#### **LAB** -6

### 1)Create an empty dictionary.

```
In [1]: dict={}
dict
Out[1]: {}
```

### 2. Create the following dictionary

```
Key value
A 10
B 20
```

```
In [2]: dict={"A":10,"B":20}
dict
Out[2]: {'A': 10, 'B': 20}
```

# 3. Create a dictionary with different datatypes for keys.

```
In [1]: dict1={"A":"D", 2:"R", 3.8:"11"}
dict1
Out[1]: {'A': 'D', 2: 'R', 3.8: '11'}
```

### 4. Print all the items of a dictionary

```
In [2]: dict1={"A":"D", 2:"R", 3.8:"11"}
print(dict1)
{'A': 'D', 2: 'R', 3.8: '11'}
```

### 5. Delete an element of a dictionary

```
In [3]: dict1={"A":"D", 2:"R", 3.8:"11"}
    del(dict1[2])
    dict1
Out[3]: {'A': 'D', 3.8: '11'}
```

#### 6.Delete full dictionary

```
In [6]: dict1={"A":"D", 2:"R", 3.8:"11"}
del(dict1)
```

### 7. Print a value for a key

```
In [5]: dict1={"A":"D", 2:"R", 3.8:"11"}
print(dict1[3.8])
11
```

### 8. To check if a key id present in a dictionary

```
In [7]: dict1={"A":"D", 2:"R", 3.8:"11"}
    "A" in dict1
Out[7]: True
```

### 9. Update a value of a key

```
In [8]: dict1={"A":"D", 2:"R", 3.8:"11"}
dict1[3.8]="2k19"
print(dict1)

{'A': 'D', 2: 'R', 3.8: '2k19'}
```

### 10. Add a new key value pair

# 11. Print dictionary for keys{1,10} and values as square of keys

```
In [33]: dict1={}
for i in range(1,11):
    dict1[i]=i*i
print(dict1)

{1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25, 6: 36, 7: 49, 8: 64, 9: 81, 10: 100}
```

### 12. Print nested dictionary

```
In [38]: dict1={1:"a", 2:"b", 3:{4:"c",5:"d"}, 6:"e" }
print(dict1)
{1: 'a', 2: 'b', 3: {4: 'c', 5: 'd'}, 6: 'e'}
```

#### 13. Concatenate three dictionaries

Sample Dictionary : dic1={1:10, 2:20} dic2={3:30, 4:40} dic3={5:50,6:60} Expected Result : {1: 10, 2: 20, 3: 30, 4: 40, 5: 50, 6: 60}

### 14. Sum all the values of a dictionary.

### 15. Accessing an element of a nested dictionary

```
In [60]: dict1={1:"a", 2:"b", 3:{4:"c",5:"d"}, 6:"e" }
dict1[3][5]
Out[60]: 'd'
```

# 16. Write a Python script to print a dictionary where the keys are numbers between 1 and 15 (both included) and the values are square of keys.

Sample Dictionary {1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25, 6: 36, 7: 49, 8: 64, 9: 81, 10: 100, 11: 121, 12: 144, 13: 169, 14: 196, 15: 225}

# 17. Insert factorial of keys in values. And print dictionary

d={1:1,2:2,3:6,4:24,5:120....}

```
In [67]: def factorial(n):
    fact=1
    for i in range(1,n+1):
        fact=i*fact
    return fact
    dict1={}
    for i in range (1,7):
        dict1[i]=factorial(i)
    print(dict1)
{1: 1, 2: 2, 3: 6, 4: 24, 5: 120, 6: 720}
```

### Sets

### 1. Write a program to create a set

```
In [3]: seta={1,2,3,1}
seta
Out[3]: {1, 2, 3}
```

### 2. Write a program to add an element to set

```
In [71]: set1={1,2,3,4}
set1.add(5)
print(set1)

{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
```

### 3. Write a program to add multiple items using update function

```
In [74]: set1={1,2,3,4}
    set2={5,6,7}
    set1.update(set2)
    set1
Out[74]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}
```

### 4. Write a program to find length of a set

```
In [75]: set1={1,2,3,4}
print(len(set1))
4
```

### 5. Write a program to remove value from a set

```
In [77]: set1={1,2,3,4}
set1.remove(3)
set1
Out[77]: {1, 2, 4}
```

### 6. Write a program to pop an element from a set

```
In [81]: set1={3,4,1}
set1.pop()
Out[81]: 1
```

### 7. Write a program to update a set

```
In [83]: set1={1,2,3,4}
    set2={5,6,7}
    set1.update(set2)
    set1
Out[83]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}
```

### 8. Write a Python program to create an intersection of sets.

```
In [11]: set1={1,2,3,4,5}
    set2={3,4,5,6}
    print(set1 & set2)

{3, 4, 5}
```

### 9. Write a Python program to create a union of sets.

```
In [89]: set1={1,2,3,4}
set2={4,5,6,7}
print(set1.union(set2))

{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}
```

### 10. Write a Python program to clear a set.

```
In [90]: set1={1,2,3,4}
set1.clear()
set1
Out[90]: set()
```

### 11. Write a Python program to issubset and issuperset.

```
In [94]: set1={1,2,3,4,5,6,7}
    set2={3,4,5}
    print(set2.issubset(set1))
    print(set1.issuperset(set2))

    True
    True
```

### 12. Write a Python program to create set difference.

```
In [102]: set1={1,2,3,4,5,6,7}
    set2={3,4,5,9,8}
    set3=set1.difference(set2)
    set3
Out[102]: {1, 2, 6, 7}
```

### 13. Write a Python program to create a symmetric difference.

```
In [103]: set1={1,2,3,4,5,6,7}
    set2={3,4,5,9,8}
    symmetricdifference=(set1-set2).union(set2-set1)
    symmetricdifference
Out[103]: {1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9}
```

In [ ]: