

SOEN 6441

Advanced Programming Practices Build 2

Refactoring Document

Team 20

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Refactoring:

After receiving the feedbacks of the first build and new requirements for the second build, we found out that some specific parts of our code needs refactoring in order to meet new requirements. Beside all the new parts and functionalities that we had to add to the code, we came up with a list of potential refactoring targets, as we had to apply and add observer pattern to our MVC design and we needed to move all of the reinforcement, attack and fortification phases as methods of the Player class.

We faced challenges during the refactoring operation such as finding out where to apply changes for new requirements, moving all of the methods into the player class and choosing the best signatures for methods in favor of having the least possible changes in the code, finding a new protocol which can enable fast communication between server and client in order to implement the observer pattern for "phase view", "players world domination view" and "card exchange view".

We found "WebSocket" as the best solution for our situation, because it provides new capability for web applications like full-duplex and two-way communication. So in the system where the client and server need to exchange data at high frequency and with low latency, WebSocket is the best solution. We used WebSocket in both client side and server side.

Regarding to update the UI when there is a change in state of the observer, we first decided to compel the frontend to check backend in specified intervals, which leaded to a bad performance and high overhead. For solving this problem we tried "Push" instead, and backend will push its changes to the frontend. This approach results a higher performance.

Based on our design the player status shows the stage which player is on it, so we consider the set status as the point which we need to notify the observers as well as updating the logger for player view phase, so whenever the player status has been changed we push the new data from backend to UI and notify the observers for domination view and player phase view.

Also after adding the attack-all-out phase both code for UI and Backend has been updated accordingly and test cases has been added.

```
connectAndSubscribeForViewPhase() {
    const socket = new SockJS(RiskgameBackendServer.url + 'gs-guide-websocket');
    this.stompClient = Stomp.over(socket);
    const _this = this;

_this.stompClient.connect({}, function (frame) {
        console.log('Connected: ' + socket);
        _this.stompClient.subscribe('/topic/viewPhase', function (data) {
            console.log('viewPhase FROM WEBSOCKET PUSHED', data);
            _this.viewPhasePlayer = JSON.parse(data['body']);
        });
}
```

```
public class ViewPhase implements Observer {
  private final static Logger LOGGER = LoggerFactory.getLogger(ViewPhase.class);
  private SimpMessagingTemplate template;
  * This method is called whenever the observed object is changed. An application calls an
   * <tt>Observable</tt> object's
   * <code>notifyObservers</code> method to have all the object's
   * observers notified of the change.
  * @param o the observable object.
   * @param arg an argument passed to the <code>notifyObservers</code>
   */
 @Override
  public void update(Observable o, Object arg) {
   Player player = (Player) o;
    DominationView dominationView = GameMap.getDominationView();
    LOGGER.info(dominationView.toString() + "\n" + player.getPlayerLog().toString());
     pushViewPhaseData(player);
     pushDominationView(dominationView);
    } catch (Exception e) {
     final String stackTrace = ExceptionUtils.getStackTrace(e);
     LOGGER.error(stackTrace);
  }
   * send the data to web socket endpoint which register for player view changes
  * @param player player which its status has been changed
   * @throws Exception if fail to push notification or network face run time issues.
  public void pushViewPhaseData(Player player) throws Exception {
   template.convertAndSend( destination: "/topic/viewPhase", player);
  }
  * send the data to web socket endpoint which register for domination view changes
  * @param dominationView player which its status has been changed
  * @throws Exception if fail to push notification or network face run time issues.
  public void pushDominationView(DominationView dominationView) throws Exception {
   template.convertAndSend( destination: "/topic/dominationView", dominationView);
 }
}
```

Below tests confirm that after changing the player status in the game, domination view and player view has been updated and update the player view phase accordingly.

```
public class ViewPhaseTest {
 @Autowired
 private ViewPhase viewPhase;
 private Player player;
  @Before
 public void before() {
   Continent asia = new Continent();
   Country ir = new Country( name: "IRAN");
   ir.setCountryId(1);
   List<Country> countryList = new ArrayList<>();
   countryList.add(ir);
   asia.setCountries(countryList);
   player = new PlayerRegular( playerName: "Test-Player");
   player.setPlayerStatus(PlayerStatus.Waiting);
   player.setCard(10);
   player.setArmy(20);
   player.setPlayerId(1);
   player.setPlayerName("TestName");
   player.setCountries(countryList);
 @After
 public void after() {
 }
 @Test
 public void testPhaseView() {
   player.setPlayerStatus(PlayerStatus.Reinforcement);
   viewPhase.update(player, arg: null);
   assertNotNull(GameMap.getDominationView());
 }
```

```
public class DominationView implements Serializable {
  private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
  Map<String, String> playersMapOwnership = new HashMap<>>();
  Map<String, List<String>> playersContinentOwnership = new HashMap<>>();
  Map<String, String> playersTotalArmy = new HashMap ();
  public Map<String, String> getPlayersMapOwnership() { return playersMapOwnership; }
  public void setPlayersMapOwnership(Map<String, String> playersMapOwnership) {
   this.playersMapOwnership = playersMapOwnership;
  public Map<String, List<String>> getPlayersContinentOwnership() {
   return playersContinentOwnership;
  public void setPlayersContinentOwnership(
      Map<String, List<String>> playersContinentOwnership) {
    this.playersContinentOwnership = playersContinentOwnership;
 public Map<String, String> getPlayersTotalArmy() { return playersTotalArmy; }
  public void setPlayersTotalArmy(Map<String, String> playersTotalArmy) {
   this.playersTotalArmy = playersTotalArmy;
 @Override
 public String toString() {
   return "DominationView{" +
        "playersMapOwnership=" + playersMapOwnership +
        ", playersContinentOwnership=" + playersContinentOwnership + ", playersTotalArmy=" + playersTotalArmy +
        '}';
```

```
public class ViewPhase implements Observer {
  private final static Logger LOGGER = LoggerFactory.getLogger(ViewPhase.class);
  private SimpMessagingTemplate template;
  * This method is called whenever the observed object is changed. An application calls an
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   * <code>notifyObservers</code> method to have all the object's
   * observers notified of the change.
  * @param o the observable object.
   * @param arg an argument passed to the <code>notifyObservers</code>
  @Override
  public void update(Observable o, Object arg) {
   Player player = (Player) o;
   DominationView dominationView = GameMap.getDominationView();
   LOGGER.info(dominationView.toString() + "\n" + player.getPlayerLog().toString());
     pushViewPhaseData(player);
     pushDominationView(dominationView);
   } catch (Exception e) {
     final String stackTrace = ExceptionUtils.getStackTrace(e);
     LOGGER.error(stackTrace);
 3
  * send the data to web socket endpoint which register for player view changes
  * @param player player which its status has been changed
   * @throws Exception if fail to push notification or network face run time issues.
  public void pushViewPhaseData(Player player) throws Exception {
   template.convertAndSend( destination: "/topic/viewPhase", player);
  * send the data to web socket endpoint which register for domination view changes
  * @param dominationView player which its status has been changed
   * @throws Exception if fail to push notification or network face run time issues.
  public void pushDominationView(DominationView dominationView) throws Exception {
   template.convertAndSend( destination: "/topic/dominationView", dominationView);
 }
}
```

```
* Method to perform attack all-out
 * @param playerNumber number of player
 * @param attackingCountryName name of the attacking country
 * @param defendingCountryName name of the defending country
 * @return result of the attack
 * @throws GameException in case any game rules violated
public AttackResult attackAllOut(String playerNumber, String attackingCountryName,
   String defendingCountryName) throws GameException {
  Player player = GameMap.getPlayers().get(Integer.parseInt(playerNumber));
  player.setPlayerLog(String
      .format("%s attacks all-out from %s to %s", player.getPlayerName(),
         attackingCountryName, defendingCountryName));
 AttackResult result = attackPhase
      .attackAllOut(playerNumber, attackingCountryName, defendingCountryName);
  evaluateAttackForLog(player, result);
 return result;
public void fortification(String playerNumber, String sourceCountry, String destinationCountry,
    String numberOfArmies) throws GameException {
  Player player = GameMap.getPlayers().get(Integer.parseInt(playerNumber));
  fortificationPhase
      .fortification(playerNumber, sourceCountry, destinationCountry, numberOfArmies);
  player.setPlayerLog(String
     .format("%s fortified with %s armies from %s to %s", player.getPlayerName(), numberOfArmies,
         sourceCountry, destinationCountry));
private void evaluateAttackForLog(Player player, AttackResult result) {
 if (StringUtils.isBlank(result.getConqueredCountry())) {
   player.setPlayerLog("Attack failed");
  } else {
   player.setPlayerLog(
        "Attack is successful, country " + result.getConqueredCountry() + " is conquered");
 }
}
* Method to add card in case of first victory
public void addCard() {
 if (firstVictory) {
    firstVictory = false;
   card++;
 }
}
```

```
public StringBuilder getPlayerLog() {
118
119
            return playerLog;
120
121
122
           public void setPlayerLog(String newLog) {
123
             this.playerLog.append(newLog);
124
             this.playerLog.append("\n");
125
            notifyPhaseViewObservers();
126
           private void notifyPhaseViewObservers() {
128
129
             setChanged();
130
             notifyObservers( arg: this);
131
132
           public void exchangeCard(String playerNumber) throws GameException {
133
134
             Player player = GameMap.getPlayers().get(Integer.parseInt(playerNumber));
             reinforcementPhase.exchangeCard(playerNumber);
135
             player.setPlayerLog(String.format("exchangeCard for: %s", playerNumber));
136
          3
137
138
139
           public void positioningArmies(String playerNumber, String countryName, String numberOfArmies)
148
               throws GameException {
141
             Player player = GameMap.getPlayers().get(Integer.parseInt(playerNumber));
142
             reinforcementPhase.positioningArmies(playerNumber, countryName, numberOfArmies);
             player.setPlayerLog(String
143
                 .format("%s Positioned %s armies in %s", player.getPlayerName(), numberOfArmies,
144
145
                    countryName));
146
          }
147
148
149
           * Method to perform attack
158
151
            * @param playerNumber number of player
152
            * @param attackingCountryName name of the attacking country
153
            * @param defendingCountryName name of the defending country
154
            * @param numberOfArmies number of attacking armies
155
            * @return result of the attack
156
            * @throws GameException in case any game rules violated
157
158
           public AttackResult attack(String playerNumber, String attackingCountryName,
159
               String defendingCountryName,
               String numberOfArmies) throws GameException {
160
             Player player = GameMap.getPlayers().get(Integer.parseInt(playerNumber));
161
162
             player.setPlayerLog(String
163
                 .format("%s attacks with %s armies from %s to %s", player.getPlayerName(),
164
                    numberOfArmies, attackingCountryName, defendingCountryName));
165
166
             AttackResult result = attackPhase
                 .attack(playerNumber, attackingCountryName, defendingCountryName, numberOfArmies);
167
             evaluateAttackForLog(player, result);
168
169
             return result;
           }
170
```