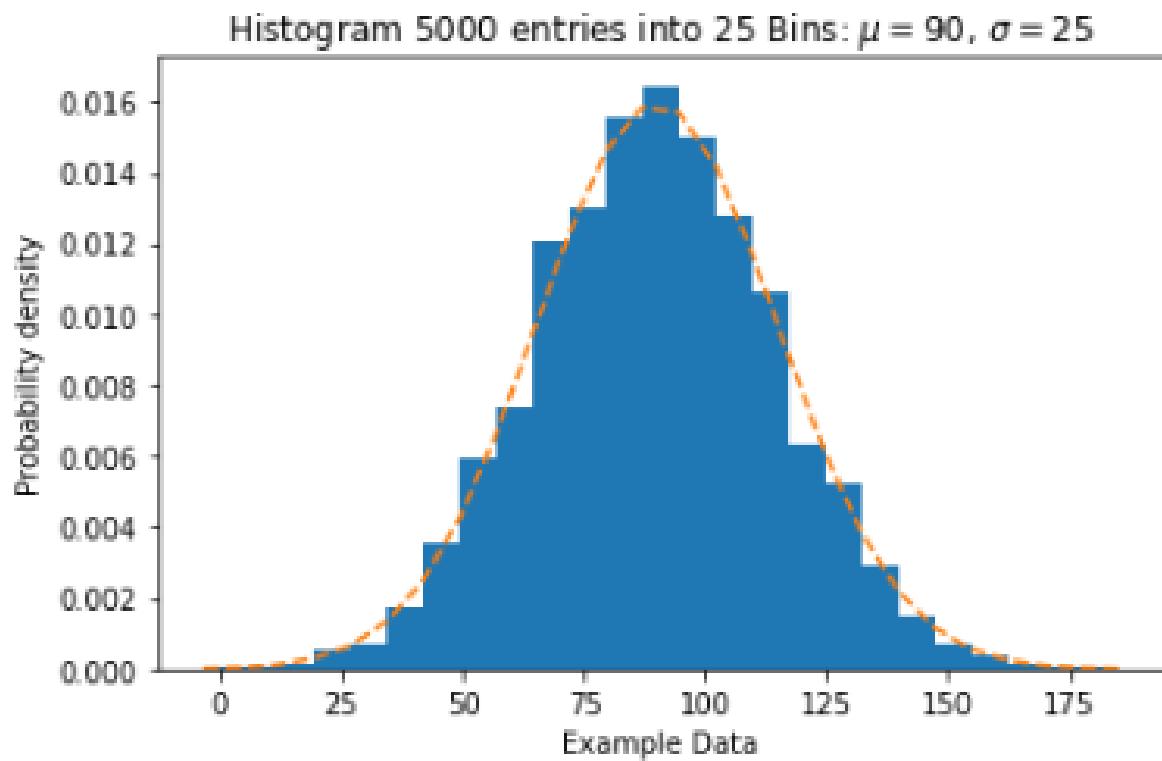
Practical NO :- 11

Aim:- Write the program to use data binning or bucketing to reduce the effects of minor observation error.

Code:-

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.mlab as mlab
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import scipy.stats as stats
np.random.seed(0)
mu = 90 # mean of distribution
sigma = 25 # standard deviation of distribution
x = mu + sigma * np.random.randn(5000)
num_bins = 25
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
# the histogram of the data
n, bins, patches = ax.hist(x, num_bins, density=1)
# add a 'best fit' line
y = stats.norm.pdf(bins, mu, sigma)
# mlab.normpdf(bins, mu, sigma)
ax.plot(bins, y, '--')
ax.set_xlabel('Example Data')
ax.set_ylabel('Probability density')
sTitle=r'Histogram ' + str(len(x)) + ' entries into ' + str(num_bins) + ' Bins: $\mu=' + str(mu) + '$,'
'$\sigma=' + str(sigma) + '$'
ax.set_title(sTitle)
fig.tight_layout()
sPathFig='C:/VKHCG/05-DS/4000-UL/0200-DU/DU-Histogram.png'
fig.savefig(sPathFig)
plt.show()
```

Output:-



Practical NO :- 12

Aim:- Write the program to demonstrate averaging of data.

Code:-

```
import pandas as pd

InputFileName='IP_DATA_CORE2.csv'
OutputFileName='Retrieve_Router_Location.csv'
Base='C:/VKHCG'

print('4C. Averaging of Data')
print('Working Base :',Base, ' using ')
sFileName=Base + '/01-Vermeulen/00-RawData/' + InputFileName
print('Loading :',sFileName)

IP_DATA_ALL=pd.read_csv(sFileName,header=0,low_memory=False,
usecols=['Country','Place Name','Latitude','Longitude'], encoding="latin-1")
IP_DATA_ALL.rename(columns={'Place Name': 'Place_Name'}, inplace=True)

AllData=IP_DATA_ALL[['Country', 'Place_Name','Latitude']]
print(AllData)

MeanData=AllData.groupby(['Country', 'Place_Name'])['Latitude'].mean()
print(MeanData)
```

Output:-

```
#####
Working Base : C:/VKHCG  using
#####
Loading : C:/VKHCG/01-Vermeulen/00-RawData/IP_DATA_CORE2.csv
   Country Place_Name  Latitude
0        US    New York    40.7528
1        US    New York    40.7528
2        US    New York    40.7528
3        US    New York    40.7528
4        US    New York    40.7528
5        US    New York    40.7528
6        US    New York    40.7528
7        US    New York    40.7528
8        US    New York    40.7528
9        US    New York    40.7528
10       US    New York    40.7528
11       US    New York    40.7528
12       US    New York    40.7528
```

Practical NO :- 13

Aim:- Write the program to use outlier detection to find different data that may cause error.

Code:-

```
import pandas as pd
print('4D. Outlier Detection')

InputFileName='IP_DATA_CORE2.csv'
OutputFileName='Retrieve_Router_Location.csv'
Base='C:/VKHCG'

print('#' * 50)
print('Working Base :',Base)
print('#' * 50)

sFileName=Base + '/01-Vermeulen/00-RawData/' + InputFileName
print('Loading :',sFileName)

IP_DATA_ALL=pd.read_csv(sFileName,header=0,low_memory=False,
usecols=['Country','Place Name','Latitude','Longitude'], encoding="latin-1")
IP_DATA_ALL.rename(columns={'Place Name': 'Place_Name'}, inplace=True)

LondonData=IP_DATA_ALL.loc[IP_DATA_ALL['Place_Name']=='London']

AllData=LondonData[['Country', 'Place_Name','Latitude']]

print('All Data')
print(AllData)

MeanData=AllData.groupby(['Country', 'Place_Name'])['Latitude'].mean()
StdData=AllData.groupby(['Country', 'Place_Name'])['Latitude'].std()

print('Outliers')

UpperBound=float(MeanData+StdData)
print('Higher than ', UpperBound)

OutliersHigher=AllData[AllData.Latitude>UpperBound]
print(OutliersHigher)

LowerBound=float(MeanData-StdData)
```

```
print('Lower than ', LowerBound)
OutliersLower=AllData[AllData.Latitude<LowerBound]
print(OutliersLower)
print('Not Outliers')
OutliersNot=AllData[(AllData.Latitude>=LowerBound) & (AllData.Latitude<=UpperBound)]
print(OutliersNot)
```

Output:-

```
#####
Working Base : C:/VKHCG
#####
Loading : C:/VKHCG/01-Vermeulen/00-RawData/IP_DATA_CORE2.csv
All Data
   Country Place_Name  Latitude
1910      GB    London  51.5130
1911      GB    London  51.5508
1912      GB    London  51.5649
1913      GB    London  51.5895
1914      GB    London  51.5232
1915      GB    London  51.4739
1916      GB    London  51.5491
1917      GB    London  51.5085
1918      GB    London  51.5085
1919      GB    London  51.5161
1920      GB    London  51.5198
1921      GB    London  51.5198
```

Practical NO :- 14

Aim:- Write the python program to do basic logging in data science.

Code:-

```
import sys
import os
import logging
import uuid
import shutil
import time
if sys.platform == "linux":
    Base = os.path.expanduser("~/") + "/VKHCG"
else:
    Base = "C:/VKHCG"
sCompanies = ["01-Vermeulen", "02-Krennwallner", "03-Hillman", "04-Clark"]
sLayers = [
    "01-Retrieve",
    "02-Assess",
    "03-Process",
    "04-Transform",
    "05-Organise",
    "06-Report",
]
sLevels = ["debug", "info", "warning", "error"]
for sCompany in sCompanies:
    sFileDir = Base + "/" + sCompany
    if not os.path.exists(sFileDir):
        os.makedirs(sFileDir)
    for sLayer in sLayers:
        log = logging.getLogger() # root logger
```

```
for hdlr in log.handlers[:]: # remove all old handlers
    log.removeHandler(hdlr)

sFileDir = Base + "/" + sCompany + "/" + sLayer + "/Logging"
if os.path.exists(sFileDir):
    shutil.rmtree(sFileDir)
time.sleep(2)

if not os.path.exists(sFileDir):
    os.makedirs(sFileDir)
skey = str(uuid.uuid4())
sLogFile = (
    Base + "/" + sCompany + "/" + sLayer + "/Logging/Logging_" + skey + ".log"
)
print("Set up:", sLogFile)

# set up logging to file - see previous section for more details
logging.basicConfig(
    level=logging.DEBUG,
    format"%(asctime)s %(name)-12s %(levelname)-8s %(message)s",
    datefmt="%m-%d %H:%M",
    filename=sLogFile,
    filemode="w",
)
# define a Handler which writes INFO messages or higher to the sys.stderr
console = logging.StreamHandler()
console.setLevel(logging.INFO)

# set a format which is simpler for console use
formatter = logging.Formatter("%(name)-12s: %(levelname)-8s %(message)s")

# tell the handler to use this format
console.setFormatter(formatter)

# add the handler to the root logger
logging.getLogger("").addHandler(console)
```

```
# Now, we can log to the root logger, or any other logger. First the root...
logging.info("Practical Data Science is fun!")

for sLevel in sLevels:
    sApp = "Aplication-" + sCompany + "-" + sLayer + "-" + sLevel
    logger = logging.getLogger(sApp)
    if sLevel == "debug":
        logger.debug("Practical Data Science logged a debugging message.")
    if sLevel == "info":
        logger.info("Practical Data Science logged information message.")
    if sLevel == "warning":
        logger.warning("Practical Data Science logged a warning message.")
    if sLevel == "error":
        logger.error("Practical Data Science logged an error message.")
```

Output:-

```
root      : INFO      Practical Data Science is fun!
Aplication-01-Vermeulen-01-Retrieve-info: INFO      Practical Data Science logged information message.
Aplication-01-Vermeulen-01-Retrieve-warning: WARNING  Practical Data Science logged a warning message.
Aplication-01-Vermeulen-01-Retrieve-error: ERROR    Practical Data Science logged an error message.

Set up: C:/VKHCG/01-Vermeulen/01-Retrieve/Logging/Logging_c2eb8f4d-a51d-4c03-a707-1a9250e21924.log

root      : INFO      Practical Data Science is fun!
Aplication-01-Vermeulen-02-Assess-info: INFO      Practical Data Science logged information message.
Aplication-01-Vermeulen-02-Assess-warning: WARNING  Practical Data Science logged a warning message.
Aplication-01-Vermeulen-02-Assess-error: ERROR    Practical Data Science logged an error message.

Set up: C:/VKHCG/01-Vermeulen/02-Assess/Logging/Logging_a980041a-594e-4626-8857-13de83ed91e8.log

root      : INFO      Practical Data Science is fun!
Aplication-01-Vermeulen-03-Process-info: INFO      Practical Data Science logged information message.
Aplication-01-Vermeulen-03-Process-warning: WARNING  Practical Data Science logged a warning message.
Aplication-01-Vermeulen-03-Process-error: ERROR    Practical Data Science logged an error message.

Set up: C:/VKHCG/01-Vermeulen/03-Process/Logging/Logging_2ba7c915-4bbb-4dbc-ba57-0405c0237fc2.log
```

Practical NO :- 15

Aim:- Write the program to retrieve different attributes of the data

Code:-

```
import sys
import os
import pandas as pd
if sys.platform == 'linux':
    Base=os.path.expanduser('~/') + '/VKHCG'
else:
    Base='C:/VKHCG'
sFileName=Base + '/IP_DATA_ALL.csv'
print('Loading :',sFileName)
IP_DATA_ALL=pd.read_csv(sFileName,header=0,low_memory=False, encoding="latin-1")
sFileDir=Base + '/01-Vermeulen/01-Retrieve/01-EDS/02-Python'
if not os.path.exists(sFileDir):
    os.makedirs(sFileDir)
print('Rows:', IP_DATA_ALL.shape[0])
print('Columns:', IP_DATA_ALL.shape[1])
print('### Raw Data Set #####')
for i in range(0,len(IP_DATA_ALL.columns)):
    print(IP_DATA_ALL.columns[i],type(IP_DATA_ALL.columns[i]))
print('### Fixed Data Set #####')
IP_DATA_ALL_FIX=IP_DATA_ALL
for i in range(0,len(IP_DATA_ALL.columns)):
    cNameOld=IP_DATA_ALL_FIX.columns[i] + ' '
    cNameNew=cNameOld.strip().replace(" ", ".")
    IP_DATA_ALL_FIX.columns.values[i] = cNameNew
```

```

print(IP_DATA_ALL.columns[i],type(IP_DATA_ALL.columns[i]))

#print(IP_DATA_ALL_FIX.head())

print('Fixed Data Set with ID')

IP_DATA_ALL_with_ID=IP_DATA_ALL_FIX

IP_DATA_ALL_with_ID.index.names = ['RowID']

#print(IP_DATA_ALL_with_ID.head())

sFileName2=sFileDir + '/Retrieve_IP_DATA.csv'

IP_DATA_ALL_with_ID.to_csv(sFileName2, index = True, encoding="latin-1")

print('### Done!! #####')

```

Output:-

```

Loading : C:/VKHCG/IP_DATA_ALL.csv
Rows: 1247502
Columns: 9
### Raw Data Set #####
Unnamed: 0 <class 'str'>
ID <class 'str'>
Country <class 'str'>
Place.Name <class 'str'>
Post.Code <class 'str'>
Latitude <class 'str'>
Longitude <class 'str'>
First.IP.Number <class 'str'>
Last.IP.Number <class 'str'>
### Fixed Data Set #####
Unnamed:0 <class 'str'>
ID <class 'str'>
Country <class 'str'>
Place.Name <class 'str'>
Post.Code <class 'str'>
Latitude <class 'str'>
Longitude <class 'str'>
First.IP.Number <class 'str'>
Last.IP.Number <class 'str'>
Fixed Data Set with ID
### Done!! #####

```

Practical NO :- 16

Aim:- Write the program to determine the pattern of data values using R

Code:-

```
> library(readr)
```

```
> library(data.table)
```

data.table 1.16.0 using 6 threads (see ?getDTthreads). Latest news: r-datable.com

```
> fileName=paste0('c:/VKHCG/IP_DATA_ALL.csv')
```

```
> IP_DATA_ALL <- read_csv(fileName)
```

```
[1] indexing[0m [34mIP_DATA_ALL.csv[0m [-----] [32m459.92MB/s[0m, eta: [36m 0s[0m
```

```
[1] indexing[0m [34mIP_DATA_ALL.csv[0m [=====] [32m442.84MB/s[0m, eta: [36m 0s[0m
```

```
[1] indexing[0m [34mIP_DATA_ALL.csv[0m [=====] [32m452.20MB/s[0m, eta: [36m 0s[0m
```

```
[1] indexing[0m [34mIP_DATA_ALL.csv[0m [=====] [32m449.49MB/s[0m, eta: [36m 0s[0m
```

```
New names:
```

- `` -> `...`

Rows: 1247502 Columns: 9

— Column specification

Delimiter: ","

chr (3): Country, Place.Name, Post.Code

dbl (6): ...1, ID, Latitude, Longitude, First.IP.Number, Last.IP.Number

i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.

```
> hist_country=data.table(Country=unique(IP_DATA_ALL$Country))
```

```
> pattern_country=data.table(Country=hist_country$Country,
```

```
+ PatternCountry=hist_country$Country)
```

```
> oldchar=c(letters,LETTERS)
```

```
> newchar=replicate(length(oldchar),"A")
```

```

> for (r in seq(nrow(pattern_country))){  

+   s=pattern_country[r,]$PatternCountry;  

+   for (c in seq(length(oldchar))){  

+     s=chartr(oldchar[c],newchar[c],s)  

+   };  

+   for (n in seq(0,9,1)){  

+     s=chartr(as.character(n),"N",s)  

+   };  

+   s=chartr(" ","b",s)  

+   s=chartr(".", "u",s)  

+   pattern_country[r,]$PatternCountry=s;  

+ };  

> View(pattern_country)

```

Output:-



	Country	PatternCountry
1	BW	AA
2	NE	AA
3	MZ	AA
4	GH	AA
5	DZ	AA
6	EG	AA
7	KE	AA
8	CM	AA
9	SN	AA
10	ZW	AA
11	NA	NA
12	NG	AA
13	SD	AA
14	ZM	AA
15	TZ	AA
16	ZA	AA
17	SZ	AA
18	MG	AA
19	ML	AA
20	TN	AA
21	MU	AA
22	MW	AA

Practical NO :- 17

Aim:- Write the program to load data set containing different ip addresses allocation.

Code:-

```
import sys
import os
import pandas as pd
if sys.platform == 'linux':
    Base=os.path.expanduser('~/') + '/VKHCG'
else:
    Base='C:/VKHCG'
sFileName=Base + '/IP_DATA_ALL.csv'
print('Loading :',sFileName)
IP_DATA_ALL=pd.read_csv(sFileName,header=0,low_memory=False, encoding="latin-1")
sFileDir=Base + '/01-Vermeulen/01-Retrieve/01-EDS/02-Python'
if not os.path.exists(sFileDir):
    os.makedirs(sFileDir)
print('Rows:', IP_DATA_ALL.shape[0])
print('Columns:', IP_DATA_ALL.shape[1])
print('### Raw Data Set #####')
for i in range(0,len(IP_DATA_ALL.columns)):
    print(IP_DATA_ALL.columns[i],type(IP_DATA_ALL.columns[i]))
print('### Fixed Data Set #####')
IP_DATA_ALL_FIX=IP_DATA_ALL
for i in range(0,len(IP_DATA_ALL.columns)):
    cNameOld=IP_DATA_ALL_FIX.columns[i] + '  '
    cNameNew=cNameOld.replace(' ','_')
    IP_DATA_ALL_FIX.columns[i]=cNameNew
```

```
cNameNew=cNameOld.strip().replace(" ",".")  
IP_DATA_ALL_FIX.columns.values[i] = cNameNew  
print(IP_DATA_ALL.columns[i],type(IP_DATA_ALL.columns[i]))  
#print(IP_DATA_ALL_FIX.head())  
print('Fixed Data Set with ID')  
  
IP_DATA_ALL_with_ID=IP_DATA_ALL_FIX  
IP_DATA_ALL_with_ID.index.names = ['RowID']  
#print(IP_DATA_ALL_with_ID.head())  
  
sFileName2=sFileDir + '/Retrieve_IP_DATA.csv'  
  
IP_DATA_ALL_with_ID.to_csv(sFileName2, index = True, encoding="latin-1")
```

Output:-

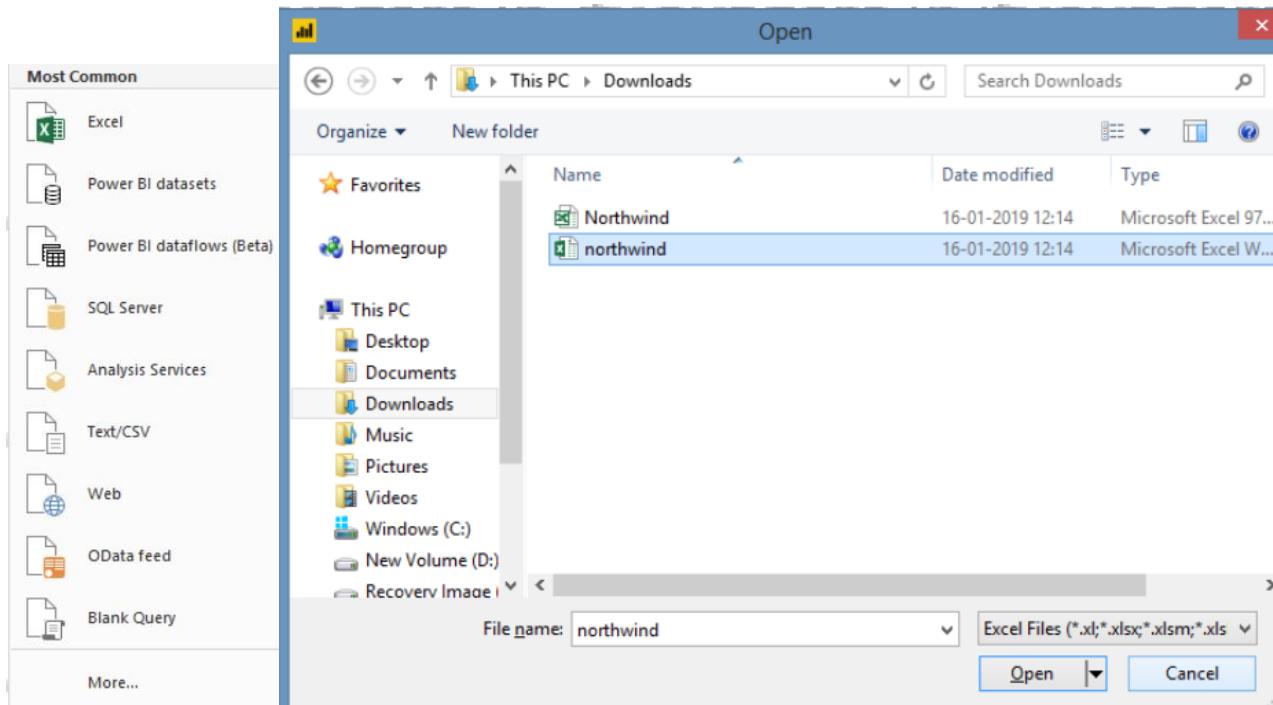
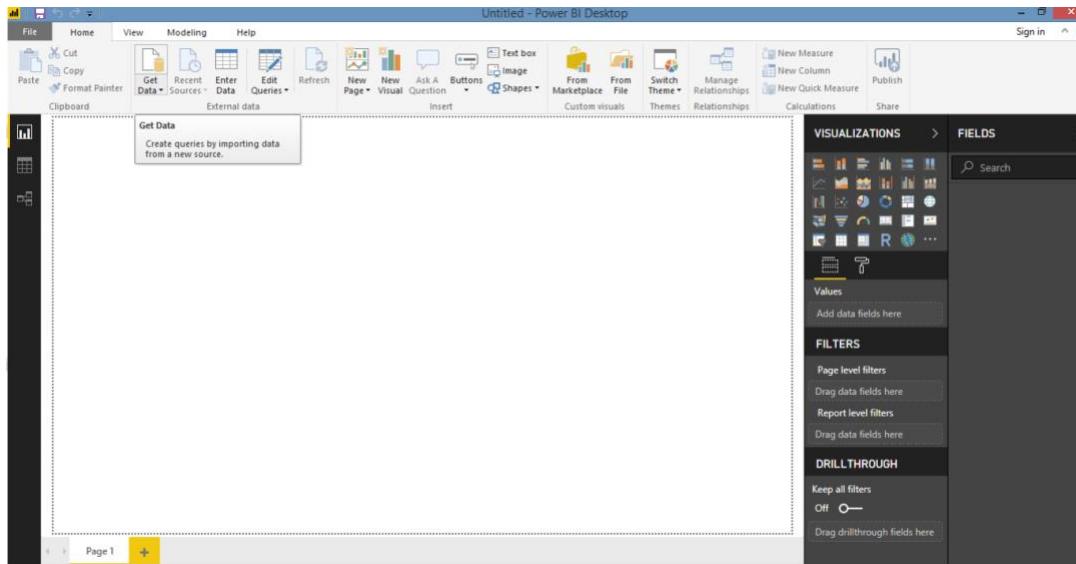
```
Loading : C:/VKHCG/IP_DATA_ALL.csv  
Rows: 1247502  
Columns: 9  
### Raw Data Set #####  
Unnamed: 0 <class 'str'>  
ID <class 'str'>  
Country <class 'str'>  
Place.Name <class 'str'>  
Post.Code <class 'str'>  
Latitude <class 'str'>  
Longitude <class 'str'>  
First.IP.Number <class 'str'>  
Last.IP.Number <class 'str'>  
### Fixed Data Set #####  
Unnamed:0 <class 'str'>  
ID <class 'str'>  
Country <class 'str'>  
Place.Name <class 'str'>  
Post.Code <class 'str'>  
Latitude <class 'str'>  
Longitude <class 'str'>  
First.IP.Number <class 'str'>  
Last.IP.Number <class 'str'>  
Fixed Data Set with ID  
### Done! ! #####
```

Practical NO :- 18

Aim:- Demonstrate organizing data using power BI.

To effectively organize and analyze data using Power BI, follow these structured steps:

Data Acquisition: Import data from sources like Excel, CSV, or databases using the 'Get Data' feature.



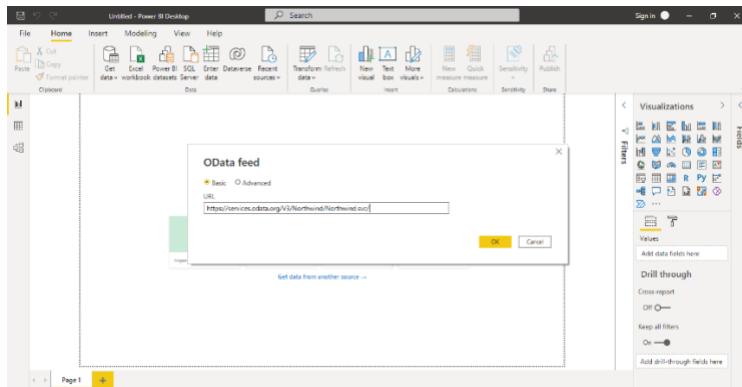
Navigator

The Navigator window displays a list of available datasets from various sources. A preview of the 'Territories' table is shown, listing territory IDs, descriptions, region IDs, and regions. The table includes rows for Westboro, Bedford, Georgetow, Boston, Cambridge, Braintree, Providence, Hollis, Portsmouth, Wilton, Morristown, Edison, New York, Melville, Fairport, Philadelphia, Newark, Rockville, Greensboro, Cary, Columbia, and Atlanta.

TerritoryID	TerritoryDescription	RegionID	Region
01581	Westboro	1	F
01730	Bedford	1	F
01833	Georgetow	1	F
02116	Boston	1	F
02139	Cambridge	1	F
02184	Braintree	1	F
02903	Providence	1	F
03049	Hollis	3	F
03801	Portsmouth	3	F
06897	Wilton	1	F
07960	Morristown	1	F
08837	Edison	1	F
10019	New York	1	F
10038	New York	1	F
11747	Melville	1	F
14450	Fairport	1	F
19428	Philadelphia	3	F
19713	Newark	1	F
20852	Rockville	1	F
27403	Greensboro	1	F
27511	Cary	1	F
29202	Columbia	4	F
30346	Atlanta	4	F

Untitled - Power BI Desktop

The Power BI Desktop interface shows the 'Home' tab selected. The 'Common data sources' pane is open, displaying options like Excel workbook, Power BI datasets, Power BI dataflows, and Dataverse. The 'Fields' pane on the right shows a list of visualizations and filters. The main workspace is titled 'Add data to your report' with instructions to import data from various sources.



OData feed

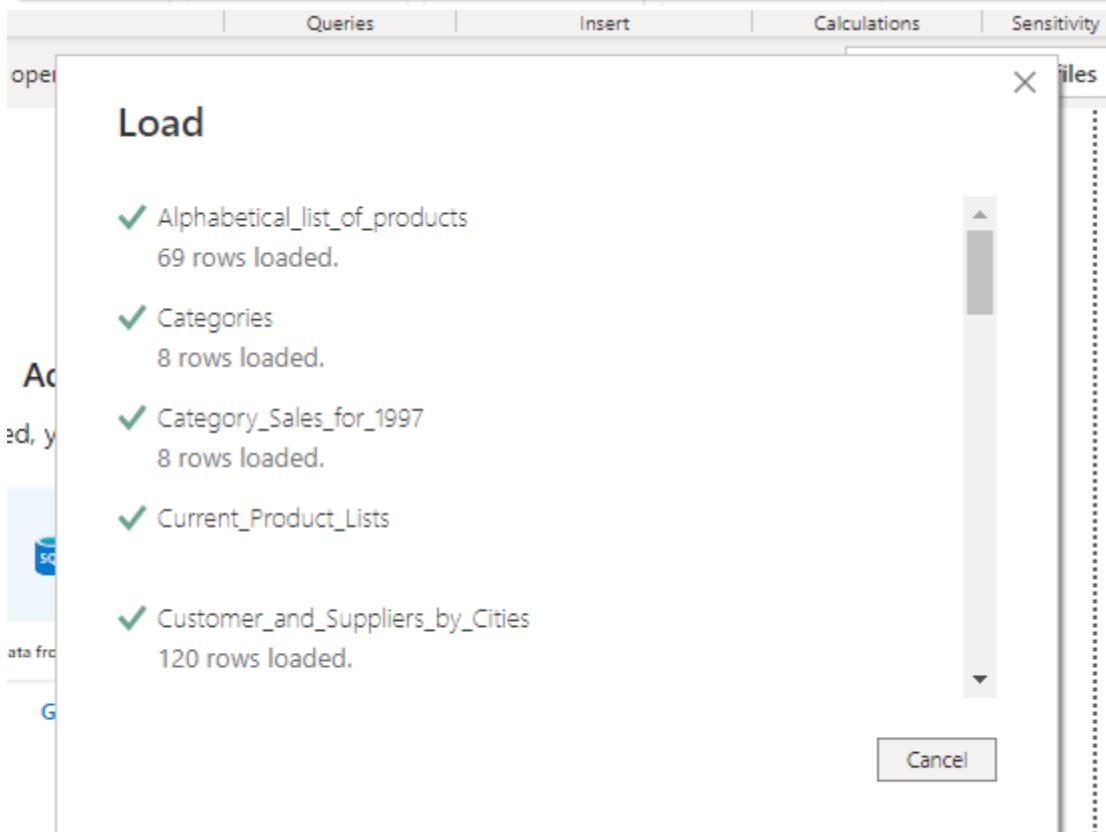
Basic Advanced

URL

`https://services.odata.org/V3/Northwind/Northwind.svc/`

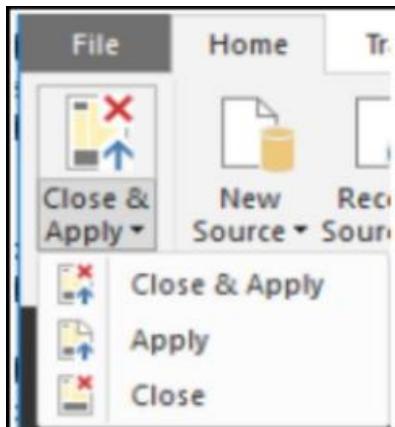
OK

Cancel

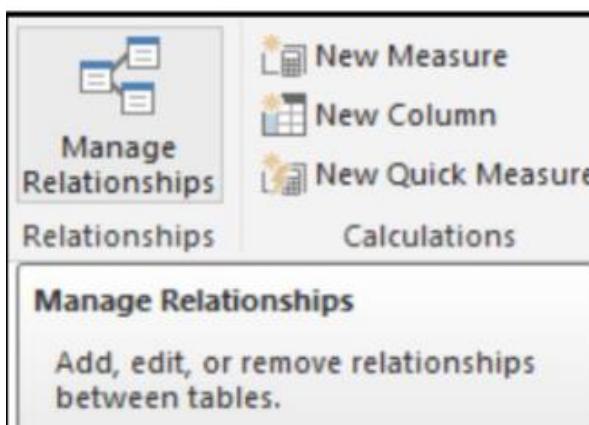


Data Cleaning and Transformation: Use the Power Query Editor to clean data — remove duplicates, handle missing values, and rename columns.

	OrderDate	ShipCity	ShipCountry	LineTotal	ProductID	UnitPrice	Quantity
1	7/4/1996 12:00:00 AM	Reims	France	168	11	14	12
2	7/4/1996 12:00:00 AM	Reims	France	98	42	9.8	10
3	7/4/1996 12:00:00 AM	Reims	France	174	72	34.8	5
4	7/5/1996 12:00:00 AM	Münster	Germany	167.4	14	18.6	9
5	7/5/1996 12:00:00 AM	Münster	Germany	1696	51	42.4	40
6	7/8/1996 12:00:00 AM	Rio de Janeiro	Brazil	77	41	7.7	10
7	7/8/1996 12:00:00 AM	Rio de Janeiro	Brazil	1484	51	42.4	35
8	7/8/1996 12:00:00 AM	Rio de Janeiro	Brazil	252	65	16.8	15
9	7/8/1996 12:00:00 AM	Lyon	France	100.8	22	16.8	6
10	7/8/1996 12:00:00 AM	Lyon	France	234	57	15.6	15
11	7/8/1996 12:00:00 AM	Lyon	France	336	65	16.8	20



Creating a Data Model: Establish relationships between tables based on keys and choose an appropriate model type (e.g., Star Schema).



Manage relationships

Active From: Table (Column) To: Table (Column)

Orders (ProductID) Products (ProductID)

New... Autodetect... Edit... Delete

Close

Edit relationship

Select tables and columns that are related.

Orders

OrderDate	ShipCity	ShipCountry	LineTotal	ProductID	UnitPrice	Quantity
10/8/1996 12:00:00 AM	Boise	USA	\$291.9	16	13.9	21
10/8/1996 12:00:00 AM	Boise	USA	\$1,008	35	14.4	70
10/8/1996 12:00:00 AM	Boise	USA	\$288	46	9.6	30

Products

ProductID	ProductName	QuantityPerUnit	UnitsInStock
1	Chai	10 boxes x 20 bags	39
2	Chang	24 - 12 oz bottles	17
3	Aniseed Syrup	12 - 550 ml bottles	13

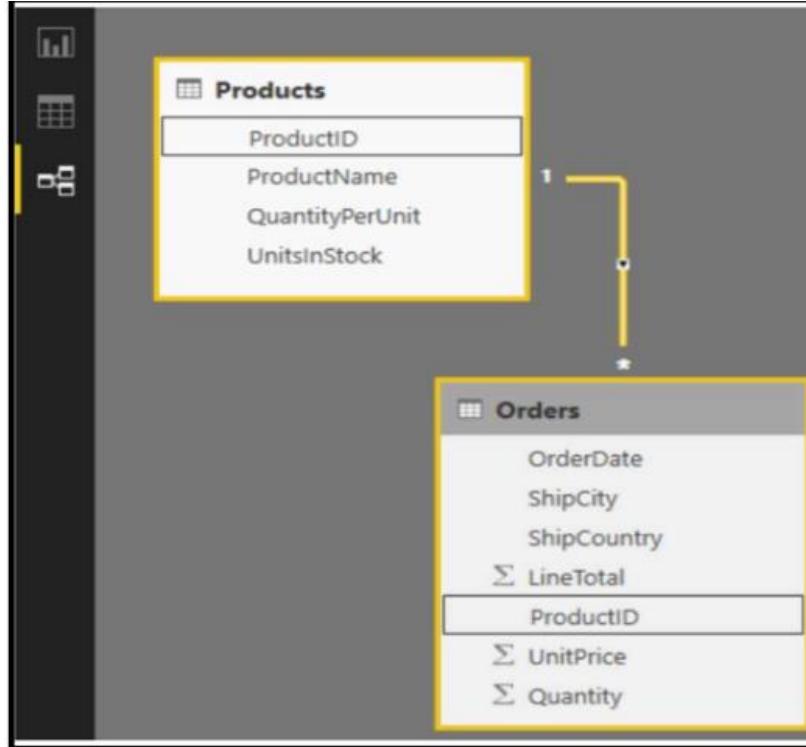
Cardinality Cross filter direction

Many to one (*:1) Single

Make this relationship active Apply security filter in both directions

Assume referential integrity

OK Cancel



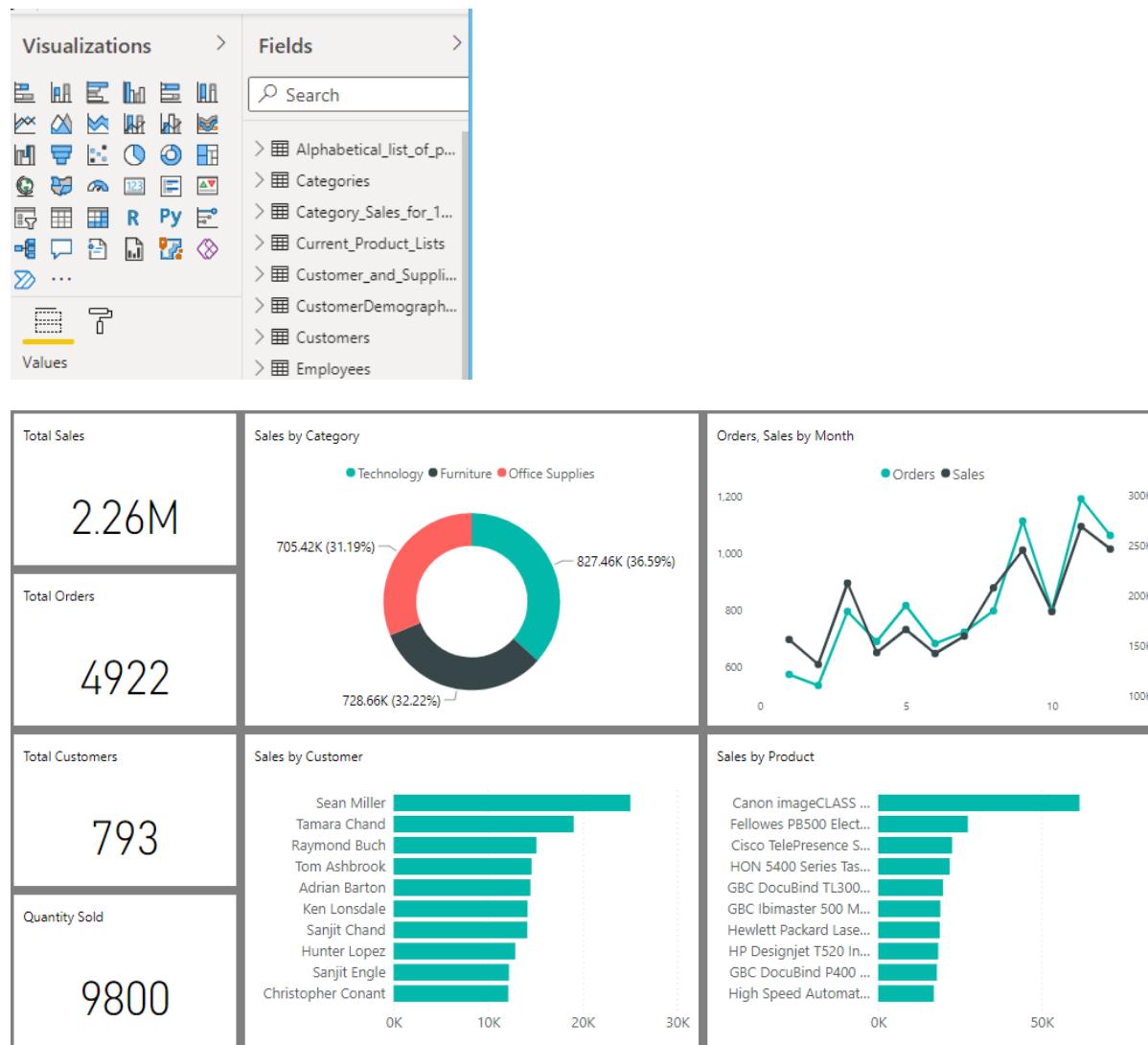
Organizing Measures: Create DAX measures for calculations and organize them into dedicated measures tables.

Practical NO :- 19

Aim:- Demonstrate generating data using power BI.

Setting up Filter and Fact Tables: Arrange lookup (filter) tables at the top and fact tables below for easier navigation.

Building Visualizations: Create charts, tables, and maps by dragging fields onto the report canvas.



Creating Dashboards: Pin visuals to dashboards for a consolidated view of key metrics.

Reviewing and Sharing Insights: Regularly check model accuracy and share reports/dashboards with stakeholders.

Practical NO :- 20

Aim:- Write the program to perform error management on the given data using pandas package.

Code:-

```
import sys
import os
import pandas as pd

InputFileName='DE_Billboard_Locations.csv'
OutputFileName='Retrieve_DE_Billboard_Locations.csv'
Company='02-Krennwallner'

if sys.platform == 'linux':
    Base=os.path.expanduser('~/') + '/VKHCG'
else:
    Base='C:/VKHCG'

print('Working Base :',Base, ' using ', sys.platform)
Base='C:/VKHCG'

sFileName=Base + '/' + Company + '/00-RawData/' + InputFileName
print('Loading :',sFileName)

IP_DATA_ALL=pd.read_csv(sFileName,header=0,low_memory=False,usecols=['Country','PlaceName','Latitude','Longitude'])

IP_DATA_ALL.rename(columns={'PlaceName': 'Place_Name'}, inplace=True)

sFileDir=Base + '/' + Company + '/01-Retrieve/01-EDS/02-Python'
if not os.path.exists(sFileDir):
    os.makedirs(sFileDir)

ROUTERLOC = IP_DATA_ALL.drop_duplicates(subset=None, keep='first', inplace=False)
```

```
print('Rows :',ROUTERLOC.shape[0])  
print('Columns :',ROUTERLOC.shape[1])  
sFileName2=sFileDir + '/' + OutputFileName  
ROUTERLOC.to_csv(sFileName2, index = False)
```

Output:-

```
== RESTART: C:/Users/admin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python38/5d-asprac.py  
#####
Working Base : C:/VKHCG using win32
#####
Loading : C:/VKHCG/02-Krennwallner/00-RawData/DE_Billboard_Locations.csv
Rows : 8873
Columns : 4
### Done!! #####
```

Country	Place_Nar	Latitude	Longitude
DE	Lake	51.7833	8.5667
DE	Horb	48.4333	8.6833
DE	Hardenbe	51.1	7.7333
DE	Horn-bad	51.9833	8.9667
DE	Winkel	51.55	13.3833
DE	Rohrdorf	47.7333	10.0833
DE	Sch<f6>ne	51.9833	12.8333
DE	Beuren	47.75	10.0167
DE	Marienfel	50.8833	7.4333
DE	Borgholz	51.6167	9.2667
DE	Kappel	47.7667	9.45
DE	Riepe	52.9333	9.7333
DE	Lauenf<f6	51.6667	10.3833
DE	Fredeburg	51.2	8.3
DE	Dwergte	52.8833	7.9

Practical NO :- 21

Aim:- Write python/R program to pick the content for Billboard's from the given Data XML Processing.

Code:-

```
import sys
import os
import pandas as pd
import xml.etree.ElementTree as ET
def df2xml(data):
    header = data.columns
    root = ET.Element('root')
    for row in range(data.shape[0]):
        entry = ET.SubElement(root,'entry')
        for index in range(data.shape[1]):
            schild=str(header[index])
            child = ET.SubElement(entry, schild)
            if str(data[schild][row]) != 'nan':
                child.text = str(data[schild][row])
            else:
                child.text = 'n/a'
            entry.append(child)
    result = ET.tostring(root)
    return result
def xml2df(xml_data):
    try:
        root = ET.XML(xml_data)
```

```
except ET.ParseError as e:  
    print(f"XML parsing error: {e}")  
  
    return pd.DataFrame() # Return an empty DataFrame or handle as needed  
  
all_records = []  
  
for i, child in enumerate(root):  
    record = {}  
  
    for subchild in child:  
        record[subchild.tag] = subchild.text if subchild.text else 'n/a'  
  
    all_records.append(record)  
  
return pd.DataFrame(all_records)  
  
InputFileName='IP_DATA_ALL.csv'  
  
OutputFileName='Retrieve_Online_Visitor.xml'  
  
CompanyIn= '01-Vermeulen'  
  
CompanyOut= '02-Krennwallner'  
  
if sys.platform == 'linux':  
  
    Base=os.path.expanduser('~') + '/VKHCG'  
  
else:  
  
    Base='C:/VKHCG'  
  
print('Working Base :',Base, ' using ', sys.platform)  
  
sFileName=Base + '/' + CompanyIn + '/00-RawData/' + InputFileName  
  
print('Loading :',sFileName)  
  
IP_DATA_ALL=pd.read_csv(sFileName,header=0,low_memory=False)  
  
IP_DATA_ALL.rename(columns={'Place.Name': 'Place_Name'}, inplace=True)  
  
IP_DATA_ALL.rename(columns={'First.IP.Number': 'First_IP_Number'}, inplace=True)  
  
IP_DATA_ALL.rename(columns={'Last.IP.Number': 'Last_IP_Number'}, inplace=True)  
  
IP_DATA_ALL.rename(columns={'Post.Code': 'Post_Code'}, inplace=True)
```

```
sFileDir=Base + '/' + CompanyOut + '01-Retrieve/01-EDS/02-Python'  
if not os.path.exists(sFileDir):  
    os.makedirs(sFileDir)  
  
visitordata = IP_DATA_ALL.head(10000)  
  
print('Original Subset Data Frame')  
  
print('Rows :,visitordata.shape[0])  
  
print('Columns :,visitordata.shape[1])  
  
print(visitordata)  
  
print('Export XML')  
  
sXML=df2xml(visitordata)  
  
sFileName=sFileDir + '/' + OutputFileName  
  
file_out = open(sFileName, 'wb')  
  
file_out.write(sXML)  
  
file_out.close()  
  
print('Store XML:',sFileName)  
  
xml_data = open(sFileName).read()  
  
unxmlrawdata=xml2df(xml_data)  
  
print('Raw XML Data Frame')  
  
print('Rows :,unxmlrawdata.shape[0])  
  
print('Columns :,unxmlrawdata.shape[1])  
  
print(unxmlrawdata)  
  
unxmldata = unxmlrawdata.drop_duplicates(subset=None, keep='first', inplace=False)  
  
print('Deduplicated XML Data Frame')  
  
print('Rows :,unxmldata.shape[0])  
  
print('Columns :,unxmldata.shape[1])  
  
print(unxmldata)
```

Output:

```
#####
Working Base : C:/VKHCG using win32
#####
Loading : C:/VKHCG/01-Vermeulen/00-RawData/IP_DATA_ALL.csv
Original Subset Data Frame
Rows : 10000
Columns : 8
   ID Country Place_Name ... Longitude First_IP_Number Last_IP_Number
0   1   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   692781056   692781567
1   2   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   692781824   692783103
2   3   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   692909056   692909311
3   4   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   692909568   692910079
4   5   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   693051392   693052415
... ... ...
9995 9996  US Waterford ... -83.3554   1144498560   1144498687
9996 9997  US Waterford ... -83.3554   1144498816   1144499199
9997 9998  US Waterford ... -83.3554   1144555136   1144555263
9998 9999  US Waterford ... -83.3554   1144881664   1144881791
9999 10000 US Waterford ... -83.3554   1171565568   1171566079

[10000 rows x 8 columns]
Export XML
Store XML: C:/VKHCG/02-Krennwallner/01-Retrieve/01-EDS/02-Python/Retrieve_Online_Visitor.xml
Raw XML Data Frame
Rows : 10000
Columns : 8
   ID Country Place_Name ... Longitude First_IP_Number Last_IP_Number
0   1   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   692781056   692781567
1   2   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   692781824   692783103
2   3   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   692909056   692909311
3   4   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   692909568   692910079
4   5   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   693051392   693052415
... ...
9995 9996  US Waterford ... -83.3554   1144498560   1144498687
9996 9997  US Waterford ... -83.3554   1144498816   1144499199
9997 9998  US Waterford ... -83.3554   1144555136   1144555263
9998 9999  US Waterford ... -83.3554   1144881664   1144881791
9999 10000 US Waterford ... -83.3554   1171565568   1171566079

[10000 rows x 8 columns]
Deduplicated XML Data Frame
Rows : 10000
Columns : 8
   ID Country Place_Name ... Longitude First_IP_Number Last_IP_Number
0   1   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   692781056   692781567
1   2   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   692781824   692783103
2   3   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   692909056   692909311
3   4   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   692909568   692910079
4   5   BW   Gaborone ... 25.9119   693051392   693052415
... ...
9995 9996  US Waterford ... -83.3554   1144498560   1144498687
9996 9997  US Waterford ... -83.3554   1144498816   1144499199
9997 9998  US Waterford ... -83.3554   1144555136   1144555263
9998 9999  US Waterford ... -83.3554   1144881664   1144881791
9999 10000 US Waterford ... -83.3554   1171565568   1171566079

[10000 rows x 8 columns]
```

Practical NO :- 22

Aim:- Write the python/R program to create the network routing diagram from the Data on routers.

Code:-

```
import sys
import os
import pandas as pd
import networkx as nx
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
pd.options.mode.chained_assignment = None
if sys.platform == 'linux':
    Base=os.path.expanduser('~/') + 'VKHCG'
else:
    Base='C:/VKHCG'
print('#####')
print('Working Base :',Base, ' using ', sys.platform)
print('#####')
sInputFileName='02-Assess/01-EDS/02-Python/Assess-Network-Routing-Customer.csv'
sOutputFileName1='06-Report/01-EDS/02-Python/Report-Network-Routing-Customer.gml'
sOutputFileName2='06-Report/01-EDS/02-Python/Report-Network-Routing-Customer.png'
Company='01-Vermeulen'
### Import Country Data
sFileName=Base + '/' + Company + '/' + sInputFileName
print('#####')
print('Loading :',sFileName)
```

```
print('#####')
CustomerDataRaw=pd.read_csv(sFileName,header=0,low_memory=False, encoding="latin-1")
CustomerData=CustomerDataRaw.head(100)
print('Loaded Country:',CustomerData.columns.values)
print('#####')
print(CustomerData.head())
print(CustomerData.shape)
G=nx.Graph()
for i in range(CustomerData.shape[0]):
    for j in range(CustomerData.shape[0]):
        Node0=CustomerData['Customer_Country_Name'][i]
        Node1=CustomerData['Customer_Country_Name'][j]
        if Node0 != Node1:
            G.add_edge(Node0,Node1)
for i in range(CustomerData.shape[0]):
    Node0=CustomerData['Customer_Country_Name'][i]
    Node1=CustomerData['Customer_Place_Name'][i] + '(' + \
CustomerData['Customer_Country_Name'][i] + ')'
    Node2='(+ {:.9f}'.format(CustomerData['Customer_Latitude'][i]) + ')\\
(+ {:.9f}'.format(CustomerData['Customer_Longitude'][i]) + ')'
    if Node0 != Node1:
        G.add_edge(Node0,Node1)
    if Node1 != Node2:
        G.add_edge(Node1,Node2)
print('Nodes:', G.number_of_nodes())
```

```
print('Edges:', G.number_of_edges())

sFileName=Base + '/' + Company + '/' + sOutputFileName1

print('#####')

print('Storing :',sFileName)

print('#####')

nx.write_gml(G, sFileName)

sFileName=Base + '/' + Company + '/' + sOutputFileName2

print('#####')

print('Storing Graph Image:',sFileName)

print('#####')

plt.figure(figsize=(25, 25))

pos=nx.spectral_layout(G,dim=2)

nx.draw_networkx_nodes(G,pos, node_color='k', node_size=10, alpha=0.8)

nx.draw_networkx_edges(G, pos, edge_color='r', arrows=False, style='dashed')

nx.draw_networkx_labels(G,pos,font_size=12,font_family='sans-serif',font_color='b')

plt.axis('off')

plt.savefig(sFileName,dpi=600)

plt.show()

print('#####')

print('## Done!! #####')

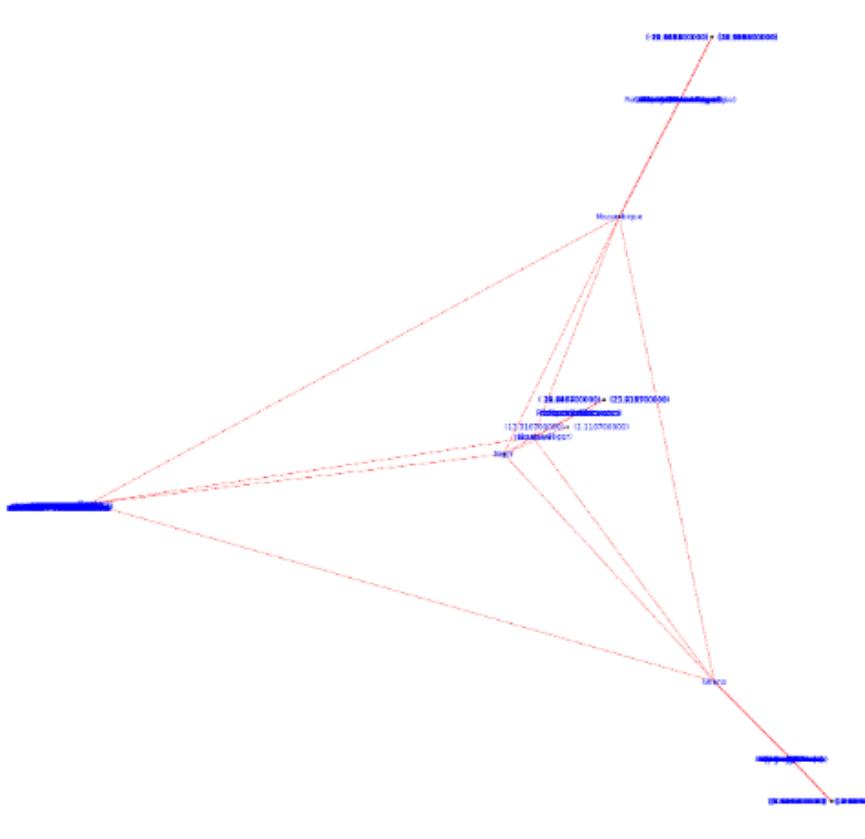
print('#####')
```

Output:-

```
#####
Working Base : C:/VKHCG using win32
#####
#####
Loading : C:/VKHCG/01-Vermeulen/02-Assess/01-EDS/02-Python/Assess-Network-Routing-Customer.csv
#####
Loaded Country: ['Customer_Country_Code' 'Customer_Place_Name' 'Customer_Latitude'
 'Customer_Longitude' 'Customer_Country_Name']
#####

   Customer_Country_Code Customer_Place_Name Customer_Latitude \
0                  BW          Gaborone        -24.6464
1                  BW       Francistown        -21.1667
2                  BW            Maun        -19.9833
3                  BW      Molepolole        -24.4167
4                  NE          Niamey         13.5167

   Customer_Longitude Customer_Country_Name
0           25.9119             Botswana
1           27.5167             Botswana
2           23.4167             Botswana
3           25.5333             Botswana
4           2.1167              Niger
(100, 5)
Nodes: 205
Edges: 210
#####
Storing : C:/VKHCG/01-Vermeulen/06-Report/01-EDS/02-Python/Report-Network-Routing-Customer.gml
#####
#####
Storing Graph Image: C:/VKHCG/01-Vermeulen/06-Report/01-EDS/02-Python/Report-Network-Routing-Customer.png
#####
```



Practical NO :- 23

Aim:- Perform Linear Regression.

Code:-

```
import sys
import os
import pandas as pd
import sqlite3 as sq
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from sklearn import datasets, linear_model
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
from collections import OrderedDict
person_data = []
t = 0
tMax = ((300 - 100) / 10) * ((300 - 30) / 5)
for heightSelect in range(100, 300, 10):
    for weightSelect in range(30, 300, 5):
        height = round(heightSelect / 100, 3)
        weight = int(weightSelect)
        bmi = weight / (height * height)
        if bmi <= 18.5:
            BMI_Result = 1
        elif bmi > 18.5 and bmi < 25:
            BMI_Result = 2
        elif bmi > 25 and bmi < 30:
```

```
BMI_Result = 3
else:
    BMI_Result = 4
person_data.append({
    'PersonID': str(t),
    'Height': height,
    'Weight': weight,
    'bmi': bmi,
    'Indicator': BMI_Result
})
t += 1
print('Row:', t, 'of', tMax)
DimPerson = pd.DataFrame(person_data)
DimPersonIndex = DimPerson.set_index(['PersonID'], inplace=False)
sTable = 'Transform-BMI'
print('Storing :',sDatabaseName,'n Table:',sTable)
DimPersonIndex.to_sql(sTable, conn1, if_exists="replace")
sTable = 'Person-Satellite-BMI'
print('Storing :',sDatabaseName,'n Table:',sTable)
DimPersonIndex.to_sql(sTable, conn2, if_exists="replace")
sTable = 'Dim-BMI'
print('Storing :',sDatabaseName,'n Table:',sTable)
DimPersonIndex.to_sql(sTable, conn3, if_exists="replace")
fig = plt.figure()
PlotPerson=DimPerson[DimPerson['Indicator']==1]
```

```
x=PlotPerson['Height']

y=PlotPerson['Weight']

plt.plot(x, y, ".")  
  
PlotPerson=DimPerson[DimPerson['Indicator']==2]

x=PlotPerson['Height']

y=PlotPerson['Weight']

plt.plot(x, y, "o")  
  
PlotPerson=DimPerson[DimPerson['Indicator']==3]

x=PlotPerson['Height']

y=PlotPerson['Weight']

plt.plot(x, y, "+")  
  
PlotPerson=DimPerson[DimPerson['Indicator']==4]

x=PlotPerson['Height']

y=PlotPerson['Weight']

plt.plot(x, y, "^")

plt.axis('tight')

plt.title("BMI Curve")

plt.xlabel("Height(meters)")

plt.ylabel("Weight(kg)")

plt.plot()  
  
diabetes = datasets.load_diabetes()

diabetes_X = diabetes.data[:, np.newaxis, 2]

diabetes_X_train = diabetes_X[:-30]

diabetes_X_test = diabetes_X[-30:]

diabetes_y_train = diabetes.target[:-30]
```

```
diabetes_y_test = diabetes.target[-50:]  
regr = linear_model.LinearRegression()  
regr.fit(diabetes_X_train, diabetes_y_train)  
diabetes_y_pred = regr.predict(diabetes_X_test)  
print('Coefficients: \n', regr.coef_)  
print("Mean squared error: %.2f"  
      % mean_squared_error(diabetes_y_test, diabetes_y_pred))  
print('Variance score: %.2f' % r2_score(diabetes_y_test, diabetes_y_pred))  
plt.scatter(diabetes_X_test, diabetes_y_test, color='black')  
plt.plot(diabetes_X_test, diabetes_y_pred, color='blue', linewidth=3)  
plt.xticks()  
plt.yticks()  
plt.axis('tight')  
plt.title("Diabetes")  
plt.xlabel("BMI")  
plt.ylabel("Age")  
plt.show()
```

Output:-

```
Row: 1070 of 1080.0
Row: 1071 of 1080.0
Row: 1072 of 1080.0
Row: 1073 of 1080.0
Row: 1074 of 1080.0
Row: 1075 of 1080.0
Row: 1076 of 1080.0
Row: 1077 of 1080.0
Row: 1078 of 1080.0
Row: 1079 of 1080.0
Row: 1080 of 1080.0

#####
Storing : C:/VKHCG/99-DW/datawarehouse.db
Table: Transform-BMI

#####
Storing : C:/VKHCG/99-DW/datawarehouse.db
Table: Person-Satellite-BMI

#####
Storing : C:/VKHCG/99-DW/datawarehouse.db
Table: Dim-BMI

#####
Coefficients:
 [941.43097333]
Mean squared error: 3477.50
Variance score: 0.41
```

